

ਬਾਬਾ ਫਰੀਦ ਯੂਨੀਵਰਸਿਟੀ ਆਫ ਹੈਲਥ ਸਾਇੰਸਜ਼, ਫ਼ਰੀਦਕੋਟ

ਮਿਤੀ 20/04/2026

ਜਨਤਕ ਨੋਟਿਸ

ਬਾਬਾ ਫਰੀਦ ਯੂਨੀਵਰਸਿਟੀ ਆਫ ਹੈਲਥ ਸਾਇੰਸਜ਼, ਫ਼ਰੀਦਕੋਟ ਵੱਲੋਂ **Written Test for recruitment to the Post of Staff Nurse under Department of Health and Family Welfare, Punjab** ਦੀ ਭਰਤੀ ਲਈ ਮਿਤੀ 19/04/2026 ਦਿਨ ਐਤਵਾਰ ਨੂੰ ਭਰਤੀ ਪ੍ਰੀਖਿਆ ਕੇਂਦਰ ਬਣਾ ਕੇ ਕਰਵਾਈ ਗਈ ਸੀ ਇਸ ਪੇਪਰ ਦੀ **Revised Answer Key/Question Booklet** ਯੂਨੀਵਰਸਿਟੀ ਦੀ ਵੈਬਸਾਈਟ www.bfuhs.ac.in ਤੇ ਅਪਲੋਡ ਕਰ ਦਿੱਤੀ ਗਈ ਹੈ, ਜੇਕਰ ਕਿਸੇ ਵੀ ਉਮੀਦਵਾਰ ਨੂੰ Answer Key ਸੰਬੰਧੀ ਕੋਈ ਇਤਰਾਜ਼ ਹੋਵੇ ਤਾਂ ਉਮੀਦਵਾਰ ਦੀ ਅਰਜ਼ੀ ਅਤੇ ਇਤਰਾਜ਼ ਸੰਬੰਧੀ ਕਿਤਾਬ ਦੇ ਹਵਾਲੇ ਅਤੇ ਫੀਸ Rs. 500/- (Five Hundred only) Bank Demand Draft in favour of Registrar, BFUHS, Faridkot payable at Faridkot or Online fee (ਯੂਨੀਵਰਸਿਟੀ ਵੈਬਸਾਈਟ ਦੁਆਰਾ) ਭਰਨ ਉਪਰੰਤ ਰਸੀਦ ਨੱਥੀ ਕਰਕੇ ਉਮੀਦਵਾਰ ਖੁਦ ਭਰਤੀ ਸ਼ਾਖਾ, ਕਮਰਾ ਨੰਬਰ-102, ਬਾਬਾ ਫਰੀਦ ਯੂਨੀਵਰਸਿਟੀ ਆਫ ਹੈਲਥ ਸਾਇੰਸਜ਼, ਫ਼ਰੀਦਕੋਟ ਵਿਖੇ ਆਪਣਾ ਇਤਰਾਜ਼ **ਮਿਤੀ 21/04/2026 (05:00 PM)** ਤੱਕ ਜਮ੍ਹਾਂ ਕਰਵਾ ਸਕਦੇ ਹਨ। ਨਿਰਧਾਰਤ ਫੀਸ ਤੋਂ ਬਿਨਾਂ ਕੋਈ ਵੀ ਇਤਰਾਜ਼ ਵਿਚਾਰਿਆ ਨਹੀਂ ਜਾਵੇਗਾ।

ਉਪਰੋਕਤ ਦਿੱਤੇ ਗਏ ਸਮੇਂ ਤੇ ਬਾਅਦ ਵਿੱਚ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਹੋਏ ਇਤਰਾਜ਼ ਵਿਚਾਰੇ ਨਹੀਂ ਜਾਣਗੇ ਅਤੇ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਹੋਏ ਇਤਰਾਜ਼ ਦਾ ਨਿਪਟਾਰਾ ਕਰਨ ਤੋਂ ਬਾਅਦ ਉਪਰੋਕਤ ਪ੍ਰੀਖਿਆ ਦਾ ਨਤੀਜਾ ਘੋਸ਼ਿਤ ਕੀਤਾ ਜਾਵੇਗਾ।

ਨੋਟ: ਡਾਕ/ਈਮੇਲ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਹੋਏ ਇਤਰਾਜ਼ ਪ੍ਰਵਾਨ ਨਹੀਂ ਕੀਤੇ ਜਾਣਗੇ।

ਸਹੀ/-
ਰਜਿਸਟਰਾਰ

BABA FARID UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES, FARIDKOT

Staff Nurse

(under Deptt of Health & Family Welfare)

QUESTION BOOKLET NO

SIGNATURE OF THE CANDIDATE

OMR ANSWER SHEET NO

ROLL NO:

--	--	--	--	--	--

FULL SIGNATURE OF THE CANDIDATE

Co-ordinator stamp

FULL SIGNATURE OF INVIGILATOR

Time Allowed: 2:30 Hours (11:00 AM to 1:30 PM)

Maximum Marks: 140

1. Use BLACK FINE TIP BALL PEN only. Use of pencil is not allowed.
2. Write your Roll number on the OMR answer-sheet and also on the question-booklet only in the space provided for the purpose and at no other place in the question booklets and Answer-sheet
3. Enter the Question Booklet Set and Number on the OMR Answer-sheet and also darken the corresponding bubbles with BLACK FINE TIP BALL PEN.
4. Do not put any marks anywhere in the Question booklet /on the OMR Answer-sheet.
5. **There are 140 objective type questions in all of 1 Mark each.** Before attempting the questions, check that the Question-booklet is complete. In case any question/part of question or page is missing, inform the Centre Superintendent within 5 minutes of the start of the examination. After that no claim will be entertained.
6. Each question is followed by four alternative responses listed as A), B), C) and D) out of which only one is correct / most correct. In case, all the ovals are left blank, there will be deduction of marks @ 0.25 mark for each such unattempted question. Fifth oval 'E' (introduced for security purpose) is to be darkened in case you do not want to attempt the question to avoid negative marking.
7. As per the instructions of Govt. of Punjab, Department of Personnel letter no. 1/2/2022-5PP/659 dated 16/11/2022, the candidate are compulsory required to qualify the Punjabi language Part-A of question paper by scoring atleast 50% marks failing which the candidate will not be eligible.
8. To open the question booklet, remove the seal gently when asked to do so. Handover the OMR Answer-sheet to the officer on duty on the completion of the time before you leave the examination hall.
9. **The candidates are permitted to carry his/her question booklet after completion of the examination but OMR Sheets are compulsory required to be deposited with the invigilator.**
10. A candidate who create disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibility of any assistance to him/her or unfair means will be expelled from the examination by the Centre superintendent/Observer, whose decision shall be final. ("Expulsion" for this purpose would mean cancellation of the entire examination of the candidate).
11. THE CANDIDATES ARE NOT PERMITTED TO CARRY ANY TELECOMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT SUCH AS WATCH, CELLULAR PHONE, WIRELESS SET, SCANNER ETC. INSIDE THE EXAMINATION HALL.
12. For rough work, use only the blank space of the Question booklet.
13. The candidates will not be allowed to leave the examination hall during the examination.
14. Borrowing any material is not allowed.
15. The answer-sheet is designed for Computer evaluation. If the instructions are not followed properly, the candidate alone shall be responsible for the resultant loss.
16. Smoking/Refreshment shall not be allowed in the Entrance Test Centre/Hall.
17. Male candidates shall affix their Left Thumb Impression (LTI) while Female candidates shall affix Right Thumb Impression (RTI) at the prescribed place on the OMR answer sheet, Question Booklet and attendance sheet. The Centre superintendent shall also obtain and retain it for record.
18. The candidate must fill both the question booklet number and OMR answer sheet number on the attendance sheet.
19. No candidate shall be allowed to leave the centre before **01:30 PM**.

Part-A

1. ਗੁਰੂ ਨਾਨਕ ਦੇਵ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਆਪਣੇ ਜੀਵਨ ਦਾ ਆਖਰੀ ਸਮਾਂ ਕਿੱਥੇ ਬਤੀਤ ਕੀਤਾ?
 ਓ. ਸੁਲਤਾਨਪੁਰ ਲੋਧੀ ਅ. ਅਨੰਦਪੁਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ
 ਏ. ਗੋਇੰਦਵਾਲ ਸ. ਕਰਤਾਰਪੁਰ
2. ਗੁਰੂ ਅਮਰਦਾਸ ਜੀ ਦਾ ਗੁਰੂ ਕਾਲ ਕੀ ਸੀ?
 ਓ. 1552 ਤੋਂ 1574 ਈ. ਅ. 1552 ਤੋਂ 1572 ਈ.
 ਏ. 1552 ਤੋਂ 1571 ਈ. ਸ. 1551 ਤੋਂ 1572 ਈ.
3. ਪੰਜਵੇਂ ਗੁਰੂ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਦੇ ਪੁੱਤਰ ਦਾ ਕੀ ਨਾਂ ਸੀ?
 ਓ. ਹਰਗੋਬਿੰਦ ਜੀ ਅ. ਹਰਿਕ੍ਰਿਸ਼ਨ ਜੀ
 ਏ. ਰਾਮ ਰਾਏ ਸ. ਹਰਿ ਰਾਇ ਜੀ
4. 'ਮਸੰਦ ਪ੍ਰਥਾ' ਦਾ ਅੰਤ ਕਿਹੜੇ ਗੁਰੂ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਨੇ ਕੀਤਾ?
 ਓ. ਗੁਰੂ ਗੋਬਿੰਦ ਸਿੰਘ ਜੀ ਅ. ਗੁਰੂ ਹਰਿਗੋਬਿੰਦ ਸਿੰਘ ਜੀ
 ਏ. ਗੁਰੂ ਅਰਜਨ ਦੇਵ ਜੀ ਸ. ਗੁਰੂ ਤੇਗ ਬਹਾਦਰ ਜੀ
5. ਮਲਿਕ ਭਾਗੋ ਕੌਣ ਸੀ?
 ਓ. ਮੁਗਲ ਅਧਿਕਾਰੀ ਅ. ਡਾਕੂ
 ਏ. ਅਮੀਰ ਹਿੰਦੂ ਅਧਿਕਾਰੀ ਸ. ਗ਼ਰੀਬ ਤਰਖਾਣ
6. ਸਿੱਖ ਪੰਥ ਦੇ ਵਿਕਾਸ ਵਿੱਚ ਗੁਰੂ ਅਮਰਦਾਸ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਦੇਣ ਕੀ ਹੈ?
 ਓ. ਮੰਜੀ ਪ੍ਰਥਾ ਦੀ ਸਥਾਪਨਾ
 ਅ. ਸਮਾਜਿਕ ਸੁਧਾਰ
 ਏ. ਧਰਮਿਕ ਰਸਮਾਂ-ਰਿਵਾਜਾਂ ਤੇ ਤਿਉਹਾਰਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਨਵੇਂ ਢੰਗ ਨਾਲ ਮਨਾਉਣਾ
 ਸ. ਉਪਰੋਕਤ ਸਾਰੇ।
7. ਗੁਰੂ ਅਰਜਨ ਦੇਵ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸ਼ਹੀਦੀ ਦਾ ਮੁੱਖ ਕਾਰਨ ਕੀ ਸੀ?
 ਓ. ਗੁਰੂ ਗ੍ਰੰਥ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਸੰਪਾਦਨਾ ਕਰਨਾ
 ਅ. ਜ਼ਿਆਦਾ ਸ਼ਹਿਰ ਵਸਾਉਣੇ
 ਏ. ਗੁਰੂ ਗ੍ਰੰਥ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਜੀ ਵਿੱਚ ਸਭ ਤੋਂ ਵੱਧ ਸ਼ਬਦ
 ਸ. ਜਹਾਂਗੀਰ ਦੀ ਧਾਰਮਿਕ ਕੱਟੜਤਾ
8. ਗੁਰੂ ਗੋਬਿੰਦ ਸਿੰਘ ਜੀ ਨੇ 'ਜਫ਼ਰਨਾਮਾ' ਕਿੱਥੇ ਲਿਖਿਆ?
 ਓ. ਦੀਨਾ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਅ. ਮੁਕਤਸਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ
 ਏ. ਅਨੰਦਪੁਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਸ. ਖਿਦਰਾਣੇ
9. ਅਖਾਣ ਪੂਰੀ ਕਰੋ: ਚਾਚਾ ਆਖਿਆਂ!
 ਓ. ਹਰ ਕੋਈ ਗਲ ਪੈਂਦਾ ਅ. ਘੁਲਨ ਨੂੰ ਤਿਆਰ
 ਏ. ਪੰਡ ਕੋਈ ਨਹੀਂ ਚੁੱਕਦਾ ਸ. ਦਮੜੀ ਨਾ ਜਾਏ
10. 'ਮੈਂ ਸ਼ਹਿਰ ਗਿਆ ਸੀ।' ਵਚਨ ਬਦਲੋ।
 ਓ. ਅਸੀਂ ਸ਼ਹਿਰਾਂ ਗਏ ਸੀ। ਅ. ਅਸੀਂ ਸ਼ਹਿਰ ਗਏ ਸਨ।
 ਏ. ਅਸੀਂ ਸ਼ਹਿਰ ਗਏ ਸੀ। ਸ. ਅਸੀਂ ਸ਼ਹਿਰਾਂ ਗਏ ਸਨ।
11. 'ਸੰਤੋਖ' ਦਾ ਸਮਾਨਾਰਥੀ ਸ਼ਬਦ:
 ਓ. ਤ੍ਰਿਪਤੀ ਅ. ਸੰਗਮ
 ਏ. ਰੱਜ ਸ. 'ਓ' ਤੇ 'ਏ' ਦੇਵੇਂ
12. 'ਸੱਜਣ' ਦਾ ਵਿਰੋਧੀ ਸ਼ਬਦ:
 ਓ. ਠੱਗ ਅ. ਨੀਚ
 ਏ. ਬੁਰਿਆਈ ਸ. ਧੁਰਜਨ
13. 'ਨਨਿਆਹੁਰਾ' ਦਾ ਇਸਤਰੀ-ਲਿੰਗ:
 ਓ. ਨਨਿਆਹੁਰੀ ਅ. ਨਨੇਹਸ
 ਏ. ਨਨਿਆਹਰ ਸ. ਨਨੀਸ
14. 'ਗੁਝੁਤੀ' ਦੀ ਰਸਮ ਕਦੋਂ ਨਿਭਾਈ ਜਾਂਦੀ ਹੈ?
 ਓ. ਬਰਾਤ ਦੇ ਆਗਮਨ ਸਮੇਂ
 ਅ. ਬੱਚੇ ਦੇ ਜਨਮ ਸਮੇਂ
 ਏ. ਵਿਆਹ ਸਮੇਂ
 ਸ. ਦਸਤਾਰ ਬੰਨ੍ਹਣ ਸਮੇਂ
15. 'ਮਿੱਤਰ ਪਿਆਰੇ ਨੂੰ, ਹਾਲ ਮੁਰੀਦਾਂ ਦਾ ਕਹਿਣਾ' ਦਾ ਰਚਨਹਾਰਾ ਕੌਣ ਹੈ?
 ਓ. ਭਾਈ ਵੀਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਅ. ਗੁਰੂ ਗੋਬਿੰਦ ਸਿੰਘ ਜੀ
 ਏ. ਪ੍ਰੋ. ਪੂਰਨ ਸਿੰਘ ਸ. ਭਾਈ ਗੁਰਦਾਸ ਜੀ
16. ਗਦਰੀ ਬਾਬਿਆਂ ਦਾ ਮੇਲਾ ਕਿਹੜੇ ਸ਼ਹਿਰ ਵਿੱਚ ਲੱਗਦਾ ਹੈ?
 ਓ. ਬਠਿੰਡਾ ਅ. ਪਟਿਆਲਾ
 ਏ. ਜਲੰਧਰ ਸ. ਲੁਧਿਆਣਾ
17. 'ਕਾਟੇ' ਸਾਜ਼ ਦੀ ਵਰਤੋਂ ਕਿਹੜੇ ਨਾਚ ਲਈ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾਂਦੀ ਹੈ?
 ਓ. ਭੰਗੜਾ ਅ. ਸੰਮੀ
 ਏ. ਗਿੱਧਾ ਸ. ਗਿੱਧਾ
18. ਪੰਜਾਬ ਵਿੱਚ ਕਿਸਾਨ ਮੇਲਾ ਕਿੱਥੇ ਲੱਗਦਾ ਹੈ?
 ਓ. ਲੁਧਿਆਣਾ ਅ. ਮਾਲੇਰਕੋਟਲਾ
 ਏ. ਜਲੰਧਰ ਸ. ਪਟਿਆਲਾ
19. ਗੁੜ ਬਣਾਉਣ ਸਮੇਂ ਬਣਾਏ ਵੱਡੇ ਭੱਟ ਨੂੰ ਕੀ ਕਿਹਾ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ?
 ਓ. ਕੋਹਲੂ ਅ. ਗੱਡ
 ਏ. ਚੁੰਬਾ ਸ. ਘਰਨ
20. 'ਚਾਰ ਸੌ ਸਤਾਨਵੇਂ' ਨੂੰ ਅੰਕਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਲਿਖੋ:
 ਓ. ੪੯੭ ਅ. ੪੭੯
 ਏ. ੪੯੭ ਸ. ੪੮੭
21. 'ਇੱਕੋ ਡੱਗੇ ਪਿੰਡ ਮੰਗਣਾ' ਮੁਹਾਵਰੇ ਦਾ ਢੁਕਵਾਂ ਅਰਥ ਕੀ ਹੈ?
 ਓ. ਬਹੁਤ ਜ਼ਿਆਦਾ ਮਿਹਨਤ ਕਰਨਾ
 ਅ. ਬਿਨਾਂ ਸੋਚੇ-ਸਮਝੇ ਕੰਮ ਕਰਨਾ
 ਏ. ਪਿੰਡ ਵਿੱਚ 4-5 ਵਿਆਹਾਂ ਦਾ ਇੱਕੋ ਦਿਨ ਹੋਣਾ
 ਸ. ਵੱਡੇ ਕੰਮ ਨੂੰ ਇੱਕੋ ਵਾਰੀ ਖਤਮ ਕਰਨ ਦੀ ਕੋਸ਼ਿਸ਼ ਕਰਨਾ
22. 'ਹੀਲੇ ਰਿਜ਼ਕ ਬਹਾਨੇ ਮੌਤ' ਅਖਾਉਤ ਦਾ ਢੁਕਵਾਂ ਅਰਥ ਕੀ ਹੈ?
 ਓ. ਮਨੁੱਖ ਆਪਣੀ ਕਿਸਮਤ ਨੂੰ ਬਦਲ ਸਕਦਾ ਹੈ।
 ਅ. ਰਿਜ਼ਕ ਲਈ ਮਨੁੱਖ ਨੂੰ ਕਈ ਢੰਗ ਅਪਣਾਉਣੇ ਪੈਂਦੇ ਹਨ।
 ਏ. ਰੋਜ਼ੀ-ਰੋਟੀ ਲਈ ਕਈ ਕਾਰਨ ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ ਪਰ ਮੌਤ ਲਈ ਸਿਰਫ਼ ਬਹਾਨੇ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ।
 ਸ. ਮਨੁੱਖ ਆਪਣੀ ਮਿਹਨਤ ਨਾਲ ਸਭ ਕੁਝ ਹਾਸਲ ਕਰ ਸਕਦਾ ਹੈ।
23. ਡਾ. ਭੀਮ ਰਾਓ ਅੰਬੇਦਕਰ ਕਿਹੜੇ ਖੇਤਰ ਨਾਲ ਜੁੜੇ ਹੋਏ ਸਨ?
 ਓ. ਖੇਤੀਬਾੜੀ ਅ. ਕਨੂੰਨ ਅਤੇ ਸਮਾਜਿਕ ਸੁਧਾਰ
 ਏ. ਸੈਨਿਕ ਸੇਵਾ ਸ. ਤਪਾਰ
24. ਸ. ਭਗਤ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੇ ਚਾਚਾ ਜੀ ਦਾ ਕੀ ਨਾਂ ਸੀ?
 ਓ. ਸਵਰਨ ਸਿੰਘ ਅ. ਕਰਤਾਰ ਸਿੰਘ
 ਏ. ਅਜੀਤ ਸਿੰਘ ਸ. ਕਿਸ਼ਨ ਸਿੰਘ
25. ਸ. ਕਰਤਾਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਸਰਾਭਾ ਨੇ ਕਿਹੜੇ ਅਖ਼ਬਾਰ ਨਾਲ ਕੰਮ ਕੀਤਾ?
 ਓ. ਅਜੀਤ ਅ. ਗ਼ਦਰ
 ਏ. ਪੰਜਾਬ ਕੇਸਰੀ ਸ. ਟ੍ਰਿਬਿਊਨ

26. ਮਹਾਤਮਾ ਗਾਂਧੀ ਨੇ 'ਭਾਰਤ ਛੱਡੋ' ਅੰਦੋਲਨ ਕਦੋਂ ਸ਼ੁਰੂ ਕੀਤਾ?
 ਓ. 1930 ਈ. ਵਿੱਚ ਅ. 1940 ਈ. ਵਿੱਚ
 ਏ. 1942 ਈ. ਵਿੱਚ ਸ. 1925 ਈ. ਵਿੱਚ
27. ਡਾ. ਅੰਬੇਦਕਰ ਨੂੰ 'ਭਾਰਤ ਰਤਨ' ਦੀ ਉਪਾਧੀ ਕਦੋਂ ਦਿੱਤੀ ਗਈ?
 ਓ. 1985 ਈ. ਵਿੱਚ ਅ. 1980 ਈ.
 ਏ. 1990 ਈ. ਵਿੱਚ ਸ. 1973 ਈ.
28. ਸ. ਭਗਤ ਸਿੰਘ ਨੇ ਸਾਂਡਰਸ ਨੂੰ ਕਿਉਂ ਮਾਰਿਆ ਸੀ?
 ਓ. ਨਿੱਜੀ ਦੁਸ਼ਮਣੀ ਕਾਰਨ
 ਅ. ਧਨ ਲੁੱਟਣ ਲਈ
 ਏ. ਲਾਲਾ ਲਾਜਪਤ ਰਾਇ ਦੀ ਮੌਤ ਦਾ ਬਦਲਾ ਲੈਣ ਲਈ
 ਸ. ਜਲਿਆਂਵਾਲਾ ਬਾਗ ਕਤਲੇਆਮ ਦਾ ਬਦਲਾ ਲੈਣ ਲਈ
29. ਫਾਂਸੀ ਸਮੇਂ ਸ. ਕਰਤਾਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਸਰਾਭਾ ਦੀ ਉਮਰ ਕਿੰਨੀ ਸੀ?
 ਓ. 16 ਸਾਲ ਅ. 18 ਸਾਲ
 ਏ. 19 ਸਾਲ ਸ. 21 ਸਾਲ
30. ਆਪਣੇ ਜੀਵਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਗਾਂਧੀ ਜੀ ਭਾਰਤ ਤੋਂ ਬਾਹਰ ਕਿਹੜੇ ਦੇਸ਼ ਵਿੱਚ ਜ਼ਿਆਦਾ ਰਹੇ?
 ਓ. ਇੰਗਲੈਂਡ ਅ. ਦੱਖਣੀ ਅਫ਼ਰੀਕਾ
 ਏ. ਜਰਮਨੀ ਸ. ਰੂਸ
31. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਮੂਲ ਸ਼ਬਦ ਚੁਣੋ ਜੋ ਅਗੇਤਰ ਤੋਂ ਬਿਨਾਂ ਬਣਿਆ ਹੈ?
 ਓ. ਹਮਸ਼ਕਲ ਅ. ਪਰਉਪਕਾਰ
 ਏ. ਚੁਰਸਤਾ ਸ. ਫੁਲਬੁਲਾ
32. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਮੂਲ ਸ਼ਬਦ ਚੁਣੋ ਜੋ ਪਿਛੇਤਰ ਤੋਂ ਬਿਨਾਂ ਬਣਿਆ ਹੈ?
 ਓ. ਇਕਾਈ ਅ. ਈਰਖਾ
 ਏ. ਵਿਕਾਊ ਸ. ਹਰਿਆਲੀ
33. ਮੋਬਾਈਲ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਐੱਸ.ਐੱਮ.ਐੱਸ. ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦਾ ਕਿਹੜਾ ਰੂਪ ਹੈ?
 ਓ. ਲਿਖਤੀ ਅ. ਸੰਚਾਰ
 ਏ. ਆਧੁਨਿਕ ਸ. ਮੌਖਿਕ
34. ਜਿਹੜੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦੀ ਵਰਤੋਂ ਸਰਕਾਰੀ ਕੰਮ-ਕਾਜ, ਮੀਡੀਆ ਦੇ ਖੇਤਰ, ਸਿੱਖਿਆ ਆਦਿ ਦੇ ਖੇਤਰ ਵਿੱਚ ਹੋਵੇ, ਉਹ ਕਿਹੜੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ?
 ਓ. ਰਾਜ-ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਅ. ਟਕਸਾਲੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ
 ਏ. ਮਾਤ-ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਸ. ਰਾਸ਼ਟਰੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ
35. 'ਵ' ਦੀ ਥਾਂ 'ਬ' ਦੀ ਵਰਤੋਂ ਕਿਹੜੇ ਇਲਾਕੇ ਵਿੱਚ ਖ਼ਾਸ ਤੌਰ 'ਤੇ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾਂਦੀ ਹੈ?
 ਓ. ਮਾਝਾ ਅ. ਪੁਆਧ
 ਏ. ਦੁਆਬਾ ਸ. ਮਾਲਵਾ
36. ਕਿਹੜੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦੀਆਂ ਧੁਨੀਆਂ ਦੇ ਉਚਾਰਨ ਲਈ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਵਰਨਮਾਲਾ ਵਿੱਚ ਪੈਰੀਂ ਬਿੰਦੀ ਵਾਲੇ ਅੱਖਰ ਸ਼ਾਮਲ ਕੀਤੇ ਗਏ ਹਨ?
 ਓ. ਅੰਗਰੇਜ਼ੀ ਅ. ਫ਼ਾਰਸੀ
 ਏ. ਅਰਬੀ ਸ. ਸੰਸਕ੍ਰਿਤ
37. ਬਿੰਦੀ ਦੀ ਵਰਤੋਂ ਕਿੰਨੀਆਂ ਲਗਾਂ ਨਾਲ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ?
 ਓ. 3 ਅ. 4
 ਏ. 5 ਸ. 6

38. ਗੁਰਮੁਖੀ ਲਿਪੀ ਵਿੱਚ ਦਬਾਅ ਜਾਂ ਬਲ ਦਾ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ ਕਿਹੜਾ ਹੈ?
 ਓ. ਬਿੰਦੀ ਅ. ਟਿੱਪੀ
 ਏ. ਦੁਲੈਂਕੜ ਸ. ਅਧਕ
39. ਸਹੀ ਸ਼ਬਦ-ਜੋੜ ਚੁਣੋ:
 ਓ. ਸਾਮਾਜਿਕ ਅ. ਸਮਾਜਕ
 ਏ. ਸਮਾਜੀਕ ਸ. ਸਮਾਜਿਕ
40. 'ਸੁਰਿੰਦਰ ਦੀ ਜੰਵ ਬਠਿੰਡੇ ਗਈ।' ਲਕੀਰਿਆ ਸ਼ਬਦ ਕਿਹੜਾ ਨਾਂਵ ਹੈ?
 ਓ. ਆਮ ਨਾਂਵ ਅ. ਖ਼ਾਸ ਨਾਂਵ
 ਏ. ਵਸਤੂਵਾਚਕ ਨਾਂਵ ਸ. ਇਕੱਠਵਾਚਕ ਨਾਂਵ
41. ਕਿਰਿਆ-ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ਣ ਦੀਆਂ ਕਿੰਨੀਆਂ ਕਿਸਮਾਂ ਹਨ?
 ਓ. 5 ਅ. 8
 ਏ. 10 ਸ. 9
42. ਗੁਣਵਾਚਕ ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ਣ ਦੀਆਂ ਕਿੰਨੀਆਂ ਅਵਸਥਾਵਾਂ ਹਨ?
 ਓ. 2 ਅ. 3
 ਏ. 4 ਸ. 5
43. ਜਿਸ ਵਾਕ ਵਿੱਚ ਕਿਰਿਆ ਦਾ 'ਕਰਮ' ਨਾ ਹੋਵੇ, ਉਸ ਕਿਰਿਆ ਨੂੰ ਕੀ ਕਹਿੰਦੇ ਹਨ?
 ਓ. ਅਕਰਮਕ ਕਿਰਿਆ ਅ. ਸਕਰਮਕ ਕਿਰਿਆ
 ਏ. ਸੰਸਰਗੀ ਕਿਰਿਆ ਸ. ਮੁੱਖ ਕਿਰਿਆ
44. ਕਾਲ ਦੇ ਕਿੰਨੇ ਰੂਪ ਹਨ?
 ਓ. 2 ਅ. 3
 ਏ. 4 ਸ. 5
45. 'ਉਹ ਭੁੱਖ ਨਾਲ ਮਰ ਗਿਆ।' ਵਾਕ ਵਿੱਚ ਕਿਰਿਆ-ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ਣ ਦੀ ਕਿਹੜੀ ਕਿਸਮ ਹੈ?
 ਓ. ਕਾਰਨਵਾਚਕ ਕਿਰਿਆ-ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ਣ
 ਅ. ਕਾਲਵਾਚਕ ਕਿਰਿਆ-ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ਣ
 ਏ. ਨਿਰਨਾਵਾਚਕ ਕਿਰਿਆ-ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ਣ
 ਸ. ਨਿਸ਼ਚੇਵਾਚਕ ਕਿਰਿਆ-ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ਣ
46. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਵਾਕਾਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਸਮਾਨ-ਯੋਜਕ ਵਾਕ ਚੁਣੋ:
 ਓ. ਰਾਹ ਪਿਆ ਜਾਣੀਏ ਜਾਂ ਵਾਹ ਪਿਆ ਜਾਣੀਏ।
 ਅ. ਇਹ ਠੀਕ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਮੈਂ ਉਸ ਨੂੰ ਜਾਣਦਾ ਹਾਂ।
 ਏ. ਰਾਜਪਾਲ ਸੈਰ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ ਤਾਂਜੇ ਉਹ ਸਿਹਤਮੰਦ ਰਹੇ।
 ਸ. ਜੇਕਰ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਸਫਲ ਹੋਣਾ ਹੈ ਤਾਂ ਦਿਲ ਲਾ ਕੇ ਮਿਹਨਤ ਕਰੋ।
47. ਜਿਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਸੰਬੰਧਕਾਂ ਦੇ ਰੂਪ ਸਥਿਰ ਰਹਿੰਦੇ ਹਨ, ਉਹਨਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਕੀ ਕਹਿੰਦੇ ਹਨ?
 ਓ. ਵਿਕਾਰੀ ਸੰਬੰਧਕ ਅ. ਅਵਿਕਾਰੀ ਸੰਬੰਧਕ
 ਏ. ਅਪੂਰਨ ਸੰਬੰਧਕ ਸ. ਦੁਬਾਜਰਾ ਸੰਬੰਧਕ।
48. "ਵੇਖੋ! ਇਹ ਬਿਮਾਰੀ ਬਹੁਤ ਖਤਰਨਾਕ ਹੈ!" ਵਾਕ ਵਿੱਚ 'ਵੇਖੋ' ਕਿਸ ਪ੍ਰਕਾਰ ਦਾ ਵਿਸਮਕ ਹੈ?
 ਓ. ਸੂਚਨਾਵਾਚਕ ਵਿਸਮਕ ਅ. ਫਿਟਕਾਰਵਾਚਕ ਵਿਸਮਕ
 ਏ. ਸੰਬੋਧਨੀ ਵਿਸਮਕ ਸ. ਹੈਰਾਨੀਵਾਚਕ ਵਿਸਮਕ
49. ਕਾਰਜ ਦੇ ਆਧਾਰ 'ਤੇ ਵਾਕ-ਵੰਡ ਕਿੰਨੇ ਪ੍ਰਕਾਰ ਦੀ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ?
 ਓ. 2 ਅ. 3
 ਏ. 4 ਸ. 5
50. ਉਹ ਲੜਾਈ ਜਿਸ ਵਿੱਚ ਬਹੁਤ ਸਾਰੇ ਵਿਅਕਤੀ ਮਾਰੇ ਜਾਣ:
 ਓ. ਘੱਲੂਘਾਰਾ ਅ. ਜੁਲਮ
 ਏ. ਤਾਨਾਸ਼ਾਹ ਸ. ਸ਼ਰਧਾਂਜਲੀ

Part-B

51. Hamilton cuff method is used to:
 - a. Ensure limb isolation during ECT
 - b. Ensure anesthesia during ECT
 - c. Ensure anticholinergic effect
 - d. Ensure muscle relaxation

52. Which of the following is the classical method of electrode placement during ECT
 - a. Bifrontal
 - b. Bitemporal
 - c. Left anterior right temporal
 - d. Unilateral

53. When to collect blood sample for serum Lithium measurement during treatment with Lithium:
 - a. 10 Hours after last dose of Lithium
 - b. 12 Hours after last dose of Lithium
 - c. 14 Hours after last dose of Lithium
 - d. 16 Hours after last dose of Lithium

54. Which drug leads to agranulocytosis
 - a. Clozapine b. Risperidone
 - c. Haloperidol d. Olanzapine

55. Mr X diagnosed with panic disorder. Doctor prescribed a prn order for alprazolam for when Mr X is feeling anxious. He says to Nurse that Doctor prescribed buspirone for my friend's anxiety. Why did he order something different for me. The nurse's answer is based on which of the following:
 - a. Buspirone is not an antianxiety medication.
 - b. Buspirone and alprazolam are essentially the same medication, so either one is appropriate.
 - c. Buspirone has delayed onset of action and cannot be used on a prn basis
 - d. Alprazolam is the only medication that really works for panic disorder.

56. Doses of bupropion should be administered at least 4 to 6 hours apart and never doubled when a dose is missed in order to prevent:
 - a. Orthostatic hypotension
 - b. Seizures
 - c. Hypertensive crisis
 - d. Extrapyramidal symptoms

57. The nurse assists the physician with electroconvulsive therapy on a client who has refused to give consent with which of the following legal actions might the nurse be charged because of this nursing action:
 - a. Assault b. Battery
 - c. False imprisonment d. Breach of confidentiality

58. When there is congruence between what is felt and what is expressed, the nurse is exhibiting which of the following characteristics
 - a. Trust b. Respect
 - c. Genuineness d. Empathy

59. The nurse says to client, "you are being readmitted to the hospital. Why did you stop taking your medication?" what communication technique does this represent:
 - a. Disapproving
 - b. Requesting an explanation
 - c. Disagreeing
 - d. Probing

60. Ms Y reported to school health nurse that his father drinks too much. He drunk every afternoon when Ms Y gets home from school. She is afraid to invite friends over because of his father's behavior. What is this type of crisis called
 - a. Crisis resulting from traumatic stress
 - b. Maturational/developmental crisis
 - c. Dispositional crisis
 - d. Crisis reflecting psychopathology

61. In determining degree of suicidal risk with a client, the nurse assesses the following behavioral manifestations: Severely depressed, withdrawn, statements of worthlessness, difficulty accomplishing activities of daily living, no close support systems. The nurse identifies the client's risk for suicide as which of the following:
 - a. Low risk b. High risk
 - c. Imminent risk d. Unable to be determined

62. Succinylcholine is administered to a client receiving ECT for what purpose:
 - a. To alleviate anxiety
 - b. To decrease secretions
 - c. To relax muscles
 - d. As a short acting anesthetic

63. The nurse is interviewing a client on the psychiatric unit. The client tilts his head to the side, stops talking in midsentence and listens intently. The nurse recognizes from these signs that the client is likely experiencing:
 - a. Somatic delusions
 - b. Catatonic stupor
 - c. Auditory Hallucinations
 - d. Pseudoparkinsonism

64. The primary focus of family therapy for clients with schizophrenia and their families is :
- To discuss concrete problem solving and adaptive behaviors for coping with stress
 - To introduce the family to others with the same problem
 - To keep the client and family in touch with the health care system.
 - To promote family interaction and increase understanding of the illness.
65. A nurse is educating a client about his lithium therapy and explaining signs and symptoms of lithium toxicity. Which of the following would she instruct the client to be on the alert for:
- Fever, sore throat, malaise
 - Tinnitus, severe diarrhea, ataxia
 - Occipital headache, palpitations, chest pain
 - Skin rash, marked rise in blood pressure, bradycardia
66. A client with OCD spends many hours each day washing her hands. The most likely reason she washes her hands so much is that it:
- Relieves her anxiety
 - Reduces the probability of infection
 - Gives her a feeling of control over her life.
 - Increases her self-concept
67. Which of the following is the most appropriate therapy for a client with agoraphobia:
- 10 mg Valium
 - Group therapy with other agoraphobics
 - Facing the fear in gradual step progression
 - Hypnosis
68. which of the following defense mechanism describes the underlying psychodynamics of somatic symptom disorder
- denial of depression
 - repression of anxiety
 - suppression of grief
 - displacement of anger
69. The Maudsley approach to treatment of adolescents with anorexia nervosa advances which of the following fundamental concepts:
- Family should be actively involved in each phase of treatment.
 - Parents should be prohibited from involvement in helping their child eat more, since there are often control issues.
 - Adolescents need to work on developing healthy self-identities before they can begin to gain weight.
 - Individual psychotherapy is the most effective treatment for adolescents with anorexia nervosa.
70. Which of the following represents a nursing intervention at tertiary level of prevention:
- Serving as a case manager for a mentally ill homeless client.
 - Leading a support group for a newly retired man.
 - Teaching prepared childbirth classes.
 - Caring for a depressed widow in the hospital.
71. A major difference between normal and maladaptive grieving has been identified by which of the following:
- There are no feelings of depression in normal grieving.
 - There is no loss of self-esteem in normal grieving.
 - Normal grieving lasts no longer than 1 year.
 - In normal grief the person does not show anger toward the loss.
72. Which of the following immunoglobulin cross placenta:
- IgM
 - IgG
 - IgE
 - IgD
73. The temperature is maintained by Walk in freezers (WIF) during cold chain:
- 10° C to -20° C
 - 15° C to -25° C
 - 25° C to -35° C
 - 20° C to -30° C
74. Open vial policy is applicable to following vaccines EXCEPT:
- DPT
 - TT
 - Hepatitis B
 - BCG
75. Which of the following drug is replaced in New TB Guidelines 2025 for drug susceptible Pulmonary TB
- Isoniazid
 - Rifampicin
 - Pyrazinamide
 - None of above
76. When Rashtriya Bal SwasthyaKaryakram (RBSK) initiated:
- 2012
 - 2013
 - 2014
 - 2015
77. Navjat Shishu Suraksha Karyakram (NSSK) initiated :
- 2006
 - 2007
 - 2008
 - 2009

78. Child survival rate is calculated by:
- 100-under 5 mortality rate ÷ 10
 - 100-under 5 mortality rate ÷ 10
 - 1000-under 5 mortality rate ÷ 10
 - 1000-under 5 mortality rate ÷ 100
79. An arm circumference exceeding 13.5 Cm indicates:
- Severe malnutritional status
 - Mild malnutritional status
 - Moderate malnutritional status
 - Satisfactory nutritional status
80. Which of the following is NOT a method to check efficiency of Pasteurization:
- Phosphate test
 - Standard plate count
 - Parahaemolyticus count
 - Coliform count
81. As per Kuppaswamy's socio-economic status scale, lower middle class is:
- If score is 5 to 10
 - If score is 11 to 15
 - If score is 16 to 25
 - Both a & b
82. Pleomorphism is a characteristic features of :
- Measles
 - Rubella
 - Chickenpox
 - Mumps
83. the prevalence of Tuberculosis is defined as:
- new and recurrent episodes of TB notified for a given year.
 - The number of new and recurrent episodes of TB occurring in a given year.
 - The number of TB cases at a given point in time
 - The risk of death from TB.
84. Which of the following is live attenuated vaccine:
- Rabies and typhoid
 - Measles and Zoster
 - Zoster and plague
 - Rabies and cholera
85. Which of the following antibody is responsible for immediate allergic anaphylactic reactions:
- IgG
 - IgM
 - IgA
 - IgE
86. Which of the following vaccine is contraindicated in pregnancy
- BCG
 - TT
 - Influenza
 - Pertussis
87. Which client is at risk for the development of a sodium level at 130 mEq/L (130 mmol/L)?
- The client who is taking diuretics
 - The client with hyperaldosteronism
 - The client with Cushing's syndrome
 - The client who is taking corticosteroids
88. A client with hypertension has been told to maintain a diet low in sodium. The nurse who is teaching this client about foods that are allowed should include which food item in a list provided to the client?
- Tomato soup
 - Boiled shrimp
 - Instant oatmeal
 - Summer squash
89. The nurse, listening to the morning report, learns that an assigned client received a unit of granulocytes the previous evening. The nurse makes a note to assess the results of which daily serum laboratory studies to assess the effectiveness of the transfusion?
- Hematocrit level
 - Erythrocyte count
 - Hemoglobin level
 - White blood cell count
90. The nurse is testing the extraocular movements in a client to assess for muscle weakness in the eyes. The nurse should implement which assessment technique to assess for muscle weakness in the eye?
- Test the corneal reflexes.
 - Test the 6 cardinal positions of gaze.
 - Test visual acuity, using a Snellen eye chart.
 - Test sensory function by asking the client to close the eyes and then lightly touching the forehead, cheeks, and chin.
91. A health care provider prescribes 1000 mL of normal saline 0.9% to infuse over 8 hours. The drop factor is 15 drops (gtt)/1 mL. The nurse sets the flow rate at how many drops per minute?
- 29
 - 31
 - 33
 - 35
92. A health care provider's prescription reads levothyroxine, 150 mcg orally daily. The medication label reads levothyroxine, 0.1 mg/tablet. The nurse administers how many tablet(s) to the client?
- 1.5
 - 2
 - 2.5
 - 3

93. A health care provider's prescription reads morphine sulfate, 8 mg stat. The medication ampule reads morphine sulfate, 10 mg/mL. The nurse prepares how many milliliters to administer the correct dose?
- 0.2
 - 0.4
 - 0.6
 - 0.8
94. The nurse is providing instructions to a client and the family regarding home care after right eye cataract removal. Which statement by the client would indicate an understanding of the instructions?
- "I should sleep on my left side."
 - "I should sleep on my right side."
 - "I should sleep with my head flat."
 - "I should not wear my glasses at any time."
95. The nurse is assisting a health care provider with the removal of a chest tube. The nurse should instruct the client to take which action?
- Stay very still.
 - Exhale very quickly.
 - Inhale and exhale quickly.
 - Perform the Valsalva maneuver
96. The nurse has created a plan of care for a client experiencing dystocia and includes several nursing actions in the plan of care. What is the priority nursing action?
- Providing comfort measures
 - Monitoring the fetal heart rate
 - Changing the client's position frequently
 - Keeping the significant other informed of the progress of the labor
97. The nurse is monitoring the amount of lochia drainage in a client who is 2 hours postpartum and notes that the client has saturated a perineal pad in 15 minutes. How should the nurse respond to this finding initially?
- Document the finding.
 - Encourage the client to ambulate.
 - Encourage the client to increase fluid intake.
 - Contact the health care provider (HCP) and inform the HCP of this finding.
98. The nurse is preparing to administer exogenous surfactant to a premature infant who has respiratory distress syndrome. The nurse prepares to administer the medication by which route?
- Intradermal
 - Intratracheal
 - Subcutaneous
 - Intramuscular
99. An opioid analgesic is administered to a client in labor. The nurse assigned to care for the client ensures that which medication is readily accessible should respiratory depression occur?
- Naloxone
 - Morphine sulfate
 - Betamethasone
 - Hydromorphone hydrochloride
100. The clinic nurse is reviewing the health care provider's prescription for a child who has been diagnosed with scabies. Lindane has been prescribed for the child. The nurse questions the prescription if which is noted in the child's record?
- The child is 18 months old.
 - The child is being bottle-fed.
 - A sibling is using lindane for the treatment of scabies.
 - The child has a history of frequent respiratory infections
101. The school nurse is performing pediculosis capitis (head lice) assessments. Which assessment finding indicates that a child has a "positive" head check?
- Maculopapular lesions behind the ears
 - Lesions in the scalp that extend to the hairline or neck.
 - White flaky particles throughout the entire scalp region
 - White sacs attached to the hair shafts in the occipital area
102. The nurse analyzes the laboratory results of a child with hemophilia. The nurse understands that which result will most likely be abnormal in this child?
- Platelet count
 - Hematocrit level
 - Hemoglobin level
 - Partial thromboplastin time
103. The nurse is monitoring a 3-year-old child for signs and symptoms of increased intracranial pressure (ICP) after a craniotomy. The nurse plans to monitor for which early sign or symptom of increased ICP?
- Vomiting
 - Bulging anterior fontanel
 - Increasing head circumference
 - Complaints of a frontal headache

104. A mother brings her 3-week-old infant to a clinic for a phenylketonuria rescreening blood test. The test indicates a serum phenylalanine level of 1 mg/dL (60.5 μmol/L). The nurse reviews this result and makes which interpretation?
- It is positive.
 - It is negative.
 - It is inconclusive.
 - It requires rescreening at age 6 weeks
105. A child has fluid volume deficit. The nurse performs an assessment and determines that the child is improving and the deficit is resolving if which finding is noted?
- The child has no tears
 - Urine specific gravity is 1.035.
 - Capillary refill is less than 2 seconds.
 - Urine output is less than 1 mL/kg/hour.
106. A child is hospitalized because of persistent vomiting. The nurse should monitor the child closely for which problem?
- Diarrhea
 - Metabolic acidosis
 - Metabolic alkalosis
 - Hyperactive bowel sounds
107. The nurse is caring for a newborn with a suspected diagnosis of imperforate anus. The nurse monitors the infant, knowing that which is a clinical manifestation associated with this disorder?
- Bile-stained fecal emesis
 - The passage of currant jelly-like stools
 - Failure to pass meconium stool in the first 24 hours after birth
 - Sausage-shaped mass palpated in the upper right abdominal quadrant
108. A client with a dysrhythmia is admitted to telemetry for observation. In the morning the client asks for a cup of coffee. What is the nurse's best response?
- "Hot drinks such as coffee are not good for your heart."
 - "Coffee is not permitted on the diet that was ordered for you."
 - "You cannot have coffee. I can bring you a cup of tea if you like."
 - "Coffee has caffeine that can affect your heart. It should be avoided."
109. A client is admitted with chest pain unrelieved by nitroglycerin, an elevated temperature, decreased blood pressure, and diaphoresis. A myocardial infarction is diagnosed. Which should the nurse consider as a valid reason for one of this client's physiologic responses?
- Parasympathetic reflexes from the infarcted myocardium cause diaphoresis.
 - Inflammation in the myocardium causes a rise in the systemic body temperature.
 - Catecholamines released at the site of the infarction cause intermittent localized pain.
 - Constriction of central and peripheral blood vessels causes a decrease in blood pressure.
110. A client is prescribed prolonged bed rest after surgery. Which complication does the nurse expect to prevent by teaching this client to avoid pressure on the popliteal space?
- Cerebral embolism
 - Pulmonary embolism
 - Dry gangrene of a limb
 - Coronary vessel occlusion
111. A nurse inspects a two-day-old intravenous site and identifies erythema, warmth, and mild edema. The client reports tenderness when the area is palpated. What should the nurse do first?
- Irrigate the IV tubing.
 - Discontinue the infusion.
 - Slow the rate of the infusion.
 - Obtain a prescription for an analgesic.
112. What should the nurse assess to determine if a client is experiencing the therapeutic effect of valsartan (Diovan)?
- Lipid profile
 - Apical pulse
 - Urinary output
 - Blood pressure
113. A client is found unconscious and unresponsive. What should the nurse do first?
- Initiate a code.
 - Check for a radial pulse.
 - Compress the lower sternum.
 - Give four full lung inflations.
114. A nurse is caring for a client with an infection caused by group A beta-hemolytic streptococci. The nurse should assess this client for responses associated with which illness?
- Hepatitis A
 - Rheumatic fever
 - Spinal meningitis
 - Rheumatoid arthritis

115. Which relationship does the nurse consider reflective of the relationship of naloxone (Narcan) to morphine sulfate?
- Aspirin to warfarin (Coumadin)
 - Amoxicillin to systemic infection
 - Protamine sulfate to parenteral heparin
 - Enoxaparin (Lovenox) to dalteparin (Fragmin)
116. A nurse uses abdominal-thoracic thrusts (Heimlich maneuver) when an older adult in a senior center chokes on a piece of meat. Which volume of air is the basis for the efficacy of the abdominal thrusts to expel a foreign object in the larynx?
- Tidal
 - Residual
 - Vital capacity
 - Inspiratory reserve
117. A client is admitted with suspected atelectasis. Which clinical manifestation does the nurse expect to identify when assessing this client?
- Slow, deep respirations
 - Normal oral temperature
 - Dry, unproductive cough
 - Diminished breath sounds
118. When a client suffers a complete pneumothorax, there is danger of a mediastinal shift. If such a shift occurs, what potential effect is a cause for concern?
- Rupture of the pericardium
 - Infection of the subpleural lining
 - Decreased filling of the right heart
 - Increased volume of the unaffected lung
119. A client has chest tubes attached to a chest tube drainage system. What should the nurse do when caring for this client?
- Clamp the chest tubes when suctioning.
 - Palpate the surrounding area for crepitus.
 - Change the dressing daily using aseptic technique.
 - Empty the drainage chamber at the end of the shift
120. Which nursing action is important when suctioning the secretions of a client with a tracheostomy?
- Use a new sterile catheter with each insertion.
 - Initiate suction as the catheter is being withdrawn.
 - Insert the catheter until the cough reflex is stimulated.
 - Remove the inner cannula before inserting the suction catheter.
121. A client has a fractured mandible that is immobilized with wires. For which life-threatening postoperative problem should the nurse monitor this client?
- Infection
 - Vomiting
 - Osteomyelitis
 - Bronchospasm
122. After a head injury a client develops a deficiency of antidiuretic hormone (ADH). What should the nurse consider about the response to secretion of ADH before assessing this client?
- Serum osmolarity increases
 - Urine concentration decreases
 - Glomerular filtration decreases
 - Tubular reabsorption of water increases
123. A client with a tentative diagnosis of Cushing syndrome has an increased cortisol level. For what response should the nurse assess this client?
- Hypovolemia
 - Hyperkalemia
 - Hypoglycemia
 - Hypernatremia
124. A client is diagnosed with diabetic ketoacidosis. Which insulin should the nurse expect the health care provider to prescribe?
- Insulin lispro (Humalog)
 - Insulin glargine (Lantus)
 - NPH insulin (Novolin N)
 - Regular insulin (Novolin R)
125. A nurse is preparing to give a client a tepid bath and uses a bath thermometer to test the water temperature. What is the acceptable temperature range for a tepid bath?
- 92° to 94° F
 - 95° to 97° F
 - 98° to 100° F
 - 101° to 103°
126. A client experiences a traumatic brain injury. Which finding identified by the nurse indicates damage to the upper motor neurons?
- Absent reflexes
 - Flaccid muscles
 - Trousseau sign
 - Babinski response
127. A client is admitted with paresis of the ciliary muscles of the left eye. What function should the nurse expect to be affected?
- Closing the eyelids
 - Convergence of both eyes
 - Ability to discriminate colors
 - Focusing the lens on near objects

128. The care plan for a client with a fractured hip includes nursing actions to prevent which type of contracture?
- Flexion of the hip
 - Abduction of the hip
 - Hyperextension of the hip
 - Internal rotation of the hip
129. A client is ready to walk with crutches after knee surgery. Which crutch-walking technique will the nurse most likely have to reinforce after the client returns from physical therapy?
- Two-point
 - Four-point
 - Three-point
 - Swing-through
130. A client with acute kidney failure becomes confused and irritable. Which does the nurse determine is the most likely cause of this behavior?
- Hyperkalemia
 - Hypernatremia
 - A limited fluid intake
 - An increased blood urea nitrogen level
131. Which action should the nurse take when caring for a client with malaria?
- Institute seizure precautions.
 - Prepare for blood transfusions.
 - Maintain isolation precautions.
 - Provide nutrition between paroxysms.
132. A nurse is preparing a teaching plan for a client with syphilis. The nurse includes that syphilis is not considered contagious in the
- tertiary stage.
 - primary stage.
 - secondary stage.
 - incubation stage.
133. Which drug requires the nurse to monitor the client for signs of hyperkalemia?
- Furosemide (Lasix)
 - Metolazone (Zaroxolyn)
 - Spironolactone (Aldactone)
 - Hydrochlorothiazide (HydroDIURIL)
134. Which test result should a nurse review to determine if the antibiotic prescribed for the client will be effective?
- Serologic test
 - Sensitivity test
 - Serum osmolality
 - Sedimentation rate

135. A client with a history of tuberculosis reports difficulty hearing. Which medication should the nurse consider is related to this response?
- Streptomycin
 - Pyrazinamide
 - Isoniazid (INH)
 - Ethambutol (Myambutol)
136. A nurse teaches women in the fertility clinic that after ovulation has occurred, the ovum is thought to remain viable for:
- 1 to 6 hours.
 - 12 to 18 hours.
 - 24 to 36 hours.
 - 48 to 72 hours.
137. Oral contraceptives are prescribed for a client. What side effect should the nurse inform the client might occur?
- Cervicitis
 - Ovarian cysts
 - Breakthrough bleeding
 - Fibrocystic breast disease
138. What potential complication does a nurse anticipate when admitting a client with the diagnosis of severe procidentia (prolapsed of the uterus)?
- Edema
 - Fistulas
 - Exudate
 - Ulcerations
139. What resting position should a nurse encourage for a client with pelvic inflammatory disease (PID)?
- Sims
 - Fowler
 - Supine with knees flexed
 - Lithotomy with head elevated
140. A thin older adult client is diagnosed with osteoporosis. What should the nurse include in the discharge plan for this client?
- Encouragement of gradual weight gain
 - Monitoring for decreased urine calcium
 - Instructions relative to diet and exercise
 - Safety factors when using opioids and non steroidal anti inflammatory drug

REVISED ANSWER KEY											
Recruitment test conducted on 19/04/2026 for post of Staff Nurse under Department of Health and Family Welfare, Punjab vide Advt. no. BFU-26/06											
Part A				Part B							
1	D	26	C	51	A	76	B	101	D	126	D
2	A	27	C	52	B	77	D	102	D	127	D
3	A	28	C	53	B	78	C	103	A	128	A
4	A	29	C	54	A	79	D	104	B	129	C
5	C	30	B	55	C	80	C	105	C	130	D
6	D	31	D	56	B	81	B	106	C	131	D
7	D	32	B	57	B	82	C	107	C	132	A
8	A	33	A	58	C	83	C	108	D	133	C
9	C	34	B	59	B	84	B	109	B	134	B
10	C	35	C	60	C	85	D	110	B	135	A
11	D	36	B	61	B	86	A	111	B	136	C
12	D	37	D	62	C	87	A	112	D	137	C
13	B	38	D	63	C	88	D	113	A	138	D
14	B	39	C	64	D	89	D	114	B	139	B
15	B	40	D	65	B	90	B	115	C	140	C
16	C	41	B	66	A	91	B	116	B		
17	A	42	B	67	C	92	A	117	D		
18	A	43	A	68	B	93	D	118	C		
19	C	44	B	69	A	94	A	119	B		
20	C	45	A	70	A	95	D	120	D		
21	D	46	A	71	B	96	B	121	B		
22	C	47	B	72	B	97	D	122	D		
23	B	48	A	73	B	98	B	123	D		
24	C	49	C	74	D	99	A	124	D		
25	B	50	A	75	B	100	A	125	C		