

Paper – II

Law

Booklet Code

A

TEST BOOKLET NO.

Subject Code :

2 2

Roll No. :

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(Figures as per admission card)

Roll No. (in words) :

OMR Sheet No. :

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Name and Signature of Invigilator/s

Signature : _____

Name : _____

Time : 2 Hours

Maximum Marks : 200

Number of Pages in this Booklet : 16

Number of Questions in this Booklet : 100

Instructions for the Candidates

1. Write your roll number in the space provided on the top of this page.
2. This paper consists of hundred (100) multiple-choice type of questions.
3. At the commencement of examination, the test booklet will be given to you. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested **to open the booklet and compulsorily examine it as below** :
 - (i) To have access to the Test Booklet, tear off the paper seal on the edge of the cover page. Do not accept a booklet without sticker seal or open booklet.
 - (ii) **Tally the number of pages and number of questions in the booklet with the information printed on the cover page. Faulty booklets due to pages/questions missing or duplicate or not in serial order or any other discrepancy should be got replaced immediately by a correct booklet from the invigilator within the period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Test Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be given.**
 - (iii) After the verification is over, the Test Booklet Number should be entered in the OMR Sheet and the OMR Sheet Number should be entered on this Test Booklet.
4. Each item has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each item.

Example : (A) (B) (C) (D)

where (C) is the correct response.
5. Your responses to the questions are to be indicated in the **OMR Sheet kept inside this Booklet**. If you mark at any place other than in the circles, the OMR Sheet will not be evaluated.
6. Read the instructions given in OMR Sheet carefully. Fill the Booklet Code of Paper – II in OMR Sheet **Compulsorily**.
7. Rough Work is to be done in the end of this booklet.
8. If you write your name or put any mark on any part of the OMR Answer Sheet, except for the space provided for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.
9. You have to return the OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilators at the end of the examination compulsorily and must NOT carry it with you outside the Examination Hall.
10. You can take away test booklet and carbon copy of OMR Answer Sheet after the examination.
11. **Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen.**
12. **Use of any calculator, electronic gadgets or log table, etc. is prohibited.**
13. **There is no negative mark for incorrect answer.**

LAW
Paper – II

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>1. The maxim 'Caveat Emptor' means</p> <p>(A) The seller to be aware</p> <p>(B) Let the buyer beware</p> <p>(C) Buyer may take advantage of fault of seller</p> <p>(D) None of the above</p> <p>2. The United Nations Guidelines for Consumer Protection were for the first time adopted by the UN in which year ?</p> <p>(A) 1980 (B) 1985</p> <p>(C) 1999 (D) 2015</p> <p>3. What is the period of limitation within which a person aggrieved by an order made by the District forum may prefer an appeal against such order to the State Commission ?</p> <p>(A) 30 days (B) 45 days</p> <p>(C) 60 days (D) 90 days</p> <p>4. A murder is also a culpable homicide, but a culpable homicide is not always a murder. This statement is</p> <p>(A) True</p> <p>(B) False</p> <p>(C) Sometimes true and sometimes false</p> <p>(D) Depends upon the facts and circumstances of every case</p> | <p>5. 'A' lets loose his ferocious dog in a park full of people and the dog, without any provocation bites 'B'. 'A' will be held liable under which of the following ?</p> <p>(A) Section 319 of the IPC</p> <p>(B) Section 289 of the IPC</p> <p>(C) Section 337 of the IPC</p> <p>(D) Only civil law and will have to only monetarily compensate 'B'</p> <p>6. Under which of the provisions of the Trade Marks Act, 1999, two or more identical or similar trademarks may be registered in respect of same or similar goods ?</p> <p>(A) Section 9</p> <p>(B) Section 11</p> <p>(C) Section 14</p> <p>(D) Section 12</p> <p>7. Which of the following is the first country to ratify the "Marrakesh Treaty to Facilitate Access to Published Works for Persons Who are Blind, Visually impaired, or otherwise Print Disabled (MVT) (2013)" ?</p> <p>(A) China</p> <p>(B) Singapore</p> <p>(C) Sri Lanka</p> <p>(D) India</p> |
|--|---|

8. What is/are an invention (s) under Indian Patent Act, 1970 ?

- (A) The mere discovery of a new form of a known substance which does not result in the enhancement of the known efficacy of that substance or the mere discovery of any new property or new use for a known substance or of the mere use of a known process, machine or apparatus unless such known process results in a new product or employs at least one new reactant
- (B) A method of agriculture or horticulture
- (C) A mathematical or business method or a computer programme per se or algorithms
- (D) Computer related inventions

9. Patents, inventions, designs, copyright, trade-marks and merchandise marks are placed under which of the followings entry and list of the Seventh Schedule of Constitution of India ?

- (A) List – I, Entry 49
- (B) List – II, Entry 98
- (C) List – III, Entry 47
- (D) List – I, Entry 97

10. Locarno classification pertains to which of the followings ?

- (A) International classification for the registration of Industrial Designs
- (B) International filing of patents
- (C) International filing of trademarks
- (D) International filing of copyright

11. With which of the following issues did D. K. Basu v. State of West Bengal deals with ?

- (A) Safeguards against sexual exploitation
- (B) Safeguards for arrested persons
- (C) Safeguards for children
- (D) Safeguards for unorganized workers

12. In which of the following cases did the Supreme Court direct the compulsory registration of all marriages in India ?

- (A) Danial Latifi v. Union of India
- (B) Ashok Kumar v. Union of India
- (C) Seema v. Ashwini Kumar
- (D) Sharda v. Dharampal

13. Which of the following best describes the legal phrase 'amicus curiae' ?

- (A) Let the seller beware
- (B) Friend of the court
- (C) At one's own risk
- (D) On what authority

14. Match the names of writs in List – I with their meanings in List – II.

Type of Writ List – I	Meaning of the Word List – II
1. Habeas Corpus	a. We Command
2. Mandamus	b. What is your authority ?
3. Certiorari	c. You may have the body
4. Quo Warranto	d. To be certified
(A) 1 – b 2 – d 3 – a 4 – c	
(B) 1 – b 2 – a 3 – d 4 – c	
(C) 1 – c 2 – d 3 – a 4 – b	
(D) 1 – c 2 – a 3 – d 4 – b	

15. The power to issue writs has been envisaged under the provisions of which of the following Fundamental Rights ?

- (A) Right to Equality
- (B) Right to Freedom
- (C) Right to Constitutional Remedies
- (D) Right against Exploitation

16. Who was appointed as the first Chairperson of National Human Rights Commission ?

- (A) Justice Ahmadi
- (B) Justice K. G. Balakrishnan
- (C) Justice Rangnath Mishra
- (D) Justice A. S. Anand

17. Which one of the following is the most translated document in the world ?

- (A) International Bill of Human Rights
- (B) Universal Declaration of Human Rights
- (C) The American Constitution
- (D) Bill of Rights

18. In India, who appoints the Chairperson of NHRC ?

- (A) The Prime Minister
- (B) The President of India
- (C) The Chief Justice of India
- (D) The Speaker of Lok Sabha

19. Which one of the following judgments declared the practice of Handcuffing to be violative of human rights ?

- (A) Sunil Batra v. Delhi Administration
- (B) PUCL v. UOI
- (C) Prem Shankar Shukla v. Delhi Administration
- (D) Rangrajan v. State of TN

20. Select the requirement that is necessary to constitute Joint tortfeasors.

- (A) Similar design
- (B) Common design
- (C) Homogenous design
- (D) Heterogenous design

21. Which of the following is punishable under Section 153-A of the Indian Penal Code ?

- i. Whoever by words, either spoken or written, or by signs or by visible representations or otherwise, promotes or attempts to promote, on grounds of religion, race, place of birth, residence, language, caste or community or any other ground whatsoever, disharmony or feelings of enmity, hatred or ill-will between different religious, racial, language or regional groups or castes or communities.
- ii. Whoever organizes any exercise, movement, drill or other similar activity intending that the participants in such activity shall use or be trained to use criminal force or violence or knowing it to be likely that the participants in such activity will use or be trained to use criminal force or violence, or participates in such activity intending to use or be trained to use criminal force or violence or knowing it to be likely that the participants in such activity will use or be trained to use criminal force or violence, against any religious, racial, language or regional group or caste or community and such activity for any reason whatsoever causes or is likely to cause fear or alarm or a feeling of insecurity amongst members of such religious, racial, language or regional group or caste or community.

- (A) Only i
(B) Only ii
(C) Both i and ii
(D) None of the above

22. A residing in Calcutta is agent for Z, residing at Delhi. There is an express or implied contract between A and Z that all sums remitted by Z to A shall be invested by A, according to Z's direction. Z remits a lakh of rupees to A with directions to invest the same in company's paper. A dishonestly disobeys the directions and employs the money in his own business. A has committed

- (A) Criminal breach of trust
(B) Criminal misappropriation
(C) Cheating
(D) None of the above

23. Which of the following Articles of the Constitution of India mandates all lands, minerals and other things of value underlying the ocean within the territorial waters, or the continental shelf, or the exclusive economic zone, of India shall vest in the Union and be held for the purposes of the Union ?

- (A) Article 292 (B) Article 397
(C) Article 291 (D) Article 297

24. Arrange the following properly :

- | | |
|---------------|--|
| a. Justice | i. of status and of opportunity |
| b. Fraternity | ii. social, economic and political |
| c. Liberty | iii. of thought, expression, belief, faith and worship |
| d. Equality | iv. assuring the dignity of the individual |

- (A) a – ii b – iv c – iii d – i
(B) a – iii b – i c – ii d – iv
(C) a – i b – iv c – iii d – ii
(D) a – iv b – i c – ii d – iii

25. By which Amendment to the Constitution has the words 'Socialist' and 'Secular' added in the Preamble ?
 (A) 84th (B) 28th
 (C) 42nd (D) 82nd
26. Which of the following does not find a mention under the preamble of the NGT Act ?
 (A) Article 21 of the Constitution of India
 (B) The Rio Conference
 (C) The Stockholm Conference
 (D) The Johannesburg Conference
27. What is the maximum number of full time judicial and expert members of the National Green Tribunal ?
 (A) Seven each
 (B) Ten each
 (C) Twelve each
 (D) Twenty each
28. In furtherance of the goal of sustainable development, which principle of the Rio Declaration incorporates the "Polluter Pays Principle" ?
 (A) Principle 15
 (B) Principle 16
 (C) Principle 20
 (D) Principle 22
29. Who among the following is fondly referred to as the 'Green Judge' of India ?
 (A) Justice Bhagwati
 (B) Justice Krishna Iyer
 (C) Justice Kuldeep Singh
 (D) Justice Chandrachud
30. Which of the following religions treat marriage as a sacrament ?
 (A) Hindus and Muslims
 (B) Hindus and Christians
 (C) Muslims and Christians
 (D) Hindus Only
31. Which one of the following Maxims is indicative of the judgment in MCD v. Subhagwanti's case ?
 (A) Respondeat superior
 (B) Volenti non fit injuris
 (C) Injuria sine damnum
 (D) Res ipsa loquitor
32. What is the general remedy under law of torts ?
 (A) Action for damages
 (B) Action for unliquidated damages
 (C) Injunction
 (D) Fine
33. The law relating to Torts has mainly developed through which of the following methods ?
 (A) Legislative enactments
 (B) Customs
 (C) Public opinion
 (D) Judicial decisions

- 34.** Scienter Rule is applicable to which of the following sign boards ?
- (A) Beware of Dog
 - (B) Trespassers will be prosecuted
 - (C) No parking
 - (D) No admission without permission
- 35.** On which Model Law of UNCITRAL (United Nations Commission on International Trade Law) is the Information Technology Act, 2000 of India based ?
- (A) UNCITRAL Model Law on Electronic Commerce (1996)
 - (B) UNCITRAL Model Law on Cross-Border Insolvency (1997)
 - (C) UNCITRAL Model Law on Electronic Signatures (2001)
 - (D) UNCITRAL Model Law on International Credit Transfers (1992)
- 36.** The Doctrine of Indoor Management is also known by which of the following names ?
- (A) The Damlier rule
 - (B) The Ashbury rule
 - (C) The Salomon rule
 - (D) The Tarquand rule
- 37.** Which of the following is true regarding a person who sues for damages under the law of contract ?
- (A) Has a duty to mitigate the loss consequent upon the breach of contract
 - (B) Has no duty to mitigate the loss consequent upon the breach of contract
 - (C) Can claim damages for the sum inclusive of the amount of loss due to his negligence
 - (D) Court can exercise its discretion in this matter
- 38.** Who can be the founder of 'one person company' ?
- (A) Legal person
 - (B) Only a natural person who is a citizen of India
 - (C) Only a natural person who is a person of Indian origin
 - (D) Any natural person if he/she pays an income tax annually amounting to 5 crores
- 39.** Which of the followings is a contract ?
- (A) An agreement between two parties
 - (B) An agreement enforceable by law
 - (C) A set of reciprocal promises
 - (D) All of the above
- 40.** In which of the following business association, is the liability of its members joint and several ?
- (A) Company
 - (B) Partnership
 - (C) Limited liability partnership
 - (D) All of the above

41. The bar of 'Fosterage' serves to render a Muslim marriage
 (A) Voidable at the option of the girl
 (B) Voidable at the option of the boy
 (C) Void
 (D) Immoral but not illegal
42. When a Muslim woman marries a non-Muslim man, what is the legal status of her marriage ?
 (A) Void (B) Voidable
 (C) Irregular (D) Valid
43. When is a Muslim woman eligible to relinquish her 'Mehr' ?
 (A) During minority
 (B) On completing 18 years of age
 (C) Upon attaining age of puberty
 (D) Only after completing 25 years of age
44. Article _____ of the Constitution provides for Uniform Civil Code.
 (A) 46 (B) 43
 (C) 42 (D) 44
45. Adultery has been decriminalised by the Supreme Court in
 (A) Navtej Singh v. Union of India
 (B) Alamgir v. Union of India
 (C) Sayra Bano v. Union of India
 (D) Joseph Shine v. Union of India
46. What is the principle of law formulated by the court for the purpose of deciding the point of law in a case known as ?
 (A) Precedent
 (B) Obiter dicta
 (C) Ratio decidendi
 (D) None of the above
47. Which of the following Sections of the Sale of Goods Act contains the "Rompala Doctrine" ?
 (A) Section 25 (B) Section 26
 (C) Section 27 (D) Section 28
48. 'Ownership is the entirety of the power of use and disposal allowed by law'. Who gave this definition ?
 (A) Salmond (B) Pollock
 (C) Austin (D) Friedmann
49. If a law is for long disregarded in practice then courts don't give effect to it. What term is used to describe such state of disuse of a norm ?
 (A) Desuetude
 (B) Nomodynamics
 (C) Static norm
 (D) Dynamic norm
50. 'Development as Freedom' is the name of a book written by which of the following authors ?
 (A) Amartya Sen
 (B) John Rawls
 (C) Clarence Morris
 (D) Jerome Hall
51. What is the status of the marriage of a 15 year old girl with a 45 year old man ?
 (A) Valid
 (B) Invalid
 (C) Voidable at the option of the girl
 (D) Voidable at the will of the man

52. In which one of the following cases, the Constitutional validity of the Muslim Women (Protection of Rights of Divorce) Act 1986, was upheld by the Supreme Court ?

- (A) Muhammad Ahmed Khan v. Shah Bano Begum
- (B) Danial Latifi v. Union of India
- (C) Mary Roy v. State of Kerala
- (D) Shankari Prasad v. Union of India

53. In which one of the following judgments of the Constitutional Bench of the Supreme Court of India, the 'rarest of rare' principle in the award of death penalty was first laid down ?

- (A) Bachan Singh v. State of Punjab (1980)
- (B) Gopalanachari v. State of Kerala (1980)
- (C) Dr. Upendra Baxi v. State of UP (1983)
- (D) Tukaram v. State of Maharashtra (1979)

54. Who was the first woman judge to be appointed to the Supreme Court of India ?

- (A) Justice Smt. Gyan Sudha Mishra
- (B) Justice Smt. M. Fathima Beevi
- (C) Justice Smt. Leila Seth
- (D) Justice Smt. Ranjana Desai

55. Who is the Legal Advisor to the Government of a State in India ?

- (A) The Solicitor General
- (B) The State Chief Legal Officer
- (C) The High Court
- (D) The Advocate General

56. List – I contains Legal Maxims used in Law of Contracts and their meanings are mentioned in List – II. Match and select the correct answer using the codes given below the list :

List – I

List – II

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| i. <i>Nudum Pactum</i> | a. In utmost good faith |
| ii. <i>Uberrimae Fidei</i> | b. A bare promise |
| iii. <i>Suppressio Veri</i> | c. It is not his/her deed |
| iv. <i>Non Est Factum</i> | d. Suggestion of an untruth |
| (A) i – a ii – c iii – d iv – b | |
| (B) i – b ii – c iii – d iv – a | |
| (C) i – b ii – a iii – c iv – d | |
| (D) i – b ii – a iii – d iv – c | |

57. Match the List – I with the List – II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the list :

List – I

List – II

- | | |
|--|--|
| i. General Offer | a. <i>Union of India v. Maddala Thathiah</i> [AIR 1996 SC 1724] |
| ii. Invitation to Treat | b. <i>Carlill v. Carbolic Smoke Ball Co.</i> [(1891) All ER Rep 127] |
| iii. Cross Offers | c. <i>Pharmaceuticals Society of Great Britain v. Boots Cash Chemist (Southern) Ltd.</i> [(1952) 2 All ER Rep 456] |
| iv. Standing Offer | d. <i>Harvey v. Facey</i> [(1893) AC 552] |
| (A) i – b ii – c iii – a iv – d | |
| (B) i – a ii – d iii – b iv – c | |
| (C) i – b ii – c iii – d iv – a | |
| (D) i – a ii – d iii – c iv – b | |

58. Match the List – I with the List – II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the list :

List – I	List – II
i. <i>Tweddle v. Atkinson</i> [30 L.J.Q.B. 265]	a. Restitution stops when repayment begins
ii. <i>Taylor v. Caldwell</i> [(1863) 3 B&S 826]	b. In the case of instantaneous communication, the contract is complete only when the acceptance is received by the offeror
iii. <i>Entores Ltd. v. Miles Far East Corporation</i> [(1955) 2 QB 327]	c. Doctrine of Supervening Impossibility by Frustration
iv. <i>Leslie v. Sheill</i> [(1914) 3 K.B. 607]	d. No stranger to the consideration may enforce a contract, although made for his benefit
(A) i – d ii – c iii – a iv – b	
(B) i – d ii – c iii – b iv – a	
(C) i – c ii – d iii – a iv – b	
(D) i – a ii – b iii – c iv – d	

59. Judicial observations are mentioned in List – I. Cases in which these observations are made are cited in List – II. Match and select the correct answer using the codes given below the list :

List – I	List – II
i. "A person who makes an offer is entitled to withdraw his offer or tender before its acceptance is intimated to him."	a. <i>Rajendra Kumar Verma v. State of Madhya Pradesh</i> (AIR 1972 MP 131)
ii. "A mere statement of the lowest price at which the vendor would sell contains no implied contract to sell..."	b. <i>Raghunath Prasad v. Sarju Prasad</i> [(1923) 51 I.A. 101]
iii. "There can be no acceptance unless there is knowledge of the offer."	c. <i>Harvey v. Facey</i> [(1893) AC 532]
iv. "The unconscionableness of the bargain is not the first thing to be considered."	d. <i>Lalman Shukla v. Gauri Dutt</i> [(1913) XL ALJR 489]
(A) i – a ii – c iii – d iv – b	
(B) i – b ii – c iii – d iv – a	
(C) i – c ii – b iii – a iv – d	
(D) i – a ii – d iii – c iv – b	

60. A owes money to B under a contract. It is agreed between A, B and C, that B shall thenceforth accept C as his debtor, instead of A. What is such an agreement called as ?

- (A) Alteration (B) Rescission
(C) Novation (D) Extinction

- 61.** A Hindu wife willing to divorce her Hindu husband will have to take divorce under which of the following laws ?
- (A) Hindu Marriage Act
 - (B) Hindu Divorce Act
 - (C) Special Marriage Act
 - (D) Indian Divorce Act
- 62.** The rules relating to Sapinda relationship are based on
- (A) Principle of monogamy
 - (B) Principle of polygamy
 - (C) Principle of exogamy
 - (D) Principle of endogamy
- 63.** The remedy of Restitution of Conjugal Rights is provided under which provision of the Hindu Marriage Act ?
- (A) Section 5
 - (B) Section 9
 - (C) Section 10
 - (D) Section 13
- 64.** Cruelty as a ground of divorce was not taken up in which of the following case ?
- (A) Dastane v. Dastane
 - (B) Russel v. Russel
 - (C) V. Bhagat v. Bhagat
 - (D) Bipin Chandra v. Prabhavati
- 65.** When can a Karta of the joint family property alienate the joint family property ?
- (A) Apatkale
 - (B) Dharmarthe
 - (C) Kutumbarthe
 - (D) All of the above
- 66.** In a fight between A and B, A gave a strong blow on B's face due to which his front tooth was knocked out. A will be held guilty of
- (A) Simple hurt
 - (B) Criminal assault
 - (C) Grievous hurt
 - (D) Criminal intimidation
- 67.** Which of the following offences or attempt to commit offences gives the right of private defence of property to the extent of voluntarily causing death of the wrongdoer ?
- (A) Robbery
 - (B) House breaking
 - (C) Theft
 - (D) Mischief
- 68.** Which of the following is incorrect with regard to misappropriation of property under Indian Penal Code ?
- (A) Embezzlement of property
 - (B) Property may be moveable or immovable
 - (C) Conversion of property for one's own use
 - (D) Conversion is done dishonestly

69. On August 3rd, 1923, the Sub master at Sankaritolla Post Office was counting money at his table in the back room, when several men appeared at the door which leads into the room from a courtyard, and, when just inside the door, called on him to give up the money. Almost immediately afterwards they fired shots from a pistol at him. He was hit in two places, in one hand and near the armpit, and died almost at once. Without taking any money the assailants fled, separating as they ran. One man, though he fired his pistol several times, was pursued by a post office assistant and others with commendable tenacity and courage, and eventually was secured just after he had thrown it away. His defence was he was only standing guard outside the post office, and he had no intention to kill the post master. In this case he is
- Liabe to be punished under Section 302 read with Section 34
 - Not liable to be punished under Section 302 read with Section 34
 - Cannot be determined
 - None of the above
70. Section _____ of IPC deals with disobedience to quarantine rule.
- 188
 - 271
 - 428
 - 268
71. Which of these has not been specifically excluded from the definition of design ?
- Any mode or principle of construction
 - Any trademark, proprietary mark, artistic work
 - In substance a mere mechanical device
 - Configuration
72. When a person holds someone else's property continuously, without interruption for a certain duration required to set up title in himself, he is said to have acquired the title of land by which of the following modes ?
- Constructive possession
 - Adverse possession
 - Mediate possession
 - Corporeal possession
73. Jurisprudence should be divided into censorial and expository jurisprudence. This view was given by which of the following philosophers ?
- Austin
 - Salmond
 - Bentham
 - Holland
74. Liability is the Jural co-relative of which of the following ?
- Power
 - Disability
 - Immunity
 - Privilege
75. Who expounded natural law with a variable content ?
- Grotious
 - Rudolph Stammler
 - RWM Dias
 - Descartes
76. What does the principle of 'Pacta Sunt Servanda' mean ?
- Treaties are not binding
 - Treaties are revocable
 - Treaties are irrevocable
 - Treaties are accepted in good faith
77. In which case was it decided by the ECHR that 'an individual is as much a subject of international law as a State is' ?
- The genocide Convention case
 - Lawless case
 - The Asylum case
 - The grudge informers case

78. As per Article 34 of the Statute of the International Court of Justice, who can be a party in proceedings before the ICJ ?
- (A) International Organisations
 - (B) States
 - (C) Individuals
 - (D) All of the above
79. Periodic reports regarding the measures adopted by the States giving effect to the rights under the ICCPR have to be submitted before which of the following bodies ?
- (A) UN General Assembly
 - (B) Security Council
 - (C) UNESCO
 - (D) Human Rights Committee
80. In which of the following judgments did the court rule that, non smokers should not be subjected to be the helpless victims of air pollution ?
- (A) Murli Deora v. UOI
 - (B) Oleum Gas Leakage case
 - (C) M. C. Mehta v. UOI
 - (D) K. M. Chinappa v. UOI
81. Which provision of the Information Technology Act, 2000 portrays the attempt of the legislature to give it technologically neutral color ?
- (A) Section 3
 - (B) Section 3A
 - (C) Section 4
 - (D) Section 5
82. In which of the following cases Section 66A of the Information Technology Act was declared unconstitutional ?
- (A) *Aveek Sarkar v. State of West Bengal*, Criminal Appeal No. 902 of 2004
 - (B) *Shreya Singhal v. Union of India*, AIR 2015 SC 1523
 - (C) *Maqbool Fida Hussain v. Raj Kumar Pandey*, CRL. REVISION PETITION NO.114/2007
 - (D) *Satyam Infoway v. Siffynet Solutions Pvt. Ltd.*, Appeal (civil) 3028 of 2004
83. Which of the following offence does not come under the category of identity theft provided under Section 66C of the Information Technology Act, 2000 ?
- (A) Sextortion
 - (B) Vishing
 - (C) Smishing
 - (D) Phishing
84. Which one of the following serves as national agency for incident response under Information Technology Act, 2000 ?
- (A) C-DAC (Centre for Development of Advance Computing)
 - (B) NIPC (National Infrastructure Protection Centre)
 - (C) CIAC (Certification Industry Against Counterfeiting)
 - (D) CERT-in (Indian Computer Emergency Response Team)

85. An intermediary shall be liable under Section 79 of the Information Technology Act, 2000 for any third party information, data, or communication link made available or hosted by him, under which of the following circumstances ?
- If the intermediary does not initiate the transmission
 - Where the intermediary observes due diligence while discharging his duties under this Act and also observes such other guidelines as the Central Government may prescribe in this behalf
 - If the function of the intermediary is limited to providing access to a communication system over which information made available by third parties is transmitted or temporarily stored or hosted
 - If the intermediary has conspired or abetted or aided or induced, whether by threats or promise or otherwise in the commission of the unlawful act
86. X places an order with Y for supply of 50 radio sets. Y knows nothing of X's mode of conducting his business. Y could not supply them in time. X loses a profitable contract due to non-receipt of the radio sets and claimed his loss of profit from Y. X will fail in his claim because the nature of loss is
- Ordinary
 - Remote
 - Special
 - Indirect
87. B accepts the proposal of A by posting a letter of acceptance to A. The above acceptance
- Cannot be revoked by B
 - Can be revoked by B at any time before the letter of acceptance reaches A
 - Can be revoked by B at any time before or at the moment when the letter of acceptance reaches A
 - Can be revoked by B at any time after the letter of acceptance reaches A
88. A promises to obtain for B an employment in the public service and B promises to pay 1000 rupees to A. The agreement is
- Void agreement
 - Voidable contract
 - Void contract
 - Enforceable
89. Which of the followings is not a feature of consideration?
- It must be at the desire of promisor
 - It must move from promisor or any other person
 - It must be adequate
 - None of the above
90. A 'standard form of contract' is one in which
- The terms and conditions are fixed by the state to which the contracting party belongs
 - The terms are laid down how common mercantile transactions are to be carried out
 - The terms are fixed by one of the parties in advance and are open to acceptance by any one
 - The terms are pre-determined by the custom of trade to which the contracting party belongs
91. Under which Article is the state enjoined to secure equal pay for equal work for both Indian men and women ?
- Article 39 (D)
 - Article 39 (A)
 - Article 39 (C)
 - Article 39 (B)

92. Which one of the following is responsible for the enactment of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 ?
 (A) CEDAW (B) ICCPR
 (C) ICESCR (D) Earth Summit
93. Triple talaq judgment was pronounced in which of the following cases ?
 (A) Shah Bano v. UOI
 (B) Shayara Bano v. UOI
 (C) Chand Begum v. UOI
 (D) Jaan Begum v. UOI
94. Which Article provides that, one-third of the total number of seats to be filled by direct election in every Municipality shall be reserved for women ?
 (A) Article 243-T(3)
 (B) Article 243-T(2)
 (C) Article 243-T(1)
 (D) Article 243-T(4)
95. Which one of the following article says that, it shall be the duty of every citizen of India to renounce practices derogatory to the dignity of women ?
 (A) Article 51-A (e)
 (B) Article 51-A (f)
 (C) Article 51-A (c)
 (D) Article 51-A (b)
96. Which of the following schools is credited with the Pure Theory of Law ?
 (A) Vienna School
 (B) German School
 (C) Roman School
 (D) English School

97. Match the following and choose the correct option :

Name of Jurist	Theory
i. Austin	W. Pure Theory
ii. Kelsen	X. Social Engineering
iii. Hart	Y. Command Theory
iv. Pound	Z. Rule of Recognition
(A) i – W ii – Y iii – Z iv – X	
(B) i – Y ii – W iii – Z iv – X	
(C) i – Y ii – Z iii – W iv – X	
(D) i – X ii – Y iii – Z iv – W	

98. Match the Jural opposites :

Form of Right	Jural Opposites
i. Claim	W. Disability
ii. Duty	X. No-claim
iii. Power	Y. Immunity
iv. Liability	Z. Liberty
(A) i – X ii – Z iii – W iv – Y	
(B) i – X ii – W iii – Z iv – Y	
(C) i – X ii – Y iii – Z iv – W	
(D) i – X ii – W iii – Y iv – Z	

99. Who wrote the book 'The Concept of Law' in criticism of Austin's theory ?

(A) Kelsen	(B) Hart
(C) Puchta	(D) Henry Maine

100. The 'Rule of Mutual Agency' is declared under which Section of the Partnership Act ?

(A) Section 18	(B) Section 19
(C) Section 20	(D) Section 21

Space for Rough Work

