

Paper - II
HISTORY

Booklet Code

A

Test Booklet No.

SUBJECT CODE : 1 9

Roll No. :

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(Figures as per admission card)

Roll No. (in words) : _____

OMR Sheet No. :

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Name and Signature of Invigilator/s

Signature : _____

Name : _____

Time : 2 Hours

Maximum Marks : 200

Number of Pages in this Booklet : 24

Number of Questions in this Booklet : 100

Instructions for the Candidates

1. Write your roll number in the space provided on the top of this page.
2. This paper consists of hundred (100) multiple-choice type of questions.
3. At the commencement of examination, the test booklet will be given to you. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested **To Open the Booklet and Compulsorily Examine it as Below:**
 - (i) To have access to the Test Booklet, tear off the paper seal on the edge of the cover page. Do not accept a booklet without sticker seal or open booklet.
 - (ii) Tally the number of pages and number of questions in the booklet with the information printed on the cover page. Faulty booklets due to pages/questions missing or duplicate or not in serial order or any other discrepancy should be got replaced immediately by a correct booklet from the invigilator within the period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Test Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be given.
 - (iii) After the verification is over, the Test Booklet Number should be entered in the OMR Sheet and the OMR Sheet Number should be entered on this Test Booklet.
4. Each item has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each item.
Example : Ⓐ Ⓑ ● Ⓓ
where (C) is the correct response.
5. Your responses to the questions are to be indicated in the **OMR Sheet kept inside this Booklet**. If you mark at any place other than in the circles, the OMR Sheet will not be evaluated.
6. Read the instructions given in OMR Sheet carefully. Fill the Booklet Code of Paper-II in OMR Sheet **Compulsorily**.
7. Rough Work is to be done in the end of this booklet.
8. If you write your name or put any mark on any part of the OMR Answer Sheet, except for the space provided for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.
9. You have to return the OMR answer Sheet to the invigilators at the end of the examination compulsorily and must NOT carry it with you outside the Examination Hall.
10. You can take away test booklet and carbon copy of OMR Answer Sheet after the examination.
11. **Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen.**
12. **Use of any calculator, electronic gadgets or log table, etc. is prohibited.**
13. **There is no negative mark for incorrect answer.**

1. The famous battle of Ten kings (Daśragna) as described in the Rigveda was fought on the bank of :

- (A) Sarasvati
(B) Parushni
(C) Askini
(D) Vipasa

2. A highly advanced water management system of Indus – Harappan civilization has been found from :

- (A) Kalibangan
(B) Allahdino
(C) Dholavira
(D) Surkotada

3. The earliest evidence of agriculture in the Indian sub – continent has been found from:

- (A) Brahmagiri
(B) Burzahom
(C) Koldihwa
(D) Mehrgarh

4. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below :

	List-I		List-II
	(Vedas)		(Samihitās)
P	Rigveda	(i)	Vajsaneye
Q	Yajurveda	(ii)	Shakala
R	Samaveda	(iii)	Shaunaka
S	Atharvaveda	(iv)	Kauthum

Code :

	P	Q	R	S
(A)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
(B)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(C)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)
(D)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)

5. Consider the following statements about the literary sources:

- (i) Rigveda is the earliest surviving document of the mankind.
(ii) The Puranas are twenty eight in number.
(iii) The Brahmanas explain the value and efficacy of sacrifices and rituals.
(iv) The Upanishads emphasized on the history of old dynasties of kings.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- (A) (i) and (ii)
(B) (ii) and (iii)
(C) (i) and (iii)
(D) (ii) and (iv)

6. Consider the following statements about the stone age tools:

- (i) Blade and burin are the tools of the upper Palaeolithic period.
- (ii) The lower Palaeolithic people made and used crude tools generally of quartzite.
- (iii) The tools of middle stone age are of flake nature.
- (iv) Tiny tools are known as 'microliths'.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- (A) (i) only
- (B) (i) and (ii)
- (C) (i), (ii) and (iii)
- (D) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)

7. Consider the following statements about the Indus/Harappan Civilization:

- (i) The sites are discovered both from the rural and urban areas.
- (ii) The inscriptions are in different contemporary scripts.

(iii) The tools and metals provide the idea of the specialised artisans.

(iv) The dock-yards have been found at Lothal and Dholavira.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- (A) (i) and (ii)
- (B) (i) and (iii)
- (C) (ii) and (iv)
- (D) (i) and (iv)

8. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below :

	List-I		List-II
	(Vedānga)		(Meaning)
P	Shiksha	(i)	Ceremonial
Q	Nirukta	(ii)	Pronunciation
R	Kalpa	(iii)	Astronomy
S	Jyotisha	(iv)	Explanation of words

Code :

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| | P | Q | R | S |
| (A) | (i) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) |
| (B) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (C) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (D) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) |

9. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below :

	List-I		List-II
	(Vedic deities)		(Meaning)
P	Dyaus	(i)	The dawn
Q	Ushas	(ii)	The fire
R	Agni	(iii)	The plant of that name
S	Soma	(iv)	The heaven

Code :

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| | P | Q | R | S |
| (A) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |
| (B) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (C) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) | (iii) |
| (D) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |

10. The largest number of Harappan sites have been found on the bank of the river:

- (A) Indus
(B) Satluj
(C) Sarasvati
(D) Ravi

11. The 'Purusha – sūkta', which has referred the varna – system, is a hymn of the Rigveda in the Mandala (Part) :

- (A) X (Tenth)
(B) IX (Ninth)
(C) VIII (Eighth)
(D) VII (Seventh)

12. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below :

	List-I		List-II
	(Vedic Rivers)		(Contemporary Names)
P	Vitastā	(i)	Chenab
Q	Askini	(ii)	Sutlej
R	Drishadvati	(iii)	Jhelum
S	Sutudri	(iv)	Chautang

Code :

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------|------|-------|------|
| | P | Q | R | S |
| (A) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (B) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |
| (C) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (D) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | (iv) |

13. Which one of the following dynasties started the practice of granting tax free villages to Brahmanas and Buddhist monks during Ancient India?

- (A) The Shakas
(B) The Pratihans
(C) The Satvahanas
(D) The Indo – Greeks

14. Which one of the following rulers issued the first ever long inscription in Chaste Sanskrit language?

- (A) Menander
- (B) Rudradaman I
- (C) Kanishka
- (D) Ashoka

15. During the Mauryan period an officer namely 'Sannidhata' was incharge of :

- (A) State treasury and storehouse
- (B) Weight and measurement
- (C) Mining
- (D) Agriculture

16. The 'Sarvastivadins' belongs to which religion/sect during ancient times?

- (A) Shaivism
- (B) Buddhism
- (C) Jainism
- (D) Vaishnavism

17. During the Gupta period, the book 'Mrichchhakatikam' or 'Mrcchakatika' was written by :

- (A) Sudraku
- (B) Vishakhadutt
- (C) Kalidas
- (D) Srigupta

18. Harshvardhan belongs to the dynasty of :

- (A) Kushana
- (B) Pratihara
- (C) Pushyābhuti
- (D) Chedi

19. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below :

	List-I (Ruler)		List-II (Inscription)
P	Kumargupta I	(i)	Uttamerur inscription
Q	Kumargupta II	(ii)	Bilsad inscription
R	Budhagupta	(iii)	Sarnath inscription
S	Parantaka II	(iv)	Eran inscription

Code :

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| | P | Q | R | S |
| (A) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (B) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| (C) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (D) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |

20. Which one of the following statements about the Greek invasion under Alexander is incorrect?
- (A) Alexander defeated the Assakenoi (*Asvakas* or *Asmakas*).
- (B) Alexander founded two towns namely Boukephala and Nikaia.
- (C) No Greek settlement was established in India.
- (D) Ambhi of Taxila presented to Alexander 280 talents of silver and golden crowns.
21. 'Panas' in Mauryan period is used for:
- (A) Measurement of land
- (B) An official
- (C) Dam
- (D) Currency
22. Which of the below mentioned inscriptions of Mauryan times provide details related to famine relief?
- (A) Mahasthan inscription
- (B) Erragudi inscription
- (C) Nittur inscription
- (D) Jaogada inscription
23. Consider the following statements about 'Kashmir' :
- (i) Kashmir was ruled by the Kushana kings, but it was outside the sway of the Guptas.
- (ii) Kalhana's 'Rajatarangini' is one of the most important source of Kashmir's history.
- (iii) 'Lalitaditya Muktapida' is associated with the Utpala Dynasty.
- (iv) Didda is associated with the Karkota Dynasty.
- Find out the correct set of statements:
- (A) (i) and (iii)
- (B) (i) and (ii)
- (C) (ii) and (iii)
- (D) (iii) and (iv)
24. Consider the following statements about Pala dynasty :
- (i) We learn about the Pala dynasty from Khalimpur inscription.
- (ii) According to Taranath, Pala king Gopala built the celebrated monastery at Otantapura (Bihar).
- (iii) Devapala granted five villages to Buddhist monks.
- (iv) Dharmapala was a true follower of Vaishnavism.
- Identify the correct set of statements :
- (A) (ii), (iii) and (iv)
- (B) (i), (iii) and (iv)
- (C) (i), (ii) and (iv)
- (D) (i), (ii) and (iii)

25. Identify the dynasty to which queen Rudramadevi belonged to :
- (A) Chalukyas of Badami
(B) Pandyas of Madurai
(C) Kakatiyas of Warangal
(D) Eastern Chalukyas of Vengi
26. The temple of Rajarajesvara is dedicated to :
- (A) Kartikeya
(B) Shiva
(C) Vishnu
(D) Surya
27. The distinctive symbols on the coins of Kalchuri king Gangeyadeva 'Vikramaditya' is :
- (A) Elephant
(B) Lakshmi
(C) Vishnu
(D) Bull
28. Who got the land re-surveyed for taxation and revenue purposes during the reign of cholas?
- (A) Kulottunga I
(B) Rajaraja I
(C) Vikrama Chola
(D) Kulottunga III
29. Which of the following saints was Karaikkal Ammaiyar ?
- (A) Pancaratin Saint
(B) Alvar Saint
(C) Nayanar Saint
(D) Kapalika Saint
30. The 'Vaikunthaperumal' temple houses historical sculptures of which dynasty ?
- (A) Chera
(B) Pallava
(C) Pandya
(D) Chola
31. The Bhakti acharya Ramanuja's philosophy is known as :
- (A) Advaita
(B) Vishishtadvaita
(C) Dvaita
(D) Dvaitadvaita

32. Which of the following Pala king was credited with building one thousand temples in the honour of Lord Shiva ?
- (A) Dharmapala
(B) Devapala
(C) Narayanpala
(D) Mahendrapala
33. Carving of 'Naga – Shakha' on door – jambs is a characteristic feature of which of the following regional style of temple architecture ?
- (A) Chandela
(B) Pratihana
(C) Solanki
(D) Paramara
34. Which one of the following kings performed 'ashvamedha' sacrifices?
- (A) Pravarsena I
(B) Samudragupta
(C) Pushyamitra Shunga
(D) Kumargupta
35. In which battle did the Ahom army under Lachit Borphukan defeat the Mughal army ?
- (A) Battle of Ghilajharighat
(B) Battle of Alaboi
(C) Battle of Saraighat
(D) Battle of Kaliabor
36. Rani Durgavati, who fought the army of Akbar, was the queen of :
- (A) Ahmadnagar
(B) Gondwana
(C) Jaisalmer
(D) Baigas
37. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct answer from the code given below :
- Assertion (A) :** After the decline of Mughals, the Marathas emerged as the strongest power.
- Reason (R) :** Marathas were the first to have a clear concept of a united India.
- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is correct explanation of (A)
(B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not correct explanation of (A)
(C) (A) is true, but (R) is false
(D) (A) is false, but (R) is true

38. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct answer from the code given below :
- Assertion (A) :** Nadir Shah's and Ahmad Shah Abdali's invasion hastened the end of Mughal empire.
- Reason (R) :** The British East India Company treated the later Mughal rulers as nominal heads.
- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is correct explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is true, but (R) is false
- (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true
39. Who contributed to the writing of Jahangir's memoirs Tuzuk- i- Jahangiri?
- (A) Mohammad Hadi
- (B) Gulbadan Begum
- (C) Inayat Khan
- (D) Abdul Hamid Lahori
40. In which year did Akbar capture the fort of Chittorgarh and ordered a general massacre ?
- (A) 1567
- (B) 1568
- (C) 1569
- (D) 1579
41. After the death of Chand Bibi, Ahmadnagar was captured by the Mughal forces led by :
- (A) Abdul Rahim Khan – i – Khanan
- (B) Shah Murad Mirza
- (C) Ikhlas Khan and Raja Man Singh
- (D) Daniyal and Mirza Yusuf Khan
42. Humayun gave the title of Amir-i-Akhbar to :
- (A) Jauhar Aftabchi
- (B) Mirza Haider Dughlat
- (C) Khondamir
- (D) Abdul Wahid

43. Who commanded an army of Afghans on the side of Maharana Pratap in the battle of Haldighati ?

- (A) Hakim Khan
(B) Bismillah Khan
(C) Khushal Khan
(D) Kalu Khan Yusufzai

44. In whose reign was Sufi Sidi Maulah executed on the allegations of rebellion?

- (A) Jalaluddin Khilji
(B) Alauddin Khilji
(C) Mubarak Shah
(D) Firoz Tuglaq

45. Who composed Vividha Titha Kalpa?

- (A) Hiravijaya Suri
(B) Padma Sundare
(C) Prabha Chandra
(D) Jin Prabh Suri

46. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below :

	List-I		List-II
	(Fort)		(Ruler)
P	Bidar	(i)	Faruqi
Q	Golconda	(ii)	Adilshahi
R	Bijapur	(iii)	Baridshahi
S	Khandesh	(iv)	Qutubshahi

Code :

- | | P | Q | R | S |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (A) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (B) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| (C) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (D) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |

47. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

	List-I		List-II
	(Book)		(Author)
P	Khulasat-ut-Tawarikh	(i)	Bhimsen
Q	Lubb-ut-Tawarikh	(ii)	Ishwar Das
R	Futuh-i-Alamgiri	(iii)	Yahya Qazwini
S	Nuskha-i-Dilkusha	(iv)	Sujan Rai

Code :

- | | P | Q | R | S |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (A) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (B) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (C) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) |
| (D) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |

48. How many varieties of crops were grown in the region of Agra as mentioned by Abul Fazal in Ain – i – Akbari ?
- (A) 16
(B) 32
(C) 39
(D) 43
49. Which was not a type of sword blade in the Mughal period ?
- (A) Talwar
(B) Sirohi
(C) Zulfikar
(D) Chirwah
50. Where was the revenue system of Zabti not applied ?
- (A) Multan
(B) Malwa
(C) Kathiawar
(D) Bengal
51. Which Mughal ruler granted Marathas the Sardeshmukhi of Deccan ?
- (A) Aurangzeb
(B) Bahadur Shah I
(C) Shah Alam II
(D) Jahandar Shah
52. What was the unit of measurement of land under Marathas ?
- (A) Gaj
(B) Bigha
(C) Saranjami
(D) Kathi
53. Which was not a revenue free land grant ?
- (A) Punya Udak
(B) Madad-i-Mash
(C) Suyurghal
(D) Altamgha Jagir
54. Tax free villages whose income was used to maintain Brahmanas and temples in the Vijaynagara empire were called :
- (A) Amara
(B) Bhandaravada
(C) Manya
(D) Umbali

55. Which sultan separated the rules of revenue collection and administration in an iqta ?
- (A) Alauddin Khilji
- (B) Ghiyasuddin Tughlaq
- (C) Muhammad bin Tughlaq
- (D) Firoz Tughlaq
56. A manuscript titled 'Sarab Gutaka' is ascribed to which of the following saints ?
- (A) Tulsidas
- (B) Surdas
- (C) Bhagat Pipa
- (D) Ravidas
57. Who compiled the anthology of compositions of Alwar saints Nalayira Divyaprabandham ?
- (A) Ishvara Bhattar
- (B) Nammalvar
- (C) Ishvar Muni
- (D) Nathmuni
58. Who supervised the construction of Rohtas fort in the reign of Sher Shah Suri ?
- (A) Todar Mal
- (B) Bahar Khan
- (C) Khawas Khan
- (D) Rao Maldeo
59. Which of the following was not a battle fought by Sikh Guru Hargobind ?
- (A) Battle of Amritsar
- (B) Battle of Kartarpur
- (C) Battle of Lahira
- (D) Battle of Bhangani
60. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below :

	List-I (Sanskrit Works)		List-II (Persian Translators)
P	Ramayana	(i)	Shah Muhammad Shahbadi
Q	Rajtarangini	(ii)	Haji Ibrahim Sirhindi
R	Panchtantra	(iii)	Mulla Hussain Waiz
S	Atharvaveda	(iv)	Abdul Qadir Badayuni

Code :

	P	Q	R	S
(A)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)
(B)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)
(C)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)
(D)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)

61. Who constructed the Gopalgir fort on the borders of Delhi ?
- (A) Qutbuddin Aibak
(B) Iltutmish
(C) Razia
(D) Balban
62. Arrange the correct chronological order :
- (i) Chaitanya
(ii) Eknath
(iii) Mirabai
(iv) Tulsidas
- (A) (iv), (ii), (i), (iii)
(B) (iii), (i), (ii), (iv)
(C) (ii), (iv), (iii), (i)
(D) (i), (iii), (iv), (ii)
63. When was the Mughal firman of free trade in Bengal granted to the English?
- (A) 1615
(B) 1650
(C) 1696
(D) 1717
64. Of the following, which statement is incorrect ?
- (i) The Charter Act of 1813 was an important benchmark in the push towards Westernisation.
(ii) Charter Act of 1833 reduced the East India Company to political functions.
(iii) The Governor of Bengal became Governor General of India, through the Charter Act of 1833.
(iv) Through Charter Act of 1853, East India Company's Charter was renewed for another twenty years.
- (A) (i)
(B) (ii), (iii)
(C) (iii)
(D) (iv)
65. Which Charter Act allowed the free entry of Christian missionaries in India ?
- (A) Charter Act of 1793
(B) Charter Act of 1813
(C) Charter Act of 1833
(D) Charter Act of 1853

66. The Indian Penal Code drafted in 1935 could not become an Act until :
- (A) 1858
- (B) 1859
- (C) 1860
- (D) 1861
67. Of the following, who assumed the title of 'Nizam – ul- Mulk Asaf Jah I' ?
- (A) Nasir Jung
- (B) Chin Qulich Khan
- (C) Muzaffar Jung
- (D) Mubariz Khan
68. Of the following, which Act introduced the system of 'Dyarchy' in Indian administration ?
- (A) Government of India Act, 1858
- (B) Government of India Act, 1919
- (C) Government of India Act, 1935
- (D) Indian Independence Act, 1947
69. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct answer from the code given below :
- Assertion (A) :** Lord Wellesley signed his first Subsidiary Alliance treaty with Nizam of Hyderabad in 1798.
- Reason (R) :** The Nawab of Awadh was forced to sign a Subsidiary Alliance in 1801.
- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is correct explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is true, but (R) is false
- (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true
70. In the permanent settlement, which regulations gave the Zamindars the right to seize property of the tenants in case of non-payment of rent without any permission of a court of law :
- (A) Regulations of 1798
- (B) Regulations of 1799 and 1812
- (C) Regulations of 1812 and 1824
- (D) None of the above

71. Of the following, which statement is incorrect in context to Cornwallis Code of 1793 ?

- (i) It finally set the rule of separating revenue collection from administration of civil justice.
- (ii) The new system provided for a hierarchy of courts.
- (iii) All the courts were not to be headed by European judges.
- (iv) The criminal justice system was also overhauled.

- (A) (i)
- (B) (ii)
- (C) (iii)
- (D) (iv)

72. Who among the following Indians was offered a seat in the Whitley Commission ?

- (A) Mr. Chamanlal
- (B) M.N. Roy
- (C) C. Rajagopalachari
- (D) Badruddin Tayyab Ji

73. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct answer from the code given below :

Assertion (A) : After repelling the third Afghan invasion under Abdali's successor Zaman Shah in 1798-99, Ranjit Singh emerged as one of the outstanding Sikh chiefs and conquered Lahore.

Reason (R) : By 1809 he had brought under control large area in five doabs of Punjab. By the treaty of Amritsar in that year the English recognised him as the sole sovereign of Punjab.

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is correct explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is true, but (R) is false
- (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true

74. The famous 'Hailebury College' of London was abolished in the year :

- (A) 1858
- (B) 1859
- (C) 1860
- (D) 1861

75. In which year the 'British Indian Association' was established ?
- (A) 1843
(B) 1848
(C) 1851
(D) 1856
76. In 1910, who was instrumental in the formation of ' Bharat Stree Mandal' ?
- (A) Annie Besant
(B) Mehribai Tata
(C) Sarojini Naidu
(D) Sarla Devi Chaudhurani
77. The 'Khasis', a hill tribe , living in the region between the Garo and Jaintia hills broke out in open rebellion against the East India Company in the year :
- (A) 1780
(B) 1781
(C) 1782
(D) 1783
78. In the later 19th Century, which mine was the major sector of mining ?
- (A) Copper
(B) Iron Ore
(C) Coal
(D) Manganese
79. The Indian Jute Mill Association (IJMA) was established in the year :
- (A) 1881
(B) 1882
(C) 1883
(D) 1884
80. First cotton mill to be initiated by an Indian at Ahmedabad was :
- (A) Ranchhodlal Chhotala
(B) N. M. Lokhamde
(C) J. Gaekwad
(D) S .S. Bensalee

81. In the Telugu – speaking areas of Madras Presidency, the reform movement in support of Widow remarriage was started by :
- (A) Veersalingam Pantulu
(B) Sankaracharya of Kavir Math
(C) Ashoke Sen
(D) K.T. Telang
82. Of the following, who started the ‘Hindu Mela’ with the help of Tagore’s Family ?
- (A) Nabagopal Mitra
(B) Krishan Kumar Mitra
(C) S.N. Banerjee
(D) R.C. Dutt
83. Which of the following statement about Ryotwari settlement is correct ?
- (i) The Ryotwari experiment was started by Alexander Reed in Baramahal in 1792.
(ii) It was continued by Thomas Munro.
(iii) The Ryotwari system in the Bombay Presidency had its beginnings in Gujarat after its annexation in 1803.
(iv) Ryotwari was also introduced in parts of United Provinces.
- (A) (i), (ii), (iv)
(B) (i), (ii), (iii)
(C) (ii), (iii), (iv)
(D) (i), (iii), (iv)
84. In the uprising of 1857, which region witnessed the Talukdar’s revolt against EIC?
- (A) Avadh
(B) Bihar
(C) Orissa
(D) Travancore
85. On 21st October, 1943, Netaji inaugurated the Provisional India Government and on which date this Government declared war on Britain and U.S.A?
- (A) 22nd October, 1943
(B) 23rd October, 1943
(C) 24th October, 1943
(D) 25th October, 1943
86. Of the following, who was not a member in the panel of Congress to defend INA case at Red Fort ?
- (A) Bhulabhai Desai
(B) Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru
(C) Jawaharlal Nehru
(D) M. K. Gandhi

87. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct answer from the code given below:
- Assertion (A) :** Dinbandhu Mitra published a play in Bengali called 'Neel Darpan' which depicted the atrocities on the Indigo planters in the boldest possible colour.
- Reason (R) :** The play was translated into English by the famous Bengali poet Michael Madhusudan Dutta and was published by Rev. James Long.
- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is correct explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is true, but (R) is false
- (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true
88. In some parts of Bengal, a religious movement called Tariqah – i – Muhammadiya developed under the leadership of :
- (A) Ahmad Bareilvi
- (B) Titu Mir
- (C) Shah Waliullah
- (D) Shariatullah
89. Of the following, who drafted the uprising of 1857 directly into the historiography of Indian nationalism by describing it "Indian war of Independence", a war fought for "Swadharma and Swaraj" ?
- (A) S.N. Sen
- (B) V. D. Savarkar
- (C) S. B. Chaudhari
- (D) R. C. Majumdar
90. Of the following, who was the leader of Annshilan Samiti at Decca?
- (A) Narendra Gossain
- (B) Satyen Bose
- (C) Pulin Das
- (D) Kanai Lal Gupta
91. The theory of 'Passive Resistance' was further explained by Aurobindo in famous write-up "An Open letter to My Countrymen" was published in Karmyogin dated:
- (A) 31 July, 1909
- (B) 30 July, 1909
- (C) 29 July, 1909
- (D) 28 July, 1909

92. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct answer from the code given below:

Assertion (A) : “ It was in South Africa in 1913 that Gandhi had for the first time involved women in public demonstrations and realised the huge potential of the Indian Womanhood.”

Reason (R) : Back in India, during the Rowlatt Satyagraha of 1919 he again invited woman to participate in the nationalist campaign, but it was withdrawn before any significant advancement in this direction could take place.

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is correct explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is true, but (R) is false
- (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true

93. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R). Read the statements

and choose the correct answer from the code given below:

Assertion (A) : There is no doubt that Home Rule campaign had practically ousted the Moderates from the political field which they had dominated till the return of Tilak to active politics in 1914.

Reason (R) : This was made quite clear when even with the utmost efforts the Moderates leadership could not prevent the election of Tilak's nominee, Mrs. Besant as President of the Congress session in 1917.

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is correct explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is true, but (R) is false
- (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true

94. Which among the following is not a tool in History ?

- (A) Period
- (B) Person
- (C) Place
- (D) Circumstances

95. What is the classification of 'Historical Classification' ?
- (A) Primary cause
 - (B) Auxiliary cause
 - (C) Immediate cause
 - (D) All of the above
96. 'A Study of History'- by Arnold J. Toynbee was published in how many volumes ?
- (A) 10 volumes
 - (B) 11 volumes
 - (C) 12 volumes
 - (D) 13 volumes
97. Who among the following has been called the father of 'Scientific History'?
- (A) Arnold J. Toynbee
 - (B) Karl Marx
 - (C) Fredrich Engles
 - (D) Leopold von Ranke
98. Who gave the following statement: "History is concerned with the relation between the unique and the general. As a historian, you can no more separate them, or give precedence to one over the other, then you can separate fact and interpretation" ?
- (A) E. H. Carr
 - (B) J. Burckhardt
 - (C) Eric J. Hobsbawn
 - (D) I. Berlin
99. Referred documents must be cited as:
- (A) Comment
 - (B) End Note
 - (C) Foot Note
 - (D) Bibliography
100. Who propounded the cyclical theory of social change?
- (A) Karl Marx
 - (B) Auguste Comte
 - (C) Herbert Spencer
 - (D) Oswald Spengler

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