

Q.1 Which of the following best describes the character of Lily as portrayed in the passage?

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below.

Once upon a time, there lived a young girl named Lily. She was known throughout her village for her long, lustrous hair and her gentle, pleasant nature. People often admired not only her appearance but also her cheerful and curious spirit.

One fine afternoon, Lily ventured out to play near the edge of the village. Carried away by her curiosity, she soon found herself wandering deep into a dense forest. There, partially hidden behind tall oak trees and wild shrubs, she discovered a neat little cottage. The door was slightly ajar, and a warm, inviting aroma drifted out from within.

The cottage was home to four rabbits — Pip, Mop, Dot, and Bun. That very morning, the four rabbits had carefully _____ a large pot of fresh vegetable soup for their afternoon lunch. However, since the soup was still piping hot, they decided to take a brief stroll outside and allow it to cool before eating. They left the cottage unattended.

Lily stepped inside and looked around with wide eyes. The delightful fragrance of the soup was irresistible. Having walked a long distance through the forest, she was quite hungry. Without much deliberation, she sat down at the table and helped herself to the soup, finishing every last drop. A short while later, the four rabbits returned home, only to find their pot completely empty. They were thoroughly astonished and perplexed. "Who could have visited our home and consumed our lunch?" they wondered aloud. After searching the cottage carefully, they found Lily sound asleep on the fourth and smallest bed.

When Lily awoke and found herself face to face with four startled rabbits, she felt an immediate surge of remorse. She sat up straight and said earnestly, "I am truly sorry. I was very hungry and the soup smelled wonderful. I should not have helped myself without your permission. Please forgive me."

The four rabbits huddled together briefly, then turned to Lily with kind smiles. "We forgive you," said Bun warmly. "Everyone makes mistakes. Just be sure to ask next time!" Lily thanked them sincerely and promised to be more considerate in the future.

The rest of the afternoon was spent in great joy. Lily and the four rabbits played together in the forest — chasing butterflies, leaping over mossy logs, and sharing stories under the shade of the tall trees. By the time the golden sun dipped below the horizon, Lily had not only learned a valuable lesson in honesty and courtesy but had also gained four delightful new friends.

- A. Timid and introverted, rarely venturing outside the village
- B. Cheerful, curious, and admired for both her appearance and spirit
- C. Brave and adventurous, known for exploring dangerous territories
- D. Selfish and deceitful, often taking things that did not belong to her
- E. Reserved and disciplined, always seeking permission before acting

Answer: B

Sol: The correct option is (b).

Lily is presented in the passage as a girl who is admired not just for her physical beauty but also for her cheerful and curious nature. The opening lines clearly state that she was known for her long, lustrous hair, her gentle and pleasant nature, and that people admired her cheerful and curious spirit. Therefore, the option that most accurately combines all these qualities is option (b).

Explanation of context of passage:

The passage introduces Lily as kind, cheerful, and curious. Her curiosity leads her into the forest, and later her honesty and remorse are shown when she apologises sincerely to the rabbits.

Lines to refer: "She was known throughout her village for her long, lustrous hair and her gentle, pleasant nature. People often admired not only her appearance but also her cheerful and curious spirit."

Other options are incorrect because:

Option (a) is incorrect because Lily is not shown as timid or introverted. In fact, she ventures out and explores, which shows curiosity rather than fearfulness.

Option (c) is incorrect because although Lily does wander into the forest, the passage does not describe her as someone known for exploring dangerous territories. That goes beyond what is stated.

Option (d) is incorrect because Lily is not selfish and deceitful by nature. She does make a mistake by drinking the soup, but she immediately feels remorse and apologises sincerely, which shows honesty rather than deceit.

Option (e) is incorrect because Lily is not described as reserved and disciplined, and the passage actually shows that she acted without seeking permission before eating the soup.

Thus, option (b) is the most precise and complete description of Lily's character in the passage. So the correct answer is (b)

Q.2 Why did the four rabbits leave the cottage before having their lunch?

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below.

Once upon a time, there lived a young girl named Lily. She was known throughout her village for her long, lustrous hair and her gentle, pleasant nature. People often admired not only her appearance but also her cheerful and curious spirit.

One fine afternoon, Lily ventured out to play near the edge of the village. Carried away by her curiosity, she soon found herself wandering deep into a dense forest. There, partially hidden behind tall oak trees and wild shrubs, she discovered a neat little cottage. The door was slightly ajar, and a warm, inviting aroma drifted out from within.

The cottage was home to four rabbits — Pip, Mop, Dot, and Bun. That very morning, the four rabbits had carefully _____ a large pot of fresh vegetable soup for their afternoon lunch. However, since the soup was still piping hot, they decided to take a brief stroll outside and allow it to cool before eating. They left the cottage unattended.

Lily stepped inside and looked around with wide eyes. The delightful fragrance of the soup was irresistible. Having walked a long distance through the forest, she was quite hungry. Without much deliberation, she sat down at the table and helped herself to the soup, finishing every last drop. A short while later, the four rabbits returned home, only to find their pot completely empty. They were thoroughly astonished and perplexed. "Who could have visited our home and consumed our lunch?" they wondered aloud. After searching the cottage carefully, they found Lily sound asleep on the fourth and smallest bed.

When Lily awoke and found herself face to face with four startled rabbits, she felt an immediate surge of remorse. She sat up straight and said earnestly, "I am truly sorry. I was very hungry and the soup smelled wonderful. I should not have helped myself without your permission. Please forgive me."

The four rabbits huddled together briefly, then turned to Lily with kind smiles. "We forgive you," said Bun warmly. "Everyone makes mistakes. Just be sure to ask next time!" Lily thanked them sincerely and promised to be more considerate in the future.

The rest of the afternoon was spent in great joy. Lily and the four rabbits played together in the forest — chasing butterflies, leaping over mossy logs, and sharing stories under the shade of the tall trees. By the time the golden sun dipped below the horizon, Lily had not only learned a valuable lesson in honesty and courtesy but had also gained four delightful new friends.

- A. They had to attend to urgent work in the forest
- B. They went to fetch more vegetables for the soup
- C. They decided to invite their neighbours to share the meal
- D. The soup was still too hot and they went outside to wait for it to cool
- E. They were startled by a noise outside and left to investigate

Answer: D

Sol: The correct option is (d).

The passage clearly states that the rabbits had prepared the soup, but it was still piping hot. Therefore, they decided to go outside for a brief stroll and let it cool before eating. This idea is directly and explicitly mentioned in the passage. Hence, option (d) is the correct answer.

Explanation of context of passage:

The rabbits were not leaving because of any emergency or outside obligation. They simply wanted the soup to cool down before lunch.

Lines to refer: "However, since the soup was still piping hot, they decided to take a brief stroll outside and allow it to cool before eating."

Other options are incorrect because:

Option (a) is incorrect because the passage nowhere mentions that the rabbits had urgent work in the forest.

Option (b) is incorrect because there is no statement that they went to fetch more vegetables for the soup.

Option (c) is incorrect because there is no indication that they planned to invite neighbours to share the meal.

Option (e) is incorrect because no startling noise or suspicious incident is mentioned as the reason for their leaving.

Since the reason is directly given in the passage, there is no ambiguity in this question. So the correct answer is (d)

Q.3 What does the word 'PERPLEXED', as used in the passage, most nearly mean?

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below.

Once upon a time, there lived a young girl named Lily. She was known throughout her village for her long, lustrous hair and her gentle, pleasant nature. People often admired not only her appearance but also her cheerful and curious spirit.

One fine afternoon, Lily ventured out to play near the edge of the village. Carried away by her curiosity, she soon found herself wandering deep into a dense forest. There, partially hidden behind tall oak trees and wild shrubs, she discovered a neat little cottage. The door was slightly ajar, and a warm, inviting aroma drifted out from within.

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Lily stepped inside and looked around with wide eyes. The delightful fragrance of the soup was irresistible. Having walked a long distance through the forest, she was quite hungry. Without much deliberation, she sat down at the table and helped herself to the soup, finishing every last drop.

A short while later, the four rabbits returned home, only to find their pot completely empty. They were thoroughly astonished and perplexed. "Who could have visited our home and consumed our lunch?" they wondered aloud. After searching the cottage carefully, they found Lily sound asleep on the fourth and smallest bed.

When Lily awoke and found herself face to face with four startled rabbits, she felt an immediate surge of remorse. She sat up straight and said earnestly, "I am truly sorry. I was very hungry and the soup smelled wonderful. I should not have helped myself without your permission. Please forgive me."

The four rabbits huddled together briefly, then turned to Lily with kind smiles. "We forgive you," said Bun warmly. "Everyone makes mistakes. Just be sure to ask next time!" Lily thanked them sincerely and promised to be more considerate in the future.

The rest of the afternoon was spent in great joy. Lily and the four rabbits played together in the forest — chasing butterflies, leaping over mossy logs, and sharing stories under the shade of the tall trees. By the time the golden sun dipped below the horizon, Lily had not only learned a valuable lesson in honesty and courtesy but had also gained four delightful new friends.

- A. Delighted
- B. Frightened
- C. Bewildered
- D. Enraged
- E. Suspicious

Answer: C

Sol: The correct option is (c).
The word "perplexed" means confused or puzzled. In the passage, the rabbits return home and discover that their soup has disappeared. Naturally, they are unable to understand what has happened and begin wondering who could have entered their house and eaten their lunch. Therefore, "bewildered" is the nearest meaning among the given options.

Explanation of context of passage:

The rabbits are surprised and mentally confused by the strange situation. They are not simply angry or afraid; they are puzzled because they do not know who has taken the soup.

Lines to refer: "They were thoroughly astonished and perplexed. 'Who could have visited our home and consumed our lunch?' they wondered aloud."

Other options are incorrect because:

Option (a) "Delighted" is incorrect because the rabbits were not pleased; they were shocked to find their lunch missing.

Option (b) "Frightened" is incorrect because the passage does not primarily show fear. Their first reaction is confusion, not terror.

Option (d) "Enraged" is incorrect because the rabbits are not shown as violently angry.

Option (e) "Suspicious" is incorrect because suspicion means doubt regarding a particular person or thing, whereas "perplexed" here means generally confused and unable to understand the situation.

Hence, the closest meaning of "perplexed" in the given context is "bewildered." So the correct answer is (c)

Q.4 Which of the following is the most appropriate ANTONYM of the word 'REMORSE' as used in the passage?

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below.

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One fine afternoon, Lily ventured out to play near the edge of the village. Carried away by her curiosity, she soon found herself wandering deep into a dense forest. There, partially hidden behind tall oak trees and wild shrubs, she discovered a neat little cottage. The door was slightly ajar, and a warm, inviting aroma drifted out from within.

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A short while later, the four rabbits returned home, only to find their pot completely empty. They were thoroughly astonished and perplexed. "Who could have visited our home and consumed our lunch?" they wondered aloud. After searching the cottage carefully, they found Lily sound asleep on the fourth and smallest bed.

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The rest of the afternoon was spent in great joy. Lily and the four rabbits played together in the forest — chasing butterflies, leaping over mossy

logs, and sharing stories under the shade of the tall trees. By the time the golden sun dipped below the horizon, Lily had not only learned a valuable lesson in honesty and courtesy but had also gained four delightful new friends.

- A. Sorrow
- B. Indifference
- C. Guilt
- D. Regret
- E. Anxiety

Answer: B

Sol: The correct option is (b).
The word "remorse" means deep regret or guilt for having done something wrong. The antonym of remorse should therefore be a word that expresses the absence of regret or concern. Among the given options, "indifference" is the most appropriate antonym because it denotes a lack of concern or feeling. Hence, option (b) is correct.

Explanation of context of passage:

When Lily sees the rabbits, she immediately feels remorse, that is, sincere regret for eating their soup without permission. The opposite emotional state would be not caring at all, which is best represented by indifference.

Lines to refer: "When Lily awoke and found herself face to face with four startled rabbits, she felt an immediate surge of remorse."

Other options are incorrect because:

Option (a) "Sorrow" is incorrect because sorrow is close in meaning to sadness and can overlap with remorse rather than oppose it.

Option (c) "Guilt" is incorrect because guilt is also similar in meaning to remorse, not its antonym.

Option (d) "Regret" is incorrect because regret is nearly synonymous with remorse.

Option (e) "Anxiety" is incorrect because anxiety means worry or nervousness, which is different from both remorse and its opposite.

Therefore, the best antonym available in the options is "indifference." So the correct answer is (b)

Q.5 Which of the following statements is DEFINITELY TRUE based on the passage?

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below.

Once upon a time, there lived a young girl named Lily. She was known throughout her village for her long, lustrous hair and her gentle, pleasant nature. People often admired not only her appearance but also her cheerful and curious spirit.

One fine afternoon, Lily ventured out to play near the edge of the village. Carried away by her curiosity, she soon found herself wandering deep into a dense forest. There, partially hidden behind tall oak trees and wild shrubs, she discovered a neat little cottage. The door was slightly ajar, and a warm, inviting aroma drifted out from within.

The cottage was home to four rabbits — Pip, Mop, Dot, and Bun. That very morning, the four rabbits had carefully _____ a large pot of fresh vegetable soup for their afternoon lunch. However, since the soup was still piping hot, they decided to take a brief stroll outside and allow it to cool before eating. They left the cottage unattended.

Lily stepped inside and looked around with wide eyes. The delightful fragrance of the soup was irresistible. Having walked a long distance through the forest, she was quite hungry. Without much deliberation, she sat down at the table and helped herself to the soup, finishing every last drop. A short while later, the four rabbits returned home, only to find their pot completely empty. They were thoroughly astonished and perplexed. "Who could have visited our home and consumed our lunch?" they wondered aloud. After searching the cottage carefully, they found Lily sound asleep on the fourth and smallest bed.

When Lily awoke and found herself face to face with four startled rabbits, she felt an immediate surge of remorse. She sat up straight and said earnestly, "I am truly sorry. I was very hungry and the soup smelled wonderful. I should not have helped myself without your permission. Please forgive me."

The four rabbits huddled together briefly, then turned to Lily with kind smiles. "We forgive you," said Bun warmly. "Everyone makes mistakes. Just be sure to ask next time!" Lily thanked them sincerely and promised to be more considerate in the future.

The rest of the afternoon was spent in great joy. Lily and the four rabbits played together in the forest — chasing butterflies, leaping over mossy logs, and sharing stories under the shade of the tall trees. By the time the golden sun dipped below the horizon, Lily had not only learned a valuable lesson in honesty and courtesy but had also gained four delightful new friends.

- A. Lily had visited the forest many times before discovering the cottage
- B. The rabbits were so angry that they refused to forgive Lily
- C. Lily fell asleep on the fourth bed after consuming the soup
- D. The rabbits had planned to share their soup with a neighbour
- E. Lily brought food for the rabbits the next time she visited

Answer: C

Sol: The correct option is (c).

The statement in option (c) is definitely true because the passage explicitly mentions that after finishing the soup, Lily later became sleepy, and when the rabbits searched the cottage, they found her asleep on the fourth and smallest bed. This is a direct fact from the passage.

Explanation of context of passage:

Lily enters the cottage, eats the soup because she is hungry, and then falls asleep. When the rabbits return and investigate, they discover her on the bed. This sequence confirms option (c).

Lines to refer: "Without much deliberation, she sat down at the table and helped herself to the soup, finishing every last drop." and "After searching the cottage carefully, they found Lily sound asleep on the fourth and smallest bed."

Other options are incorrect because:

Option (a) is incorrect because the passage does not state that Lily had visited the forest many times before. That detail is not given.

Option (b) is incorrect because the rabbits do forgive Lily. In fact, they respond with kindness and tell her to ask next time.

Option (d) is incorrect because there is no mention anywhere that the rabbits intended to share the soup with a neighbour.

Option (e) is incorrect because the passage does not mention Lily bringing food for the rabbits on a later visit.

Thus, only option (c) is definitely supported by the passage. So the correct answer is (c)

Q.6 Choose the most suitable word to fill the given blank. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below.

Once upon a time, there lived a young girl named Lily. She was known throughout her village for her long, lustrous hair and her gentle, pleasant nature. People often admired not only her appearance but also her cheerful and curious spirit.

One fine afternoon, Lily ventured out to play near the edge of the village. Carried away by her curiosity, she soon found herself wandering deep into a dense forest. There, partially hidden behind tall oak trees and wild shrubs, she discovered a neat little cottage. The door was slightly ajar, and a warm, inviting aroma drifted out from within.

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The four rabbits huddled together briefly, then turned to Lily with kind smiles. "We forgive you," said Bun warmly. "Everyone makes mistakes. Just be sure to ask next time!" Lily thanked them sincerely and promised to be more considerate in the future.

The rest of the afternoon was spent in great joy. Lily and the four rabbits played together in the forest — chasing butterflies, leaping over mossy logs, and sharing stories under the shade of the tall trees. By the time the golden sun dipped below the horizon, Lily had not only learned a valuable lesson in honesty and courtesy but had also gained four delightful new friends.

A. arranged
B. assembled
C. prepared
D. produced
E. constructed

Answer: C

Sol: The correct option is (c).

The blank requires a verb that naturally fits the sentence: "That very morning, the four rabbits had carefully _____ a large pot of fresh vegetable soup for their afternoon lunch." The most suitable word is "prepared" because one prepares soup for lunch. This is both grammatically correct and contextually precise.

Explanation of context of passage:

The rabbits had made soup earlier in the day and left it to cool. The sentence requires a word that means "made ready" in a cooking context.

Lines to refer: "That very morning, the four rabbits had carefully _____ a large pot of fresh vegetable soup for their afternoon lunch."

Other options are incorrect because:

Option (a) "arranged" is incorrect because food is not normally said to be "arranged" in a pot when the meaning intended is cooking or making it ready.

Option (b) "assembled" is incorrect because although ingredients may be assembled, a pot of soup is not idiomatically said to be assembled in this context.

Option (d) "produced" is grammatically possible in a very broad sense, but it is not the most natural or appropriate word in relation to cooking soup.

Option (e) "constructed" is incorrect because this word is used for buildings, objects, or structures, not for soup.

From the viewpoint of standard English usage, "prepared soup" is the correct collocation. So the correct answer is (c)

Q.7 According to the passage, what did Lily do immediately after waking up and seeing the four rabbits?

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below.

Once upon a time, there lived a young girl named Lily. She was known throughout her village for her long, lustrous hair and her gentle, pleasant nature. People often admired not only her appearance but also her cheerful and curious spirit.

One fine afternoon, Lily ventured out to play near the edge of the village. Carried away by her curiosity, she soon found herself wandering deep into a dense forest. There, partially hidden behind tall oak trees and wild shrubs, she discovered a neat little cottage. The door was slightly ajar, and a warm, inviting aroma drifted out from within.

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Lily stepped inside and looked around with wide eyes. The delightful fragrance of the soup was irresistible. Having walked a long distance through the forest, she was quite hungry. Without much deliberation, she sat down at the table and helped herself to the soup, finishing every last drop.

A short while later, the four rabbits returned home, only to find their pot completely empty. They were thoroughly astonished and perplexed. "Who could have visited our home and consumed our lunch?" they wondered aloud. After searching the cottage carefully, they found Lily sound asleep on the fourth and smallest bed.

When Lily awoke and found herself face to face with four startled rabbits, she felt an immediate surge of remorse. She sat up straight and said earnestly, "I am truly sorry. I was very hungry and the soup smelled wonderful. I should not have helped myself without your permission. Please forgive me."

The four rabbits huddled together briefly, then turned to Lily with kind smiles. "We forgive you," said Bun warmly. "Everyone makes mistakes. Just be sure to ask next time!" Lily thanked them sincerely and promised to be more considerate in the future.

The rest of the afternoon was spent in great joy. Lily and the four rabbits played together in the forest — chasing butterflies, leaping over mossy logs, and sharing stories under the shade of the tall trees. By the time the golden sun dipped below the horizon, Lily had not only learned a valuable lesson in honesty and courtesy but had also gained four delightful new friends.

- A. She screamed in fear and ran out of the cottage
- B. She pretended to still be asleep to avoid confrontation
- C. She offered to cook more soup for the rabbits as compensation
- D. She apologised earnestly and asked for their forgiveness
- E. She explained that she had only drunk a small portion of the soup

Answer: D

Sol: The correct option is (d).

Immediately after waking up and seeing the rabbits, Lily felt remorse and apologised sincerely for what she had done. The passage directly mentions that she sat up straight and said she was truly sorry, admitting that she should not have taken the soup without permission. Therefore, option (d) is the correct answer.

Explanation of context of passage:

Lily does not react with fear, denial, or excuses. Instead, she behaves honestly and respectfully by admitting her mistake and seeking forgiveness.

Lines to refer: "When Lily awoke and found herself face to face with four startled rabbits, she felt an immediate surge of remorse. She sat up straight and said earnestly, 'I am truly sorry. I was very hungry and the soup smelled wonderful. I should not have helped myself without your permission. Please forgive me.'"

Other options are incorrect because:

Option (a) is incorrect because Lily did not scream in fear or run away.

Option (b) is incorrect because she did not pretend to remain asleep. She faced the rabbits and spoke honestly.

Option (c) is incorrect because she did not offer to cook more soup immediately after waking up.

Option (e) is incorrect because she did not claim to have taken only a small portion. In fact, she had finished every last drop.

The passage clearly supports only option (d). So the correct answer is (d)

Q.8 Choose the word/phrase most similar in meaning to 'DELIBERATION' as used in the passage.

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below.

Once upon a time, there lived a young girl named Lily. She was known throughout her village for her long, lustrous hair and her gentle, pleasant nature. People often admired not only her appearance but also her cheerful and curious spirit.

One fine afternoon, Lily ventured out to play near the edge of the village. Carried away by her curiosity, she soon found herself wandering deep into a dense forest. There, partially hidden behind tall oak trees and wild shrubs, she discovered a neat little cottage. The door was slightly ajar, and a warm, inviting aroma drifted out from within.

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A short while later, the four rabbits returned home, only to find their pot completely empty. They were thoroughly astonished and perplexed. "Who could have visited our home and consumed our lunch?" they wondered aloud. After searching the cottage carefully, they found Lily sound asleep on the fourth and smallest bed.

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The four rabbits huddled together briefly, then turned to Lily with kind smiles. "We forgive you," said Bun warmly. "Everyone makes mistakes. Just be sure to ask next time!" Lily thanked them sincerely and promised to be more considerate in the future.

The rest of the afternoon was spent in great joy. Lily and the four rabbits played together in the forest — chasing butterflies, leaping over mossy logs, and sharing stories under the shade of the tall trees. By the time the golden sun dipped below the horizon, Lily had not only learned a valuable lesson in honesty and courtesy but had also gained four delightful new friends.

- A. Haste
- B. Careful thought or consideration
- C. Physical effort
- D. Sense of fear
- E. Feeling of excitement

Answer: B

Sol: The correct option is (b).

The word "deliberation" means careful thought before making a decision. In the passage, the phrase "Without much deliberation" means that Lily acted without thinking carefully or without much consideration before helping herself to the soup. Therefore, the phrase most similar in meaning is "careful thought or consideration," which is given in option (b).

Explanation of context of passage:

The sentence indicates that Lily acted impulsively because she was hungry and tempted by the smell of the soup. The word highlights the absence of thoughtful consideration before action.

Lines to refer: "Without much deliberation, she sat down at the table and helped herself to the soup, finishing every last drop."

Other options are incorrect because:

Option (a) "Haste" is incorrect because haste means speed or urgency. Although Lily did act quickly, it is not the closest meaning of the word "deliberation" itself.

Option (c) "Physical effort" is incorrect because deliberation is a mental process, not bodily exertion.

Option (d) "Sense of fear" is incorrect because the word has nothing to do with fear.

Option (e) "Feeling of excitement" is incorrect because deliberation refers to thinking carefully, not emotional excitement.

Thus, the most accurate synonym in the given context is option (b). So the correct answer is (b)

Q.9 What is the central theme or moral of the passage?

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below.

Once upon a time, there lived a young girl named Lily. She was known throughout her village for her long, lustrous hair and her gentle, pleasant nature. People often admired not only her appearance but also her cheerful and curious spirit.

One fine afternoon, Lily ventured out to play near the edge of the village. Carried away by her curiosity, she soon found herself wandering deep into a dense forest. There, partially hidden behind tall oak trees and wild shrubs, she discovered a neat little cottage. The door was slightly ajar, and a warm, inviting aroma drifted out from within.

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The rest of the afternoon was spent in great joy. Lily and the four rabbits played together in the forest — chasing butterflies, leaping over mossy logs, and sharing stories under the shade of the tall trees. By the time the golden sun dipped below the horizon, Lily had not only learned a valuable lesson in honesty and courtesy but had also gained four delightful new friends.

- A. One should never venture into unknown places alone
- B. Hunger can compel even well-mannered individuals to act wrongly
- C. Honesty, genuine apology, and kindness can repair mistakes and build friendships
- D. Wild animals are naturally forgiving and friendly toward human beings
- E. It is acceptable to use someone else's belongings if they are left unattended

Answer: C

Sol: The correct option is (c).

The central moral of the passage is that honesty, sincere apology, and kindness can mend mistakes and even turn an unpleasant situation into friendship. Lily makes an error by drinking the rabbits' soup without permission, but she does not try to justify her act dishonestly. Instead, she admits her mistake, apologises earnestly, and promises to be more considerate in the future. The rabbits, in turn, respond with kindness and forgiveness. This leads to a happy ending and the formation of a friendship. Therefore, option (c) best captures the main theme of the passage.

Explanation of context of passage:

The story moves from curiosity and wrongdoing to regret, apology, forgiveness, and friendship. The lesson is not merely about hunger or adventure, but about moral correction through honesty and kindness.

Lines to refer: "I am truly sorry. I was very hungry and the soup smelled wonderful. I should not have helped myself without your permission. Please forgive me." and "We forgive you," said Bun warmly. "Everyone makes mistakes. Just be sure to ask next time!"

Other options are incorrect because:

Option (a) is incorrect because although Lily does go alone into the forest, the passage does not mainly focus on the danger of entering unknown places. That is not the chief moral.

Option (b) is incorrect because hunger does play a role in Lily's mistake, but this is only one part of the story. It does not fully express the complete lesson conveyed by the ending.

Option (d) is incorrect because the passage does not make a general statement that wild animals are naturally forgiving toward humans. The rabbits' kindness is specific to the story and cannot be taken as a universal truth.

Option (e) is incorrect because the story clearly teaches the opposite. Lily herself admits that she should not have taken the soup without permission.

Hence, the best and most complete moral is given in option (c). So the correct answer is (c)

Q.10 Which of the following words best fits blank (A)?

In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been denoted by a letter. For each blank, five options are given. Choose the most appropriate word from the options that fits the blank appropriately.

The cow has always held a _____(A) place in Indian society, revered not only for its religious significance but also for its immense contribution to rural livelihoods. Farmers across the country have long been _____(B) on cattle for milk, manure, and draught power, making the cow an

inseparable part of agricultural life. The dairy industry, which has grown ____ (C) over the decades, now stands as one of the largest in the world, providing employment to millions of households. Government schemes have been launched to ____ (D) the welfare of cattle and improve the quality of indigenous breeds through scientific intervention. Despite rapid urbanisation, the bond between rural communities and their cattle remains deeply ____ (E), reflecting a way of life that has endured for centuries.

- A. hollow
- B. sacred
- C. fading
- D. casual
- E. disputed

Answer: B

Sol:

Let’s analyze blank (A) carefully.

Sentence:

“The cow has always held a ____ place in Indian society, revered not only for its religious significance...”

The word should reflect respect, reverence, and cultural importance.

Correct answer: (b) **sacred**

Now meanings, examples, and why each option fits/doesn’t:

(a) **hollow**

Meaning (English): Empty, without real value or substance

Meaning (Hindi): खोखला, बिना सार का

Example: His promise turned out to be hollow.

Why incorrect: The sentence talks about reverence and importance, while “hollow” suggests lack of value, which is opposite in meaning.

(b) **sacred**

Meaning (English): Holy, worthy of religious respect

Meaning (Hindi): पवित्र, धार्मिक रूप से सम्मानित

Example: The river is considered sacred by the locals.

Why correct: The sentence mentions “religious significance” and reverence, so “sacred” perfectly conveys deep respect and holiness associated with the cow in Indian society.

(c) **fading**

Meaning (English): Gradually losing strength, importance, or visibility

Meaning (Hindi): धुंधला पड़ता हुआ, कम होता हुआ

Example: His memories of childhood are fading.

Why incorrect: The sentence describes a long-standing and continuing importance, not something decreasing over time.

(d) **casual**

Meaning (English): Relaxed, not serious or formal

Meaning (Hindi): अनौपचारिक, साधारण

Example: He wore casual clothes to the party.

Why incorrect: “Casual” does not fit the tone of reverence and respect required in the sentence.

(e) **disputed**

Meaning (English): Argued about, not agreed upon

Meaning (Hindi): विवादित

Example: The ownership of the land is disputed.

Why incorrect: The sentence suggests widespread acceptance and respect, not disagreement or controversy.

Final takeaway:

The context clearly demands a word indicating religious respect and cultural reverence, making “**sacred**” the most appropriate choice.

Q.11 Which of the following words best fits blank (B)?

In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been denoted by a letter. For each blank, five options are given. Choose the most appropriate word from the options that fits the blank appropriately.

The cow has always held a ____ (A) place in Indian society, revered not only for its religious significance but also for its immense contribution to rural livelihoods. Farmers across the country have long been ____ (B) on cattle for milk, manure, and draught power, making the cow an inseparable part of agricultural life. The dairy industry, which has grown ____ (C) over the decades, now stands as one of the largest in the world, providing employment to millions of households. Government schemes have been launched to ____ (D) the welfare of cattle and improve the quality of indigenous breeds through scientific intervention. Despite rapid urbanisation, the bond between rural communities and their cattle remains deeply ____ (E), reflecting a way of life that has endured for centuries.

- A. critical
- B. imposed
- C. dependent
- D. reluctant
- E. hostile

Answer: C

Sol:

Let’s analyze blank (B):

Sentence:

“Farmers across the country have long been ____ on cattle for milk, manure, and draught power...”

The correct phrase commonly used is “**dependent on**”, which means relying on something.

Correct answer: (c) **dependent**

Now meanings, examples, and explanation:

(a) **critical**

Meaning (English): Important or expressing disapproval

Meaning (Hindi): महत्वपूर्ण / आलोचनात्मक

Example: Water is critical for survival.

Why incorrect: The correct structure would be “critical for,” not “critical on.” Also, it doesn’t clearly convey reliance in this context.

(b) **imposed**

Meaning (English): Forced something on someone

Meaning (Hindi): थोपना

Example: The rules were imposed by the authority.

Why incorrect: “Imposed on cattle” makes no sense here; farmers are not forcing something onto cattle.

(c) **dependent**

Meaning (English): Relying on someone or something

Meaning (Hindi): निर्भर

Example: Many villages are dependent on agriculture.

Why correct: “Dependent on cattle” perfectly fits the context, showing farmers rely on cattle for livelihood needs.

(d) **reluctant**

Meaning (English): Unwilling or hesitant

Meaning (Hindi): अनिच्छुक

Example: She was reluctant to speak in public.

Why incorrect: It does not fit logically; farmers are not unwilling “on cattle.”

(e) **hostile**

Meaning (English): Unfriendly or aggressive

Meaning (Hindi): शत्रुतापूर्ण

Example: The crowd became hostile during the protest.

Why incorrect: It conveys negativity and conflict, which is not relevant to the relationship described.

Final takeaway:

The sentence clearly requires a word indicating reliance, making “**dependent**” the most appropriate choice.

Q.12 Which of the following words best fits blank (C)?

In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been denoted by a letter. For each blank, five options are given. Choose the most appropriate word from the options that fits the blank appropriately.

The cow has always held a ____ (A) place in Indian society, revered not only for its religious significance but also for its immense contribution to rural livelihoods. Farmers across the country have long been ____ (B) on cattle for milk, manure, and draught power, making the cow an inseparable part of agricultural life. The dairy industry, which has grown ____ (C) over the decades, now stands as one of the largest in the world, providing employment to millions of households. Government schemes have been launched to ____ (D) the welfare of cattle and improve the quality of indigenous breeds through scientific intervention. Despite rapid urbanisation, the bond between rural communities and their cattle remains deeply ____ (E), reflecting a way of life that has endured for centuries.

- A. narrowly
- B. carelessly
- C. steadily
- D. abruptly
- E. barely

Answer: C

Sol:

Let’s analyze blank (C):

Sentence:

“The dairy industry, which has grown ____ over the decades, now stands as one of the largest in the world...”

The phrase “over the decades” suggests gradual, consistent growth.

Correct answer: (c) **steadily**

Now meanings, examples, and explanation:

(a) **narrowly**

Meaning (English): By a small margin; barely

Meaning (Hindi): थोड़े अंतर से, मुश्किल से

Example: He narrowly escaped the accident.

Why incorrect: It refers to a small margin, not growth over time.

(b) **carelessly**

Meaning (English): Without attention or caution

Meaning (Hindi): लापरवाही से

Example: She handled the glass carelessly.

Why incorrect: Growth cannot logically be described as “careless.”

(c) **steadily**

Meaning (English): In a consistent and gradual way

Meaning (Hindi): लगातार, स्थिर रूप से

Example: The company has grown steadily over the years.

Why correct: It perfectly matches the idea of gradual, continuous growth over decades.

(d) **abruptly**

Meaning (English): Suddenly and unexpectedly

Meaning (Hindi): अचानक

Example: The meeting ended abruptly.
Why incorrect: “Over the decades” contradicts the idea of sudden growth.
(e) barely
Meaning (English): Only just; hardly
Meaning (Hindi): मुश्किल से, बहुत कम
Example: He barely passed the exam.
Why incorrect: It suggests minimal growth, which contradicts “one of the largest in the world.”
Final takeaway:
The context clearly indicates gradual, continuous development, making “steadily” the best fit.

Q.13 Which of the following words best fits blank (D)?
In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been denoted by a letter. For each blank, five options are given. Choose the most appropriate word from the options that fits the blank appropriately.
The cow has always held a ____ (A) place in Indian society, revered not only for its religious significance but also for its immense contribution to rural livelihoods. Farmers across the country have long been ____ (B) on cattle for milk, manure, and draught power, making the cow an inseparable part of agricultural life. The dairy industry, which has grown ____ (C) over the decades, now stands as one of the largest in the world, providing employment to millions of households. Government schemes have been launched to ____ (D) the welfare of cattle and improve the quality of indigenous breeds through scientific intervention. Despite rapid urbanisation, the bond between rural communities and their cattle remains deeply ____ (E), reflecting a way of life that has endured for centuries.

A. ignore
B. threaten
C. abandon
D. promote
E. conceal

Answer: D

Sol:
Let’s analyze blank (D):
Sentence:
“Government schemes have been launched to ____ the welfare of cattle and improve the quality of indigenous breeds...”
The sentence clearly implies improvement, support, and enhancement.
Correct answer: **(d) promote**
Now meanings, examples, and explanation:
(a) ignore
Meaning (English): To pay no attention to
Meaning (Hindi): अनदेखा करना
Example: He chose to ignore the warning signs.
Why incorrect: Government schemes are meant to help, not neglect welfare.
(b) threaten
Meaning (English): To cause danger or harm
Meaning (Hindi): धमकी देना / खतरा पैदा करना
Example: Pollution threatens marine life.
Why incorrect: Schemes are not meant to harm cattle welfare.
(c) abandon
Meaning (English): To leave completely
Meaning (Hindi): त्याग देना, छोड़ देना
Example: They had to abandon the project.
Why incorrect: This contradicts the purpose of welfare schemes.
(d) promote
Meaning (English): To support, encourage, or improve
Meaning (Hindi): बढ़ावा देना, प्रोत्साहित करना
Example: The campaign aims to promote education.
Why correct: It fits perfectly with “welfare” and “improve,” showing enhancement and support.
(e) conceal
Meaning (English): To hide something
Meaning (Hindi): छिपाना
Example: He tried to conceal the truth.
Why incorrect: Hiding welfare makes no sense in this context.
Final takeaway:
The sentence clearly conveys improvement and encouragement, so “**promote**” is the most appropriate choice.

Q.14 . Which of the following words best fits blank (E)?
In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been denoted by a letter. For each blank, five options are given. Choose the most appropriate word from the options that fits the blank appropriately.

The cow has always held a ____ (A) place in Indian society, revered not only for its religious significance but also for its immense contribution to rural livelihoods. Farmers across the country have long been ____ (B) on cattle for milk, manure, and draught power, making the cow an inseparable part of agricultural life. The dairy industry, which has grown ____ (C) over the decades, now stands as one of the largest in the world, providing employment to millions of households. Government schemes have been launched to ____ (D) the welfare of cattle and improve the quality of indigenous breeds through scientific intervention. Despite rapid urbanisation, the bond between rural communities and their cattle remains deeply ____ (E), reflecting a way of life that has endured for centuries.

- A. forgotten
- B. rooted
- C. broken
- D. artificial
- E. limited

Answer: B

Sol:

Let’s analyze blank (E):
Sentence:
“Despite rapid urbanisation, the bond between rural communities and their cattle remains deeply _____, reflecting a way of life that has endured for centuries.”
The phrase “has endured for centuries” suggests something strong, traditional, and firmly established.
Correct answer: **(b) rooted**
Now meanings, examples, and explanation:
(a) forgotten
Meaning (English): No longer remembered
Meaning (Hindi): भुला हुआ
Example: His contributions were soon forgotten.
Why incorrect: The sentence says the bond still remains, so it cannot be forgotten.
(b) rooted
Meaning (English): Firmly established; deeply fixed
Meaning (Hindi): गहराई से जुड़ा हुआ, जड़ जमाए हुआ
Example: The tradition is deeply rooted in our culture.
Why correct: It perfectly matches the idea of a long-standing, strong connection that has existed for centuries.
(c) broken
Meaning (English): Damaged or no longer functioning
Meaning (Hindi): टूटा हुआ
Example: Their relationship is broken.
Why incorrect: The sentence emphasizes continuity, not damage.
(d) artificial
Meaning (English): Not natural; man-made
Meaning (Hindi): कृत्रिम
Example: The flowers look artificial.
Why incorrect: The bond described is natural and traditional, not artificial.
(e) limited
Meaning (English): Restricted in size, amount, or extent
Meaning (Hindi): सीमित
Example: We have limited resources.
Why incorrect: The sentence emphasizes depth and strength, not restriction.
Final takeaway:
The context highlights a deep, enduring connection, making “**rooted**” the most appropriate choice.

Q.15 Given below are four sentences, out of which one sentence is grammatically incorrect. Choose the option which points out the grammatically incorrect sentence. If all the sentences are correct, then choose ‘No error’ as the answer.

- A. The constable asked the visitors to wait outside the gate.
- B. She requested him that he should explain the procedure again.
- C. The luggage was checked thoroughly before boarding the train.
- D. He arrived on time and took his seat without any delay.
- E. No error

Answer: B

Sol:

Correct answer: **(b)**
(a) The constable asked the visitors to wait outside the gate.
Rule: “ask + object + to + verb”
Analysis: Correct infinitive structure is used.
Example: She asked me to close the door.
(b) She requested him that he should explain the procedure again.
Rule:
“Request” is followed by
1. request + object + to + verb

2. request + that + subject + base verb (without “should” in modern usage)

Correct forms:

She requested him to explain the procedure again.

She requested that he explain the procedure again.

Analysis: “requested him that he should...” is grammatically incorrect structure.

Example (correct): He requested her to stay.

(c) The luggage was checked thoroughly before boarding the train.

Rule: Passive voice → Subject + was + past participle

Analysis: Correct passive construction.

Example: The bags were inspected carefully.

(d) He arrived on time and took his seat without any delay.

Rule: Parallel verbs in past tense

Analysis: “arrived” and “took” are correctly parallel.

Example: She entered the room and sat quietly.

(e) No error

Incorrect because sentence (b) has an error.

Final takeaway:

Error is due to incorrect verb pattern with “request”, so **(b)** is the grammatically incorrect sentence.

Q.16 Given below are four sentences, out of which one sentence is grammatically incorrect. Choose the option which points out the grammatically incorrect sentence. If all the sentences are correct, then choose ‘No error’ as the answer.

- A. The warden warned the inmates to follow the rules strictly.
- B. He declined to comment on the matter during the hearing.
- C. The letter was signed and dispatched before sunset.
- D. She has been appointed to this post since last Monday.
- E. No error

Answer: D

Sol:

Correct answer: **(d)**

(a) The warden warned the inmates to follow the rules strictly.

Rule: Structure → Subject + Verb + Object + Infinitive (“to + verb”)

“Warned someone to do something” is grammatically correct.

Analysis: Proper use of “warned + object + to + verb”.

Example: The teacher warned the students to stay quiet.

(b) He declined to comment on the matter during the hearing.

Rule: Verb pattern → “decline + to + verb”

Analysis: “Declined to comment” is correct infinitive usage.

Example: She declined to participate in the event.

(c) The letter was signed and dispatched before sunset.

Rule: Passive voice → Subject + was/were + past participle

Analysis: “Was signed and dispatched” shows correct parallel passive verbs.

Example: The documents were verified and approved.

(d) She has been appointed to this post since last Monday.

Rule:

“Since” is used with Present Perfect / Present Perfect Continuous for actions that started in the past and continue till now.

But “appointed” is a completed action, not continuous.

Correct structure:

“She was appointed to this post last Monday.”

Analysis: Present perfect is wrongly used with a completed action.

Example (correct): She has lived here since 2020.

Example (incorrect like question): He has joined the company since 2022.

(e) No error

Incorrect because sentence (d) has an error.

Final takeaway:

Error is due to incorrect use of **present perfect tense with “since” for a completed action**, so **(d)** is wrong.

Q.17 In the following questions, few sentences are given. Choose and mark the sentence which contains no grammatical or contextual error in it. If all the sentences are grammatically and contextually incorrect, mark “All are incorrect” option as the answer choice.

- A. She would rather to forfeit her claim than drag the dispute into litigation.
- B. The magistrate along with his clerks were seated when the hearing resumed.
- C. He admitted to forging the signature on the lease agreement knowingly.
- D. Every one of the cadets are obligated to report at dawn for physical training.
- E. All are incorrect.

Answer: C

Sol: Correct answer: **(c)**

(a) She would rather to forfeit her claim than drag the dispute into litigation.

Rule: “would rather + base verb (without ‘to’)”

Correct structure:

She would rather forfeit her claim than drag the dispute into litigation.

Analysis: “to forfeit” is incorrect after “would rather”.

Example: I would rather stay home than go out.

(b) The magistrate along with his clerks were seated when the hearing resumed.

Rule: Subject-verb agreement → “along with” does not change the subject

Subject = “The magistrate” (singular) → verb should be “was”

Correct structure:

The magistrate along with his clerks was seated...

Analysis: “were” is incorrect.

Example: The teacher along with students was present.

(c) He admitted to forging the signature on the lease agreement knowingly.

Rule: “admit to + gerund (-ing form)”

Analysis: Correct structure and meaning; no grammatical or contextual error.

Example: She admitted to stealing the money.

(d) Every one of the cadets are obligated to report at dawn for physical training.

Rule: “Every one” is singular → takes singular verb

Correct structure:

Every one of the cadets is obligated...

Analysis: “are” is incorrect.

Example: Every one of the players is ready.

(e) All are incorrect

Incorrect because sentence (c) is correct.

Final takeaway:

Only sentence **(c)** is correct; others have clear grammatical errors.

Q.18 In the following questions, few sentences are given. Choose and mark the sentence which contains no grammatical or contextual error in it. If all the sentences are grammatically and contextually incorrect, mark "All are incorrect" option as the answer choice.

- A. The surgeon insisted the attendants to vacate the hall before the procedure began.
- B. He has been relocated to the southern depot since the strike ended last month.
- C. Neither of the two pilots were available for debriefing after the flight landed.
- D. The appellant was granted bail after furnishing the required surety bond.
- E. All are incorrect.

Answer: D

Sol:

Correct answer: (d)

(a) The surgeon insisted the attendants to vacate the hall before the procedure began.

Rule: “insist” is followed by

· insist on + noun/gerund

· insist that + subject + base verb

Correct structure:

The surgeon insisted that the attendants vacate the hall.

Analysis: “insisted + object + to + verb” is incorrect.

Example: She insisted that he leave immediately.

(b) He has been relocated to the southern depot since the strike ended last month.

Rule:

“Since” with present perfect is used for actions continuing till now.

But “relocated” is a completed action.

Correct structure:

He was relocated to the southern depot after the strike ended last month.

Analysis: Incorrect tense usage.

Example: She has lived here since 2020.

(c) Neither of the two pilots were available for debriefing after the flight landed.

Rule: “Neither” is singular → takes singular verb

Correct structure:

Neither of the two pilots was available...
Analysis: “were” should be “was”.
Example: Neither of the answers is correct.
(d) The appellant was granted bail after furnishing the required surety bond.
Rule:
· Correct passive structure
· “after + gerund” (furnishing) is correct
· Legal context is also appropriate
Analysis: Grammatically and contextually correct sentence.
Example: He was released after completing the formalities.
(e) All are incorrect
Incorrect because sentence (d) is correct.
Final takeaway:
Only sentence **(d)** is grammatically and contextually correct.

Q.19

- (A) slowly drifting away
- (B) from Earth at about
- (C) the Moon is
- (D) 1.5 inches per year

The following question gives a sentence which has been divided into four parts which may not be in their correct order of narrative. The sentence is then followed by five options, one of which gives the sequence of the rearranged parts to make the sentence meaningful. Choose the option which gives the correct sequence of the parts. If the sentence is already arranged in the correct sequence, mark option " No rearrangement required " as the answer.

A. ABDC
B. CBAD
C. CABD
D. BADC
E. No rearrangement required

Answer: C

Sol:

Correct arrangement:
C → A → B → D
Final sentence:
“The Moon is slowly drifting away from Earth at about 1.5 inches per year.”
Structure Analysis:
· (C) the Moon is → subject + verb
· (A) slowly drifting away → verb phrase
· (B) from Earth at about → prepositional phrase
· (D) 1.5 inches per year → completes measurement
Grammar Rule:
Standard sentence flow:
Subject + Verb + Adverb/Action + Prepositional phrase + Measurement
Example:
The car is gradually moving away from the station at high speed.
Final takeaway:
Proper subject–verb flow and logical continuation make **CABD** the correct sequence.

Q.20

- (A) are located in their legs
- (B) as their taste sensors
- (C) food with their feet,
- (D) butterflies taste their

The following question gives a sentence which has been divided into four parts which may not be in their correct order of narrative. The sentence is then followed by five options, one of which gives the sequence of the rearranged parts to make the sentence meaningful. Choose the option which gives the correct sequence of the parts. If the sentence is already arranged in the correct sequence, mark option " No rearrangement required " as the answer.

A. CDAB
B. BDCA
C. ACDB
D. DCBA
E. No rearrangement required

Answer: D

Sol:

Correct arrangement:

D → C → B → A

Final sentence:

“Butterflies taste their food with their feet, as their taste sensors are located in their legs.”

Structure Analysis:

- (D) butterflies taste their → subject + verb begins
- (C) food with their feet, → completes main clause
- (B) as their taste sensors → introduces reason
- (A) are located in their legs → completes explanation

Grammar Rule:

- Main clause comes first
- Followed by reason clause using “as”
- Proper subject–verb agreement maintained

Example:

Birds fly south in winter, as the weather becomes harsh.

Final takeaway:

Logical flow of **statement** → **reason** makes **DCBA** the correct sequence.

Q.21

- (A) when they swim
- (B) of them stop beating
- (C) octopuses have three
- (D) hearts, and two

The following question gives a sentence which has been divided into four parts which may not be in their correct order of narrative. The sentence is then followed by five options, one of which gives the sequence of the rearranged parts to make the sentence meaningful. Choose the option which gives the correct sequence of the parts. If the sentence is already arranged in the correct sequence, mark option " No rearrangement required " as the answer.

- A. CDBA
- B. ABDC
- C. DBCA
- D. DCBA
- E. No rearrangement required

Answer: A

Sol:

Correct answer: (a) CDBA

Correct arrangement:

C → D → B → A

Final sentence:

“Octopuses have three hearts, and two of them stop beating when they swim.”

Structure Analysis:

- (C) octopuses have three → introduces subject
- (D) hearts, and two → continues idea
- (B) of them stop beating → specifies action
- (A) when they swim → completes condition

Grammar Rule:

- Noun phrase must be completed first (“three hearts”)
- Then pronoun reference (“two of them”)
- Followed by verb and condition

Example:

She has two cars, and one of them breaks down frequently.

Final takeaway:

Logical noun completion and pronoun reference make **CDBA** the correct sequence.

Q.22

- (A) potassium they contain
- (B) bananas are slightly
- (C) the natural
- (D) radioactive due to

The following question gives a sentence which has been divided into four parts which may not be in their correct order of narrative. The sentence is then followed by five options, one of which gives the sequence of the rearranged parts to make the sentence meaningful. Choose the option

which gives the correct sequence of the parts. If the sentence is already arranged in the correct sequence, mark option " No rearrangement required " as the answer.

- A. BCDA
- B. BDCA
- C. ABDC
- D. DCBA
- E. No rearrangement required

Answer: B

Sol:

Correct arrangement:

B → D → C → A

Final sentence:

“Bananas are slightly radioactive due to the natural potassium they contain.”

Structure Analysis:

- (B) bananas are slightly → subject + linking verb
- (D) radioactive due to → predicate + cause
- (C) the natural → begins noun phrase
- (A) potassium they contain → completes noun phrase

Grammar Rule:

- Adjective + cause structure: “radioactive due to...”
- Followed by noun phrase: “the natural potassium they contain”

Example:

Plants grow well due to the nutrients they absorb.

Final takeaway:

Logical cause-effect flow and proper noun phrase completion make **BDCA** the correct sequence.

Q.23

- (A) March 2026 was the
- (B) with an El Niño likely to push
- (C) temperatures even higher
- (D) hottest on record in the US,

The following question gives a sentence which has been divided into four parts which may not be in their correct order of narrative. The sentence is then followed by five options, one of which gives the sequence of the rearranged parts to make the sentence meaningful. Choose the option which gives the correct sequence of the parts. If the sentence is already arranged in the correct sequence, mark option " No rearrangement required " as the answer.

- A. ACBD
- B. CDAB
- C. CBAD
- D. ADBC
- E. No rearrangement required

Answer: D

Sol:

Correct arrangement:

A → D → B → C

Final sentence:

“March 2026 was the hottest on record in the US, with an El Niño likely to push temperatures even higher.”

Structure Analysis:

- (A) March 2026 was the → introduces subject
- (D) hottest on record in the US, → completes main clause
- (B) with an El Niño likely to push → adds supporting clause
- (C) temperatures even higher → completes idea

Grammar Rule:

Main clause should be complete first, followed by a modifying phrase (“with + noun + -ing/infinite structure”).

Example:

The year was the warmest on record, with rising emissions causing further concern.

Final takeaway:

The logical flow is **main statement** → **supporting explanation**, hence **ADBC** is correct.

Q.24 The investor carefully studied the quarterly reports before deciding to diverse his holdings across real estate, bonds and emerging markets. In the following sentence, four words have been highlighted which may be misspelt or inappropriate in their usage. Mark the erroneous word as

the answer and if all the words are correct in their spellings and usage, choose ‘All are correct’ as the correct answer.

- A. carefully
- B. quarterly
- C. emerging
- D. diverse
- E. All are correct

Answer: D

Sol:

Correct answer: (d) diverse

(a) carefully

Meaning (English): In a cautious and attentive manner

Meaning (Hindi): सावधानी से

Example: She carefully read the instructions.

Why correct: Proper usage; describes how the investor studied reports.

(b) quarterly

Meaning (English): Occurring every three months

Meaning (Hindi): त्रैमासिक

Example: The company releases quarterly results.

Why correct: Correct in financial context.

(c) emerging

Meaning (English): Developing or growing (often used for markets)

Meaning (Hindi): उभरते हुए

Example: India is an emerging market.

Why correct: Proper usage with “markets”.

(d) diverse

Meaning (English): Showing variety; different

Meaning (Hindi): विविध

Example: The city has a diverse population.

Why incorrect:

Here, a verb is needed (to spread investments).

Correct word: “diversify” (verb)

Correct sentence:

...deciding to diversify his holdings...

(e) All are correct

Incorrect because (d) is wrong.

Final takeaway:

Confusion between “diverse” (adjective) and “diversify” (verb) makes (d) the error.

Q.25 The principal complemented the students on their outstanding performance, urging them to maintain the same dedication throughout the remaining academic year.

In the following sentence, four words have been highlighted which may be misspelt or inappropriate in their usage. Mark the erroneous word as the answer and if all the words are correct in their spellings and usage, choose ‘All are correct’ as the correct answer.

- A. complemented
- B. outstanding
- C. dedication
- D. remaining
- E. All are correct

Answer: A

Sol:

Correct answer: (a) complemented

(a) complemented

Meaning (English): To complete or enhance something

Meaning (Hindi): पूरक होना / पूरा करना

Example: The red tie complemented his suit.

Why incorrect:

Here, the sentence intends to praise the students.

“Complemented” means to complete, not to praise.

Correct word: “complimented” (to praise)

Correct sentence:

The principal complimented the students on their outstanding performance.

(b) outstanding

Meaning (English): Extremely good or excellent

Meaning (Hindi): उत्कृष्ट

Example: She gave an outstanding performance.

Why correct: Fits perfectly with “performance”.

(c) dedication

Meaning (English): Commitment and hard work
Meaning (Hindi): समर्पण
Example: Success requires dedication.
Why correct: Matches context of effort and commitment.
(d) remaining
Meaning (English): Left over; yet to be completed
Meaning (Hindi): शेष
Example: Complete the remaining tasks soon.
Why correct: Correctly refers to the rest of the academic year.
(e) All are correct
Incorrect because (a) is wrong.
Final takeaway:
Confusion between “**complement**” (**complete**) and “**compliment**” (**praise**) makes **(a)** the error.

Q.26 The financial advisor warned that pouring money into volotile stocks without proper research could seriously affect long term savings.
In the following sentence, four words have been highlighted which may be misspelt or inappropriate in their usage. Mark the erroneous word as the answer and if all the words are correct in their spellings and usage, choose ‘All are correct’ as the correct answer.

A. advisor
B. pouring
C. volotile
D. affect
E. All are correct

Answer: C

Sol:
Correct answer: **(c) volotile**
(a) advisor
Meaning (English): A person who gives advice
Meaning (Hindi): सलाहकार
Example: She consulted a financial advisor before investing.
Why correct: Correct spelling and appropriate usage.
(b) pouring
Meaning (English): Investing or putting in large amounts (informal usage)
Meaning (Hindi): बड़ी मात्रा में लगाना / डालना
Example: He is pouring money into his startup.
Why correct: Contextually appropriate for investing money.
(c) volotile
Meaning: Incorrect spelling
Correct word: **volatile**
Meaning (English): Highly unstable; subject to rapid changes
Meaning (Hindi): अस्थिर, तेजी से बदलने वाला
Example: The stock market is highly volatile these days.
Why incorrect: “volotile” is a spelling error.
(d) affect
Meaning (English): To influence or impact something
Meaning (Hindi): प्रभावित करना
Example: Lack of planning can affect your finances.
Why correct: Correct usage; “affect” is a verb here.
(e) All are correct
Incorrect because (c) has a spelling error.
Final takeaway:
The only error is the misspelling of “**volatile**”, so **(c)** is the correct answer.

Q.27 The candidate was running for office on a strong platform, confidant that his policies would bring about meaningful change in the constituency.
In the following sentence, four words have been highlighted which may be misspelt or inappropriate in their usage. Mark the erroneous word as the answer and if all the words are correct in their spellings and usage, choose ‘All are correct’ as the correct answer.

A. running
B. strong
C. confidant
D. constituency
E. All are correct

Answer: C

Sol:

Correct answer: (c) **confidant**

(a) **running**

Meaning (English): Participating in an election

Meaning (Hindi): चुनाव लड़ना

Example: She is running for mayor this year.

Why correct: Properly used in political context.

(b) **strong**

Meaning (English): Powerful, effective

Meaning (Hindi): मजबूत

Example: He presented a strong argument.

Why correct: Fits well with “platform”.

(c) **confidant**

Meaning (English): A person with whom one shares secrets

Meaning (Hindi): विश्वस्त व्यक्ति

Example: She shared her thoughts with her confidant.

Why incorrect:

Here, the sentence needs an adjective describing the candidate.

Correct word: “**confident**” (having self-belief)

Correct sentence:

The candidate was ... confident that his policies would...

(d) **constituency**

Meaning (English): A body of voters in a specified area

Meaning (Hindi): निर्वाचन क्षेत्र

Example: He won the constituency by a large margin.

Why correct: Proper usage in political context.

(e) **All are correct**

Incorrect because (c) is wrong.

Final takeaway:

Confusion between “**confidant**” (person) and “**confident**” (feeling) makes (c) the error.

Q.28 The weather was so pleasant in the valley that the hikers decided to extend their stay and explore the surrounding trails for another day.
In the following sentence, four words have been highlighted which may be misspelt or inappropriate in their usage. Mark the erroneous word as the answer and if all the words are correct in their spellings and usage, choose ‘All are correct’ as the correct answer.

- A. weather
- B. pleasant
- C. extend
- D. surrounding
- E. All are correct

Answer: B

A. Irregular sleep schedules among teenagers during school weeks D. was introduced as a ceremonial tradition in ancient kingdoms

B. Staying awake late to complete unfinished assignments E. often affect alertness, mood stability, and academic engagement

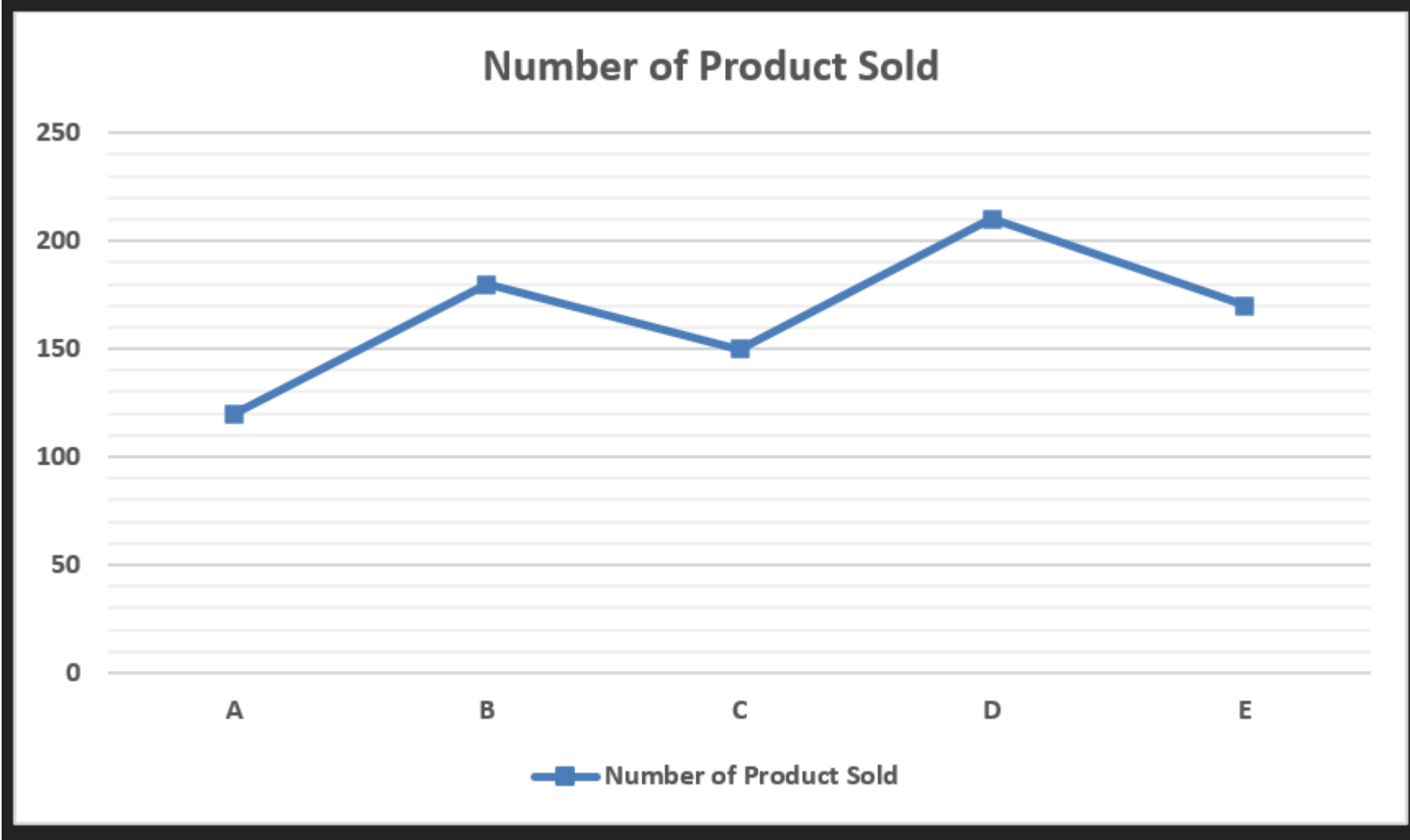
C. Reduced sleep duration over extended periods F. plays a decisive role in shaping coastal trade routes

- A. A–E only
- B. B–E only
- C. C–F only
- D. A–E, B–D
- E. None of these

Answer: A

Sol: The correct answer is: **(A)**
Explanation:
· A–E forms the sentence: *Irregular sleep schedules among teenagers during school weeks often affect alertness, mood stability, and academic engagement*, which is contextually accurate and relevant to the topic.
· B–D is invalid because ceremonial traditions in ancient kingdoms have no connection to staying awake for assignments.
· C–F is off topic as coastal trade routes are unrelated to sleep duration or teenage health.
· Option **(A)** is correct because it contains the only logically and contextually valid sentence, while the remaining pairings are clearly unrelated.

Q.31 दुकान **C** और दुकान **E** द्वारा मिलाकर बेचे गए उत्पादों की कुल संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।
निम्नलिखित रेखा ग्राफ का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें। रेखा ग्राफ पांच अलग-अलग दुकानों **A**, **B**, **C**, **D** और **E** में बेचे गए उत्पादों की संख्या को दर्शाता है।

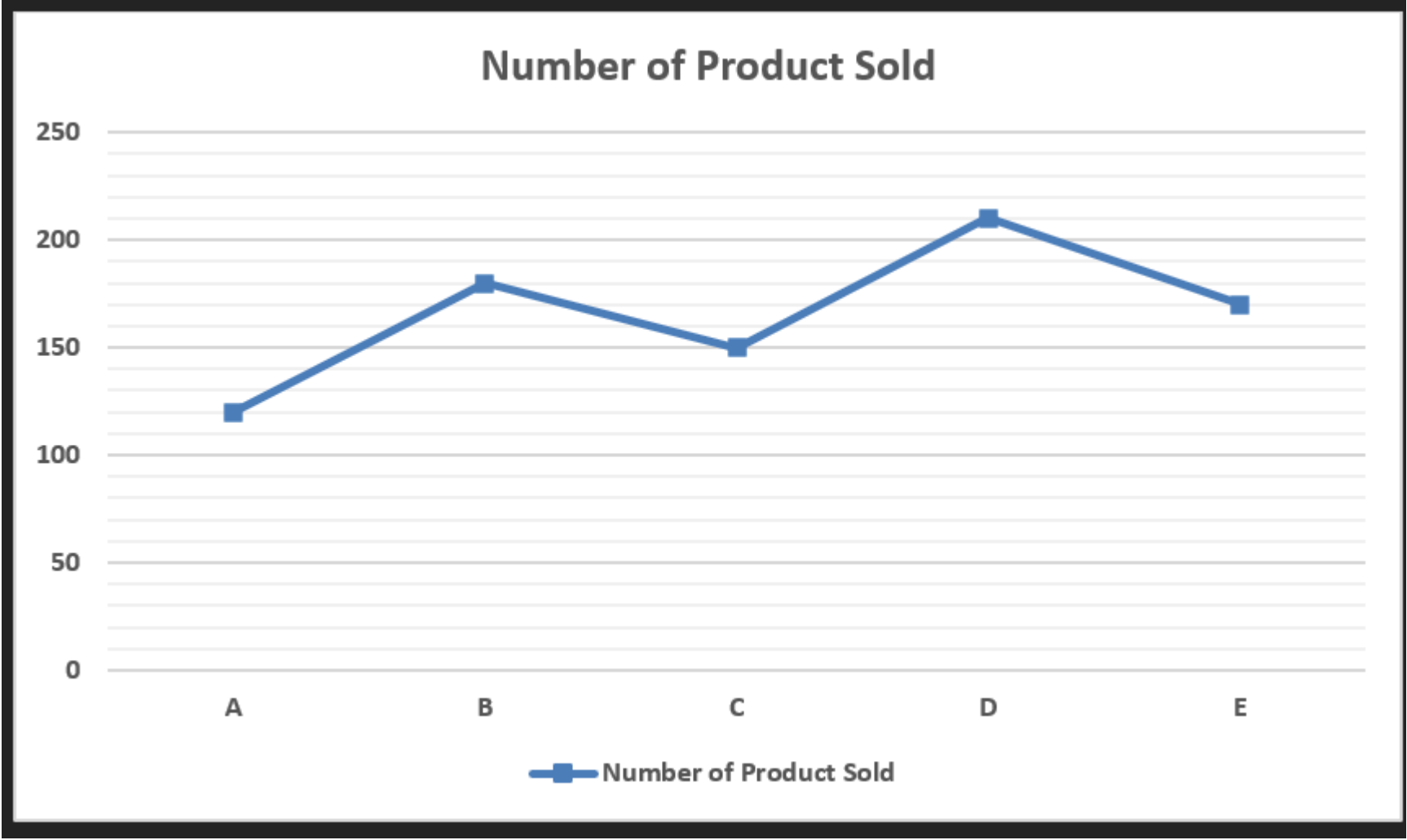


- A. 340
- B. 320
- C. 330
- D. 300
- E. 350

Answer: B

Sol: अभीष्ट योग = 150 + 170 = 320

Q.32 D द्वारा बेचे गए उत्पाद दुकान A की तुलना में कितने अधिक हैं?
निम्नलिखित रेखा ग्राफ का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें। रेखा ग्राफ पांच अलग-अलग दुकानों **A, B, C, D** और **E** में बेचे गए उत्पादों की संख्या को दर्शाता है।



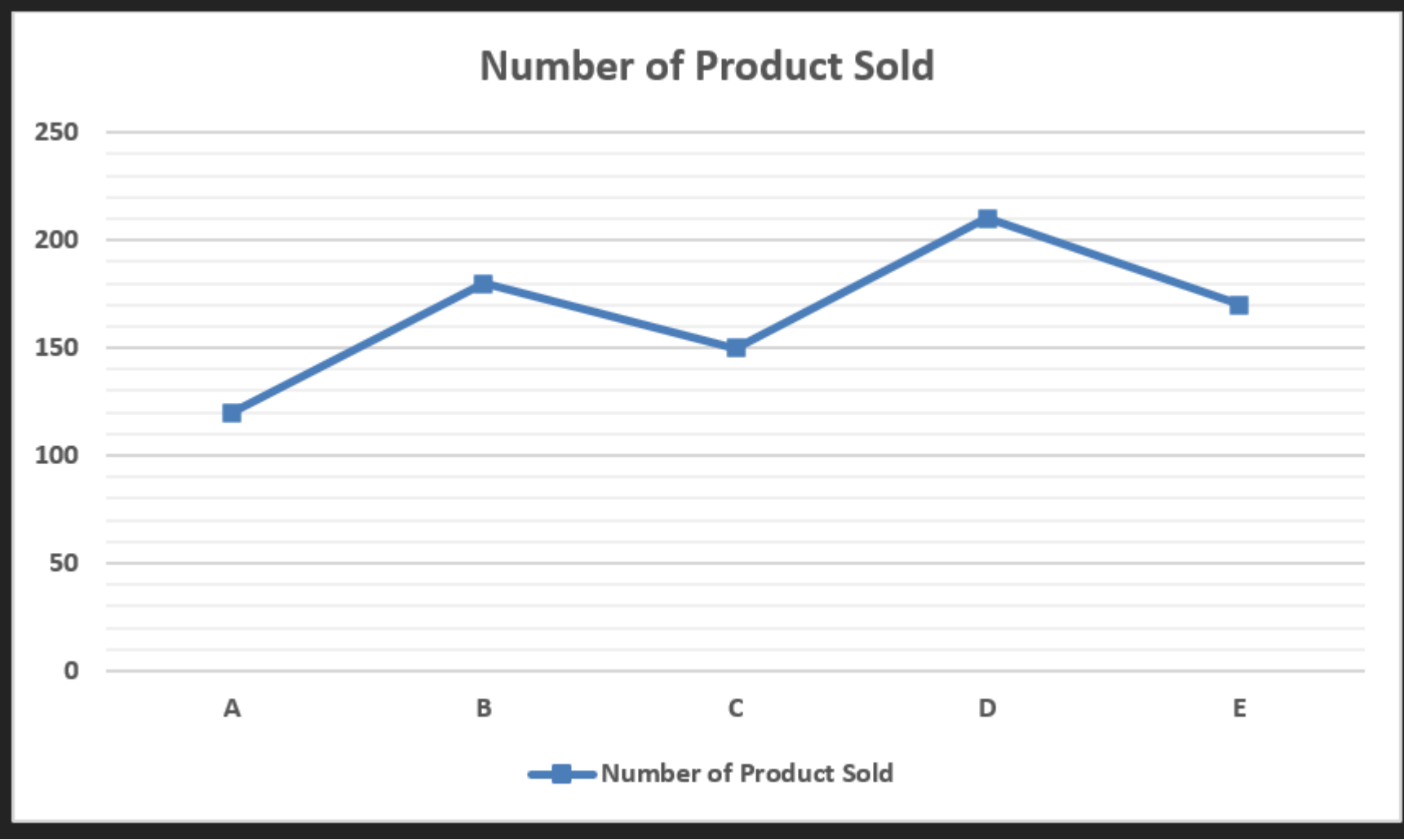
- A. 90
- B. 80
- C. 10
- D. 40
- E. 50

Answer: A

Sol:
अभीष्ट अंतर = 210 - 120 = 90

Q.33 पांचों दुकानों द्वारा बेचे गए उत्पादों की औसत संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।
निम्नलिखित रेखा ग्राफ का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें। रेखा ग्राफ पांच अलग-अलग दुकानों **A, B, C, D** और **E** में बेचे गए उत्पादों की

संख्या को दर्शाता है।



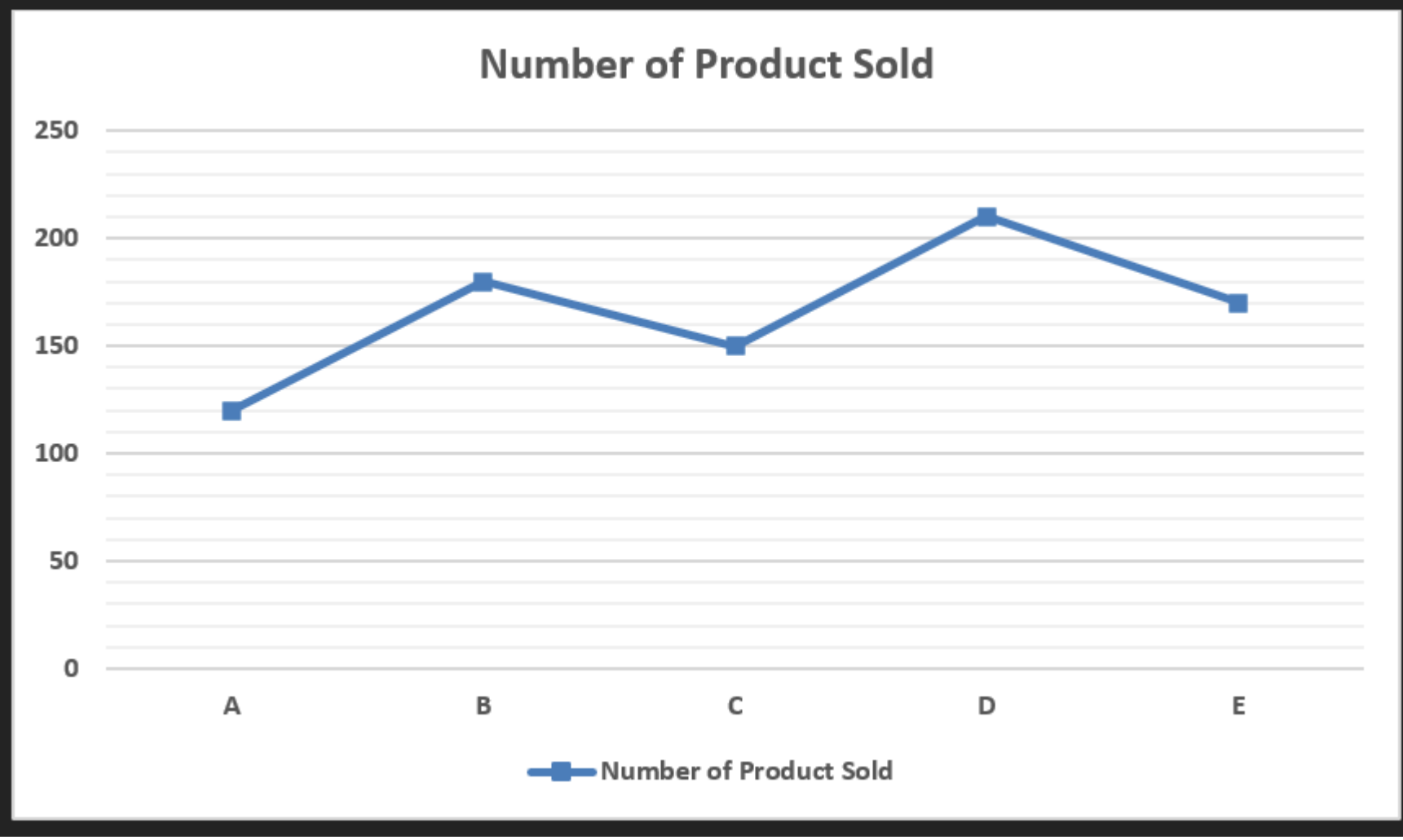
- A. 168
- B. 172
- C. 184
- D. 166
- E. 176

Answer: D

Sol:

अभीष्ट औसत $= (120 + 180 + 150 + 210 + 170) / 5 = 166$

Q.34 C द्वारा बेचे गए उत्पादों की संख्या B द्वारा बेचे गए उत्पादों का लगभग कितना प्रतिशत है?
निम्नलिखित रेखा ग्राफ का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें। रेखा ग्राफ पांच अलग-अलग दुकानों A, B, C, D और E में बेचे गए उत्पादों की संख्या को दर्शाता है।

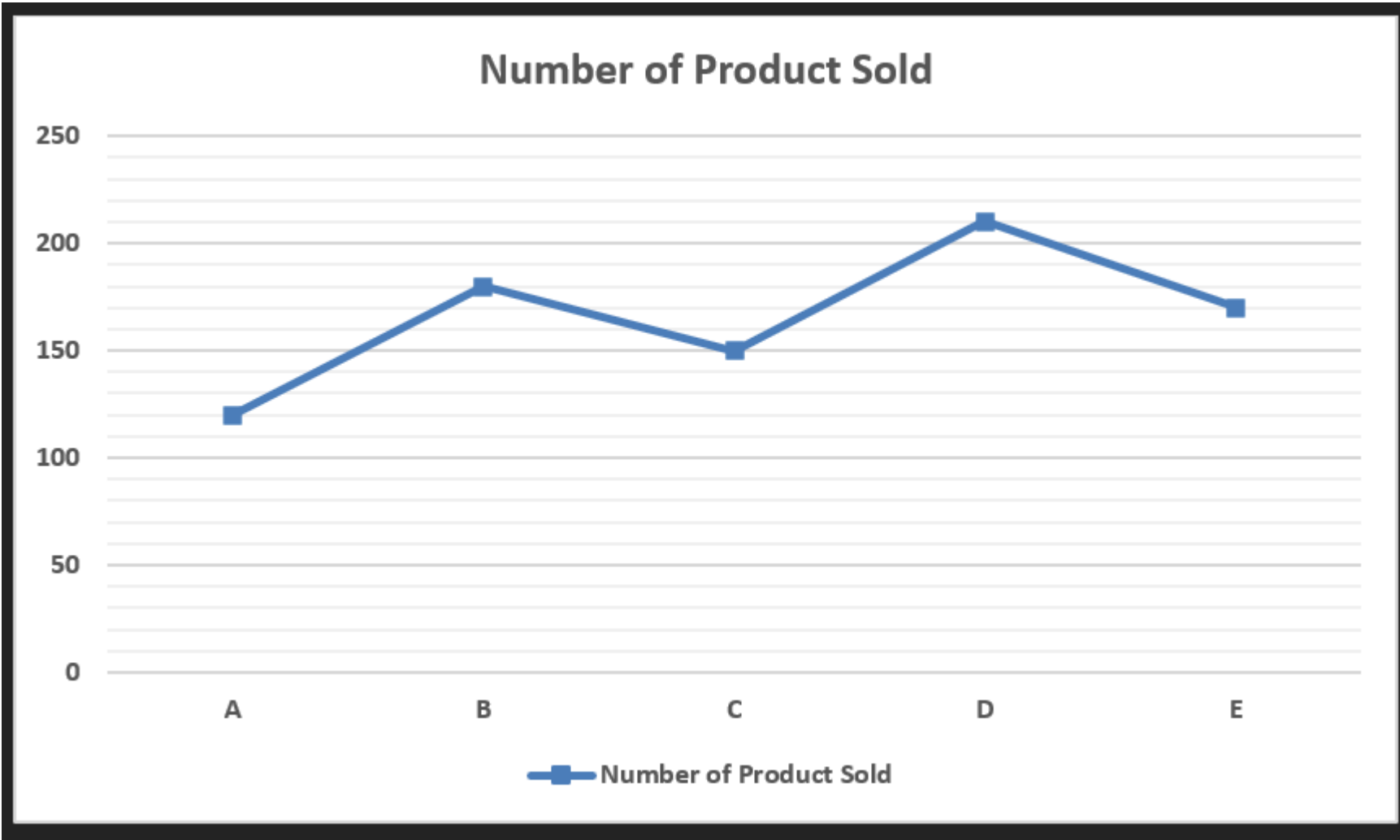


- A. 85.33%
- B. 73.33%
- C. 83.33%
- D. 59%
- E. 63%

Answer: C

Sol:
अभीष्ट प्रतिशत = $150/180 \times 100 = 83.33\%$

Q.35 A द्वारा बेचे गए उत्पादों की संख्या का B द्वारा बेचे गए उत्पादों की संख्या से अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।
निम्नलिखित रेखा ग्राफ का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें। रेखा ग्राफ पांच अलग-अलग दुकानों A, B, C, D और E में बेचे गए उत्पादों की संख्या को दर्शाता है।



- A. 1:3
- B. 3:2
- C. 2:3
- D. 3:1
- E. 3:5

Answer: C

Sol:
अभीष्ट अनुपात = $120 : 180 = 2:3$

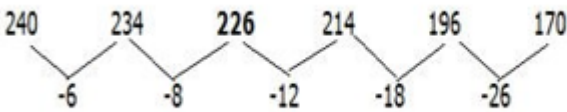
Q.36 240, 234, 228, 214, 196, 170
दी गई श्रृंखला में गलत संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।

- A. 228
- B. 240
- C. 234
- D. 170

E. 196

Answer: A

Sol: श्रृंखला का स्वरूप:



Q.37 180, 376, 632, 956, 1317, 1840
दी गई श्रृंखला में गलत संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए

- A. 1317
- B. 376
- C. 632
- D. 1840
- E. 956

Answer: A

Sol: श्रृंखला का पैटर्न:

180,	376,	632,	956,	1356,	1840
196	256	324	400	484	
14 ²	16 ²	18 ²	20 ²	22 ²	

Q.38 863, 417, 187, 82, 41, 29, 21
दी गई श्रृंखला में गलत संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।

- A. 417
- B. 82
- C. 41
- D. 21
- E. 29

Answer: E

Sol: श्रृंखला का पैटर्न:

863	417	187	82	41	27	21
446	230	105	41	14	6	
216	125	64	27	8		

Q.39 9720, 3240, 1080, 360, 180, 40
दी गई श्रृंखला में गलत संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।

- A. 3240
- B. 180
- C. 1080
- D. 360
- E. 40

Answer: B

Sol: श्रृंखला का पैटर्न:

$9720 \div 3 = 3240$
 $3240 \div 3 = 1080$
 $1080 \div 3 = 360$
 $360 \div 3 = 120$
 $120 \div 3 = 40$

Q.40 8, 24, 32, 56, 72, 88
दी गई श्रृंखला में गलत संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।

- A. 32
- B. 8
- C. 24
- D. 56
- E. 72

Answer: A

Sol: श्रृंखला का पैटर्न:

$8 + 16 = 24$
 $24 + 16 = 40$
 $40 + 16 = 56$
 $56 + 16 = 72$
 $72 + 16 = 88$

Q.41 50 छात्रों की एक कक्षा में, लड़कों का लड़कियों से अनुपात 3 : 2 है। लड़कियों का औसत वजन लड़कों के औसत वजन से 36 किग्रा कम है। यदि पूरी कक्षा का औसत वजन 54 किग्रा है, तो लड़कों का औसत वजन (किग्रा में) ज्ञात कीजिए।

- A. 72.3
- B. 68.4
- C. 78.6
- D. 62.9
- E. 66.6

Answer: B

Sol:

दी गई जानकारी:

कुल छात्र = 50
लड़कों : लड़कियों का अनुपात = 3 : 2
लड़कियों का औसत वजन = लड़कों से 36 किग्रा कम
पूरी कक्षा का औसत वजन = 54 किग्रा
लड़कों की संख्या = 30
लड़कियों की संख्या = 20

प्रयुक्त अवधारणा/सूत्र:

औसत = कुल वजन / कुल छात्र

व्याख्या:

माना लड़कों का औसत वजन = x
तो लड़कियों का औसत वजन = x - 36
लड़कों का कुल वजन = 30x
लड़कियों का कुल वजन = 20(x - 36) = 20x - 720
कक्षा का कुल वजन = 30x + 20x - 720 = 50x - 720
दिया गया औसत = 54
इसलिए,
$$\frac{50x - 720}{50} = 54$$
$$50x - 720 = 2700$$
$$50x = 3420$$
$$x = 68.4$$

Q.42 एक व्यक्ति 2 वर्षों के लिए 3R% प्रति वर्ष की दर से साधारण ब्याज पर 9000 रुपये निवेश करता है। यदि प्राप्त कुल ब्याज 5400 रुपये है, तो R का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

- A. 10%
- B. 15%
- C. 5%
- D. 8%
- E. 20%

Answer: A

Sol:

दी गई जानकारी:

मूलधन (P) = 9000 रुपये

समय (T) = 2 वर्ष

दर = 3R% प्रति वर्ष

साधारण ब्याज (SI) = 5400 रुपये

प्रयुक्त अवधारणा/सूत्र:

SI = (P × R × T) / 100

व्याख्या:

दर = 3R%

सूत्र लागू करने पर:

SI = $\frac{9000 \times 3R \times 2}{100}$

=>5400 = $\frac{9000 \times 6R}{100}$

=> 5400 = 9000 × 0.06R

=> 5400 = 540R

=> R = 5400 ÷ 540

=> R = 10

Q.43 X और Y की आय का अनुपात 5 : 4 है और उनके व्यय का अनुपात 3 : 2 है। यदि दोनों में से प्रत्येक 1000 रुपये बचाता है, तो X की आय (रुपये में) ज्ञात कीजिए।

- A. 3500
- B. 2500
- C. 2200
- D. 4200
- E. 2000

Answer: B

Sol:

दी गई जानकारी:

X : Y की आय का अनुपात = 5 : 4

X : Y के व्यय का अनुपात = 3 : 2

दोनों में से प्रत्येक की बचत = 1000 रुपये प्रत्येक

प्रयुक्त अवधारणा/सूत्र:

आय – व्यय = बचत

माना आय 5x और 4x है

माना व्यय 3y और 2y है

व्याख्या:

X के लिए:

आय – व्यय = बचत

5x – 3y = 1000(1)

For Y:

4x – 2y = 1000(2)

समीकरण (2) को 3 से गुणा करने पर:

12x – 6y = 3000(3)

समीकरण (1) को 2 से गुणा करने पर:

10x – 6y = 2000(4)

(3) में से (4) घटाने पर:

(12x – 6y) – (10x – 6y) = 3000 – 2000

2x = 1000

x = 500

X की आय = 5x = 5 × 500 = Rs 2500

Q.44 A और B किसी काम को क्रमशः 12 दिनों और 18 दिनों में पूरा कर सकते हैं। वे एक साथ काम करना शुरू करते हैं, लेकिन 4 दिनों के बाद, A काम छोड़ देता है। शेष काम को B अकेले कितने दिनों में पूरा करेगा?

- A. 7
- B. 5

- C. 4
- D. 8
- E. 12

Answer: D

Sol:

दी गई जानकारी:

A द्वारा लिया गया समय = 12 दिन

B द्वारा लिया गया समय = 18 दिन

वे 4 दिनों तक एक साथ काम करते हैं

उसके बाद, A छोड़ देता है

प्रयुक्त अवधारणा/सूत्र:

1 दिन में किया गया काम = 1 / समय

कुल काम = 12 और 18 का लघुत्तम समापवर्त्य (LCM) = 36 इकाई

Explanation:

A द्वारा 1 दिन में किया गया काम = 36 / 12 = 3 इकाई

B द्वारा 1 दिन में किया गया काम = 36 / 18 = 2 इकाई

एक साथ प्रतिदिन का काम = 3 + 2 = 5 इकाई

4 दिनों में किया गया काम = 5 × 4 = 20 इकाई

शेष काम = 36 - 20 = 16 इकाई

अब B अकेले शेष काम पूरा करता है:

अभीष्ट दिन = 16 / 2 = 8 दिन

Q.45 एक मेज और एक कुर्सी का कुल क्रय मूल्य 400 रुपये है। मेज को 25% के लाभ पर बेचा जाता है और कुर्सी को 25% के लाभ पर बेचा जाता है। दोनों वस्तुओं का एक साथ कुल विक्रय मूल्य (रुपये में) ज्ञात कीजिए।

- A. 500
- B. 480
- C. 550
- D. 620
- E. इनमें से कोई नहीं

Answer: A

Sol:

दी गई जानकारी:

मेज + कुर्सी का क्रय मूल्य (CP) = 400 रुपये

मेज पर लाभ = 25%

कुर्सी पर लाभ = 25%

प्रयुक्त अवधारणा/सूत्र:

विक्रय मूल्य (SP) = CP × (1 + लाभ%)

चूंकि दोनों वस्तुओं पर लाभ % समान है, इसलिए हम इसे सीधे कुल CP पर लागू कर सकते हैं

Explanation:

कुल क्रय मूल्य = 400 रुपये

दोनों वस्तुएं 25% लाभ पर बेची जाती हैं, इसलिए समग्र लाभ = 25%

कुल विक्रय मूल्य = $400 \times \left(1 + \frac{25}{100}\right)$

= 400×1.25

= 500 रुपये

Q.46 दो कारों A और B की गति 3 : 2 के अनुपात में है। कार A, 4 घंटे के लिए यात्रा करती है, जबकि कार B, 5 घंटे के लिए यात्रा करती है। यदि दोनों कारों द्वारा तय की गई दूरी के बीच का अंतर 20 किमी है, तो कार B की गति (किमी/घंटा में) ज्ञात कीजिए।

- A. 30
- B. 10
- C. 20
- D. 25
- E. 15

Answer: C

Sol:

दी गई जानकारी:

A : B की गति का अनुपात = 3 : 2

A द्वारा लिया गया समय = 4 घंटे

B द्वारा लिया गया समय = 5 घंटे

दूरियों में अंतर = 20 किमी

प्रयुक्त अवधारणा/सूत्र:

गति = दूरी / समय

माना गति 3x और 2x है

दूरी = गति × समय

व्याख्या:

माना A की गति = 3x किमी/घंटा

माना B की गति = 2x किमी/घंटा

A द्वारा तय की गई दूरी = 3x × 4 = 12x

B द्वारा तय की गई दूरी = 2x × 5 = 10x

दूरी में अंतर = 12x – 10x = 2x

दिया गया है,

2x = 20

x = 10

B की गति = 2x = 2 × 10 = 20 किमी/घंटा

Q.47 दो व्यक्तियों **A** और **B** ने एक साझेदारी शुरू की। **A** ने पूरे वर्ष के लिए **4000** रुपये का निवेश किया, जबकि **B** ने **8** महीने के लिए **6000** रुपये का निवेश किया। यदि वर्ष के अंत में कुल लाभ **4400** रुपये है, तो लाभ में **A** का हिस्सा (रुपये में) ज्ञात कीजिए।

- A. 3000
- B. 3200
- C. 2000
- D. 2200
- E. 1800

Answer: D

Sol:

दी गई जानकारी:

A ने 12 महीने के लिए 4000 रुपये का निवेश किया

B ने 8 महीने के लिए 6000 रुपये का निवेश किया

कुल लाभ = 4400 रुपये

प्रयुक्त अवधारणा/सूत्र:

लाभ ∝ (निवेश × समय)

लाभ का अनुपात = A : B का (निवेश × समय)

Explanation:

A का निवेश = 4000 × 12 = 48000

B का निवेश = 6000 × 8 = 48000

लाभ का अनुपात A : B = 48000 : 48000 = 1 : 1

कुल भाग = 1 + 1 = 2

A का हिस्सा = (1 / 2) × 4400 = 2200 रुपये

Q.48 एक दुकानदार एक वस्तु पर उसके क्रय मूल्य से **20%** अधिक मूल्य अंकित करता है और ऐसी छूट देता है कि उसे क्रय मूल्य पर **10%** का लाभ होता है। यदि अंकित मूल्य **600** रुपये है, तो वस्तु का विक्रय मूल्य (रुपये में) ज्ञात कीजिए।

- A. 500
- B. 450
- C. 550
- D. 650
- E. 600

Answer: C

Sol:

दी गई जानकारी:

अंकित मूल्य (MP) = 600 रुपये

क्रय मूल्य (CP) से 20% अधिक अंकित किया गया

लाभ = क्रय मूल्य पर 10%

प्रयुक्त अवधारणा/सूत्र:

MP = CP × (1 + मार्कअप%)

SP = CP × (1 + लाभ%)

Explanation:

MP = CP × 1.20

600 = CP × 1.20

CP = 600 / 1.20 = 500 रुपये

अब, लाभ CP पर 10% है:

SP = CP × 1.10

SP = 500 × 1.10 = 550 रुपये

Q.49 4 व्यक्तियों **A, B, C** और **D** की औसत आयु 25 वर्ष है। **A, B** और **C** की आयु क्रमशः 20 वर्ष, 24 वर्ष और 26 वर्ष है। **D** की आयु (वर्ष में) ज्ञात कीजिए।

A. 30
B. 25
C. 35
D. 20
E. 10

Answer: A

Sol:
दी गई जानकारी:
A, B, C, D की औसत आयु = 25 वर्ष
व्यक्तियों की संख्या = 4
A, B, C की आयु = 20, 24, 26 वर्ष
प्रयुक्त अवधारणा/सूत्र:
औसत = कुल योग / व्यक्तियों की संख्या
कुल योग = औसत × व्यक्तियों की संख्या
व्याख्या:
सभी 4 व्यक्तियों की कुल आयु = 25 × 4 = 100
A, B, C की आयु का योग = 20 + 24 + 26 = 70
D की आयु = कुल आयु – A, B, C का योग
D की आयु = 100 – 70 = 30

Q.50 एक आदमी अपनी मासिक आय का 10% खरीदारी पर खर्च करता है। शेष आय में से, वह 20% भोजन पर खर्च करता है। ये खर्च करने के बाद, वह 7200 रुपये बचाता है। उसकी कुल मासिक आय (रुपये में) ज्ञात कीजिए।

A. 11000
B. 12000
C. 10000
D. 10500
E. 12500

Answer: C

Sol:
दी गई जानकारी:
खरीदारी पर आय का 10% खर्च किया गया
शेष = 90%
शेष का 20% भोजन पर खर्च किया गया
बचत = 7200 रुपये
प्रयुक्त अवधारणा/सूत्र:
क्रमिक प्रतिशत अवधारणा
Explanation:
माना कुल आय = 100x
खरीदारी पर खर्च किया गया = 10x
शेष = 90x
भोजन पर खर्च किया गया = 90x का 20% = 18x
कुल खर्च = 10x + 18x = 28x
बचत = 100x – 28x = 72x
दिया गया है,
72x = 7200
=> x = 100
कुल आय = 100x = 100 × 100 = 10000 रुपये

Q.51 निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में प्रश्नवाचक चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर क्या आएगा।
78 × 26 ÷ 6 + 1262 = 1311 + ?²

A. 17
B. 22
C. 15
D. 13
E. 19

Answer: A

Sol: $78 \times 26 \div 6 + 1262 = 1311 + ?^2$
 $2028 \div 6 + 1262 = 1311 + ?^2$
 $338 + 1262 = 1311 + ?^2$
 $?^2 = 1600 - 1311 = 289$
 $? = \sqrt{289} = 17$

- Q.52** $15 \times 7 \times 10 + 15 \times 7 = ?$
निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह (?) के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?
- A. 1330
 - B. 1345
 - C. 1335
 - D. 1155
 - E. 1365

Answer: D

Sol: $15 \times 7 \times 10 + 15 \times 7 = ?$
 $15 \times 7 \times (10 + 11) = ?$
 $105 \times 11 = ?$
 $1155 = ?$

- Q.53** $(? \times 48) \div 6 + 2^6 = 96$
निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह (?) के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?
- A. 5
 - B. 4
 - C. 7
 - D. 8
 - E. 2

Answer: B

Sol: $(? \times 48) \times \frac{1}{6} = 32$
 $? = 4$

- Q.54** $?^2 + 23 = 280$ का 85% - 94
निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह (?) के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?
- A. 18
 - B. 11
 - C. 16
 - D. 14
 - E. 8

Answer: B

Sol: $?^2 + 23 = 85/100 \times 280 - 94$
 $?^2 = 121$
 $? = 11$

- Q.55** $(24\% \text{ of } 1250) \div \frac{3}{4} = ?$
निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में प्रश्नवाचक चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?
- A. 800
 - B. 1600
 - C. 40

- D. 4000
- E. 400

Answer: E

Sol: $\frac{24}{100} \times 1250 \times \frac{4}{3} = ?$
 $300 \times \frac{4}{3} = ?$
 $? = 400$

- Q.56 $775 - 450 \times \frac{3}{5} + 150 \div \frac{3}{7} = ?$
निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में प्रश्नवाचक चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?
- A. 1015
 - B. 945
 - C. 965
 - D. 985
 - E. 855

Answer: E

Sol: $775 - 270 + 350 = ?$
 $? = 775 + 180$
 $? = 855$

- Q.57 $\sqrt{(40 \text{ का } 35\% \times 10) + 29} = ?$
निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में प्रश्नवाचक चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?
- A. 13
 - B. 12
 - C. 15
 - D. 18
 - E. 20

Answer: A

Sol: $\sqrt{\frac{35}{100} \times 40 \times 10 + 29} = ?$
 $\sqrt{140 + 29} = ?$
 $? = 13$

- Q.58 $3\frac{1}{3} \times 5\frac{1}{5} \times 13\frac{11}{13} = ?$
निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में प्रश्नवाचक चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?
- A. 180
 - B. 360
 - C. 90
 - D. 240
 - E. 200

Answer: D

Sol: $\frac{10}{3} \times \frac{26}{5} \times \frac{180}{13} = ?$
 $? = 240$

Q.59 $(0.05 \times 6.25) \div 2.5 = ?$
निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह (?) के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?

A. 12.55
B. 0.125
C. 0.115
D. 1.25
E. इनमें से कोई नहीं

Answer: B

Sol: $? = \frac{0.3125}{2.5}$
 $? = 0.125$

Q.60 $486 \div ? \times 7392 \div 66 = 1008$
निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह (?) के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?

A. 54
B. 55
C. 52
D. 53
E. 51

Answer: A

Sol: $\frac{486}{?} \times \frac{7392}{66} = 1008$
 $\frac{486}{?} = \frac{1008}{112}$
 $? = \frac{486}{9}$
 $? = 54$

Q.61 $14\frac{2}{7}\% \text{ of } 4200 \div \sqrt{576} = (?)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह (?) के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?

A. 125
B. 225
C. 25
D. 5
E. 625

Answer: E

Sol: $\frac{100}{700} \times 4200 \times \frac{1}{24} = (?)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
 $25 = (?)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
 $? = 625$

Q.62 $\sqrt{961} + 450 \text{ का } 66.67\% = ? + 250 \text{ का } 20\%$
निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह (?) के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?

A. 190
B. 281
C. 320
D. 98
E. 109

Answer: B

Sol: $\sqrt{961} + 450$ का 66.67% = ? + 250 का 20%
 $31 + 300 = ? + 50$
 $281 = ?$

Q.63 $31.5 \div 3.5 \times 12 - 8 = ?$
निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में प्रश्नवाचक चिन्ह (?) के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?
A. 60
B. 90
C. 50
D. 100
E. 80

Answer: D

Sol: $108 - 8 = ?$
 $? = 100$

Q.64 $74 \times 2.5 + 13 \times 5 = ?$
निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में प्रश्नवाचक चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर क्या आएगा।
A. 250
B. 240
C. 230
D. 260
E. 270

Answer: A

Sol: $74 \times 2.5 + 13 \times 5 = ?$
 $185 + 65 = ?$
 $? = 250$

Q.65 $20.4 \times 5 - 32.40 \times 5 = ?$
निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में प्रश्नवाचक चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?
A. -60
B. 60
C. 20
D. -20
E. 65

Answer: A

Sol: $20.4 \times 5 - 32.40 \times 5 = ?$
 $102 - 162 = ?$
 $-60 = ?$

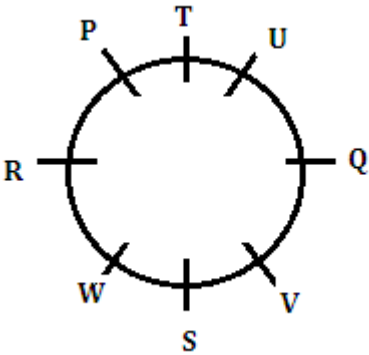
Q.66 निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सत्य है/हैं?
I. T का मुख S की ओर है
II. P, W के बगल में नहीं बैठा है
III. V, Q के बगल में नहीं बैठा है
निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।
आठ व्यक्ति – P, Q, R, S, T, U, V और W एक वृत्ताकार मेज के चारों ओर केंद्र की ओर मुख करके बैठे हैं, लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं कि इसी क्रम में बैठे हों।

Q, S से दो स्थान दूर बैठा है। S और P के बीच दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं और P, Q के आसन्न नहीं बैठा है। W, P के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। T और वह व्यक्ति जो W के विपरीत बैठा है, निकटतम पड़ोसी हैं। Q और W के बीच उतने ही व्यक्ति बैठे हैं जितने T और V के बीच बैठे हैं। R, V के बायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है।

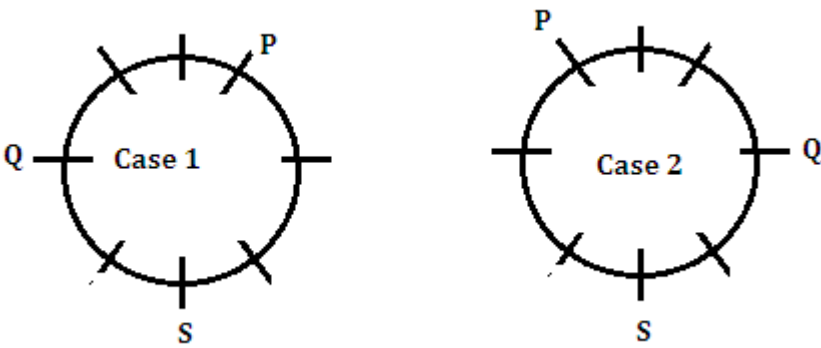
- A. केवल I
- B. I और II दोनों
- C. II और III दोनों
- D. केवल II
- E. केवल III

Answer: B

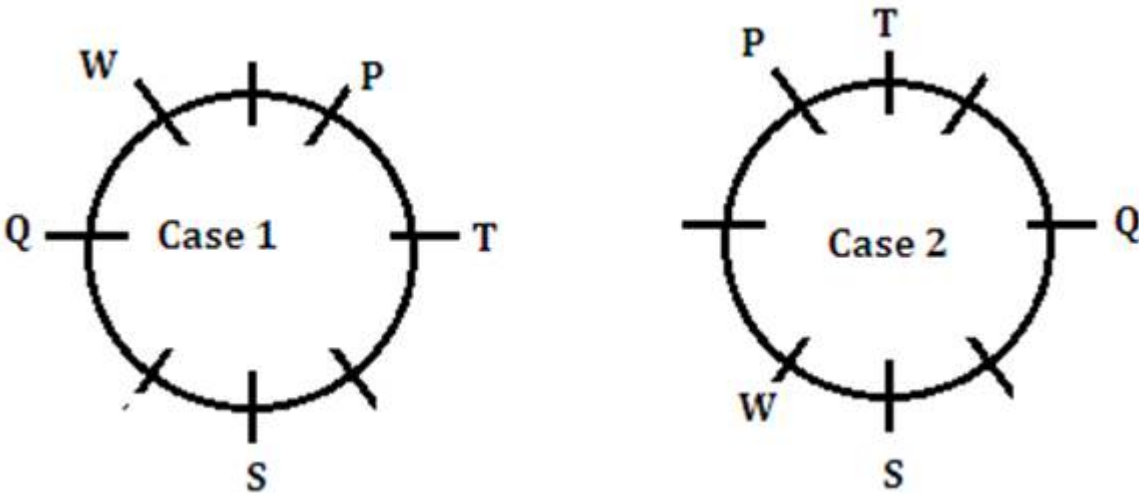
Sol: अंतिम व्यवस्था:



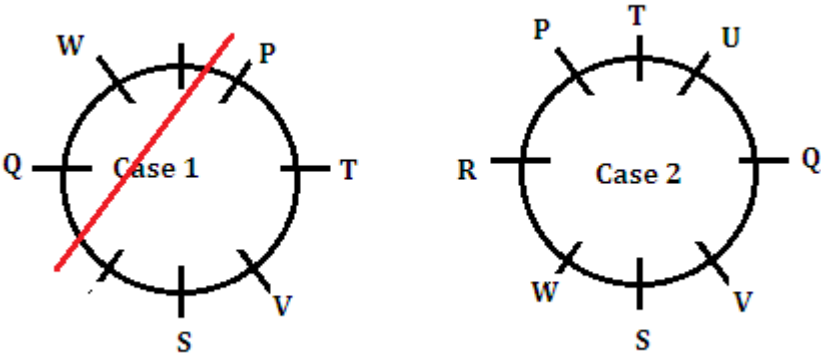
संकेत: Q, S से दो स्थान दूर बैठा है। S और P के बीच दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं और P, Q के आसन्न नहीं बैठा है।
निष्कर्ष: हमारे पास दो संभावित स्थितियां हैं:



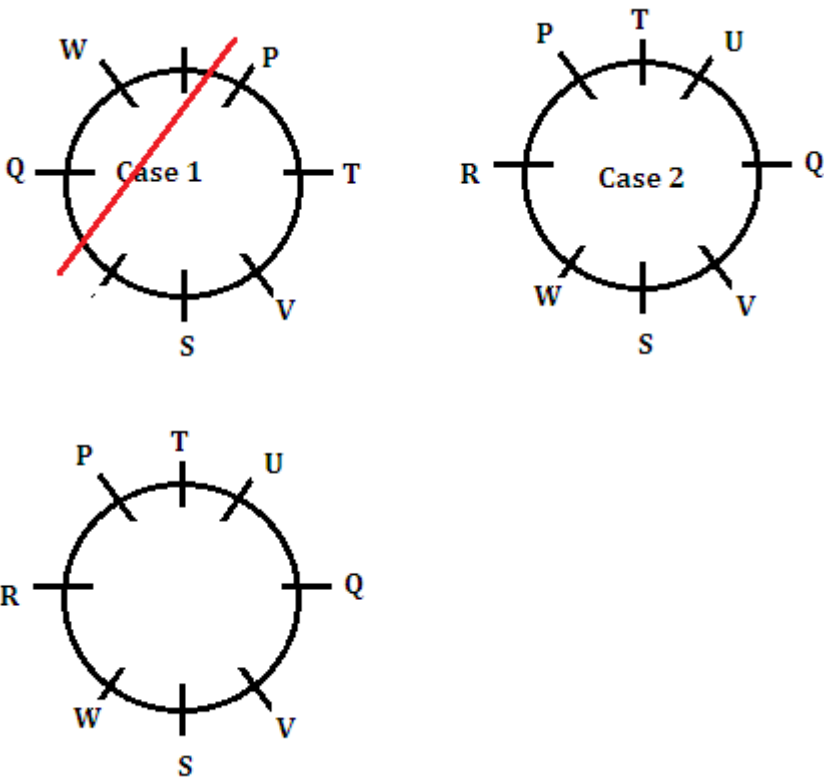
संकेत: W, P के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। T और वह व्यक्ति जो W के विपरीत बैठा है, निकटतम पड़ोसी हैं।
निष्कर्ष: उपरोक्त संकेतों को दोनों स्थितियों में व्यवस्थित किया गया है:



संकेत: Q और W के बीच उतने ही व्यक्ति बैठे हैं जितने T और V के बीच बैठे हैं। R, V के बायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है।
निष्कर्ष: स्थिति 1 यहां रद्द हो जाती है।



निष्कर्ष: अंतिम व्यवस्था है:



I और II दोनों।

Q.67 Q के बायें से गिनने पर **Q** और **P** के बीच कितने व्यक्ति बैठे हैं?

निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।

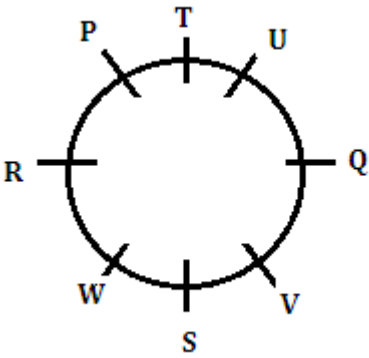
आठ व्यक्ति – P, Q, R, S, T, U, V और W एक वृत्ताकार मेज के चारों ओर केंद्र की ओर मुख करके बैठे हैं, लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं कि इसी क्रम में बैठे हों।

Q, S से दो स्थान दूर बैठा है। S और P के बीच दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं और P, Q के आसन्न नहीं बैठा है। W, P के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। T और वह व्यक्ति जो W के विपरीत बैठा है, निकटतम पड़ोसी हैं। Q और W के बीच उतने ही व्यक्ति बैठे हैं जितने T और V के बीच बैठे हैं। R, V के बायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है।

- A. एक
- B. दो
- C. तीन
- D. चार
- E. चार से अधिक

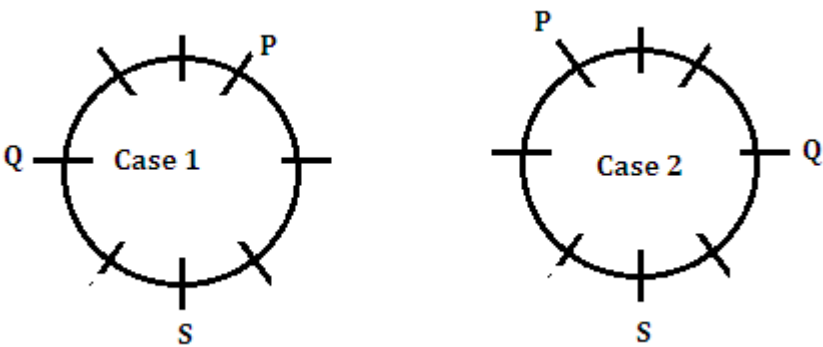
Answer: D

Sol: अंतिम व्यवस्था:



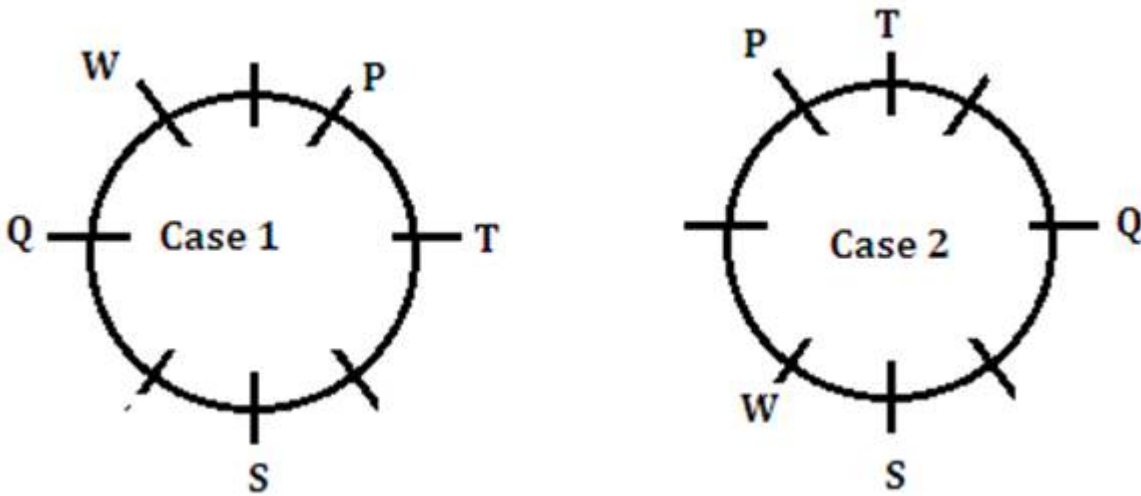
संकेत: Q, S से दो स्थान दूर बैठा है। S और P के बीच दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं और P, Q के आसन्न नहीं बैठा है।

निष्कर्ष: हमारे पास दो संभावित स्थितियां हैं:

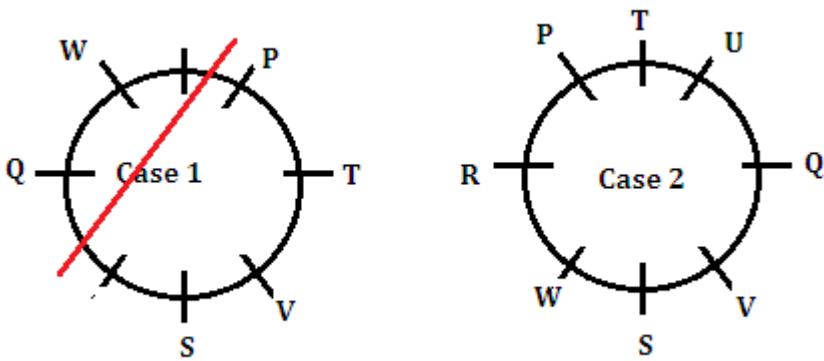


संकेत: W, P के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। T और वह व्यक्ति जो W के विपरीत बैठा है, निकटतम पड़ोसी हैं।

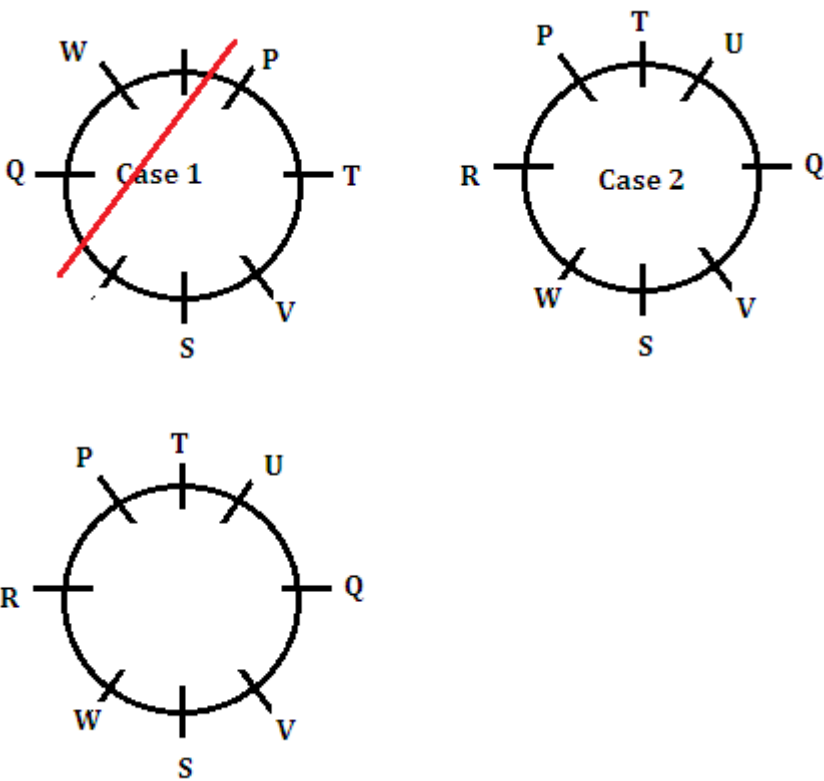
निष्कर्ष: उपरोक्त संकेतों को दोनों स्थितियों में व्यवस्थित किया गया है:



संकेत: Q और W के बीच उतने ही व्यक्ति बैठे हैं जितने T और V के बीच बैठे हैं। R, V के बायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है।
निष्कर्ष: स्थिति 1 यहां रद्द हो जाती है।



निष्कर्ष: अंतिम व्यवस्था है:



Q के बायें से गिनने पर Q और P के बीच चार व्यक्ति बैठे हैं।

Q.68 यदि सभी व्यक्ति P से वामावर्त दिशा में वर्णमाला के क्रम में बैठते हैं, तो कितने व्यक्ति अपने स्थान पर अपरिवर्तित रहेंगे (P को छोड़कर)?

निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।

आठ व्यक्ति – P, Q, R, S, T, U, V और W एक वृत्ताकार मेज के चारों ओर केंद्र की ओर मुख करके बैठे हैं, लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं कि इसी क्रम में बैठे हों।

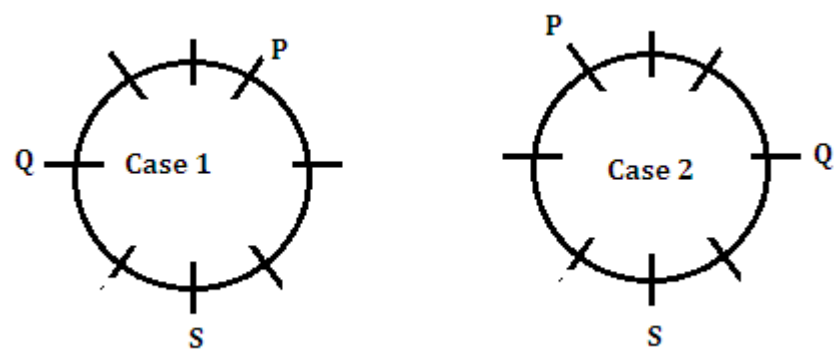
Q, S से दो स्थान दूर बैठा है। S और P के बीच दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं और P, Q के आसन्न नहीं बैठा है। W, P के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। T और वह व्यक्ति जो W के विपरीत बैठा है, निकटतम पड़ोसी हैं। Q और W के बीच उतने ही व्यक्ति बैठे हैं जितने T और V के बीच बैठे हैं। R, V के बायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है।

- A. एक
- B. दो
- C. कोई नहीं
- D. चार
- E. तीन

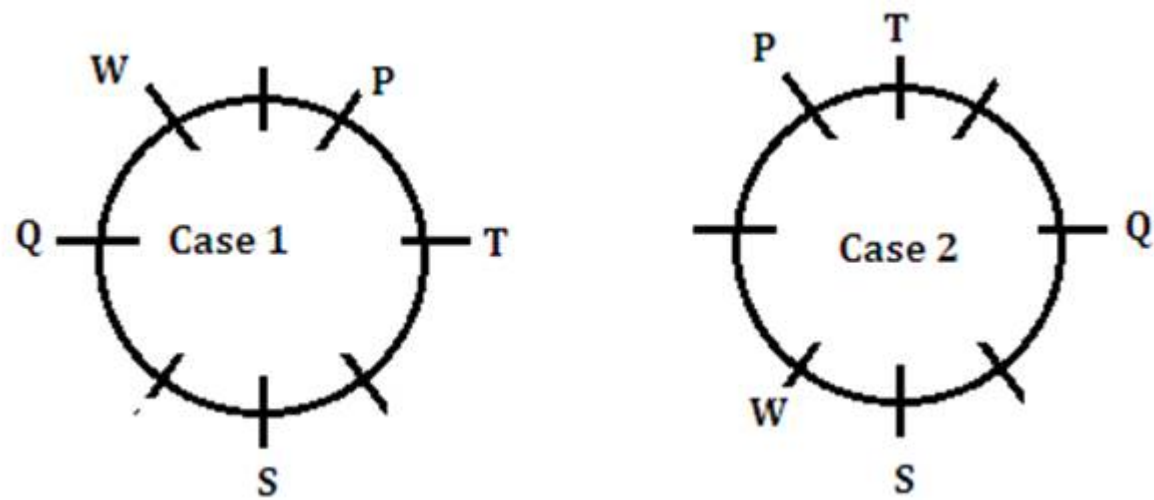
Answer: A

Sol: अंतिम व्यवस्था:

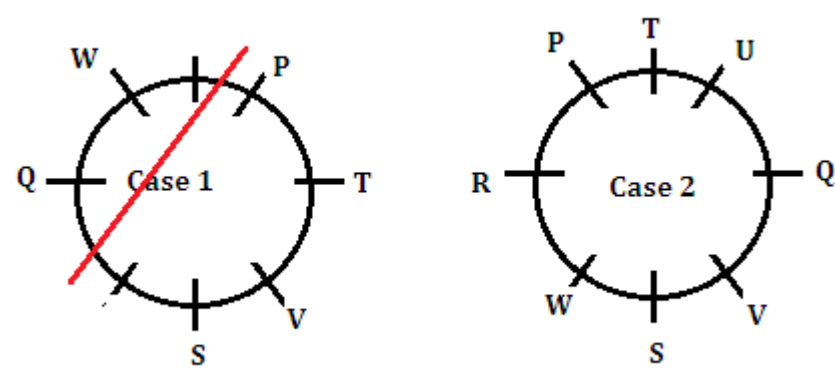
संकेत: Q, S से दो स्थान दूर बैठा है। S और P के बीच दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं और P, Q के आसन्न नहीं बैठा है।
निष्कर्ष: हमारे पास दो संभावित स्थितियां हैं:



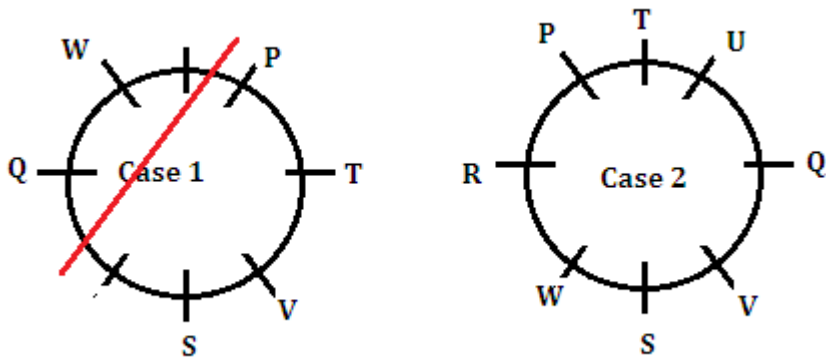
संकेत: W, P के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। T और वह व्यक्ति जो W के विपरीत बैठा है, निकटतम पड़ोसी हैं।
निष्कर्ष: उपरोक्त संकेतों को दोनों स्थितियों में व्यवस्थित किया गया है:



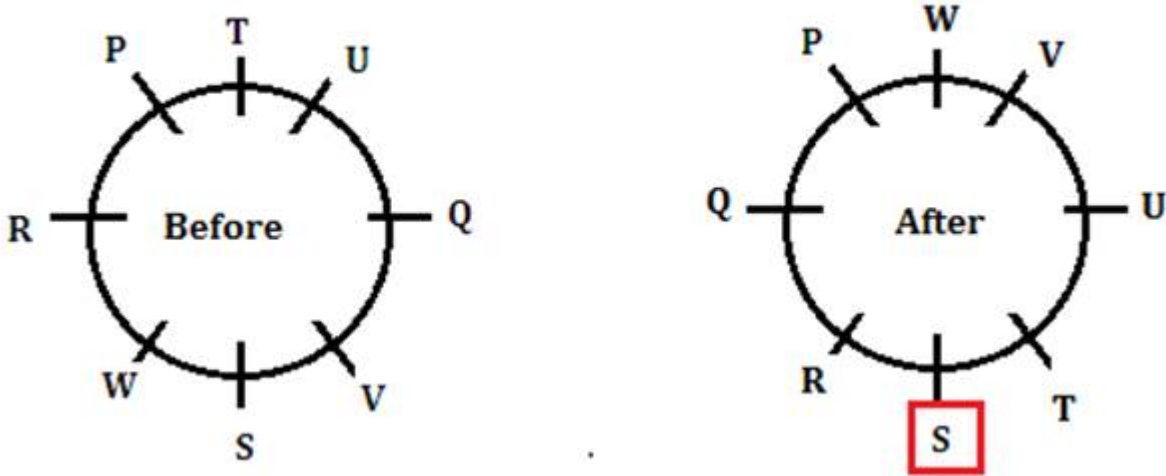
संकेत: Q और W के बीच उतने ही व्यक्ति बैठे हैं जितने T और V के बीच बैठे हैं। R, V के बायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है।
निष्कर्ष: स्थिति 1 यहां रद्द हो जाती है।



निष्कर्ष: अंतिम व्यवस्था है:



पुनर्व्यवस्थित करने के बाद, केवल S अपरिवर्तित रहेगा।



Q.69 U के सापेक्ष में S का स्थान क्या है?

निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।

आठ व्यक्ति – P, Q, R, S, T, U, V और W एक वृत्ताकार मेज के चारों ओर केंद्र की ओर मुख करके बैठे हैं, लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं कि इसी क्रम में बैठे हों।

Q, S से दो स्थान दूर बैठा है। S और P के बीच दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं और P, Q के आसन्न नहीं बैठा है। W, P के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। T और वह व्यक्ति जो W के विपरीत बैठा है, निकटतम पड़ोसी हैं। Q और W के बीच उतने ही व्यक्ति बैठे हैं जितने T और V के बीच बैठे हैं। R, V के बायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है।

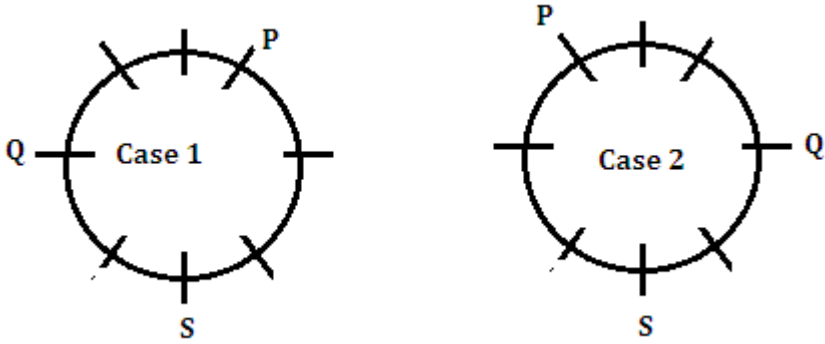
- A. ठीक बायें
- B. दायें से दूसरे
- C. ठीक दायें
- D. बायें से दूसरे
- E. बायें से तीसरे

Answer: E

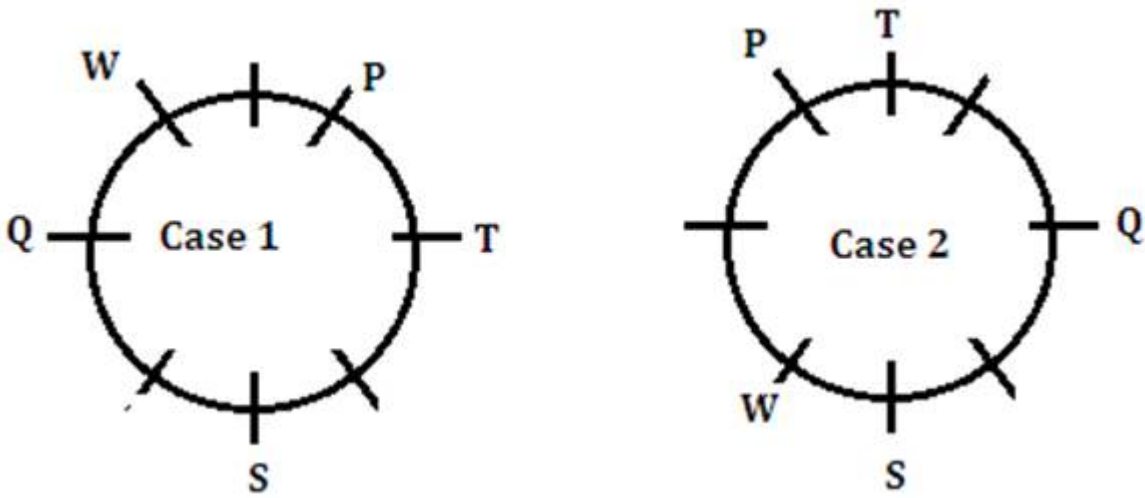
Sol: अंतिम व्यवस्था:

संकेत: Q, S से दो स्थान दूर बैठा है। S और P के बीच दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं और P, Q के आसन्न नहीं बैठा है।

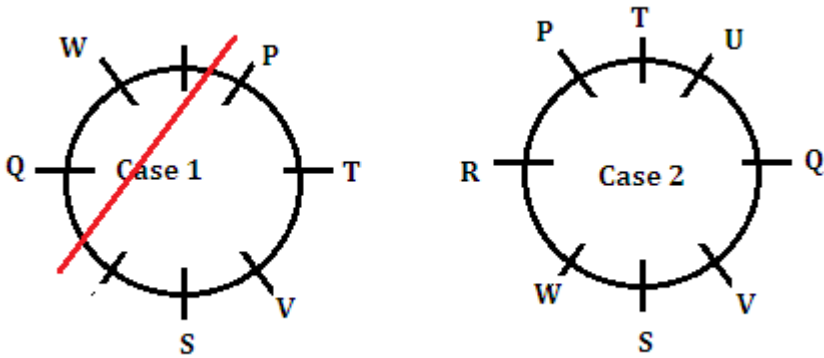
निष्कर्ष: हमारे पास दो संभावित स्थितियां हैं:



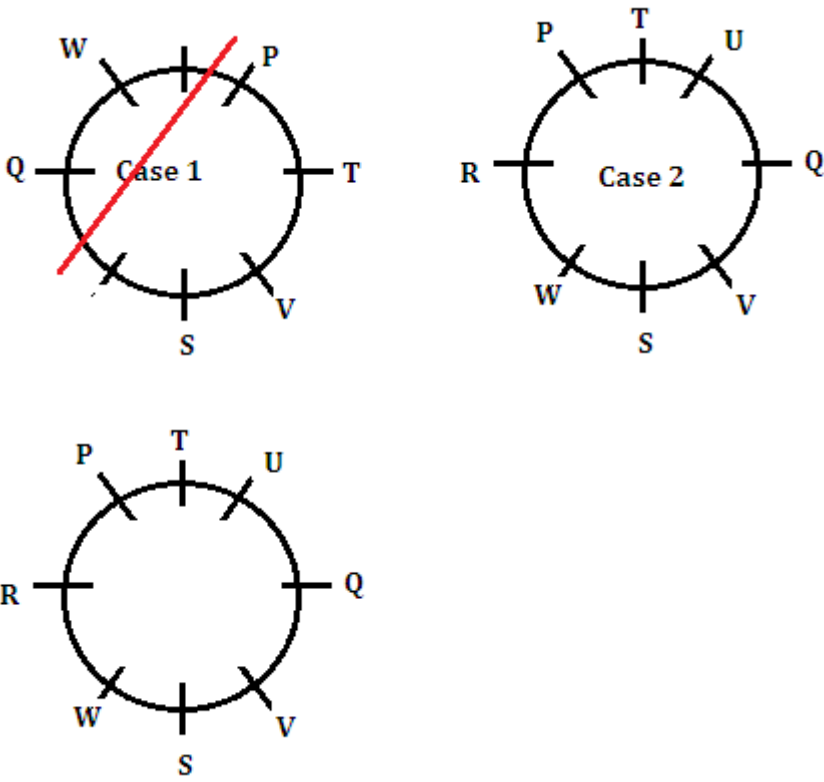
संकेत: W, P के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। T और वह व्यक्ति जो W के विपरीत बैठा है, निकटतम पड़ोसी हैं।
निष्कर्ष: उपरोक्त संकेतों को दोनों स्थितियों में व्यवस्थित किया गया है:



संकेत: Q और W के बीच उतने ही व्यक्ति बैठे हैं जितने T और V के बीच बैठे हैं। R, V के बायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है।
निष्कर्ष: स्थिति 1 यहां रद्द हो जाती है।



निष्कर्ष: अंतिम व्यवस्था है:



बायें से तीसरे स्थान पर।

Q.70 निम्नलिखित व्यक्तियों में से कौन **R** के विपरीत बैठा है?

निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।

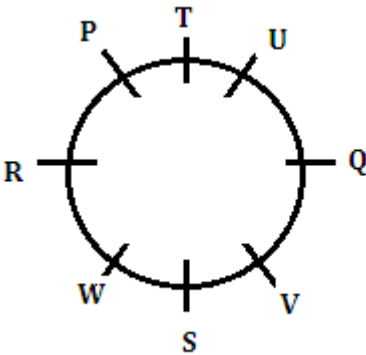
आठ व्यक्ति – P, Q, R, S, T, U, V और W एक वृत्ताकार मेज के चारों ओर केंद्र की ओर मुख करके बैठे हैं, लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं कि इसी क्रम में बैठे हों।

Q, S से दो स्थान दूर बैठा है। S और P के बीच दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं और P, Q के आसन्न नहीं बैठा है। W, P के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। T और वह व्यक्ति जो W के विपरीत बैठा है, निकटतम पड़ोसी हैं। Q और W के बीच उतने ही व्यक्ति बैठे हैं जितने T और V के बीच बैठे हैं। R, V के बायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है।

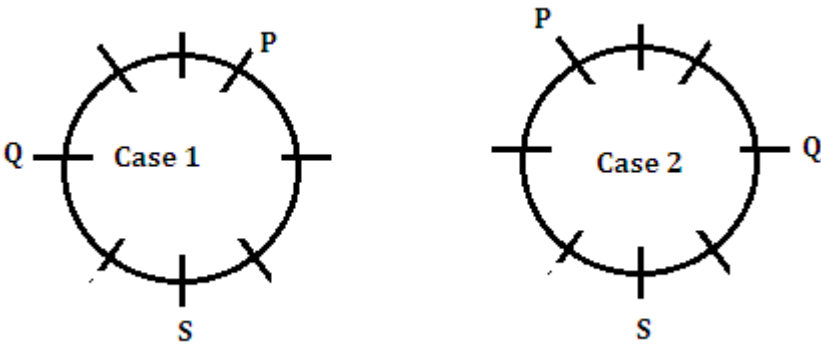
- A. T
- B. U
- C. P
- D. Q
- E. S

Answer: D

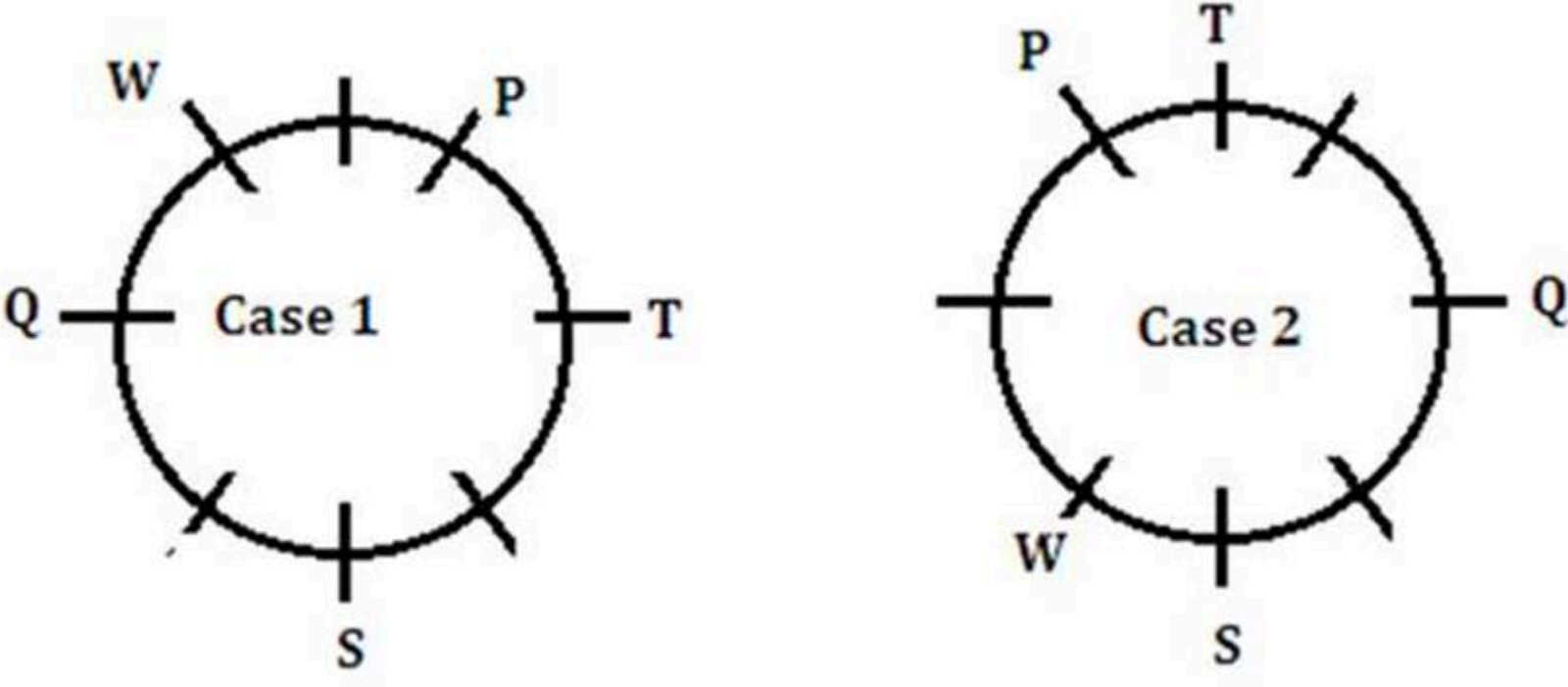
Sol: अंतिम व्यवस्था:



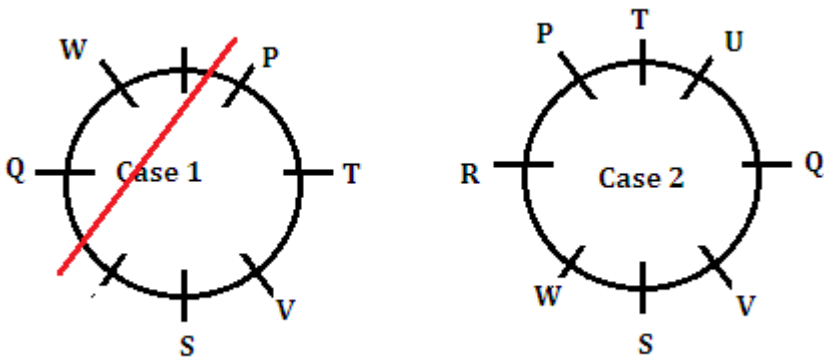
संकेत: Q, S से दो स्थान दूर बैठा है। S और P के बीच दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं और P, Q के आसन्न नहीं बैठा है।
निष्कर्ष: हमारे पास दो संभावित स्थितियां हैं:



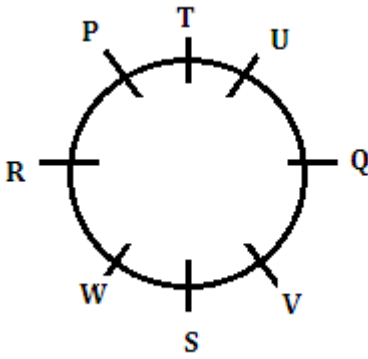
संकेत: W, P के दायें से दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। T और वह व्यक्ति जो W के विपरीत बैठा है, निकटतम पड़ोसी हैं।
निष्कर्ष: उपरोक्त संकेतों को दोनों स्थितियों में व्यवस्थित किया गया है:



संकेत: Q और W के बीच उतने ही व्यक्ति बैठे हैं जितने T और V के बीच बैठे हैं। R, V के बायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है।
निष्कर्ष: स्थिति 1 यहां रद्द हो जाती है।



निष्कर्ष: अंतिम व्यवस्था है:



Q, R के विपरीत बैठा है।

Q.71 यदि शब्द **“GEOSTATIC”** के (बाएं छोर से) पहले, छठे, सातवें और नौवें अक्षरों का उपयोग करके एक अर्थपूर्ण शब्द बनाया जाता है, तो निर्मित अर्थपूर्ण शब्द के बाएं छोर से दूसरा अक्षर निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा होगा? यदि ऐसे एक से अधिक शब्द बन सकते हैं, तो अपने उत्तर के रूप में Z को चिह्नित करें। यदि कोई अर्थपूर्ण शब्द नहीं बनता है, तो अपने उत्तर के रूप में X को चिह्नित करें।

- A. G
- B. T
- C. C
- D. Z
- E. X

Answer: E

Sol: शब्द = G E O S T A T I C
स्थान:
पहला = G
छठा = A
सातवाँ = T
नौवा = C
कोई अर्थपूर्ण शब्द नहीं बनता है।

Q.72 ‘big’ के लिए कूट क्या है?
निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।
“Meticulous plan ensures win” को “sm kl rn vr” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है
“Win ensures patience focus” को “vr bz ps kl” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है
“Future demands patience plan” को “bz hi jr rn” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है
“Focus ensures big meticulous” को “vr ps ir sm” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है

- A. ps
- B. rn
- C. kl
- D. ir
- E. sm

Answer: D

Sol: हल:

Big को “ir” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है

- Q.73** किस शब्द युग्म को ‘rn bz’ के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है?
- निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।
- “Meticulous plan ensures win” को “sm kl rn vr” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है
- “Win ensures patience focus” को “vr bz ps kl” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है
- “Future demands patience plan” को “bz hi jr rn” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है
- “Focus ensures big meticulous” को “vr ps ir sm” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है
- A. Plan meticulous

B. Patience future

C. Ensures plan

D. Demands focus

E. Plan patience

Answer: E

Sol:

हल:

Plan patience

- Q.74** निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सत्य है/हैं?
- I. ‘Win’ को ‘kl’ के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है।
- II. ‘Ensures’ को ‘vr’ के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है।
- III. ‘Meticulous’ को ‘sm’ के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है।
- निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।
- “Meticulous plan ensures win” को “sm kl rn vr” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है
- “Win ensures patience focus” को “vr bz ps kl” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है
- “Future demands patience plan” को “bz hi jr rn” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है
- “Focus ensures big meticulous” को “vr ps ir sm” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है
- A. केवल I

B. I और II दोनों

C. केवल III

D. II और III दोनों

E. सभी I, II और III

Answer: E

Sol:

हल:

सभी I, II और III

- Q.75** ‘demands’ के लिए कूट क्या है?
निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।
“Meticulous plan ensures win” को “sm kl rn vr” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है
“Win ensures patience focus” को “vr bz ps kl” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है
“Future demands patience plan” को “bz hi jr rn” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है
“Focus ensures big meticulous” को “vr ps ir sm” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है
- A. ir

B. jr

C. निर्धारित नहीं किया जा सकता

D. hi

E. ps

Answer: C

Sol:

हल:

निर्धारित नहीं किया जा सकता

- Q.76** निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा शब्द युग्म ‘Win focus’ के लिए कूट है?
निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।
“Meticulous plan ensures win” को “sm kl rn vr” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है
“Win ensures patience focus” को “vr bz ps kl” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है
“Future demands patience plan” को “bz hi jr rn” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है
“Focus ensures big meticulous” को “vr ps ir sm” के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है
- A. ir hi

B. ps bz

C. kl ps

D. ps ir

E. bz ir

Answer: C

Sol: हल:

“kl ir” शब्द युग्म ‘Win focus’ के लिए कूट है।

Q.77 कथन: $C < G = L \geq S > X \leq A = F$

निष्कर्ष:

I. $G > X$

II. $F > C$

इस प्रश्न में, विभिन्न तत्वों के बीच संबंध कथनों में दर्शाया गया है। कथनों के बाद दो निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। उत्तर दें:

- A. यदि केवल निष्कर्ष I सत्य है
- B. यदि केवल निष्कर्ष II सत्य है
- C. यदि या तो निष्कर्ष I या II सत्य है
- D. यदि न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही II सत्य है
- E. यदि निष्कर्ष I और II दोनों सत्य हैं

Answer: A

Sol: I. $G > X$ (सत्य)
II. $F > C$ (असत्य)

Q.78 कथन:

$F = R \geq Q < P; H > Q \leq J$

निष्कर्ष:

I. $H > R$

II. $J \geq F$

निम्नलिखित कथनों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और उनके बाद दिए गए दो निष्कर्षों I और II को पढ़ें। कथनों को सत्य मानें भले ही वे प्रतिदिन के तथ्यों का खंडन करते हों, और फिर तय करें कि कौन सा/से निष्कर्ष तार्किक रूप से अनुसरण करता/करते है/हैं।

- A. यदि केवल निष्कर्ष I सत्य है
- B. यदि केवल निष्कर्ष II सत्य है
- C. यदि या तो निष्कर्ष I या II सत्य है
- D. यदि न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही II सत्य है
- E. यदि दोनों निष्कर्ष I और II सत्य हैं

Answer: D

Sol: I. $H > R$ (असत्य)
II. $J \geq F$ (असत्य)

Q.79 कथन: $E > H \geq L < Q = U \leq Y > R$
निष्कर्ष:
I. $H < U$
II. $Y > E$

इस प्रश्न में, विभिन्न तत्वों के बीच संबंध कथनों में दर्शाया गया है। कथनों के बाद दो निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। उत्तर दें:

- A. यदि केवल निष्कर्ष I सत्य है
- B. यदि केवल निष्कर्ष II सत्य है
- C. यदि या तो निष्कर्ष I या II सत्य है
- D. यदि न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही II सत्य है
- E. यदि निष्कर्ष I और II दोनों सत्य हैं

Answer: D

Sol: I. $H < U$ (असत्य)
II. $Y > E$ (असत्य)

Q.80 कथन: $F > G = H \leq J; K < H = L$
निष्कर्ष:

I. $F > K$

II. $J \geq L$

निम्नलिखित कथनों और उनके बाद आने वाले दो निष्कर्षों I और II को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए। कथनों को सत्य मानिए, भले ही वे सामान्य तथ्यों से भिन्न प्रतीत हों, और फिर तय कीजिए कि कौन सा/से निष्कर्ष तार्किक रूप से अनुसरण करता/करते है/हैं।

- A. यदि केवल निष्कर्ष I सत्य है
- B. यदि केवल निष्कर्ष II सत्य है
- C. यदि या तो निष्कर्ष I या II सत्य है
- D. यदि न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही II सत्य है
- E. यदि निष्कर्ष I और II दोनों सत्य हैं

Answer: E

Sol: I. $F > K$ (सत्य)
II. $J \geq L$ (सत्य)

Q.81 रविवार को पिकनिक पर कौन जाता है?
निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

सात व्यक्ति- P, Q, R, S, T, U और V एक सप्ताह में सोमवार से शुरू करते हुए रविवार तक अलग-अलग दिनों में पिकनिक पर जाते हैं लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। प्रत्येक दिन केवल एक व्यक्ति पिकनिक पर जाता है।
U बुधवार को पिकनिक पर जाता है। U और T के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति जाता है। T और S के बीच केवल तीन व्यक्ति जाते हैं। Q, R के ठीक पहले जाता है। V, P के बाद पिकनिक पर जाता है लेकिन उनमें से कोई भी S से पहले नहीं जाता है।

- A. Q
- B. P
- C. V
- D. R
- E. इनमें से कोई नहीं

Answer: D

Sol: अंतिम व्यवस्था:

संकेत: U बुधवार को पिकनिक पर जाता है। U और T के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति जाता है। T और S के बीच केवल तीन व्यक्ति जाते हैं।
निष्कर्ष: हमारे पास दो संभावित स्थितियाँ हैं:

Days	Case 1	Case 2
	Persons	Persons
Monday	T	S
Tuesday		
Wednesday	U	U
Thursday		
Friday	S	T
Saturday		
Sunday		

संकेत: Q, R के ठीक पहले जाता है। V, P के बाद पिकनिक पर जाता है लेकिन उनमें से कोई भी S से पहले नहीं जाता है।
निष्कर्ष: स्थिति 1 समाप्त हो जाती है।

Days	Case 1	Case 2
	Persons	Persons
Monday	T	S
Tuesday		P
Wednesday	U	U
Thursday		V
Friday	S	T
Saturday	Q	Q
Sunday	R	R

निष्कर्ष: अंतिम व्यवस्था है:

R रविवार को पिकनिक पर जाता है।

Q.82 निम्नलिखित में से किस दिन S पिकनिक पर जाता है?

निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

सात व्यक्ति- P, Q, R, S, T, U और V एक सप्ताह में सोमवार से शुरू करते हुए रविवार तक अलग-अलग दिनों में पिकनिक पर जाते हैं लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। प्रत्येक दिन केवल एक व्यक्ति पिकनिक पर जाता है।
U बुधवार को पिकनिक पर जाता है। U और T के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति जाता है। T और S के बीच केवल तीन व्यक्ति जाते हैं। Q, R के ठीक पहले जाता है। V, P के बाद पिकनिक पर जाता है लेकिन उनमें से कोई भी S से पहले नहीं जाता है।

- A. मंगलवार
- B. सोमवार
- C. रविवार
- D. शुक्रवार

E. इनमें से कोई नहीं

Answer: B

Sol: अंतिम व्यवस्था:

संकेत: U बुधवार को पिकनिक पर जाता है। U और T के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति जाता है। T और S के बीच केवल तीन व्यक्ति जाते हैं।
निष्कर्ष: हमारे पास दो संभावित स्थितियाँ हैं:

Days	Case 1	Case 2
	Persons	Persons
Monday	T	S
Tuesday		
Wednesday	U	U
Thursday		
Friday	S	T
Saturday		
Sunday		

संकेत: Q, R के ठीक पहले जाता है। V, P के बाद पिकनिक पर जाता है लेकिन उनमें से कोई भी S से पहले नहीं जाता है।
निष्कर्ष: स्थिति 1 समाप्त हो जाती है।

Days	Case 1	Case 2
	Persons	Persons
Monday	T	S
Tuesday		P
Wednesday	U	U
Thursday		V
Friday	S	T
Saturday	Q	Q
Sunday	R	R

निष्कर्ष: अंतिम व्यवस्था है:

S सोमवार को पिकनिक पर जाता है।

Q.83 V के बाद कितने व्यक्ति जाते हैं?
निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।
सात व्यक्ति- P, Q, R, S, T, U और V एक सप्ताह में सोमवार से शुरू करते हुए रविवार तक अलग-अलग दिनों में पिकनिक पर जाते हैं लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों।
प्रत्येक दिन केवल एक व्यक्ति पिकनिक पर जाता है।
U बुधवार को पिकनिक पर जाता है। U और T के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति जाता है। T और S के बीच केवल तीन व्यक्ति जाते हैं। Q, R के ठीक पहले जाता है। V, P के बाद पिकनिक पर जाता है लेकिन उनमें से कोई भी S से पहले नहीं जाता है।

A. चार

- B. दो
- C. तीन
- D. एक
- E. चार से अधिक

Answer: C

Sol: अंतिम व्यवस्था:

संकेत: U बुधवार को पिकनिक पर जाता है। U और T के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति जाता है। T और S के बीच केवल तीन व्यक्ति जाते हैं।
निष्कर्ष: हमारे पास दो संभावित स्थितियाँ हैं:

Days	Case 1	Case 2
	Persons	Persons
Monday	T	S
Tuesday		
Wednesday	U	U
Thursday		
Friday	S	T
Saturday		
Sunday		

संकेत: Q, R के ठीक पहले जाता है। V, P के बाद पिकनिक पर जाता है लेकिन उनमें से कोई भी S से पहले नहीं जाता है।
निष्कर्ष: स्थिति 1 समाप्त हो जाती है।

Days	Case-1	Case 2
	Persons	Persons
Monday	T	S
Tuesday		P
Wednesday	U	U
Thursday		V
Friday	S	T
Saturday	Q	Q
Sunday	R	R

निष्कर्ष: अंतिम व्यवस्था है:

V के बाद तीन व्यक्ति जाते हैं।

Q.84 निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सत्य है?
निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।
सात व्यक्ति- P, Q, R, S, T, U और V एक सप्ताह में सोमवार से शुरू करते हुए रविवार तक अलग-अलग दिनों में पिकनिक पर जाते हैं लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। प्रत्येक दिन केवल एक व्यक्ति पिकनिक पर जाता है।
U बुधवार को पिकनिक पर जाता है। U और T के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति जाता है। T और S के बीच केवल तीन व्यक्ति जाते हैं। Q, R के ठीक पहले जाता है। V, P के बाद पिकनिक पर जाता है लेकिन उनमें से कोई भी S से पहले नहीं जाता है।

- A. V शुक्रवार को जाता है
- B. P, V से दो दिन पहले जाता है
- C. Q और R के बीच केवल दो व्यक्ति पिकनिक पर जाते हैं
- D. Q रविवार को जाता है
- E. कोई भी सत्य नहीं है

Answer: B

Sol: अंतिम व्यवस्था:

संकेत: U बुधवार को पिकनिक पर जाता है। U और T के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति जाता है। T और S के बीच केवल तीन व्यक्ति जाते हैं।
निष्कर्ष: हमारे पास दो संभावित स्थितियाँ हैं:

Days	Case 1	Case 2
	Persons	Persons
Monday	T	S
Tuesday		
Wednesday	U	U
Thursday		
Friday	S	T
Saturday		
Sunday		

संकेत: Q, R के ठीक पहले जाता है। V, P के बाद पिकनिक पर जाता है लेकिन उनमें से कोई भी S से पहले नहीं जाता है।
निष्कर्ष: स्थिति 1 समाप्त हो जाती है।

Days	Case-1	Case 2
	Persons	Persons
Monday	T	S
Tuesday		P
Wednesday	U	U
Thursday		V
Friday	S	T
Saturday	Q	Q
Sunday	R	R

निष्कर्ष: अंतिम व्यवस्था है:

(b) में दिया गया कथन सत्य है।

Q.85 मंगलवार को पिकनिक पर कौन जाता है?**निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।**
सात व्यक्ति- P, Q, R, S, T, U और V एक सप्ताह में सोमवार से शुरू करते हुए रविवार तक अलग-अलग दिनों में पिकनिक पर जाते हैं लेकिन आवश्यक नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। प्रत्येक दिन केवल एक व्यक्ति पिकनिक पर जाता है।
U बुधवार को पिकनिक पर जाता है। U और T के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति जाता है। T और S के बीच केवल तीन व्यक्ति जाते हैं। Q, R के ठीक पहले जाता है। V, P के बाद पिकनिक पर जाता है लेकिन उनमें से कोई भी S से पहले नहीं जाता है।

- A. T
- B. U
- C. V
- D. P
- E. Q

Answer: D

Sol: अंतिम व्यवस्था:

संकेत: U बुधवार को पिकनिक पर जाता है। U और T के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति जाता है। T और S के बीच केवल तीन व्यक्ति जाते हैं।
निष्कर्ष: हमारे पास दो संभावित स्थितियाँ हैं:

Days	Case 1	Case 2
	Persons	Persons
Monday	T	S
Tuesday		
Wednesday	U	U
Thursday		
Friday	S	T
Saturday		
Sunday		

संकेत: Q, R के ठीक पहले जाता है। V, P के बाद पिकनिक पर जाता है लेकिन उनमें से कोई भी S से पहले नहीं जाता है।
निष्कर्ष: स्थिति 1 समाप्त हो जाती है।

Days	Case-1	Case 2
	Persons	Persons
Monday	T	S
Tuesday		P
Wednesday	U	U
Thursday		V
Friday	S	T
Saturday	Q	Q
Sunday	R	R

निष्कर्ष: अंतिम व्यवस्था है:

p मंगलवार को पिकनिक पर जाता है।

Q.86 कौन सा तत्व बायें छोर से आठवें तत्व के दायें से तीसरा है?
निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:
Q 7 D \$ T 3 ! M ^ B 8 5 @ H 2 % A 9 * R 6 E S O 1 K & L # U 4 G ? P

- A. B

- B. 8
- C. 5
- D. @
- E. H

Answer: B

Sol: उत्तर
बायें से आठवां तत्व = M
दायें से तीसरा तत्व → ^ (1), B (2), 8 (3)
उत्तर = 8

Q.87 यदि सभी अंकों को हटा दिया जाए, तो कौन सा तत्व दायें छोर से ग्यारहवां है?
निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:
Q 7 D \$ T 3 ! M ^ B 8 5 @ H 2 % A 9 * R 6 E S O 1 K & L # U 4 G ? P

- A. S
- B. O
- C. E
- D. L
- E. U

Answer: C

Sol: उत्तर
अंकों को हटाने पर →
Q D \$ T ! M ^ B @ H % A * R E S O K & L # U G ? P
दायें से 11वां तत्व = E

Q.88 बायें से चौथे प्रतीक और दायें से चौथे स्वर के बीच में कितने व्यंजन हैं?
निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:
Q 7 D \$ T 3 ! M ^ B 8 5 @ H 2 % A 9 * R 6 E S O 1 K & L # U 4 G ? P

- A. कोई नहीं
- B. एक
- C. दो
- D. तीन
- E. चार

Answer: B

Sol: उत्तर बायें से चौथा प्रतीक = @
दायें से चौथा स्वर = A
उनके बीच के तत्व → H, 2, %
केवल व्यंजन = H

Q.89 श्रृंखला में ऐसे कितने अंक हैं जिनके ठीक पहले एक अक्षर और ठीक बाद एक प्रतीक है?
निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:
Q 7 D \$ T 3 ! M ^ B 8 5 @ H 2 % A 9 * R 6 E S O 1 K & L # U 4 G ? P

- A. कोई नहीं
- B. एक
- C. दो
- D. तीन
- E. चार

Answer: D

Sol: उत्तर पैटर्न: अक्षर → अंक → प्रतीक
जांच करें:
T 3 ! ✓

H 2 % ✓
A 9 * ✓
कुल = 3

Q.90 श्रृंखला में दायें छोर से दूसरे प्रतीक के बायें से 10वां अक्षर कौन सा है?निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:
Q 7 D \$ T 3 ! M ^ B 8 5 @ H 2 % A 9 * R 6 E S O 1 K & L # U 4 G ? P

- A. D
- B. T
- C. R
- D. Q
- E. M

Answer: E

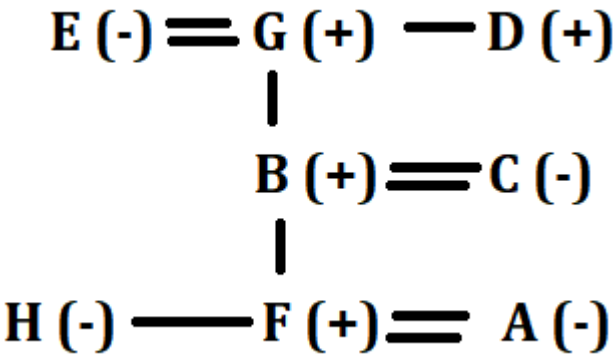
Sol: दायें छोर से दूसरा प्रतीक: #
M श्रृंखला में दायें छोर से दूसरे प्रतीक के बायें से 10वां अक्षर है

Q.91 C, E से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
दी गई जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।
A, C की बहू है। B, G का पुत्र है। D, E का ब्रदर-इन-लॉ है। E, F की ग्रैंडमदर (दादी/नानी) है। F, B का इकलौता पुत्र है। E का कोई भाई-बहन नहीं है। H, C की संतान है और अविवाहित है। F विवाहित है। B के दो बच्चे हैं। परिवार में कोई एकल माता-पिता नहीं है।

- A. दामाद
- B. ससुर
- C. पुत्री
- D. माता
- E. बहू

Answer: E

Sol: हल:



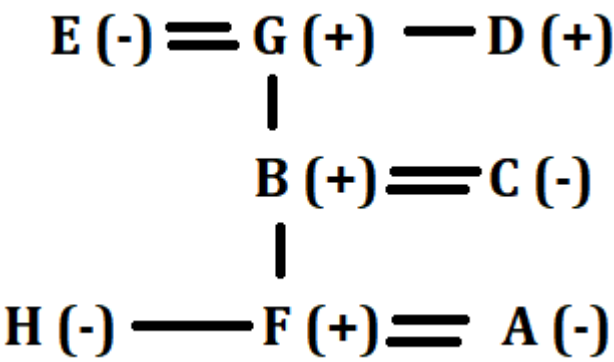
C, E की बहू है।

Q.92 निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सत्य है/हैं?
दी गई जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।
A, C की बहू है। B, G का पुत्र है। D, E का ब्रदर-इन-लॉ है। E, F की ग्रैंडमदर (दादी/नानी) है। F, B का इकलौता पुत्र है। E का कोई भाई-बहन नहीं है। H, C की संतान है और अविवाहित है। F विवाहित है। B के दो बच्चे हैं। परिवार में कोई एकल माता-पिता नहीं है।

- A. G, H की ग्रैंडमदर है।
- B. H, F का भाई है।
- C. परिवार में तीन महिला सदस्य हैं।
- D. A, H की सिस्टर-इन-लॉ है।
- E. कोई भी सत्य नहीं है

Answer: D

Sol: हल:

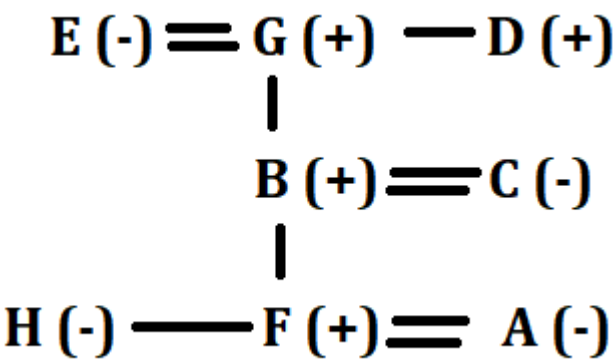


A, H की सिस्टर-इन-लॉ है - यह कथन सत्य है।

- Q.93** निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा युग्म एक विवाहित जोड़े को दर्शाता है?
दी गई जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।
A, C की बहू है। B, G का पुत्र है। D, E का ब्रदर-इन-लॉ है। E, F की ग्रैंडमदर (दादी/नानी) है। F, B का इकलौता पुत्र है। E का कोई भाई-बहन नहीं है। H, C की संतान है और अविवाहित है। F विवाहित है। B के दो बच्चे हैं। परिवार में कोई एकल माता-पिता नहीं है।
- A. B – E
 - B. A – F
 - C. A – D
 - D. E – G
 - E. दोनों [b] और [d]

Answer: E

Sol: हल:

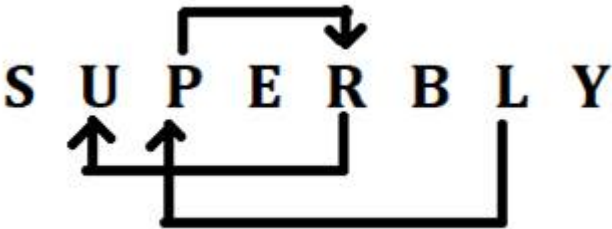


दोनों [b] और [d]

- Q.94** शब्द ‘SUPERBLY’ में अक्षरों के ऐसे कितने युग्म हैं, जिनके बीच (आगे और पीछे दोनों दिशाओं में) उतने ही अक्षर हैं जितने कि अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला में उनके बीच होते हैं?
- A. चार
 - B. कोई नहीं
 - C. दो
 - D. तीन
 - E. एक

Answer: D

Sol: तीन युग्म बनते हैं



Q.95 निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा व्यक्ति कार्यक्रम में शामिल होने वाले क्रम में दूसरा व्यक्ति है?

निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।

सात व्यक्ति — A, B, C, D, E, F और G — एक के बाद एक किसी कार्यक्रम में शामिल हो रहे हैं, लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों।

G, C के तीन व्यक्ति बाद कार्यक्रम में शामिल होता है। B, C के ठीक पहले कार्यक्रम में शामिल होता है। B और E के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति कार्यक्रम में शामिल होता है। D, E के चार व्यक्ति बाद लेकिन A से पहले कार्यक्रम में शामिल होता है। A और F के बीच तीन व्यक्ति कार्यक्रम में शामिल होते हैं।

- A. A
- B. B
- C. C
- D. F
- E. D

Answer: D

Sol: अंतिम व्यवस्था यहाँ दी गई है:

Persons
E
F
B
C
D
A
G

F कार्यक्रम में शामिल होने वाले क्रम में दूसरा व्यक्ति है।

Q.96 B और A के बीच कितने व्यक्ति शामिल होते हैं?

निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।

सात व्यक्ति — A, B, C, D, E, F और G — एक के बाद एक किसी कार्यक्रम में शामिल हो रहे हैं, लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों।

G, C के तीन व्यक्ति बाद कार्यक्रम में शामिल होता है। B, C के ठीक पहले कार्यक्रम में शामिल होता है। B और E के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति कार्यक्रम में शामिल होता है। D, E के चार व्यक्ति बाद लेकिन A से पहले कार्यक्रम में शामिल होता है। A और F के बीच तीन व्यक्ति कार्यक्रम में शामिल होते हैं।

- A. कोई नहीं
- B. एक
- C. दो
- D. तीन
- E. चार

Answer: C

Sol: अंतिम व्यवस्था यहाँ दी गई है:

Persons
E
F
B
C
D
A
G

दो

Q.97 A के ठीक पहले कौन शामिल होता है?

निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।

सात व्यक्ति — A, B, C, D, E, F और G — एक के बाद एक किसी कार्यक्रम में शामिल हो रहे हैं, लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों।

G, C के तीन व्यक्ति बाद कार्यक्रम में शामिल होता है। B, C के ठीक पहले कार्यक्रम में शामिल होता है। B और E के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति कार्यक्रम में शामिल होता है। D, E के चार व्यक्ति बाद लेकिन A से पहले कार्यक्रम में शामिल होता है। A और F के बीच तीन व्यक्ति कार्यक्रम में शामिल होते हैं।

- A. B
- B. C

- C. D
- D. F
- E. G

Answer: C

Sol: अंतिम व्यवस्था यहाँ दी गई है:

Persons
E
F
B
C
D
A
G

D, A के ठीक पहले शामिल होता है।

Q.98 यदि कार्यक्रम में शामिल होने वाले पहले व्यक्ति से लेकर अंतिम व्यक्ति तक के क्रम में सभी व्यक्तियों को वर्णमाला के क्रम में व्यवस्थित किया जाए, तो कितने व्यक्तियों का स्थान अपरिवर्तित रहेगा?

निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।

सात व्यक्ति — A, B, C, D, E, F और G — एक के बाद एक किसी कार्यक्रम में शामिल हो रहे हैं, लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। G, C के तीन व्यक्ति बाद कार्यक्रम में शामिल होता है। B, C के ठीक पहले कार्यक्रम में शामिल होता है। B और E के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति कार्यक्रम में शामिल होता है। D, E के चार व्यक्ति बाद लेकिन A से पहले कार्यक्रम में शामिल होता है। A और F के बीच तीन व्यक्ति कार्यक्रम में शामिल होते हैं।

A. कोई नहीं

B. एक

C. दो

D. तीन

E. चार

Answer: B

Sol: अंतिम व्यवस्था यहाँ दी गई है:

Persons
E
F
B
C
D
A
G

केवल G का स्थान अपरिवर्तित रहता है।

Persons	Persons (After Alphabetical Order)
E	A
F	B
B	C
C	D
D	E
A	F
G	G

Q.99 . अंतिम स्थान पर कार्यक्रम में कौन शामिल होता है?

निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।

सात व्यक्ति — A, B, C, D, E, F और G — एक के बाद एक किसी कार्यक्रम में शामिल हो रहे हैं, लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों।

G, C के तीन व्यक्ति बाद कार्यक्रम में शामिल होता है। B, C के ठीक पहले कार्यक्रम में शामिल होता है। B और E के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति कार्यक्रम में शामिल होता है। D, E के चार व्यक्ति बाद लेकिन A से पहले कार्यक्रम में शामिल होता है। A और F के बीच तीन व्यक्ति कार्यक्रम में शामिल होते हैं।

- A. B
- B. D
- C. E
- D. G
- E. A

Answer: D

Sol: अंतिम व्यवस्था यहाँ दी गई है:

Persons
E
F
B
C
D
A
G

G

Q.100 विषम का चयन कीजिए।

- A. GIJ
- B. TVW
- C. CEF
- D. RTV
- E. UWX

Answer: D

Sol: यहाँ तर्क इस प्रकार है:

