

Central Teacher Eligibility Test (CTET)
(Candidate Response Sheet)

Roll Number	
Name of the Candidate	
Examination Name	CTET L1 Odia L2 English P1
Exam Date & Time	11-01-2023 09:30:00

Subject : CDP_P1_CTET

Question ID:- 1

While biologically _____ abilities such as walking can be gained through _____ ; biologically _____ abilities such as writing require _____ .

- (1) primary; playful interaction with environment; secondary; explicit instruction
- (2) secondary; playful interaction with environment; primary; explicit instruction
- (3) primary; explicit instruction; secondary; self-driven practice
- (4) secondary; eliminating explicit instruction; primary; explicit instruction

जैवकीय _____ योग्यताएँ जैसे कि चलना _____ के माध्यम से हासिल हो सकती है; जैवकीय _____ योग्यताएँ जैसे कि लिखने के लिए _____ की आवश्यकता होती है।

- (1) प्राथमिक; परिवेश के साथ आनन्ददायी अन्तःक्रियाएँ; द्वितीयक; स्पष्ट अनुदेशन
- (2) द्वितीयक; परिवेश के साथ आनन्ददायी अन्तःक्रियाएँ; प्राथमिक; स्पष्ट अनुदेशन
- (3) प्राथमिक; स्पष्ट अनुदेशन; द्वितीयक; स्वयं-निर्देशित अभ्यास
- (4) द्वितीयक; स्पष्ट अनुदेशन की विलगता; प्राथमिक; स्पष्ट अनुदेशन

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1,
- 2, Option ID :- 2,
- 3, Option ID :- 3,
- 4, Option ID :- 4,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -2

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 1

Question ID:- 2

Which of the following statements is correct in the context of development ?

- (1) Development is purely a result of heredity only.
- (2) Course of development is from specific to general.
- (3) Development happens from outward to centre.
- (4) Development proceeds from head to toe.

विकास के संदर्भ में निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा कथन सही है ?

- (1) विकास पूर्ण रूप से केवल आनुवंशिकता का ही परिणाम है ।
- (2) विकास का क्रम विशिष्ट से सामान्य की ओर होता है ।
- (3) विकास बाहर से केंद्र की ओर होता है ।
- (4) विकास सिर से पाँव की ओर बढ़ता है ।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 5,
- 2, Option ID :- 6,
- 3, Option ID :- 7,
- 4, Option ID :- 8,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -8

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 8

Question ID:- 3

Which of the following is primary socialisation agent/agency for children in primary grades ?

- (1) Immediate family
- (2) Cultural beliefs
- (3) Religious organisation
- (4) Print media

प्राथमिक कक्षा के बच्चों के लिए निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा प्राथमिक समाजीकरण का कारक/संस्था है ?

- (1) निकटतम परिवार
- (2) सांस्कृतिक धारणाएँ
- (3) धार्मिक संगठन
- (4) मुद्रित संचार माध्यम

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 9,
- 2, Option ID :- 10,
- 3, Option ID :- 11,
- 4, Option ID :- 12,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -9

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 9

Question ID:- 4

In accordance with Jean Piaget's theory of Cognitive Development, at what stage can children 'mentally do reverse thinking' ?

- (1) Sensimotor
- (2) Preoperational
- (3) Concrete operational
- (4) Formal operational

जीन पियाज़े के संज्ञानात्मक विकास के सिद्धान्त के अनुसार, बच्चे किस अवस्था में 'चिंतन को मानसिक रूप से प्रतिवर्तित' कर सकते हैं ?

- (1) संवेदी-गत्यात्मक
- (2) पूर्व-संक्रियात्मक
- (3) मूर्त संक्रियात्मक
- (4) औपचारिक संक्रियात्मक

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 13,
- 2, Option ID :- 14,
- 3, Option ID :- 15,
- 4, Option ID :- 16,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -15

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 15

Question ID:- 5

According to Jean Piaget, the process of continually fitting the experiences into our existing schemas is called _____.

- (1) Assimilation
- (2) Accommodation
- (3) Categorisation
- (4) Conceptualisation

जीन पियाज़े के अनुसार, हमारे मौजूदा स्कीमा में अनुभवों को लगातार सम्मिलित करने की प्रक्रिया को _____ कहा जाता है।

- (1) समावेशन
- (2) समायोजन
- (3) वर्गीकरण
- (4) संकल्पना निर्माण

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 17,

• 2, Option ID :- 18,

• 3, Option ID :- 19,

• 4, Option ID :- 20,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -17

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 17

Question ID:- 6

Which of the following theory gives significant consideration to discussions and debates in the process of learning ?

- (1) B. F. Skinner's theory of Behaviourism
- (2) Lawrence Kohlberg's theory of moral development
- (3) Lev Vygotsky's Socio-cultural theory
- (4) Sigmund Freud's theory of Psychoanalysis

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा सिद्धांत सीखने की प्रक्रिया में चर्चा और वाद-विवाद को बहुत महत्व देता है ?

- (1) बी. एफ. स्किनर द्वारा प्रतिपादित व्यवहारवाद का सिद्धांत
- (2) लॉरेंस कोह्लबर्ग द्वारा नैतिक विकास का सिद्धांत
- (3) लेव वायगोत्स्की का सामाजिक-सांस्कृतिक सिद्धांत
- (4) सिगमन्ड फ्रायड का मनोविश्लेषण सिद्धांत

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 21,

• 2, Option ID :- 22,

• 3, Option ID :- 23,

• 4, Option ID :- 24,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -22

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 23

Question ID:- 7

Seeing a student struggling with a question, her teacher decides to give cues and simplify the language of the question. In Lev Vygotsky's theory, this is referred to as _____.

- (1) Imitation
- (2) Conditioning
- (3) Scaffolding
- (4) Assimilation

एक विद्यार्थी को किसी सवाल से जूझते देखकर, उसकी अध्यापिका उस सवाल की भाषा को सरल करने और कुछ संकेत देने का निर्णय लेती है। लेव वायगोत्स्की के सिद्धांत में, इसे क्या कहा गया है ?

- (1) अनुकरण
- (2) अनुकूलन
- (3) पाइ
- (4) आत्मसात्करण

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 25,
- 2, Option ID :- 26,
- 3, Option ID :- 27,
- 4, Option ID :- 28,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -27

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 27

Question ID:- 8

Lawrence Kohlberg used _____ to evaluate the moral reasoning among children and adults.

- (1) hypothetical situations
- (2) paper-pen test
- (3) drawings
- (4) report cards

लॉरेंस कोह्लबर्ग ने बच्चों एवं वयस्कों में नैतिक तर्क का मूल्यांकन के लिए किसका उपयोग किया ?

- (1) परिकल्पित स्थितियाँ
- (2) कागज़-कलम आधारित परीक्षा
- (3) चित्रकला
- (4) रिपोर्ट कार्ड्स

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 29,
- 2, Option ID :- 30,
- 3, Option ID :- 31,
- 4, Option ID :- 32,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -29

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 29

Question ID:- 9

Advocates of constructivism give importance to

- (1) Child-centred curriculum
- (2) Culturally non-responsive pedagogy
- (3) Overlooking the individual differences
- (4) Convergent ways of thinking

रचनावाद का समर्थन करने वाले किसे महत्त्व देते हैं ?

- (1) बाल-केंद्रित पाठ्यचर्या को
- (2) सांस्कृतिक रूप से अनुत्तरदायी शिक्षणशास्त्रीय प्रविधियों को
- (3) व्यक्तिगत भिन्नताओं को अनदेखा करने को
- (4) चिन्तन के अभिसारी तरीकों को

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 33,

• 2, Option ID :- 34,

• 3, Option ID :- 35,

• 4, Option ID :- 36,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -33

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 33

Question ID:- 10

Intelligence Quotient (IQ) tests are criticised for

- (1) being considerate of cultural diversity.
- (2) conceptualising intelligence as a set of different abilities.
- (3) ignoring the influence of environmental factors on test performance.
- (4) considering social factors in measuring memory, reasoning and verbal skills.

बुद्धि लब्धि (IQ) परीक्षणों की आलोचना इसलिए की जाती है क्योंकि वे

- (1) सांस्कृतिक विविधता को ध्यान में रखते हैं ।
- (2) बुद्धि को विभिन्न क्षमताओं के एक समूह के रूप में मानते हैं ।
- (3) परीक्षण निष्पादन पर पर्यावरणीय कारकों के प्रभाव को नज़र-अंदाज़ करते हैं ।
- (4) स्मृति, तर्क और मौखिक कौशलों के मापन में सामाजिक कारकों को ध्यान में रखते हैं ।

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 37,

• 2, Option ID :- 38,

• 3, Option ID :- 39,

• 4, Option ID :- 40,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -38
Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 39

Question ID:- 11

Which of the following statements is correct in context of language and thought ?

- (1) Jean Piaget suggested that language facilitates cognition.
- (2) Lev Vygotsky suggested that language has no influence on thinking.
- (3) Jean Piaget suggested that thinking depends on speech.
- (4) Lev Vygotsky suggested that language enables tools for thinking.

भाषा और विचार के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा कथन सही है ?

- (1) जीन पियाज़े ने प्रस्तावित किया है कि भाषा संज्ञान में सहायक होती है ।
- (2) लेव वायगोत्स्की ने प्रस्तावित किया है कि भाषा का चिंतन पर कोई प्रभाव नहीं होता है ।
- (3) जीन पियाज़े ने प्रस्तावित किया है कि चिंतन करना भाषा को सीखने पर निर्भर करता है ।
- (4) लेव वायगोत्स्की ने प्रस्तावित किया है कि भाषा चिंतन को सुसाधित करती है ।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 41,
- 2, Option ID :- 42,
- 3, Option ID :- 43,
- 4, Option ID :- 44,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -44
Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 44

Question ID:- 12

Gender is dominantly a/an _____ construct.

- (1) biological
- (2) social
- (3) medical
- (4) arbitrary

जेंडर प्रमुख रूप से एक _____ निर्मिति है ।

- (1) जैविक
- (2) सामाजिक
- (3) चिकित्सीय
- (4) यादृच्छिक

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 45,
- 2, Option ID :- 46,
- 3, Option ID :- 47,
- 4, Option ID :- 48,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -46

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 46

Question ID:- 13

Assertion (A) :

In order to cater to the needs of students belonging to diverse socio-economic backgrounds, a teacher should adopt standardised curriculum.

Reason (R) :

Standardised curriculum takes care of all kinds of individual differences.

Choose the correct option :

- (1) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (2) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (3) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (4) Both (A) and (R) are false

अभिकथन (A) :

विविध सामाजिक-आर्थिक पृष्ठभूमि वाले विद्यार्थियों की आवश्यकताओं को पूरा करने के लिए एक शिक्षक को मानकीकृत पाठ्यचर्या अपनानी चाहिए ।

तर्क (R) :

मानकीकृत पाठ्यचर्या सभी प्रकार की व्यक्तिगत भिन्नताओं को ध्यान में रखती है ।

सही विकल्प चुनिए :

- (1) (A) और (R) दोनों सही हैं और (R), (A) की सही व्याख्या करता है
- (2) (A) और (R) दोनों सही हैं लेकिन (R), (A) की सही व्याख्या नहीं है
- (3) (A) सही है लेकिन (R) गलत है
- (4) (A) और (R) दोनों गलत हैं

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 49,
- 2, Option ID :- 50,
- 3, Option ID :- 51,
- 4, Option ID :- 52,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -52

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 52

Question ID:- 14

Formative assessment is done

- (1) at the end of session.
- (2) through standardised tests only.
- (3) throughout the teaching-learning process.
- (4) by a special educator only.

रचनात्मक आकलन

- (1) सत्र के अंत में किया जाता है।
- (2) केवल मानकीकृत परीक्षणों के माध्यम द्वारा किया जाता है।
- (3) समूची शिक्षण-अधिगम प्रक्रिया के दौरान किया जाता है।
- (4) केवल एक विशिष्ट शिक्षक द्वारा किया जाता है।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 53,
- 2, Option ID :- 54,
- 3, Option ID :- 55,
- 4, Option ID :- 56,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -55

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 55

Question ID:- 15

Which of the following approach is likely to promote critical thinking among students ?

- (1) Asking close-ended factual questions
- (2) Helping students develop hypothesis
- (3) Encouraging convergent thinking
- (4) Teaching using textbooks only

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-से उपागम के द्वारा विद्यार्थियों में समालोचनात्मक चिंतन को बढ़ावा देने की संभावना है ?

- (1) बंद-अंत वाले तथ्य आधारित प्रश्न पूछना
- (2) परिकल्पनाओं को विकसित करने में विद्यार्थी को सहयोग देना
- (3) अभिसारी चिंतन को बढ़ावा देना
- (4) केवल पाठ्यपुस्तकों द्वारा पढ़ाना

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 57,
- 2, Option ID :- 58,
- 3, Option ID :- 59,

• 4, Option ID :- 60,
Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -58
Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 58

Question ID:- 16

For successful inclusion of students belonging to Scheduled Tribe (ST), it is important to

- (1) teach in the language preferred by the dominant group.
- (2) ignore their cultural knowledge and experiences.
- (3) provide educational materials developed in their local language.
- (4) maintain social distance between school and their community.

अनुसूचित जनजाति (ST) के विद्यार्थियों के समावेशन को सफल बनाने के लिए यह महत्वपूर्ण है कि

- (1) प्रमुख समूह द्वारा पसंद की जाने वाली भाषा में पढ़ाया जाए।
- (2) उनके सांस्कृतिक ज्ञान और अनुभवों की अनदेखी की जाए।
- (3) उनकी अपनी स्थानीय भाषा में बनाई गई शैक्षिक सामग्रियों को उपलब्ध करवाया जाए।
- (4) विद्यालय और उनके समुदाय के बीच सामाजिक दूरी कायम रखी जाए।

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 61,
• 2, Option ID :- 62,
• 3, Option ID :- 63,
• 4, Option ID :- 64,
Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -63
Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 63

Question ID:- 17

Students with Dyslexia are likely to

- (1) show eagerness to write long essays.
- (2) have advanced vocabulary.
- (3) comprehend text with much ease.
- (4) be reluctant to read.

डिस्टलेक्सिया से ग्रसित विद्यार्थी

- (1) लंबे निबंध लिखने के लिए बहुत उत्सुक होते हैं।
- (2) बहुत विकसित शब्दावली का प्रयोग करते हैं।
- (3) पठन-सामग्री को बहुत आसानी से समझते हैं।
- (4) पढ़ने के लिए अनिच्छुक होते हैं।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 65,
- 2, Option ID :- 66,
- 3, Option ID :- 67,
- 4, Option ID :- 68,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -68

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 68

Question ID:- 18

Which of the following becomes a barrier for inclusion of students with visual impairment ?

- (1) Audio taped notes
- (2) Braille books
- (3) Verbal descriptions of visual aids
- (4) Written or printed materials

निम्नलिखित में से दृष्टिबाधित विद्यार्थियों के समावेशन में कौन एक बाधक बनता है ?

- (1) रिकार्ड की गई श्रव्य सामग्री
- (2) ब्रेल लिपि वाली पुस्तकें
- (3) दृश्यात्मक सहायक-सामग्री के मौखिक विवरण
- (4) लिखित या मुद्रित सामग्री

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 69,
- 2, Option ID :- 70,
- 3, Option ID :- 71,
- 4, Option ID :- 72,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -72

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 72

Question ID:- 19

Which of the following is directly associated with 'Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder' ?

- (1) High attention span
- (2) Persistent impulsivity
- (3) Low activity levels
- (4) Extended patience to listen

निम्नलिखित में से क्या 'ध्यानाभाव एवं अतिसक्रियता विकार' से संबंधित है ?

- (1) उच्च अवधान अवधि
- (2) दृढ़ आवेगशीलता
- (3) निम्न स्तरीय क्रियाशीलता
- (4) सुनने के लिए विस्तारित धैर्य

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 73,

• 2, Option ID :- 74,

• 3, Option ID :- 75,

• 4, Option ID :- 76,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -75

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 74

Question ID:- 20

A key characteristic of 'Giftedness' is

- (1) High levels of intellectual ability
- (2) Lack of creativity
- (3) Impaired communication skills
- (4) Tendency to copy other's ideas

'प्रतिभाशाली' बच्चों की एक प्रमुख विशेषता है

- (1) उच्च स्तर की बौद्धिक क्षमता
- (2) रचनात्मकता की कमी
- (3) बाधित सम्प्रेषण कौशल
- (4) दूसरों के विचारों को नकल करने की प्रवृत्ति

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 77,

• 2, Option ID :- 78,

• 3, Option ID :- 79,

• 4, Option ID :- 80,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -77
Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 77

Question ID:- 21

Assertion (A) :

A teacher should present the contents to be taught in the form of connected and organised manner.

Reason (R) :

Learning is a passive process.

Choose the correct option :

- (1) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (2) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (3) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (4) Both (A) and (R) are false

अभिकथन (A) :

एक शिक्षक को विषय-वस्तु को पढ़ाने के लिए उसे सम्बद्ध एवं संगठित तरीके से प्रस्तुत करना चाहिए ।

तर्क (R) :

सीखना एक निष्क्रिय प्रक्रिया है ।

सही विकल्प चुनिए :

- (1) (A) और (R) दोनों सही हैं और (R), (A) की सही व्याख्या करता है
- (2) (A) और (R) दोनों सही हैं लेकिन (R), (A) की सही व्याख्या नहीं है
- (3) (A) सही है लेकिन (R) गलत है
- (4) (A) और (R) दोनों गलत हैं

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 81,
- 2, Option ID :- 82,
- 3, Option ID :- 83,
- 4, Option ID :- 84,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -83
Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 83

Question ID:- 22

According to contemporary theories of cognition, memory is _____ .

- (1) capable of construction but incapable of interpretation
- (2) capable of construction as well as interpretation
- (3) capable of interpretation but not capable of construction
- (4) capable of neither construction nor of interpretation

संज्ञान के समकालीन सिद्धांतों के अनुसार, स्मृति

- (1) निर्माण करने में सक्षम लेकिन विवेचना करने में असक्षम है।
- (2) निर्माण एवं विवेचना करने दोनों में सक्षम है।
- (3) विवेचना करने में सक्षम पर निर्माण करने में असक्षम है।
- (4) न तो निर्माण में और न ही विवेचना करने में सक्षम है।

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 85,

• 2, Option ID :- 86,

• 3, Option ID :- 87,

• 4, Option ID :- 88,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -86

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 86

Question ID:- 23

In order to promote construction of knowledge by learners, a school should promote _____ pedagogies.

- (1) child-centric
- (2) exam-centric
- (3) teacher-centric
- (4) textbook-centric

शिक्षार्थियों द्वारा ज्ञान के निर्माण को बढ़ावा देने के लिए, एक विद्यालय को _____ शिक्षणशास्त्रीय प्रविधियों को बढ़ावा देना चाहिए।

- (1) बाल-केंद्रित
- (2) परीक्षा-केंद्रित
- (3) शिक्षक-केंद्रित
- (4) पाठ्यपुस्तक-केंद्रित

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 89,

• 2, Option ID :- 90,

• 3, Option ID :- 91,

• 4, Option ID :- 92,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -89

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 89

Question ID:- 24

Which of the following is **not** a part of universal design for learning guidelines ?

- (1) Multiple means of engagement
- (2) Multiple means of discrimination
- (3) Multiple means of representation
- (4) Multiple means of expression

निम्नलिखित में से अधिगम दिशा-निर्देशों के लिए कौन-सा सार्वभौमिक अभिकल्प का हिस्सा **नहीं** है ?

- (1) सहभागिता के बहुविध साधन
- (2) भेदभाव के बहुविध तरीके
- (3) प्रतिनिधित्व के बहुविध साधन
- (4) अभिव्यक्ति के बहुविध तरीके

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 93,
- 2, Option ID :- 94,
- 3, Option ID :- 95,
- 4, Option ID :- 96,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -94

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 94

Question ID:- 25

Which of the following promotes problem solving ?

- (1) Analogical thinking
- (2) Functional fixedness
- (3) Response set
- (4) Convergent thinking

निम्नलिखित में से किसके द्वारा समस्या समाधान को बढ़ावा दिया जा सकता है ?

- (1) अनुरूपात्मक चिंतन
- (2) कार्यात्मक स्थिरता
- (3) प्रतिक्रियाओं का समुच्चय
- (4) अभिसारी चिंतन

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 97,
- 2, Option ID :- 98,
- 3, Option ID :- 99,

• 4, Option ID :- 100,
Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -97
Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 97

Question ID:- 26

Assertion (A) :

Young children come to school with already developed 'naive' theories about their surroundings.

Reason (R) :

Such understandings are purely irrational and should be ignored.

Choose the correct option :

- (1) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (2) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (3) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (4) Both (A) and (R) are false

अभिकथन (A) :

विद्यालय आने से पूर्व छोटे बच्चों में अपने परिवेश की समझ बनाने के 'सहज' सिद्धान्त मौजूद होते हैं।

तर्क (R) :

इस प्रकार की समझ पूरी तरह से अतार्किक है और इसकी अनदेखी करनी चाहिए।
सही विकल्प चुनिए :

- (1) (A) और (R) दोनों सही हैं और (R), (A) की सही व्याख्या करता है
- (2) (A) और (R) दोनों सही हैं लेकिन (R), (A) की सही व्याख्या नहीं है
- (3) (A) सही है लेकिन (R) गलत है
- (4) (A) और (R) दोनों गलत हैं

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 101,
• 2, Option ID :- 102,
• 3, Option ID :- 103,
• 4, Option ID :- 104,
Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -101
Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 103

Question ID:- 27

Which of the following statement about emotions is **not** correct ?

- (1) Emotions influence information processing skills.
- (2) Emotional development gets influenced by environmental factors.
- (3) Emotions and cognition are completely independent of each other.
- (4) Emotions influence motivation to learn.

भावनाओं के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा कथन सही **नहीं** है ?

- (1) भावनाएँ कौशलों को प्रक्रमित करने वाली सूचना को प्रभावित करती हैं।
- (2) भावात्मक विकास परिवेशीय कारकों से प्रभावित होता है।
- (3) भावनाएँ और संज्ञान दोनों अपने-आप में एक-दूसरे से स्वतंत्र हैं।
- (4) भावनाएँ अधिगम के लिए अभिप्रेरणा को प्रभावित करती हैं।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 105,
- 2, Option ID :- 106,
- 3, Option ID :- 107,
- 4, Option ID :- 108,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -107

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 107

Question ID:- 28

Which of the following is **not** an example of intrinsic motivation ?

- (1) Curiosity
- (2) Interest
- (3) Urge for clarity
- (4) Striving for prize

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा आंतरिक अभिप्रेरणा का उदाहरण **नहीं** है ?

- (1) जिज्ञासा
- (2) रुचि
- (3) स्पष्टता के लिए चाहत
- (4) पुरस्कार पाने के लिए प्रयास करना

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 109,
- 2, Option ID :- 110,
- 3, Option ID :- 111,
- 4, Option ID :- 112,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -112

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 112

Question ID:- 29

Learning is more effective if

- (1) Content is related to real-life experiences.
- (2) Material is too abstract and complex.
- (3) Content is delivered in disconnected chunks.
- (4) Previous knowledge is not activated.

सीखना अधिक प्रभावी होता है जब

- (1) विषय-वस्तु को वास्तविक-जीवन के अनुभवों के साथ जोड़ा जाए।
- (2) पठन सामग्री बहुत ही अमूर्त एवं जटिल हो।
- (3) विषय-वस्तु को असंबद्ध रूप से टुकड़ों-टुकड़ों में पढ़ाया जाए।
- (4) पूर्व ज्ञान से संबद्धता स्थापित न की जाए।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 113,
- 2, Option ID :- 114,
- 3, Option ID :- 115,
- 4, Option ID :- 116,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -113

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 113

Question ID:- 30

To create a conducive learning environment, a teacher should

- (1) foster collaboration among students
- (2) have very low expectations from students
- (3) avoid giving mastery-oriented feedback
- (4) not give any autonomy to students

एक अनुकूल (समर्थित) सीखने का वातावरण बनाने के लिए, एक शिक्षक को क्या करना चाहिए ?

- (1) विद्यार्थियों के बीच सहयोग को बढ़ावा देना चाहिए
- (2) विद्यार्थियों से बेहद कम अपेक्षाएँ रखनी चाहिए
- (3) महारत-उन्मुख प्रतिपुष्टि देने से बचना चाहिए
- (4) विद्यार्थियों को कोई स्वायत्तता नहीं देनी चाहिए

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 117,
- 2, Option ID :- 118,
- 3, Option ID :- 119,

• 4, Option ID :- 120,
Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -117
Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 117

Subject : MATH_Q31-45_P1_CTET

Question ID:- 31

A 168 m long rope is cut into equal pieces of length $9\frac{1}{3}$ m. How many such pieces of the rope are obtained ?

- (1) 16
- (2) 17
- (3) 18
- (4) 19

168 m लम्बी एक रस्सी को $9\frac{1}{3}$ m लम्बाई के बराबर टुकड़ों में काटा गया। इस प्रकार बने रस्सी के कितने टुकड़े प्राप्त होते हैं ?

- (1) 16
- (2) 17
- (3) 18
- (4) 19

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 121,
• 2, Option ID :- 122,
• 3, Option ID :- 123,
• 4, Option ID :- 124,
Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -123
Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 123

Question ID:- 32

Obtain (K + P) from the following addition :

$$\begin{array}{r} 5843103 \\ +26K7P92 \\ \hline 8521095 \end{array}$$

- (1) 14
- (2) 15
- (3) 16
- (4) 17

निम्नलिखित योग से (K + P) प्राप्त कीजिए :

$$\begin{array}{r} 5843103 \\ +26K7P92 \\ \hline 8521095 \end{array}$$

(1) 14

(2) 15

(3) 16

(4) 17

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 125,

• 2, Option ID :- 126,

• 3, Option ID :- 127,

• 4, Option ID :- 128,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -127

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 127

Question ID:- 33

The average temperature of 6 days is 32°C . If the temperature on first 5 of these days (in $^{\circ}\text{C}$) was 31, 31.5, 32.5, 31 and 32, then the temperature (in $^{\circ}\text{C}$) on the sixth day was :

(1) 32

(2) 33

(3) 33.5

(4) 34

छः दिनों का औसत तापमान 32°C है। यदि इनमें से प्रथम 5 दिनों का तापमान ($^{\circ}\text{C}$ में) 31, 31.5, 32.5, 31 और 32 था, तो छठे दिन का तापमान ($^{\circ}\text{C}$ में) था :

(1) 32

(2) 33

(3) 33.5

(4) 34

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 129,

• 2, Option ID :- 130,

• 3, Option ID :- 131,

• 4, Option ID :- 132,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -132

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 132

Question ID:- 34

LCM and HCF of x and y are 4 times and 2 times respectively of the HCF of 42 and 120. If x is 36, then what is the value of y ?

- (1) 3
- (2) 6
- (3) 8
- (4) 12

x और y के LCM तथा HCF क्रमशः 42 और 120 के HCF का 4 गुना और 2 गुना हैं। यदि x का मान 36 है, तो y का मान क्या होगा ?

- (1) 3
- (2) 6
- (3) 8
- (4) 12

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 133,
- 2, Option ID :- 134,
- 3, Option ID :- 135,
- 4, Option ID :- 136,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -135

Correct Answer :- Option ID :-

Remarks :- Marks awarded to all.

Question ID:- 35

Which of the following has the smallest value ?

- (1) $3670 + 800 + 20$
- (2) $3955 + 601 - 80$
- (3) $4500 - 128 + 40$
- (4) $4600 - 150 - 29$

निम्नलिखित में से किसका मान सबसे कम है ?

- (1) $3670 + 800 + 20$
- (2) $3955 + 601 - 80$
- (3) $4500 - 128 + 40$
- (4) $4600 - 150 - 29$

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 137,

• 2, Option ID :- 138,

• 3, Option ID :- 139,

• 4, Option ID :- 140,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -139

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 139

Question ID:- 36

Shweta cut a cake on her birthday. She gave half of the cake to her three friends, kept $\frac{1}{4}$ of it for her sister and the rest for herself. Later, two more friends came and she divided her part in three equal pieces and they ate together.

How much part of the original cake could she eat ?

(1) $\frac{1}{3}$

(2) $\frac{1}{6}$

(3) $\frac{1}{8}$

(4) $\frac{1}{12}$

श्वेता ने अपने जन्मदिन पर केक काटा । उसने आधा केक अपनी तीन सहेलियों को दिया, इसका $\frac{1}{4}$ भाग अपनी बहन के लिए तथा शेष अपने लिए रखा । थोड़ी देर में, उसकी दो सहेलियाँ और आ गईं और उसने अपने हिस्से के केक के तीन बराबर हिस्से किए और तीनों ने मिलकर खाया ।

उसने पूरे केक का कितना भाग खाया ?

(1) $\frac{1}{3}$

(2) $\frac{1}{6}$

(3) $\frac{1}{8}$

(4) $\frac{1}{12}$

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 141,

• 2, Option ID :- 142,

• 3, Option ID :- 143,

• 4, Option ID :- 144,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -144

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 144

Question ID:- 37

$2\frac{1}{2}$ right-angles are equal to

- (1) 240°
- (2) 260°
- (3) 225°
- (4) 245°

$2\frac{1}{2}$ समकोण निम्नलिखित में से किसके बराबर है ?

- (1) 240°
- (2) 260°
- (3) 225°
- (4) 245°

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 145,
- 2, Option ID :- 146,
- 3, Option ID :- 147,
- 4, Option ID :- 148,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -147

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 147

Question ID:- 38

Which of the geometrical shapes – Equilateral triangle, Parallelogram, Rhombus, Rectangle and Square have two lines of symmetry ?

- (1) Equilateral triangle and Parallelogram
- (2) Rhombus and Parallelogram
- (3) Rectangle and Rhombus
- (4) Square and Rectangle

ज्यामितीय आकारों – समबाहु त्रिभुज, समान्तर चतुर्भुज, समचतुर्भुज, आयत और वर्ग, में से किन आकारों की दो सममित रेखाएँ होती हैं ?

- (1) समबाहु त्रिभुज तथा समान्तर चतुर्भुज
- (2) समचतुर्भुज तथा समान्तर चतुर्भुज
- (3) आयत तथा समचतुर्भुज
- (4) वर्ग तथा आयत

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 149,

• 2, Option ID :- 150,

• 3, Option ID :- 151,

• 4, Option ID :- 152,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -151

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 151

Question ID:- 39

Which of the following statements is/are true ?

- (i) Through two given points many lines can pass.
- (ii) Through a given point only one line can pass.
- (iii) Three collinear points cannot form a triangle.
- (iv) Sum of two obtuse angles is always a reflex angle.

- (1) Only (i) and (iv)
- (2) Only (ii) and (iii)
- (3) Only (iii) and (iv)
- (4) Only (iii)

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा/से कथन सत्य है/हैं ?

- (i) दो दिए गए बिन्दुओं से होकर जाती हुई अनेक रेखाएँ हो सकती हैं ।
- (ii) दिए हुए एक बिन्दु से होकर जाती हुई केवल एक रेखा हो सकती है ।
- (iii) तीन संरेखीय बिन्दु एक त्रिभुज नहीं बना सकते ।
- (iv) दो अधिक कोणों का योग सदैव एक प्रतिवर्ती कोण होता है ।

- (1) केवल (i) और (iv)
- (2) केवल (ii) और (iii)
- (3) केवल (iii) और (iv)
- (4) केवल (iii)

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 153,

• 2, Option ID :- 154,

• 3, Option ID :- 155,

• 4, Option ID :- 156,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -155

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 155

Question ID:- 40

A train started at 8:50 am. It covered a distance of 420 km with a speed of 70 km/h and a distance of 120 km with a speed of 80 km/h. In between the journey, the train stopped at 3 stations for 5 minutes, 8 minutes and 12 minutes respectively. At what time did it reach its destination ?

- (1) 4:05 pm
- (2) 4:45 pm
- (3) 4:50 pm
- (4) 5:45 pm

एक रेलगाड़ी ने 8:50 am पर चलना प्रारंभ किया। उसने 420 km की दूरी 70 km/h तथा 120 km की दूरी 80 km/h की चाल से तय की। रास्ते में वह रेलगाड़ी 3 स्टेशनों पर क्रमशः 5 मिनट, 8 मिनट व 12 मिनट के लिए रुकी। वह रेलगाड़ी कितने समय पर अपने गंतव्य स्थान पर पहुँची ?

- (1) 4:05 pm
- (2) 4:45 pm
- (3) 4:50 pm
- (4) 5:45 pm

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 157,
- 2, Option ID :- 158,
- 3, Option ID :- 159,
- 4, Option ID :- 160,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -158

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 158

Question ID:- 41

Which of the following statements is correct ?

- (1) 2 litres is less than 205 mL
- (2) 1.69 m is equal to 1690 cm
- (3) 6.25 litres is more than 6 litres 25 mL
- (4) 9 kg 75 g is equal to 975 g

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा कथन सही है ?

- (1) 2 लीटर कम है 205 mL से
- (2) 1.69 m बराबर है 1690 cm के
- (3) 6.25 लीटर अधिक है 6 लीटर 25 mL से
- (4) 9 kg 75 g बराबर है 975 g के

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 161,
- 2, Option ID :- 162,
- 3, Option ID :- 163,
- 4, Option ID :- 164,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -163

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 163

Question ID:- 42

The distance between two cities on a map is 19.2 cm. If 0.5 cm on the map is equal to 3 km on the ground, then what is the distance (in m) between the two cities ?

- (1) 115.2
- (2) 1152
- (3) 11520
- (4) 115200

मानचित्र पर दो शहरों के बीच की दूरी 19.2 cm है। यदि मानचित्र पर 0.5 cm भूमि 3 km के बराबर है, तो दोनों शहरों के बीच की दूरी (m में) कितनी होगी ?

- (1) 115.2
- (2) 1152
- (3) 11520
- (4) 115200

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 165,
- 2, Option ID :- 166,
- 3, Option ID :- 167,
- 4, Option ID :- 168,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -168

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 168

Question ID:- 43

What comes next is the following pattern ?

1 Z 1, 2 Y 4, 3 X 9, 4 W 16, _____

- (1) 5 U 25
- (2) 5 V 25
- (3) 6 V 25
- (4) 6 U 36

निम्नलिखित पैटर्न में आगे क्या आएगा ?

1 Z 1, 2 Y 4, 3 X 9, 4 W 16, _____

(1) 5 U 25

(2) 5 V 25

(3) 6 V 25

(4) 6 U 36

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 169,

• 2, Option ID :- 170,

• 3, Option ID :- 171,

• 4, Option ID :- 172,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -170

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 170

Question ID:- 44

Aditya spends his time during a day as shown below :

Sleep 7 hours

School 6 hours

Play 2 hours

Watching TV 2 hours

Others 7 hours

If this data is shown in a pie chart, what will be the difference in the central angles related to sleep and play ?

(1) 60°

(2) 75°

(3) 80°

(4) 90°

आदित्य अपने एक दिन के समय को निम्न प्रकार से व्यतीत करता है :

सोना	7 घंटे
स्कूल	6 घंटे
खेलना	2 घंटे
TV देखना	2 घंटे
अन्य	7 घंटे

यदि इन आँकड़ों को पाई चार्ट पर दिखाया जाए, तो सोने और खेलने से सम्बन्धित केन्द्रीय कोणों में अन्तर क्या होगा ?

- (1) 60°
- (2) 75°
- (3) 80°
- (4) 90°

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 173,
- 2, Option ID :- 174,
- 3, Option ID :- 175,
- 4, Option ID :- 176,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -174

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 174

Question ID:- 45

The temperatures of five cities on a day at 2 am and 2 pm are given below :

City	Temperature at 2 am (in $^\circ\text{C}$)	Temperature at 2 pm (in $^\circ\text{C}$)
Chennai	21.4	36.3
Delhi	18.9	28.5
Kolkata	12	28.1
Mumbai	15.2	38
Srinagar	2.3	12

Which city shows the least rise in temperature ?

- (1) Chennai
- (2) Delhi
- (3) Mumbai
- (4) Srinagar

पाँच शहरों के किसी दिन के 2 am तथा 2 pm पर तापमान नीचे दिए गए हैं :

शहर	2 am पर तापमान ($^{\circ}\text{C}$ में)	2 pm पर तापमान ($^{\circ}\text{C}$ में)
चेन्नई	21.4	36.3
दिल्ली	18.9	28.5
कोलकाता	12	28.1
मुम्बई	15.2	38
श्रीनगर	2.3	12

किस शहर के तापमान में न्यूनतम वृद्धि हुई है ?

- (1) चेन्नई
- (2) दिल्ली
- (3) मुम्बई
- (4) श्रीनगर

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 177,
- 2, Option ID :- 178,
- 3, Option ID :- 179,
- 4, Option ID :- 180,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -178

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 178

Subject : MATH_Q46-60_P1_CTET

Question ID:- 46

Mathematical communication in a classroom can be enhanced by

- (1) reading the chapter given in the mathematics textbook before solving questions.
- (2) making children learn definition of important concepts.
- (3) giving opportunities to children to express their mathematical ideas.
- (4) learning about life history of different mathematicians.

गणितीय संप्रेषण को कक्षा में _____ के द्वारा बढ़ाया जा सकता है।

- (1) समस्या हल करने से पहले गणित की पाठ्यपुस्तक में दिए गए पाठ को पढ़ने
- (2) बच्चों को महत्वपूर्ण अवधारणाओं की परिभाषा सिखाने
- (3) बच्चों को उनके गणितीय विचारों को अभिव्यक्त करने के अवसर प्रदान करने
- (4) विभिन्न गणितज्ञों के जीवन इतिहास के अधिगम

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 181,

• 2, Option ID :- 182,

• 3, Option ID :- 183,

• 4, Option ID :- 184,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -183

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 183

Question ID:- 47

Identify the proper mathematical symbol for "If P then Q".

(1) $P = Q$

(2) $P \Rightarrow Q$

(3) $Q \Rightarrow P$

(4) $P \Leftrightarrow Q$

“यदि P तो Q” के लिए सटीक/उपयुक्त गणितीय चिन्ह की पहचान कीजिए ।

(1) $P = Q$

(2) $P \Rightarrow Q$

(3) $Q \Rightarrow P$

(4) $P \Leftrightarrow Q$

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 185,

• 2, Option ID :- 186,

• 3, Option ID :- 187,

• 4, Option ID :- 188,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -186

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 186

Question ID:- 48

According to National Curriculum Framework, 2005, which of the following mathematical skills are **not** involved in visual learning ?

(1) Data handling

(2) Representation

(3) Visualization

(4) Deductive Reasoning

राष्ट्रीय पाठ्यचर्या रूपरेखा, 2005 के अनुसार, निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा गणितीय कौशल दृश्य अधिगम में आवेष्टित **नहीं** है ?

- (1) आँकड़ों का प्रहस्तन
- (2) निरूपण
- (3) दृश्यीकरण
- (4) निगमनात्मक विवेचन

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 189,
- 2, Option ID :- 190,
- 3, Option ID :- 191,
- 4, Option ID :- 192,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -192

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 192

Question ID:- 49

It is found that many children living in traditional occupational settings like market places, trading zones, etc are able to do mental calculations very easily.

These skills

- (1) are not suitable for formal school mathematics.
- (2) can be discussed in class by teachers for introducing various strategies adopted by different cultures in solving problems.
- (3) cannot be used for the purpose of assessing a child's level of cognition.
- (4) are too ambiguous and can only be learnt by children living in such settings.

ऐसा पाया गया है कि बहुत बच्चे जो कि पारंपरिक व्यवसाय जैसे बाजार, व्यापार क्षेत्र, आदि जगहों पर रहते हैं वे मानसिक परिकलन बहुत आसानी से कर लेते हैं।

ये कौशल

- (1) औपचारिक स्कूली गणित के लिए उपयुक्त नहीं हैं।
- (2) कक्षा में चर्चा का विषय हो सकते हैं जिनके द्वारा शिक्षक/शिक्षिकाएँ विभिन्न संस्कृतियों द्वारा अपनाई गई समस्या समाधान करने की कार्यनीतियाँ/विधियाँ प्रस्तुत कर सकते हैं।
- (3) बच्चों के संज्ञानात्मक स्तर के आकलन के उद्देश्य से उपयोग में नहीं लाए जा सकते।
- (4) बहुत अस्पष्ट होते हैं और ये केवल वही बच्चे सीख सकते हैं जो इस प्रकार के वातावरण में रहते हैं।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 193,
- 2, Option ID :- 194,
- 3, Option ID :- 195,

• 4, Option ID :- 196,
Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -194
Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 194

Question ID:- 50

According to National Curriculum Framework, 2005 _____ must be given least importance in mathematics at primary level.

- (1) Logical reasoning
- (2) Precision
- (3) Problem-solving
- (4) Visualization

राष्ट्रीय पाठ्यचर्या रूपरेखा, 2005 के अनुसार _____ को प्राथमिक स्तर पर गणित में सबसे कम महत्त्वता देनी चाहिए ।

- (1) तार्किक विवेचन
- (2) सटीकता
- (3) समस्या-समाधान
- (4) दृश्यीकरण

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 197,
• 2, Option ID :- 198,
• 3, Option ID :- 199,
• 4, Option ID :- 200,
Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -198
Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 198

Question ID:- 51

Which of the following statements is least related to Mathematical Modelling ?

- (1) An application of mathematics to solve problems in everyday life.
- (2) Making assumptions and approximations to simplify a problem.
- (3) Identifying important quantities and using tools or representations to find their relationships.
- (4) Using concrete models as teaching-learning material in mathematics classroom.

निम्नलिखित कथनों में से कौन-सा गणितीय निदर्शन (मॉडलिंग) से न्यूनतम संबंधित है ?

- (1) दैनिक जीवन में समस्याओं के समाधान के लिए गणित का उपयोग करना ।
- (2) समस्या के सरलीकरण के लिए अनुमान लगाना और सन्निकटीकरण करना ।
- (3) महत्वपूर्ण मात्राओं की पहचान करना तथा उनके संबंधों को ज्ञात करने के लिए साधनों या निरूपण का उपयोग करना ।
- (4) गणित की कक्षा में अमूर्त प्रतिरूपों का शिक्षण-अधिगम सामग्री के रूप में उपयोग करना ।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 201,
- 2, Option ID :- 202,
- 3, Option ID :- 203,
- 4, Option ID :- 204,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -202

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 204

Question ID:- 52

Which of the following is the most appropriate way to explain the meaning of top number and the bottom number in a fraction to fourth grade students ?

- (1) Telling them that top number is the numerator and bottom number is the denominator.
- (2) Using fraction models like circular pies, rectangular strips and appropriately shading the parts to show numerator and denominator and helping students to arrive at the definition.
- (3) After defining the numerator and denominator, asking the students to identify numerator and denominator in various pictures.
- (4) By defining that the bottom number is the total number of parts in which a shape/an object is cut and the top number represents the parts selected out of the total number of parts.

कक्षा-IV के विद्यार्थियों को भिन्न में ऊपर वाली संख्या और नीचे वाली संख्या का अर्थ समझाने हेतु निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा तरीका सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त होगा ?

- (1) उन्हें यह बताना कि ऊपर वाली संख्या अंश होती है तथा नीचे वाली संख्या हर होती है ।
- (2) भिन्न के प्रतिरूप जैसे 'वृत्ताकार पाई', आयताकार पट्टी के उचित हिस्से को छायांकित कर, अंश और हर को प्रदर्शित कर, विद्यार्थी को स्वाभाविक रूप से स्वततः परिभाषा समझने में मदद करना ।
- (3) अंश और हर को परिभाषित करने के पश्चात् विभिन्न आकृतियों में विद्यार्थियों को अंश और हर को पहचानने के लिए कहना ।
- (4) यह परिभाषित करें कि कुल जितने हिस्से किसी आकृति / वस्तु में से किए गए हैं वह नीचे वाली संख्या है तथा जितने हिस्से उसमें से चयनित किए गए हैं वह ऊपर वाली संख्या है ।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 205,
- 2, Option ID :- 206,
- 3, Option ID :- 207,
- 4, Option ID :- 208,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -206

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 206

Question ID:- 53

Which of the following is most appropriate to introduce the concept of 'measurement' to primary grade learners ?

- (1) Plan activities that are based on accurate and precise measurement.
- (2) Give the definition of different units of measurement.
- (3) Plan activities that involve measuring real-life objects using non-standard techniques.
- (4) Give various cut-outs of shapes to children and ask them to measure their sides using a scale.

प्राथमिक स्तर के शिक्षार्थियों को 'मापन' की अवधारणा से परिचित कराने के लिए निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त है ?

- (1) ऐसे क्रियाकलाप आयोजित कीजिए जो परिशुद्ध एवं सटीक मापन पर आधारित हों ।
- (2) मापन की विभिन्न इकाइयों की परिभाषाएँ दीजिए ।
- (3) ऐसे क्रियाकलाप आयोजित कीजिए जिनमें अमानक तकनीकियों का उपयोग कर वास्तविक-जीवन की वस्तुओं का मापन किया जा सके ।
- (4) बच्चों को आकृतियों के विभिन्न टुकड़े दीजिए और मापनी (स्केल) का उपयोग कर उन्हें उनकी भुजाएँ मापने को कहिए ।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 209,
- 2, Option ID :- 210,
- 3, Option ID :- 211,
- 4, Option ID :- 212,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -211

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 211

Question ID:- 54

Which of the following holds true for remedial teaching in mathematics ?

- (1) It helps to identify gifted children in a mathematics class.
- (2) It helps children to excel in competitive exams.
- (3) It is beneficial only for children with special needs.
- (4) It is done to overcome difficulties in learning mathematics.

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा गणित में उपचारी शिक्षण के संबंध में सही है ?

- (1) यह गणित की कक्षा में प्रतिभाशाली बच्चों को पहचानने में सहायता करता है।
- (2) यह बच्चों को प्रतियोगात्मक परीक्षाओं में उत्कृष्ट प्रदर्शन करने में सहायता करता है।
- (3) यह केवल विशेष आवश्यकताओं वाले बच्चों के लिए ही लाभदायक है।
- (4) यह गणित अधिगम में आने वाली कठिनाइयों को दूर करने के लिए किया जाता है।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 213,
- 2, Option ID :- 214,
- 3, Option ID :- 215,
- 4, Option ID :- 216,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -216

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 216

Question ID:- 55

Which one of the following is the most appropriate and important feature of a mathematics textbook at Primary level ?

- (1) It should contain more problems for the students to practice.
- (2) It should be colourful and designed in an attractive way.
- (3) It should focus more on the theoretical concepts.
- (4) It should focus more on contextual examples and activities while introducing mathematical concepts.

प्राथमिक स्तर पर गणित की पाठ्यपुस्तक का, निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा एक सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त एवं महत्वपूर्ण लक्षण है ?

- (1) इसमें विद्यार्थियों के अभ्यास हेतु अधिक प्रश्न होने चाहिए।
- (2) यह रंग-बिरंगी और आकर्षक रूप में अभिकल्पित होनी चाहिए।
- (3) यह सैद्धान्तिक अवधारणाओं पर अधिक केन्द्रित होनी चाहिए।
- (4) गणितीय अवधारणाओं को प्रस्तुत करने के समय यह संदर्भात्मक उदाहरणों एवं क्रियाकलापों पर अधिक केन्द्रित होनी चाहिए।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 217,
- 2, Option ID :- 218,
- 3, Option ID :- 219,
- 4, Option ID :- 220,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -220

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 220

Question ID:- 56

Student's performance in a mathematics class is **not** evaluated in terms of

- (1) Problem-Solving Ability
- (2) Rote Memorizing Ability
- (3) Logical Thinking Ability
- (4) Visualisation Ability

गणित की कक्षा में किसी विद्यार्थी के निष्पादन का मूल्यांकन किस पर आधारित **नहीं** है ?

- (1) समस्या-समाधान क्षमता
- (2) कंठस्थ/रटने की क्षमता
- (3) तार्किक चिंतन क्षमता
- (4) दृश्यीकरण क्षमता

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 221,
- 2, Option ID :- 222,
- 3, Option ID :- 223,
- 4, Option ID :- 224,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -222

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 222

Question ID:- 57

Which of the following can be considered as a higher aim of mathematics education at elementary level according to National Curriculum Framework, 2005 ?

- (1) To develop numeracy skills in children
- (2) To make children experts in calculations
- (3) To develop clarity of thought and logico mathematical thinking
- (4) To build skills for competitive exams in future

राष्ट्रीय पाठ्यचर्या रूपरेखा, 2005 के अनुसार प्रारंभिक स्तर पर निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा उद्देश्य गणितीय शिक्षा हेतु उच्च उद्देश्य माना गया है ?

- (1) बच्चों में संख्यात्मक कौशल का विकास करना
- (2) बच्चों को परिकलन कौशल में दक्ष करना
- (3) विचारों की स्पष्टता तथा तर्कपूर्ण गणितीय चिंतन का विकास करना
- (4) भविष्य में प्रतियोगात्मक परीक्षाओं हेतु कौशल का निर्माण करना

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 225,

• 2, Option ID :- 226,

• 3, Option ID :- 227,

• 4, Option ID :- 228,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -227

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 227

Question ID:- 58

More than 50% students of a class did not learn a topic in mathematics. Which of the following is **not** an appropriate strategy to help these children in learning the topic ?

- (1) Repeating the topic with different examples
- (2) Engaging the children in group tasks related to the topic
- (3) Asking the children to solve a large number of similar problems related to the topic
- (4) Creating cooperative learning situations involving the children who have already learnt the topic

कक्षा के 50% विद्यार्थियों ने गणित में एक विषय नहीं समझा। निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सी, विषय के अधिगम में बच्चों की सहायता करने की उपयुक्त विधि/कार्यनीति **नहीं** है ?

- (1) भिन्न-भिन्न उदाहरणों के साथ विषय को दोहराना
- (2) विषय संबंधी सामूहिक कार्यों में बच्चों को संलग्न करना
- (3) बच्चों को अधिक संख्या में विषय संबंधी समान प्रकार की समस्याओं को हल करने के लिए कहना
- (4) उन बच्चों को जिन्होंने पहले से ही वह विषय समझ लिया है, सम्मिलित करके सहयोगी अधिगम परिस्थिति की रचना करना

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 229,

• 2, Option ID :- 230,

• 3, Option ID :- 231,

• 4, Option ID :- 232,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -231

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 231

Question ID:- 59

According to National Curriculum Framework, 2005, which among the following is an activity based on 'constructivist' classroom ?

- (1) Teacher solves problem on the blackboard and students copy it.
- (2) Teacher observes the group activity and facilitates the students for problem solving.
- (3) Teacher asks the students to write important formulae on a chart paper and read them daily.
- (4) Teacher provides lots of homework to the students regularly.

राष्ट्रीय पाठ्यचर्या रूपरेखा, 2005 के अनुसार, निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा क्रियाकलाप एक 'रचनात्मक' कक्षा पर आधारित है ?

- (1) शिक्षक श्यामपट्ट पर प्रश्न हल करते हैं और बच्चे उसकी नकल करते हैं।
- (2) शिक्षक समूह में किए गए क्रियाकलाप का अवलोकन करते हैं और विद्यार्थियों को प्रश्न हल करने में सुगमता प्रदान करते हैं।
- (3) शिक्षक बच्चों को महत्वपूर्ण सूत्र एक चार्ट पेपर पर लिखकर प्रतिदिन उसे पढ़ने के लिए कहते हैं।
- (4) शिक्षक विद्यार्थियों को नियमित रूप से बहुत सा गृहकार्य प्रदान करते हैं।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 233,
- 2, Option ID :- 234,
- 3, Option ID :- 235,
- 4, Option ID :- 236,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -234

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 234

Question ID:- 60

Which of the following is *not* related to developing the concept of a circle among primary grade learners ?

- (1) Identifying circular objects from the surroundings
- (2) Drawing circles using a rope and a stick in sand
- (3) Showing a model of globe in the class
- (4) Tracing circles using some circular objects

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा प्राथमिक स्तर के अधिगमकर्ताओं में वृत्त की अवधारणा के विकास से संबंधित *नहीं* है ?

- (1) अपने परिवेश में वृत्ताकार वस्तुओं को पहचानना
- (2) रेत में रस्सी और डंडी के प्रयोग से वृत्तरेखण करना
- (3) कक्षा में ग्लोब का प्रतिमान दिखाना
- (4) कुछ वृत्ताकार वस्तुओं के उपयोग द्वारा वृत्तों का अनुरेखण करना

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 237,
- 2, Option ID :- 238,
- 3, Option ID :- 239,
- 4, Option ID :- 240,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -239

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 239

Subject : EVS_Q61-75_P1_CTET

Question ID:- 61

Fermentation is conversion of

- (1) Sugar into alcohol
- (2) Yeast into alcohol
- (3) Sugar into CO_2
- (4) Yeast into CO_2

खमीरीकरण एक परिवर्तन की क्रिया है

- (1) शर्करा को ऐल्कोहॉल में बदलने की
- (2) खमीर (यीस्ट) को ऐल्कोहॉल में बदलने की
- (3) शर्करा को CO_2 (कार्बन डाइऑक्साइड) में बदलने की
- (4) खमीर (यीस्ट) को CO_2 (कार्बन डाइऑक्साइड) में बदलने की

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 241,
- 2, Option ID :- 242,
- 3, Option ID :- 243,
- 4, Option ID :- 244,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -241

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 241

Question ID:- 62

Your house is located at X and the bookshop is located at Y. Although the market is just opposite but you cannot go straight because of the busy highway having barriers in between. So you first go 100 m due North, then cross a 50 m long Zebra Crossing which is due West and finally reach the bookshop at Y which is 150 m due South. With respect to the bookshop at Y, the direction of your house at X is

- (1) North-East
- (2) North-West
- (3) South-East
- (4) South-West

आपका घर X पर स्थित है और बुकशॉप Y पर स्थित है। यद्यपि आपका घर बाजार के ठीक सामने है, बीच में व्यस्त राजमार्ग, जिस पर रोधक लगे हैं, के कारण आप सीधे नहीं जा सकते हैं। आप पहले ठीक उत्तर में 100 m जाते हैं, फिर ठीक पश्चिम में 50 m लम्बा ज़ेब्रा क्रॉसिंग पार करते हैं और अन्त में ठीक दक्षिण में 150 m दूरी तय करके Y पर स्थित बुकशॉप पहुँचते हैं। Y पर बुकशॉप के सापेक्ष X पर आपके घर की दिशा है

- (1) उत्तर-पूर्व
- (2) उत्तर-पश्चिम
- (3) दक्षिण-पूर्व
- (4) दक्षिण-पश्चिम

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 245,
- 2, Option ID :- 246,
- 3, Option ID :- 247,
- 4, Option ID :- 248,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -245

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 245

Question ID:- 63

Freeplay is where children

- (1) can do outdoor or indoor activities
- (2) follow the rules of the play
- (3) play gender-specific games as suggested by adults
- (4) organise specific activities

स्वच्छंद खेल होते हैं जहाँ बच्चे

- (1) बाहरी अथवा भीतरी क्रियाकलाप कर सकते हैं
- (2) खेल के नियमों का पालन करते हैं
- (3) वयस्कों द्वारा सलाह देने पर लिंग-विशिष्ट खेल खेलते हैं
- (4) विशिष्ट क्रियाकलाप आयोजित करते हैं

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 249,
- 2, Option ID :- 250,
- 3, Option ID :- 251,
- 4, Option ID :- 252,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -249

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 249

Question ID:- 64

Sprouting in seeds can take place in the absence of

- (1) Sunlight
- (2) Air
- (3) Moisture
- (4) Moderate temperature

बीजों का अंकुरण किसकी अनुपस्थिति में हो सकता है ?

- (1) सूर्य का प्रकाश
- (2) वायु
- (3) नमी
- (4) मध्यम ताप

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 253,
- 2, Option ID :- 254,
- 3, Option ID :- 255,
- 4, Option ID :- 256,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -256

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 253

Question ID:- 65

A person boarded an express train on 5th September, 2022 at Bhiwandi Road Railway Station for Nagercoil. The train departed at 21:15 hours from Bhiwandi Road and reached Nagercoil at 04:45 hours on 7th September, 2022. If the distance covered by the train is 1877 kilometres, the average speed of the train is

- (1) 60.5 km/h
- (2) 59.9 km/h
- (3) 59.5 km/h
- (4) 59.0 km/h

कोई व्यक्ति 5 सितम्बर, 2022 को नगरकोइल जाने के लिए भिवंडी रोड रेलवे स्टेशन पर एक एक्सप्रेस ट्रेन में सवार हुआ। यह ट्रेन 21:15 बजे भिवंडी रोड से चली तथा 7 सितम्बर, 2022 को 04:45 बजे नगरकोइल पहुँची। यदि इस समय अन्तराल में ट्रेन द्वारा चली गयी दूरी 1877 किलोमीटर है, तो ट्रेन की औसत चाल है

- (1) 60.5 km/h
- (2) 59.9 km/h
- (3) 59.5 km/h
- (4) 59.0 km/h

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 257,
- 2, Option ID :- 258,
- 3, Option ID :- 259,
- 4, Option ID :- 260,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -259

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 258

Question ID:- 66

Pasteurized milk is heated to about _____ then suddenly chilled & stored.

- (1) 100°C for 15 minutes
- (2) 100°C for 3 minutes
- (3) 70°C for 5 minutes
- (4) 70°C for 15 to 30 seconds

पाश्चुरीकृत दूध को लगभग _____ तक गर्म किया जाता है, फिर अचानक अति ठंडा करके भंडारण किया जाता है।

- (1) 15 मिनट के लिए 100° सै.
- (2) 3 मिनट के लिए 100° सै.
- (3) 5 मिनट के लिए 70° सै.
- (4) 15 से 30 सैकण्ड के लिए 70° सै.

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 261,
- 2, Option ID :- 262,
- 3, Option ID :- 263,
- 4, Option ID :- 264,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -264

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 264

Question ID:- 67

Based on the physical characteristics, Pumpkin plant can be classified as a

- (1) Climber
- (2) Shrub
- (3) Creeper
- (4) Herb

भौतिक विशेषताओं के आधार पर कद्दू के पौधे को किसमें वर्गीकृत किया जा सकता है ?

- (1) आरोही लता
- (2) झाड़ी
- (3) विसर्पी लता
- (4) शाक

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 265,
- 2, Option ID :- 266,
- 3, Option ID :- 267,
- 4, Option ID :- 268,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -267

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 267

Question ID:- 68

Reading by touching and feeling with fingers is used by people who are unable to

- (1) hear
- (2) talk
- (3) touch
- (4) see

उँगलियों से छू कर एवं महसूस करके पढ़ने की क्रिया का प्रयोग उन लोगों द्वारा किया जाता है जो

- (1) सुन नहीं सकते
- (2) बोल नहीं सकते
- (3) छू नहीं सकते
- (4) देख नहीं सकते

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 269,
- 2, Option ID :- 270,
- 3, Option ID :- 271,

• 4, Option ID :- 272,
Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -272
Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 272

Question ID:- 69

The process of cooling due to evaporation is slow when the area of the water surface in contact with the atmosphere

- (1) increases and the atmospheric temperature is high.
- (2) increases and the atmospheric temperature is low.
- (3) decreases and the atmospheric temperature is high.
- (4) decreases and the atmospheric temperature is low.

वाष्पन के कारण शीतलन की प्रक्रिया तब धीमी होती है जब वायुमण्डल में जल के खुले पृष्ठ का क्षेत्रफल

- (1) बढ़ता है और वायुमण्डलीय ताप उच्च होता है ।
- (2) बढ़ता है और वायुमण्डलीय ताप निम्न होता है ।
- (3) घटता है और वायुमण्डलीय ताप उच्च होता है ।
- (4) घटता है और वायुमण्डलीय ताप निम्न होता है ।

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 273,
• 2, Option ID :- 274,
• 3, Option ID :- 275,
• 4, Option ID :- 276,
Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -274
Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 276

Question ID:- 70

The lively dance form of Bundelkhand region is

- (1) Swang
- (2) Matki
- (3) Bhagoria
- (4) Lavani

बुंदेलखण्ड क्षेत्र की फुर्तीली नृत्य शैली है

- (1) स्वांग
- (2) मटकी
- (3) भगोरिया
- (4) लावनी

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 277,
- 2, Option ID :- 278,
- 3, Option ID :- 279,
- 4, Option ID :- 280,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -280

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 277

Question ID:- 71

In case of plants, identify the correct option.

- A. Plants prevent soil erosion.
- B. Dead and dried leaves are used to make fertilizers and pesticides.
- C. Animals provide shelter for plants.
- D. Plants provide us seeds some of which can be eaten.

- (1) A and B
- (2) B and C
- (3) C and D
- (4) A and D

पौधों के संदर्भ में, सही विकल्प की पहचान कीजिए ।

- A. पौधे भूक्षरण को रोकते हैं ।
- B. मृत एवं सूखी पत्तियाँ उर्वरक एवं कीटनाशक बनाने के लिए प्रयुक्त होती हैं ।
- C. पशु, पौधों को आश्रय प्रदान करते हैं ।
- D. पौधे हमें बीज प्रदान करते हैं जिनमें से कुछ खाए जा सकते हैं ।

- (1) A तथा B
- (2) B तथा C
- (3) C तथा D
- (4) A तथा D

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 281,
- 2, Option ID :- 282,
- 3, Option ID :- 283,
- 4, Option ID :- 284,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -284

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 284

Question ID:- 72

Parts of plants and their roles are mentioned below. The most appropriate statement is

- (1) Roots connect the plant to the leaves.
- (2) Fruits help in pollination.
- (3) Flowers are the reproductive parts of the plant.
- (4) Leaves support the upper part of the plant.

पौधों के भागों तथा उनके कार्यों (भूमिकाओं) को नीचे बताया गया है। सबसे उपयुक्त कथन है

- (1) जड़ें पौधों को पत्तों से जोड़ती हैं।
- (2) फल परागण में सहायता करते हैं।
- (3) फूल पौधे के प्रजनन अंग होते हैं।
- (4) पत्ते पौधे के ऊपरी भाग को सहारा देते हैं।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 285,
- 2, Option ID :- 286,
- 3, Option ID :- 287,
- 4, Option ID :- 288,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -287

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 287

Question ID:- 73

Select from the following a pair of Union Territories of India :

- (1) Mizoram and Lakshdweep
- (2) Jharkhand and Chhattisgarh
- (3) Ladakh and Puducherry
- (4) Jammu and Kashmir and Nagaland

निम्नलिखित में से भारत के संघ शासित प्रदेशों का युगल चुनिए :

- (1) मिज़ोरम और लक्षद्वीप
- (2) झारखण्ड और छत्तीसगढ़
- (3) लदाख और पुदुचेरी
- (4) जम्मू और कश्मीर और नागालैण्ड

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 289,
- 2, Option ID :- 290,
- 3, Option ID :- 291,

• 4, Option ID :- 292,
Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -291
Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 291

Question ID:- 74

In a cultural festival, Shruti wore a traditional saree/dress of Maharashtra known as

- (1) Banarasi
- (2) Nauvari
- (3) Kalamkari
- (4) Jamdani

एक सांस्कृतिक उत्सव में, श्रुति ने महाराष्ट्र की एक पारम्परिक साड़ी/पोशाक पहनी थी जिसका नाम है

- (1) बनारसी
- (2) नौवारी
- (3) कलमकारी
- (4) जामदानी

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 293,
• 2, Option ID :- 294,
• 3, Option ID :- 295,
• 4, Option ID :- 296,
Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -296
Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 294

Question ID:- 75

As per 'The Prohibition of Child Marriage Act, 2006' minimum age for marriage in India is

- (1) 18 years for boys and 18 years for girls
- (2) 18 years for girls and 21 years for boys
- (3) 21 years for boys and 21 years for girls
- (4) 21 years for girls and 25 years for boys

'बाल-विवाह निषेध अधिनियम, 2006' के अनुसार भारत में विवाह की न्यूनतम आयु है

- (1) लड़कों के लिए 18 वर्ष तथा लड़कियों के लिए 18 वर्ष
- (2) लड़कियों के लिए 18 वर्ष तथा लड़कों के लिए 21 वर्ष
- (3) लड़कों के लिए 21 वर्ष तथा लड़कियों के लिए 21 वर्ष
- (4) लड़कियों के लिए 21 वर्ष तथा लड़कों के लिए 25 वर्ष

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 297,
- 2, Option ID :- 298,
- 3, Option ID :- 299,
- 4, Option ID :- 300,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -298

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 298

Subject : EVS_Q76-90_P1_CTET

Question ID:- 76

Madhu studying in class III identifies Rose and Tulsi plants planted at his home. Which of the following processes are involved in the identification of plants ?

- A. Observation
- B. Comparison
- C. Prediction
- D. Decision-making

- (1) A and B
- (2) B and C
- (3) C and D
- (4) D and A

कक्षा-III में पढ़ने वाली मधु अपने घर में लगे गुलाब और तुलसी के पौधे को पहचानती है । पौधों की पहचान में निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सी प्रक्रियाएँ शामिल हैं ?

- A. अवलोकन
- B. तुलना
- C. अनुमान
- D. निर्णयन

- (1) A और B
- (2) B और C
- (3) C और D
- (4) D और A

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 301,
- 2, Option ID :- 302,
- 3, Option ID :- 303,
- 4, Option ID :- 304,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -301

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 301

Question ID:- 77

In the teaching-learning of EVS, objective of conducting Nature Walk is

- (1) to highlight flora and fauna and develop emotional bonding with nature
- (2) to conduct a virtual tour of nature
- (3) to walk in a park and ensure fitness of learners
- (4) to engage learners in gardening and develop a kitchen garden

पर्यावरण अध्ययन के शिक्षण-अधिगम में प्रकृति की सैर संचालित करने का उद्देश्य है

- (1) वनस्पति जगत एवं प्राणिजगत पर विशेष बल देना और प्रकृति के साथ भावनात्मक संबंध का विकास करना
- (2) प्रकृति की एक आभासी यात्रा करना
- (3) एक पार्क में सैर करना और विद्यार्थियों की तन्दुरुस्ती सुनिश्चित करना
- (4) विद्यार्थियों को बागवानी में व्यस्त रखना और एक रसोई बगीचा विकसित करना

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 305,
- 2, Option ID :- 306,
- 3, Option ID :- 307,
- 4, Option ID :- 308,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -308

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 305

Question ID:- 78

Rezi says that she can not become a truck driver like her father. She has to look after household and children like her mother. Which of the following method will be most useful to address this gender related concept in class ?

- (1) Group Discussion
- (2) Movie demonstration
- (3) Role play
- (4) Play

रेज़ी कहती है कि वह अपने पिता की तरह ट्रक ड्राइवर नहीं बन सकती। उसे अपनी माँ की तरह घर-बार संभालना है और बच्चों की देखभाल करनी है। निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सी विधि, कक्षा में जेंडर संबंधी, इस अवधारणा को संबोधित करने हेतु सर्वाधिक उपयोगी रहेगी ?

- (1) समूह चर्चा
- (2) चलचित्र प्रदर्शन
- (3) भूमिका निर्वहन
- (4) खेल

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 309,
- 2, Option ID :- 310,
- 3, Option ID :- 311,
- 4, Option ID :- 312,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -311

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 309

Question ID:- 79

While teaching EVS to primary school children you happen to come across certain children who live in single-parent families. What would be your response to such a situation ?

- (1) Ignore these children and focus on the theme 'family and relationships'.
- (2) Sympathise with these children and ask them to explain the term 'family'.
- (3) Highlight difficulties faced by children in such families and focus on the topic.
- (4) Incorporate the context of such children and build a culture of empathy.

प्राथमिक विद्यालय के बच्चों को पर्यावरण अध्ययन का शिक्षण करते हुए, आपने पाया कि कुछ बच्चे एकल अभिभावक परिवारों में रहते हैं। इस परिस्थिति में आपकी क्या प्रतिक्रिया होगी ?

- (1) इन बच्चों की अवहेलना करें और विषय 'परिवार और संबंधों' पर ध्यान केंद्रित करें।
- (2) इन बच्चों से सहानुभूति दर्शाएँ और उन्हें 'परिवार' पद समझाने के लिए कहें।
- (3) ऐसे परिवारों में बच्चों द्वारा सामना की गई कठिनाइयों पर विशेष बल दें और विषय पर ध्यान केंद्रित करें।
- (4) ऐसे बच्चों का संदर्भ सम्मिलित करें और समानुभूति की एक संस्कृति का निर्माण करें।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 313,
- 2, Option ID :- 314,
- 3, Option ID :- 315,
- 4, Option ID :- 316,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -315
Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 316

Question ID:- 80

Rupal, a class V student, tells her teacher that when her younger sister cries, her grandmother says to her to stop crying otherwise an old man sitting on the moon will take her away. What will you do if you are Rupal's teacher ?

- (1) Talk to Rupal's grandmother and forbid her from saying so.
- (2) Talk to Rupal and explain that her grandmother is lying.
- (3) Explain to Rupal about the moon and show that no such old man is there.
- (4) Ask Rupal to collect information and verify this fact.

रूपल, कक्षा V की छात्रा है, वह अपने शिक्षक को बताती है कि जब उसकी छोटी बहन रोती है तो दादी उससे कहती है कि चुप हो जा नहीं तो, चाँद पर बैठा बुढ़ा बाबा उसे ले जाएगा। यदि आप रूपल के शिक्षक हैं, तो आप क्या करेंगे ?

- (1) रूपल की दादी से बात करके उन्हें ऐसा कहने से मना करेंगे।
- (2) रूपल से बात करके समझाएँगे कि दादी झूठ कह रही है।
- (3) रूपल को चाँद के बारे में बताएँगे कि ऐसा कोई बाबा वहाँ नहीं है।
- (4) रूपल से कहेंगे कि वह सूचना का संकलन कर इस तथ्य की जाँच करे।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 317,
- 2, Option ID :- 318,
- 3, Option ID :- 319,
- 4, Option ID :- 320,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -319
Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 320

Question ID:- 81

In class-I, as a teacher, you are expected to familiarise learners with the 'senses'. You will

- (1) ask learners to read about the topic and come prepared for the class.
- (2) ask learners to write about senses in their own words.
- (3) use concrete material to depict the function of each sense.
- (4) use role-play to transact the function of each sense.

कक्षा-I में, शिक्षक के रूप में आपसे अपेक्षा है कि आप विद्यार्थियों को 'ज्ञानेन्द्रियों' से परिचित करवाएँ। आप

- (1) विद्यार्थियों को विषय के संदर्भ में पढ़ने के लिए और तैयारी के साथ कक्षा में आने के लिए कहेंगे।
- (2) विद्यार्थियों को उनके अपने शब्दों में ज्ञानेन्द्रियों के विषय में लिखने के लिए कहेंगे।
- (3) प्रत्येक संवेदना का कार्य चित्रण करने के लिए मूर्त पदार्थ का उपयोग करेंगे।
- (4) प्रत्येक संवेदना का कार्य सम्पादित करने के लिए भूमिका-निर्वहन का उपयोग करेंगे।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 321,
- 2, Option ID :- 322,
- 3, Option ID :- 323,
- 4, Option ID :- 324,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -324

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 323

Question ID:- 82

Which of the following statements is the most suitable explanation of the nature of EVS ?

- (1) Adjustment between human behaviour & ecosystem
- (2) Education from primary to secondary education
- (3) A life-long continuous learning process about environment
- (4) Understanding and information about environment

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा कथन पर्यावरण अध्ययन की प्रकृति की सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त व्याख्या है ?

- (1) मानव व्यवहार और पारिस्थितिकी तंत्र में सामंजस्य
- (2) प्राथमिक से लेकर माध्यमिक शिक्षा तक की शिक्षा
- (3) पर्यावरण के बारे में सतत रहने वाली अधिगम प्रक्रिया
- (4) पर्यावरण के बारे में समझ और जानकारी

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 325,
- 2, Option ID :- 326,
- 3, Option ID :- 327,
- 4, Option ID :- 328,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -325

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 327

Question ID:- 83

In class II, as an EVS teacher you have to transact 'Transport' topic in theme travel to the students, thus you will

- (1) ask students to read about it and make notes.
- (2) show them a computer presentation on importance of transport.
- (3) use information and communication tools and draw conclusions from their experiences.
- (4) Read newspaper articles to decipher uses of transport.

कक्षा II में, एक पर्यावरण अध्ययन शिक्षक के रूप में, आपको विद्यार्थियों को यात्रा थीम से 'परिवहन' प्रकरण का सम्पादन करना है, इसलिए आप

- (1) विद्यार्थियों को इसके संदर्भ में पढ़ने और नोट्स बनाने के लिए कहेंगे।
- (2) परिवहन के महत्व पर उन्हें एक कम्प्यूटर प्रस्तुतीकरण दिखाएँगे।
- (3) सूचना एवं सम्प्रेषण साधनों का उपयोग करेंगे और उनके अनुभवों से निष्कर्ष निकालेंगे।
- (4) परिवहन के उपयोगों का अर्थ निकालने के लिए समाचार-पत्रों के लेख पढ़ेंगे।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 329,
- 2, Option ID :- 330,
- 3, Option ID :- 331,
- 4, Option ID :- 332,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -331

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 331

Question ID:- 84

Which of the following statements best exhibits the nature of EVS ?

- (1) EVS is not a separate subject in itself.
- (2) EVS is preparation of (Science and Social Science) subjects of upper primary classes.
- (3) EVS is awareness and sensitivity about environment and environmental problems.
- (4) EVS is the efficiency of removing environmental problems.

पर्यावरण अध्ययन की प्रकृति को निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सर्वोत्तम प्रकार से प्रदर्शित करता है ?

- (1) पर्यावरण अध्ययन अपने आप में कोई अलग विषय नहीं है।
- (2) पर्यावरण अध्ययन उच्च प्राथमिक कक्षाओं के विषय (विज्ञान व सामाजिक विज्ञान) की पूर्व तैयारी है।
- (3) पर्यावरण अध्ययन पर्यावरण और पर्यावरणीय समस्याओं के बारे में जागरूकता और संवेदनशीलता है।
- (4) पर्यावरण अध्ययन पर्यावरणीय समस्याओं को दूर करने की कुशलता है।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 333,
- 2, Option ID :- 334,
- 3, Option ID :- 335,
- 4, Option ID :- 336,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -335

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 335

Question ID:- 85

Which of the following activities are appropriate for transacting 'here comes a letter' to the students of class III ?

- A. Read chapter on 'communication' and do related exercises.
- B. Ask students to collate information and then write in their own words.
- C. Prepare students for letter-writing to their grandparents.
- D. Plan a visit to the local post office to experience the work of a postman.

- (1) A and B
- (2) B and C
- (3) A and D
- (4) C and D

कक्षा III के विद्यार्थियों को प्रकरण "चिट्ठी आई है", के शिक्षण के लिए, निम्नलिखित में से कौन-से क्रियाकलाप उपयुक्त हैं ?

- A. 'संचार' का पाठ पढ़िये और संबंधित अभ्यास कीजिए ।
- B. विद्यार्थियों को, सूचना को जोड़कर और उनको अपने शब्दों में लिखने के लिए कहिये ।
- C. विद्यार्थियों को उनके दादा-दादी को पत्र लिखने के लिये तैयार करिये ।
- D. डाकिये के कार्य को अनुभव करने के लिए एक स्थानीय डाकघर जाने की योजना बनाइये ।

- (1) A और B
- (2) B और C
- (3) A और D
- (4) C और D

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 337,
- 2, Option ID :- 338,
- 3, Option ID :- 339,

• 4, Option ID :- 340,
Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -340
Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 340

Question ID:- 86

Which of the following statements are true in the context of EVS learning of children ?

- A. Children are actively connected to the world around them.
- B. Children coming from different backgrounds have similar contextual experiences.
- C. Diversity makes the teaching-learning process challenging.
- D. Diversity is an important resource in teaching-learning process.

- (1) A, B and C
- (2) A, C and D
- (3) B, C and D
- (4) A, B and D

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-से कथन बच्चों के पर्यावरण अध्ययन सीखने के संदर्भ में सत्य हैं ?

- A. बच्चे अपने आसपास की दुनिया से सक्रिय रूप से जुड़े रहते हैं।
- B. अलग-अलग पृष्ठभूमि से आए बच्चों के समान संदर्भित अनुभव होते हैं।
- C. विविधता सीखने-सिखाने की प्रक्रिया को चुनौतीपूर्ण बनाती है।
- D. विविधता सीखने-सिखाने की प्रक्रिया में महत्वपूर्ण संसाधन है।

- (1) A, B और C
- (2) A, C और D
- (3) B, C और D
- (4) A, B और D

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 341,
• 2, Option ID :- 342,
• 3, Option ID :- 343,
• 4, Option ID :- 344,
Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -342
Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 342

Question ID:- 87

In order to introduce the topic 'Birds' to the students of class IV, which one of the following would you prefer ?

- (1) Provide models of birds along with their names to your students for them to memorise.
- (2) Ask students to write about 'Birds' in their own words.
- (3) Use nature walk to identify local birds, their habits and habitats.
- (4) Show a video on birds followed by digital presentation.

कक्षा IV के विद्यार्थियों को विषय 'पक्षियों' प्रस्तुत करने के उद्देश्य से, आप निम्नलिखित में से किसे प्राथमिकता देंगे ?

- (1) अपने विद्यार्थियों को पक्षियों के प्रतिरूप उनके नामों की सूची के साथ, याद करने के लिए दीजिए ।
- (2) विद्यार्थियों को 'पक्षियों' के विषय में अपने शब्दों में लिखने के लिए कहिये ।
- (3) स्थानीय पक्षियों, उनकी प्रकृति और उनके आवास-स्थानों की पहचान करने के लिए प्रकृति की सैर का उपयोग कीजिए ।
- (4) पक्षियों पर एक वीडियो और उसके पश्चात् कम्प्यूटर प्रस्तुतीकरण दिखाइये ।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 345,
- 2, Option ID :- 346,
- 3, Option ID :- 347,
- 4, Option ID :- 348,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -347

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 347

Question ID:- 88

Vani said, "Mango tree is like an open umbrella." Which processes have been used by Vani in this statement ?

- A. Observation
 - B. Comparison
 - C. Decision-making
 - D. Imagination
- (1) A, B and C
 - (2) B, C and D
 - (3) A, C and D
 - (4) A, B and D

वाणी ने कहा, “आम का पेड़ खुली छतरी जैसा है।” इस कथन में वाणी द्वारा किन प्रक्रियाओं का प्रयोग किया गया है ?

- A. अवलोकन
- B. तुलना
- C. निर्णयन
- D. कल्पना

(1) A, B और C

(2) B, C और D

(3) A, C और D

(4) A, B और D

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 349,

• 2, Option ID :- 350,

• 3, Option ID :- 351,

• 4, Option ID :- 352,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -352

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 352

Question ID:- 89

During the transaction of class III topic on 'Water' students shared instances of people being refused to drink water from common resources like wells, ponds, etc. How would you deal with such a situation ?

- A. Ask students to not get distracted and focus on the topic.
- B. Ask students to not share such situations in class.
- C. Ask them to share experiences and emphasise the values of equality.
- D. Ask them to share experiences and write an essay on 'water conservation'

(1) B and C

(2) A, B and D

(3) A, C and D

(4) Only D

कक्षा III में विषय 'जल' का शिक्षण करते हुए, विद्यार्थियों ने ऐसे उदाहरणों को साझा किया जिसमें लोगों को सार्वजनिक संसाधनों जैसे कुओं, तालाबों, इत्यादि से जल पीने के लिए मना किया गया था। आप ऐसी परिस्थिति से कैसे निपटेंगे ?

- A. विद्यार्थियों को विषय से हटने से रोकेंगे और विषय पर ध्यान केंद्रित करने के लिए कहेंगे।
- B. विद्यार्थियों को ऐसी घटनाओं को कक्षा में साझा करने से मना करेंगे।
- C. उन्हें अनुभवों को साझा करने और समानता के मूल्यों पर बल देने के लिए कहेंगे।
- D. उन्हें अनुभवों को साझा करने और 'जल संरक्षण' पर निबन्ध लिखने के लिए कहेंगे।

- (1) B और C
- (2) A, B और D
- (3) A, C और D
- (4) केवल D

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 353,
- 2, Option ID :- 354,
- 3, Option ID :- 355,
- 4, Option ID :- 356,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -356

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 355

Question ID:- 90

Which of the following objectives is the most important for EVS subject ?

- (1) Development of understanding of subject concepts
- (2) Development of understanding of practical activity
- (3) Development of abilities of observation, enquiry, logic and conclusion
- (4) Development of ability to decide right and wrong on the basis of conscience

पर्यावरण अध्ययन विषय हेतु निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा उद्देश्य सर्वाधिक महत्वपूर्ण है ?

- (1) विषयगत अवधारणाओं की समझ का विकास
- (2) प्रायोगिक गतिविधि की समझ का विकास
- (3) अवलोकन, खोजबीन, तर्क व निष्कर्ष की क्षमताओं का विकास
- (4) विवेक के आधार पर सही व गलत को तय करने की क्षमता का विकास

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 357,
- 2, Option ID :- 358,

• 3, Option ID :- 359,

• 4, Option ID :- 360,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -359

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 359

Subject : Odia_Q91-99_L1_P1_CTET

Question ID:- 391

ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶ : ନିମ୍ନ ଅନୁଛେଦଟି ପାଠକରି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ସଂଖ୍ୟା ର ଉତ୍ତର ପ୍ରଦାନ କର ।

ପ୍ରଥମ କଥା ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବନ୍ଧନ ରହୁ । ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ସୂତ୍ରପାତ ଅନେକ ଆତ୍ମ ହୋଇଥାଏ, କିନ୍ତୁ ମାତୃଭାଷା ଓ ମାତୃଭାଷାର ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବନ୍ଧନ । କେଉଁ ଆକର୍ଷଣଦ୍ୱାରା ଆଜି ଆନ୍ଦୋଳନେ ଏଠାରେ ଆସି ଉପସ୍ଥିତ ହୋଇଅଛୁ ? ନାନା ପ୍ରତିକୂଳ ଅବସ୍ଥା ମଧ୍ୟରେ ପଡ଼ି ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଉତ୍କଳୀୟମାନେ କାହା ବଳରେ ଏକ ଜାତି ବୋଲି ପରିଚିତ ହେଉଅଛନ୍ତି ? କେଉଁ ଅଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ସୂତ୍ର ଆନ୍ଦୋଳନକୁ ଏତେକାଳ ବାନ୍ଧି ରଖୁଅଛି ? ଉତ୍କଳର ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ଗୌରବ, ବିଭବ ସବୁ ଲୋପ ପାଇଅଛି; ଉତ୍କଳ ଆଜି ଦୀନ ହାନ । ଯଥାର୍ଥ କହିବାକୁ ଗଲେ ଗୋଟିଏ ଜାତି ବୋଲି ଗୌରବ କରିବାର ଆନ୍ଦୋଳନ ଆଜି କଣ ଅଛି ? କିନ୍ତୁ ଏହି ଅବନତ ଅବସ୍ଥାରେ ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଆଜି ଯେ ଆନ୍ଦୋଳନେ ଏଠାରେ ଏକତ୍ର ହୋଇଅଛୁ, ତାହା କେବଳ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ଆକର୍ଷଣ ଯୋଗୁ । ସାହିତ୍ୟ କେବଳ ବର୍ତ୍ତମାନର ବନ୍ଧନ-ରହୁ ନୁହେଁ; ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ପୁରୁଷମାନଙ୍କ ସଙ୍ଗେ ଆନ୍ଦୋଳନକୁ ଯେଉଁ ବନ୍ଧନ ବାନ୍ଧି ରଖୁଅଛି ତାହା କେବଳ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ବନ୍ଧନ । ଉପେନ୍ଦ୍ର ଭଞ୍ଜ, ଦୀନକୃଷ୍ଣ, ଅଭିମନ୍ୟୁ, ଜଗନ୍ନାଥ, ବଳରାମ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ପୂର୍ବପୁରୁଷମାନେ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ବନ୍ଧନ ଯୋଗୁ, ଆମ ସଙ୍ଗେ ବନ୍ଧା । ଭୁବନେଶ୍ୱର, କୋଣାର୍କ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ସ୍ଥଳର କୀର୍ତ୍ତିମାନଙ୍କରୁ ଅନୁମିତ ହୁଏ ଯେ ଉତ୍କଳ ପୂର୍ବେ ଉନ୍ନତ ଥିଲା । କିନ୍ତୁ କେହି କହିପାରେ ସେସବୁ ଆନ୍ଦୋଳନକୁ ପୂର୍ବପୁରୁଷମାନଙ୍କର କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ନୁହେଁ । ତାହା ଯେ ଅନ୍ୟ କୌଣସି ବିଦେଶୀୟ ଜାତି ଆସି ଏଠାରେ ନିର୍ମାଣ କରିଛନ୍ତି ତାହାର କି ପ୍ରମାଣ ଅଛି ? ମୋର ଉତ୍ତର-ଆନ୍ଦୋଳନ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ତାହାର କ୍ଷୁଦ୍ର ପ୍ରମାଣସ୍ୱରୂପ ବିଦ୍ୟମାନ । ଯଦି ଭବିଷ୍ୟତ ବଂଶଧରମାନଙ୍କ ସଙ୍ଗେ ଆନ୍ଦୋଳନର ସମ୍ପର୍କ ରକ୍ଷା କରିବାର ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ଥାଏ, ତାହା ଏକା ଉନ୍ନତ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ରକ୍ଷା କରିବାକୁ ସମର୍ଥ ହେବ । ଅତଏବ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନରେ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ସ୍ଥାନ ଅତି ଉଚ୍ଚ, ଅତି ପବିତ୍ର ।

ମାତୃଭାଷା ଓ ମାତୃଭାଷାର ସାହିତ୍ୟ କାହାର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବନ୍ଧନ ?

- (1) ବିଶ୍ୱଜୀବନର
- (2) ଜାତୀୟଜୀବନର
- (3) ଅଖିଳଜୀବନର
- (4) ମଧୁମୟଜୀବନର

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 1561,

• 2, Option ID :- 1562,

• 3, Option ID :- 1563,

• 4, Option ID :- 1564,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -1562

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 1562

Question ID:- 392

ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶ : ନିମ୍ନ ଅନୁଛେଦଟି ପାଠକରି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ସଂଖ୍ୟା ର ଉତ୍ତର ପ୍ରଦାନ କର ।

ପ୍ରଥମ କଥା ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବନ୍ଧନ ରହୁ । ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ସୂତ୍ରପାତ ଅନେକ ଆତ୍ମ ହୋଇଥାଏ, କିନ୍ତୁ ମାତୃଭାଷା ଓ ମାତୃଭାଷାର ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବନ୍ଧନ । କେଉଁ ଆକର୍ଷଣଦ୍ୱାରା ଆଜି ଆମେମାନେ ଏଠାରେ ଆସି ଉପସ୍ଥିତ ହୋଇଅଛୁ ? ନାନା ପ୍ରତିକୂଳ ଅବସ୍ଥା ମଧ୍ୟରେ ପଡ଼ି ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଉତ୍କଳୀୟମାନେ କାହା ବଳରେ ଏକ ଜାତି ବୋଲି ପରିଚିତ ହେଉଅଛନ୍ତି ? କେଉଁ ଅଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ସୂତ୍ର ଆମମାନଙ୍କୁ ଏତେକାଳ ବାନ୍ଧି ରଖୁଅଛି ? ଉତ୍କଳର ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ଗୌରବ, ବିଭବ ସବୁ ଲୋପ ପାଇଅଛି; ଉତ୍କଳ ଆଜି ଦୀନ ହାନ । ଯଥାର୍ଥ କହିବାକୁ ଗଲେ ଗୋଟିଏ ଜାତି ବୋଲି ଗୌରବ କରିବାର ଆମମାନଙ୍କର ଆଜି କଣ ଅଛି ? କିନ୍ତୁ ଏହି ଅବନତ ଅବସ୍ଥାରେ ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଆଜି ଯେ ଆମେମାନେ ଏଠାରେ ଏକତ୍ର ହୋଇଅଛୁ, ତାହା କେବଳ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ଆକର୍ଷଣ ଯୋଗୁ । ସାହିତ୍ୟ କେବଳ ବର୍ତ୍ତମାନର ବନ୍ଧନ-ରହୁ ନୁହେଁ; ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ପୁରୁଷମାନଙ୍କ ସଙ୍ଗେ ଆମମାନଙ୍କୁ ଯେଉଁ ବନ୍ଧନ ବାନ୍ଧି ରଖୁଅଛି ତାହା କେବଳ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ବନ୍ଧନ । ଉପେନ୍ଦ୍ର ଭଞ୍ଜ, ଜୀନକୃଷ୍ଣ, ଅଭିମନ୍ୟୁ, ଜଗନ୍ନାଥ, ବଳରାମ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ପୂର୍ବପୁରୁଷମାନେ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ବନ୍ଧନ ଯୋଗୁ, ଆମ ସଙ୍ଗେ ବନ୍ଧା । ଭୁବନେଶ୍ୱର, କୋଣାର୍କ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ସ୍ଥଳର କାର୍ତ୍ତିମାନଙ୍କରୁ ଅନୁମିତ ହୁଏ ଯେ ଉତ୍କଳ ପୂର୍ବେ ଉନ୍ନତ ଥିଲା । କିନ୍ତୁ କେହି କହିପାରେ ସେସବୁ ଆମମାନଙ୍କ ପୂର୍ବପୁରୁଷମାନଙ୍କର କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ନୁହେଁ । ତାହା ଯେ ଅନ୍ୟ କୌଣସି ବିଦେଶୀୟ ଜାତି ଆସି ଏଠାରେ ନିର୍ମାଣ କରିଛନ୍ତି ତାହାର କି ପ୍ରମାଣ ଅଛି ? ମୋର ଉତ୍ତର-ଆମମାନଙ୍କ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ତାହାର କ୍ଷୁଦ୍ର ପ୍ରମାଣସ୍ୱରୂପ ବିଦ୍ୟମାନ । ଯଦି ଭବିଷ୍ୟତ ବଂଶଧରମାନଙ୍କ ସଙ୍ଗେ ଆମମାନଙ୍କର ସମ୍ପର୍କ ରକ୍ଷା କରିବାର ଇଚ୍ଛା ଥାଏ, ତାହା ଏକା ଉନ୍ନତ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ରକ୍ଷା କରିବାକୁ ସମର୍ଥ ହେବ । ଅତଏବ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନରେ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ସ୍ଥାନ ଅତି ଉଚ୍ଚ, ଅତି ପବିତ୍ର ।

‘ରଜୁ’ – ଶବ୍ଦର ଅର୍ଥ କ’ଣ ?

- (1) ରଜପର୍ବ
- (2) ସାପ
- (3) ଦଉଡ଼ି
- (4) ରଙ୍ଗ

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1565,
- 2, Option ID :- 1566,
- 3, Option ID :- 1567,
- 4, Option ID :- 1568,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -1567

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 1567

Question ID:- 393

ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶ : ନିମ୍ନ ଅନୁଛେଦଟି ପାଠକରି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ସଂଖ୍ୟା ର ଉତ୍ତର ପ୍ରଦାନ କର ।

ପ୍ରଥମ କଥା ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବନ୍ଧନ ରହୁ । ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ସୂତ୍ରପାତ ଅନେକ ଆତ୍ମ ହୋଇଥାଏ, କିନ୍ତୁ ମାତୃଭାଷା ଓ ମାତୃଭାଷାର ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବନ୍ଧନ । କେଉଁ ଆକର୍ଷଣଦ୍ୱାରା ଆଜି ଆମେମାନେ ଏଠାରେ ଆସି ଉପସ୍ଥିତ ହୋଇଅଛୁ ? ନାନା ପ୍ରତିକୂଳ ଅବସ୍ଥା ମଧ୍ୟରେ ପଡ଼ି ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଉତ୍କଳୀୟମାନେ କାହା ବଳରେ ଏକ ଜାତି ବୋଲି ପରିଚିତ ହେଉଅଛନ୍ତି ? କେଉଁ ଅଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ସୂତ୍ର ଆମମାନଙ୍କୁ ଏତେକାଳ ବାନ୍ଧି ରଖୁଅଛି ? ଉତ୍କଳର ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ଗୌରବ, ବିଭବ ସବୁ ଲୋପ ପାଇଅଛି; ଉତ୍କଳ ଆଜି ଦାନ ହାନ । ଯଥାର୍ଥ କହିବାକୁ ଗଲେ ଗୋଟିଏ ଜାତି ବୋଲି ଗୌରବ କରିବାର ଆମମାନଙ୍କର ଆଜି କଣ ଅଛି ? କିନ୍ତୁ ଏହି ଅବନତ ଅବସ୍ଥାରେ ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଆଜି ଯେ ଆମେମାନେ ଏଠାରେ ଏକତ୍ର ହୋଇଅଛୁ, ତାହା କେବଳ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ଆକର୍ଷଣ ଯୋଗୁ । ସାହିତ୍ୟ କେବଳ ବର୍ତ୍ତମାନର ବନ୍ଧନ-ରହୁ ନୁହେଁ; ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ପୁରୁଷମାନଙ୍କ ସଙ୍ଗେ ଆମମାନଙ୍କୁ ଯେଉଁ ବନ୍ଧନ ବାନ୍ଧି ରଖୁଅଛି ତାହା କେବଳ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ବନ୍ଧନ । ଉପେନ୍ଦ୍ର ଭଞ୍ଜ, ଜୀନକୃଷ୍ଣ, ଅଭିମନ୍ୟୁ, ଜଗନ୍ନାଥ, ବଳରାମ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ପୂର୍ବପୁରୁଷମାନେ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ବନ୍ଧନ ଯୋଗୁ, ଆମ ସଙ୍ଗେ ବନ୍ଧା । ଭୁବନେଶ୍ୱର, କୋଣାର୍କ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ସ୍ଥଳର କୀର୍ତ୍ତିମାନଙ୍କରୁ ଅନୁମିତ ହୁଏ ଯେ ଉତ୍କଳ ପୂର୍ବେ ଉନ୍ନତ ଥିଲା । କିନ୍ତୁ କେହି କହିପାରେ ସେସବୁ ଆମମାନଙ୍କ ପୂର୍ବପୁରୁଷମାନଙ୍କର କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ନୁହେଁ । ତାହା ଯେ ଅନ୍ୟ କୌଣସି ବିଦେଶୀୟ ଜାତି ଆସି ଏଠାରେ ନିର୍ମାଣ କରିଛନ୍ତି ତାହାର କି ପ୍ରମାଣ ଅଛି ? ମୋର ଉତ୍ତର-ଆମମାନଙ୍କ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ତାହାର କ୍ଷୁଦ୍ର ପ୍ରମାଣସ୍ୱରୂପ ବିଦ୍ୟମାନ । ଯଦି ଭବିଷ୍ୟତ ବଂଶଧରମାନଙ୍କ ସଙ୍ଗେ ଆମମାନଙ୍କର ସମ୍ପର୍କ ରକ୍ଷା କରିବାର ଇଚ୍ଛା ଥାଏ, ତାହା ଏକା ଉନ୍ନତ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ରକ୍ଷା କରିବାକୁ ସମର୍ଥ ହେବ । ଅତଏବ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନରେ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ସ୍ଥାନ ଅତି ଉଚ୍ଚ, ଅତି ପବିତ୍ର ।

କିଏ ଆମମାନଙ୍କୁ ଏକତ୍ର କରାଇଛି ?

- (1) ଜାତୀୟଜୀବନ
- (2) ଅଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟସୂତ୍ର
- (3) ସାହିତ୍ୟର ଆକର୍ଷଣ
- (4) ପ୍ରାଚୀନଗୌରବ

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1569,
- 2, Option ID :- 1570,
- 3, Option ID :- 1571,
- 4, Option ID :- 1572,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -1571

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 1571

Question ID:- 394

ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶ : ନିମ୍ନ ଅନୁଛେଦଟି ପାଠକରି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ସଂଖ୍ୟା ର ଉତ୍ତର ପ୍ରଦାନ କର ।

ପ୍ରଥମ କଥା ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବନ୍ଧନ ରହୁ । ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ସୂତ୍ରପାତ ଅନେକ ଆତ୍ମ ହୋଇଥାଏ, କିନ୍ତୁ ମାତୃଭାଷା ଓ ମାତୃଭାଷାର ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବନ୍ଧନ । କେଉଁ ଆକର୍ଷଣଦ୍ୱାରା ଆଜି ଆମେମାନେ ଏଠାରେ ଆସି ଉପସ୍ଥିତ ହୋଇଅଛୁ ? ନାନା ପ୍ରତିକୂଳ ଅବସ୍ଥା ମଧ୍ୟରେ ପଡ଼ି ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଉତ୍କଳୀୟମାନେ କାହା ବଳରେ ଏକ ଜାତି ବୋଲି ପରିଚିତ ହେଉଅଛନ୍ତି ? କେଉଁ ଅଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ସୂତ୍ର ଆମମାନଙ୍କୁ ଏତେକାଳ ବାନ୍ଧି ରଖୁଅଛି ? ଉତ୍କଳର ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ଗୌରବ, ବିଭବ ସବୁ ଲୋପ ପାଇଅଛି; ଉତ୍କଳ ଆଜି ଦାନ ହାନ । ଯଥାର୍ଥ କହିବାକୁ ଗଲେ ଗୋଟିଏ ଜାତି ବୋଲି ଗୌରବ କରିବାର ଆମମାନଙ୍କର ଆଜି କଣ ଅଛି ? କିନ୍ତୁ ଏହି ଅବନତ ଅବସ୍ଥାରେ ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଆଜି ଯେ ଆମେମାନେ ଏଠାରେ ଏକତ୍ର ହୋଇଅଛୁ, ତାହା କେବଳ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ଆକର୍ଷଣ ଯୋଗୁ । ସାହିତ୍ୟ କେବଳ ବର୍ତ୍ତମାନର ବନ୍ଧନ-ରହୁ ନୁହେଁ; ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ପୁରୁଷମାନଙ୍କ ସଙ୍ଗେ ଆମମାନଙ୍କୁ ଯେଉଁ ବନ୍ଧନ ବାନ୍ଧି ରଖୁଅଛି ତାହା କେବଳ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ବନ୍ଧନ । ଉପେନ୍ଦ୍ର ଭଞ୍ଜ, ଜୀନକୃଷ୍ଣ, ଅଭିମନ୍ୟୁ, ଜଗନ୍ନାଥ, ବଳରାମ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ପୂର୍ବପୁରୁଷମାନେ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ବନ୍ଧନ ଯୋଗୁ, ଆମ ସଙ୍ଗେ ବନ୍ଧା । ଭୁବନେଶ୍ୱର, କୋଣାର୍କ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ସ୍ଥଳର କାର୍ତ୍ତିମାନଙ୍କରୁ ଅନୁମିତ ହୁଏ ଯେ ଉତ୍କଳ ପୂର୍ବେ ଉନ୍ନତ ଥିଲା । କିନ୍ତୁ କେହି କହିପାରେ ସେସବୁ ଆମମାନଙ୍କ ପୂର୍ବପୁରୁଷମାନଙ୍କର କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ନୁହେଁ । ତାହା ଯେ ଅନ୍ୟ କୌଣସି ବିଦେଶୀୟ ଜାତି ଆସି ଏଠାରେ ନିର୍ମାଣ କରିଛନ୍ତି ତାହାର କି ପ୍ରମାଣ ଅଛି ? ମୋର ଉତ୍ତର-ଆମମାନଙ୍କ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ତାହାର କ୍ଳୃତ ପ୍ରମାଣସ୍ୱରୂପ ବିଦ୍ୟମାନ । ଯଦି ଭବିଷ୍ୟତ ବଂଶଧରମାନଙ୍କ ସଙ୍ଗେ ଆମମାନଙ୍କର ସମ୍ପର୍କ ରକ୍ଷା କରିବାର ଇଚ୍ଛା ଥାଏ, ତାହା ଏକା ଉନ୍ନତ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ରକ୍ଷା କରିବାକୁ ସମର୍ଥ ହେବ । ଅତଏବ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନରେ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ସ୍ଥାନ ଅତି ଉଚ୍ଚ, ଅତି ପବିତ୍ର ।

ସାହିତ୍ୟର ବନ୍ଧନ କାହାସହିତ ଆମମାନଙ୍କୁ ବାନ୍ଧି ରଖୁଅଛି ?

- (1) ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ଭୂଗୋଳ ସହିତ
- (2) ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ଇତିହାସ ସହିତ
- (3) ପ୍ରାଚୀନ କୀର୍ତ୍ତି ସହିତ
- (4) ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ପୁରୁଷମାନଙ୍କ ସହିତ

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1573,
- 2, Option ID :- 1574,
- 3, Option ID :- 1575,
- 4, Option ID :- 1576,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -1576

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 1576

Question ID:- 395

ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶ : ନିମ୍ନ ଅନୁଛେଦଟି ପାଠକରି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ସଂଖ୍ୟା ର ଉତ୍ତର ପ୍ରଦାନ କର ।

ପ୍ରଥମ କଥା ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବନ୍ଧନ ରହୁ । ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ସୂତ୍ରପାତ ଅନେକ ଆତ୍ମ ହୋଇଥାଏ, କିନ୍ତୁ ମାତୃଭାଷା ଓ ମାତୃଭାଷାର ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବନ୍ଧନ । କେଉଁ ଆକର୍ଷଣଦ୍ୱାରା ଆଜି ଆମେମାନେ ଏଠାରେ ଆସି ଉପସ୍ଥିତ ହୋଇଅଛୁ ? ନାନା ପ୍ରତିକୂଳ ଅବସ୍ଥା ମଧ୍ୟରେ ପଡ଼ି ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଉତ୍କଳୀୟମାନେ କାହା ବଳରେ ଏକ ଜାତି ବୋଲି ପରିଚିତ ହେଉଅଛନ୍ତି ? କେଉଁ ଅଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ସୂତ୍ର ଆମମାନଙ୍କୁ ଏତେକାଳ ବାନ୍ଧି ରଖୁଅଛି ? ଉତ୍କଳର ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ଗୌରବ, ବିଭବ ସବୁ ଲୋପ ପାଇଅଛି; ଉତ୍କଳ ଆଜି ଦାନ ହାନ । ଯଥାର୍ଥ କହିବାକୁ ଗଲେ ଗୋଟିଏ ଜାତି ବୋଲି ଗୌରବ କରିବାର ଆମମାନଙ୍କର ଆଜି କଣ ଅଛି ? କିନ୍ତୁ ଏହି ଅବନତ ଅବସ୍ଥାରେ ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଆଜି ଯେ ଆମେମାନେ ଏଠାରେ ଏକତ୍ର ହୋଇଅଛୁ, ତାହା କେବଳ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ଆକର୍ଷଣ ଯୋଗୁ । ସାହିତ୍ୟ କେବଳ ବର୍ତ୍ତମାନର ବନ୍ଧନ-ରହୁ ନୁହେଁ; ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ପୁରୁଷମାନଙ୍କ ସଙ୍ଗେ ଆମମାନଙ୍କୁ ଯେଉଁ ବନ୍ଧନ ବାନ୍ଧି ରଖୁଅଛି ତାହା କେବଳ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ବନ୍ଧନ । ଉପେନ୍ଦ୍ର ଭଞ୍ଜ, ଜୀନକୃଷ୍ଣ, ଅଭିମନ୍ୟୁ, ଜଗନ୍ନାଥ, ବଳରାମ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ପୂର୍ବପୁରୁଷମାନେ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ବନ୍ଧନ ଯୋଗୁ, ଆମ ସଙ୍ଗେ ବନ୍ଧା । ଭୁବନେଶ୍ୱର, କୋଣାର୍କ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ସ୍ଥଳର କୀର୍ତ୍ତିମାନଙ୍କରୁ ଅନୁମିତ ହୁଏ ଯେ ଉତ୍କଳ ପୂର୍ବେ ଉନ୍ନତ ଥିଲା । କିନ୍ତୁ କେହି କହିପାରେ ସେସବୁ ଆମମାନଙ୍କ ପୂର୍ବପୁରୁଷମାନଙ୍କର କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ନୁହେଁ । ତାହା ଯେ ଅନ୍ୟ କୌଣସି ବିଦେଶୀୟ ଜାତି ଆସି ଏଠାରେ ନିର୍ମାଣ କରିଛନ୍ତି ତାହାର କି ପ୍ରମାଣ ଅଛି ? ମୋର ଉତ୍ତର-ଆମମାନଙ୍କ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ତାହାର କ୍ଳବ୍ଧ ପ୍ରମାଣସ୍ୱରୂପ ବିଦ୍ୟମାନ । ଯଦି ଭବିଷ୍ୟତ ବଂଶଧରମାନଙ୍କ ସଙ୍ଗେ ଆମମାନଙ୍କର ସମ୍ପର୍କ ରକ୍ଷା କରିବାର ଇଚ୍ଛା ଥାଏ, ତାହା ଏକା ଉନ୍ନତ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ରକ୍ଷା କରିବାକୁ ସମର୍ଥ ହେବ । ଅତଏବ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନରେ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ସ୍ଥାନ ଅତି ଉଚ୍ଚ, ଅତି ପବିତ୍ର ।

ଭୁବନେଶ୍ୱର, କୋଣାର୍କର କୀର୍ତ୍ତିରୁ କ'ଣ ଅନୁମାନ କରାଯାଏ ?

- (1) ଉତ୍କଳ ପୂର୍ବେ ଉନ୍ନତ ଥିଲା
- (2) ପୂର୍ବପୁରୁଷଗଣ ଶିକ୍ଷର ପୂଜାରୀଥିଲେ
- (3) କୀର୍ତ୍ତି ଆମର ଜୀବନ୍ତସମ୍ପତ୍ତି
- (4) ଅତୀତପ୍ରାଚୀ ଆମର ନିବିଡ଼ ଥିଲା

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1577,
- 2, Option ID :- 1578,
- 3, Option ID :- 1579,
- 4, Option ID :- 1580,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -1577

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 1577

Question ID:- 396

ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶ : ନିମ୍ନ ଅନୁଛେଦଟି ପାଠକରି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ସଂଖ୍ୟା ର ଉତ୍ତର ପ୍ରଦାନ କର ।

ପ୍ରଥମ କଥା ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବନ୍ଧନ ରହୁ । ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ସୂତ୍ରପାତ ଅନେକ ଆତ୍ମ ହୋଇଥାଏ, କିନ୍ତୁ ମାତୃଭାଷା ଓ ମାତୃଭାଷାର ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବନ୍ଧନ । କେଉଁ ଆକର୍ଷଣଦ୍ୱାରା ଆଜି ଆମେମାନେ ଏଠାରେ ଆସି ଉପସ୍ଥିତ ହୋଇଅଛୁ ? ନାନା ପ୍ରତିକୂଳ ଅବସ୍ଥା ମଧ୍ୟରେ ପଡ଼ି ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଉତ୍କଳୀୟମାନେ କାହା ବଳରେ ଏକ ଜାତି ବୋଲି ପରିଚିତ ହେଉଅଛନ୍ତି ? କେଉଁ ଅଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ସୂତ୍ର ଆମମାନଙ୍କୁ ଏତେକାଳ ବାନ୍ଧି ରଖୁଅଛି ? ଉତ୍କଳର ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ଗୌରବ, ବିଭବ ସବୁ ଲୋପ ପାଇଅଛି; ଉତ୍କଳ ଆଜି ଦାନ ହାନ । ଯଥାର୍ଥ କହିବାକୁ ଗଲେ ଗୋଟିଏ ଜାତି ବୋଲି ଗୌରବ କରିବାର ଆମମାନଙ୍କର ଆଜି କଣ ଅଛି ? କିନ୍ତୁ ଏହି ଅବନତ ଅବସ୍ଥାରେ ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଆଜି ଯେ ଆମେମାନେ ଏଠାରେ ଏକତ୍ର ହୋଇଅଛୁ, ତାହା କେବଳ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ଆକର୍ଷଣ ଯୋଗୁ । ସାହିତ୍ୟ କେବଳ ବର୍ତ୍ତମାନର ବନ୍ଧନ-ରହୁ ନୁହେଁ; ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ପୁରୁଷମାନଙ୍କ ସଙ୍ଗେ ଆମମାନଙ୍କୁ ଯେଉଁ ବନ୍ଧନ ବାନ୍ଧି ରଖୁଅଛି ତାହା କେବଳ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ବନ୍ଧନ । ଉପେନ୍ଦ୍ର ଭଞ୍ଜ, ଜୀନକୃଷ୍ଣ, ଅଭିମନ୍ୟୁ, ଜଗନ୍ନାଥ, ବଳରାମ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ପୂର୍ବପୁରୁଷମାନେ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ବନ୍ଧନ ଯୋଗୁ, ଆମ ସଙ୍ଗେ ବନ୍ଧା । ଭୁବନେଶ୍ୱର, କୋଣାର୍କ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ସ୍ଥଳର କାର୍ତ୍ତିମାନଙ୍କରୁ ଅନୁମିତ ହୁଏ ଯେ ଉତ୍କଳ ପୂର୍ବେ ଉନ୍ନତ ଥିଲା । କିନ୍ତୁ କେହି କହିପାରେ ସେସବୁ ଆମମାନଙ୍କ ପୂର୍ବପୁରୁଷମାନଙ୍କର କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ନୁହେଁ । ତାହା ଯେ ଅନ୍ୟ କୌଣସି ବିଦେଶୀୟ ଜାତି ଆସି ଏଠାରେ ନିର୍ମାଣ କରିଛନ୍ତି ତାହାର କି ପ୍ରମାଣ ଅଛି ? ମୋର ଉତ୍ତର-ଆମମାନଙ୍କ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ତାହାର କ୍ଳୃତ ପ୍ରମାଣସ୍ୱରୂପ ବିଦ୍ୟମାନ । ଯଦି ଭବିଷ୍ୟତ ବଂଶଧରମାନଙ୍କ ସଙ୍ଗେ ଆମମାନଙ୍କର ସମ୍ପର୍କ ରକ୍ଷା କରିବାର ଇଚ୍ଛା ଥାଏ, ତାହା ଏକା ଉନ୍ନତ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ରକ୍ଷା କରିବାକୁ ସମର୍ଥ ହେବ । ଅତଏବ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନରେ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ସ୍ଥାନ ଅତି ଉଚ୍ଚ, ଅତି ପବିତ୍ର ।

‘ପ୍ରତିକୂଳ’-ରେ କେଉଁ ଉପସର୍ଗ ସଂଯୁକ୍ତ ?

- (1) ପ୍ର
- (2) ପ୍ରତି
- (3) ଅତି
- (4) ପରା

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1581,
- 2, Option ID :- 1582,
- 3, Option ID :- 1583,
- 4, Option ID :- 1584,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -1582

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 1582

Question ID:- 397

ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶ : ନିମ୍ନ ଅନୁଛେଦଟି ପାଠକରି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ସଂଖ୍ୟା ର ଉତ୍ତର ପ୍ରଦାନ କର ।

ପ୍ରଥମ କଥା ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବନ୍ଧନ ରହୁ । ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ସୂତ୍ରପାତ ଅନେକ ଆତ୍ମ ହୋଇଥାଏ, କିନ୍ତୁ ମାତୃଭାଷା ଓ ମାତୃଭାଷାର ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବନ୍ଧନ । କେଉଁ ଆକର୍ଷଣଦ୍ୱାରା ଆଜି ଆମେମାନେ ଏଠାରେ ଆସି ଉପସ୍ଥିତ ହୋଇଅଛୁ ? ନାନା ପ୍ରତିକୂଳ ଅବସ୍ଥା ମଧ୍ୟରେ ପଡ଼ି ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଉତ୍କଳୀୟମାନେ କାହା ବଳରେ ଏକ ଜାତି ବୋଲି ପରିଚିତ ହେଉଅଛନ୍ତି ? କେଉଁ ଅଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ସୂତ୍ର ଆମମାନଙ୍କୁ ଏତେକାଳ ବାନ୍ଧି ରଖୁଅଛି ? ଉତ୍କଳର ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ଗୌରବ, ବିଭବ ସବୁ ଲୋପ ପାଇଅଛି; ଉତ୍କଳ ଆଜି ଦାନ ହାନ । ଯଥାର୍ଥ କହିବାକୁ ଗଲେ ଗୋଟିଏ ଜାତି ବୋଲି ଗୌରବ କରିବାର ଆମମାନଙ୍କର ଆଜି କଣ ଅଛି ? କିନ୍ତୁ ଏହି ଅବନତ ଅବସ୍ଥାରେ ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଆଜି ଯେ ଆମେମାନେ ଏଠାରେ ଏକତ୍ର ହୋଇଅଛୁ, ତାହା କେବଳ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ଆକର୍ଷଣ ଯୋଗୁ । ସାହିତ୍ୟ କେବଳ ବର୍ତ୍ତମାନର ବନ୍ଧନ-ରହୁ ନୁହେଁ; ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ପୁରୁଷମାନଙ୍କ ସଙ୍ଗେ ଆମମାନଙ୍କୁ ଯେଉଁ ବନ୍ଧନ ବାନ୍ଧି ରଖୁଅଛି ତାହା କେବଳ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ବନ୍ଧନ । ଉପେନ୍ଦ୍ର ଭଞ୍ଜ, ଜୀନକୃଷ୍ଣ, ଅଭିମନ୍ୟୁ, ଜଗନ୍ନାଥ, ବଳରାମ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ପୂର୍ବପୁରୁଷମାନେ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ବନ୍ଧନ ଯୋଗୁ, ଆମ ସଙ୍ଗେ ବନ୍ଧା । ଭୁବନେଶ୍ୱର, କୋଣାର୍କ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ସ୍ଥଳର କାର୍ତ୍ତିମାନଙ୍କରୁ ଅନୁମିତ ହୁଏ ଯେ ଉତ୍କଳ ପୂର୍ବେ ଉନ୍ନତ ଥିଲା । କିନ୍ତୁ କେହି କହିପାରେ ସେସବୁ ଆମମାନଙ୍କ ପୂର୍ବପୁରୁଷମାନଙ୍କର କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ନୁହେଁ । ତାହା ଯେ ଅନ୍ୟ କୌଣସି ବିଦେଶୀୟ ଜାତି ଆସି ଏଠାରେ ନିର୍ମାଣ କରିଛନ୍ତି ତାହାର କି ପ୍ରମାଣ ଅଛି ? ମୋର ଉତ୍ତର-ଆମମାନଙ୍କ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ତାହାର କ୍ଷୁଦ୍ର ପ୍ରମାଣସ୍ୱରୂପ ବିଦ୍ୟମାନ । ଯଦି ଭବିଷ୍ୟତ ବଂଶଧରମାନଙ୍କ ସଙ୍ଗେ ଆମମାନଙ୍କର ସମ୍ପର୍କ ରକ୍ଷା କରିବାର ଇଚ୍ଛା ଥାଏ, ତାହା ଏକା ଉନ୍ନତ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ରକ୍ଷା କରିବାକୁ ସମର୍ଥ ହେବ । ଅତଏବ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନରେ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ସ୍ଥାନ ଅତି ଉଚ୍ଚ, ଅତି ପବିତ୍ର ।

ଆମ ପୂର୍ବପୁରୁଷ ନାନା କାର୍ତ୍ତିସ୍ଥାପନ କରିଥିବାର ପ୍ରମାଣ କିଏ ଦେଇପାରିବ ?

- (1) ଆମ ଇତିହାସ
- (2) ଆମ ସ୍ଥାପତ୍ୟ
- (3) ଆମ ସାହିତ୍ୟ
- (4) ଆମ ସଂସ୍କୃତି

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1585,
- 2, Option ID :- 1586,
- 3, Option ID :- 1587,
- 4, Option ID :- 1588,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -1587

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 1587

Question ID:- 398

ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶ : ନିମ୍ନ ଅନୁଛେଦଟି ପାଠକରି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ସଂଖ୍ୟା ର ଉତ୍ତର ପ୍ରଦାନ କର ।

ପ୍ରଥମ କଥା ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବନ୍ଧନ ରହୁ । ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ସୂତ୍ରପାତ ଅନେକ ଆତ୍ମ ହୋଇଥାଏ, କିନ୍ତୁ ମାତୃଭାଷା ଓ ମାତୃଭାଷାର ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବନ୍ଧନ । କେଉଁ ଆକର୍ଷଣଦ୍ୱାରା ଆଜି ଆମେମାନେ ଏଠାରେ ଆସି ଉପସ୍ଥିତ ହୋଇଅଛୁ ? ନାନା ପ୍ରତିକୂଳ ଅବସ୍ଥା ମଧ୍ୟରେ ପଡ଼ି ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଉତ୍କଳୀୟମାନେ କାହା ବଳରେ ଏକ ଜାତି ବୋଲି ପରିଚିତ ହେଉଅଛନ୍ତି ? କେଉଁ ଅଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ସୂତ୍ର ଆମମାନଙ୍କୁ ଏତେକାଳ ବାନ୍ଧି ରଖୁଅଛି ? ଉତ୍କଳର ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ଗୌରବ, ବିଭବ ସବୁ ଲୋପ ପାଇଅଛି; ଉତ୍କଳ ଆଜି ଦାନ ହୀନ । ଯଥାର୍ଥ କହିବାକୁ ଗଲେ ଗୋଟିଏ ଜାତି ବୋଲି ଗୌରବ କରିବାର ଆମମାନଙ୍କର ଆଜି କଣ ଅଛି ? କିନ୍ତୁ ଏହି ଅବନତ ଅବସ୍ଥାରେ ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଆଜି ଯେ ଆମେମାନେ ଏଠାରେ ଏକତ୍ର ହୋଇଅଛୁ, ତାହା କେବଳ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ଆକର୍ଷଣ ଯୋଗୁ । ସାହିତ୍ୟ କେବଳ ବର୍ତ୍ତମାନର ବନ୍ଧନ-ରହୁ ନୁହେଁ; ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ପୁରୁଷମାନଙ୍କ ସଙ୍ଗେ ଆମମାନଙ୍କୁ ଯେଉଁ ବନ୍ଧନ ବାନ୍ଧି ରଖୁଅଛି ତାହା କେବଳ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ବନ୍ଧନ । ଉପେନ୍ଦ୍ର ଭଞ୍ଜ, ଜୀନକୃଷ୍ଣ, ଅଭିମନ୍ୟୁ, ଜଗନ୍ନାଥ, ବଳରାମ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ପୂର୍ବପୁରୁଷମାନେ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ବନ୍ଧନ ଯୋଗୁ, ଆମ ସଙ୍ଗେ ବନ୍ଧା । ଭୁବନେଶ୍ୱର, କୋଣାର୍କ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ସ୍ଥଳର କାର୍ତ୍ତିମାନଙ୍କରୁ ଅନୁମିତ ହୁଏ ଯେ ଉତ୍କଳ ପୂର୍ବେ ଉନ୍ନତ ଥିଲା । କିନ୍ତୁ କେହି କହିପାରେ ସେସବୁ ଆମମାନଙ୍କ ପୂର୍ବପୁରୁଷମାନଙ୍କର କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ନୁହେଁ । ତାହା ଯେ ଅନ୍ୟ କୌଣସି ବିଦେଶୀୟ ଜାତି ଆସି ଏଠାରେ ନିର୍ମାଣ କରିଛନ୍ତି ତାହାର କି ପ୍ରମାଣ ଅଛି ? ମୋର ଉତ୍ତର-ଆମମାନଙ୍କ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ତାହାର କ୍ଷୁଦ୍ର ପ୍ରମାଣସ୍ୱରୂପ ବିଦ୍ୟମାନ । ଯଦି ଭବିଷ୍ୟତ ବଂଶଧରମାନଙ୍କ ସଙ୍ଗେ ଆମମାନଙ୍କର ସମ୍ପର୍କ ରକ୍ଷା କରିବାର ଇଚ୍ଛା ଥାଏ, ତାହା ଏକା ଉନ୍ନତ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ରକ୍ଷା କରିବାକୁ ସମର୍ଥ ହେବ । ଅତଏବ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନରେ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ସ୍ଥାନ ଅତି ଉଚ୍ଚ, ଅତି ପବିତ୍ର ।

ଜାତୀୟଜୀବନରେ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ସ୍ଥାନ କିପରି ?

- (1) ଅତିପବିତ୍ର
- (2) ଅତି ଆକର୍ଷଣୀୟ
- (3) ଅତି ପ୍ରଶଂସାର୍ହ
- (4) ଅତି ମନୋହର

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1589,
- 2, Option ID :- 1590,
- 3, Option ID :- 1591,
- 4, Option ID :- 1592,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -1589

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 1589

Question ID:- 399

ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶ : ନିମ୍ନ ଅନୁଛେଦଟି ପାଠକରି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ସଂଖ୍ୟା ର ଉତ୍ତର ପ୍ରଦାନ କର ।

ପ୍ରଥମ କଥା ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବନ୍ଧନ ରହୁ । ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ସୂତ୍ରପାତ ଅନେକ ଆଡୁ ହୋଇଥାଏ, କିନ୍ତୁ ମାତୃଭାଷା ଓ ମାତୃଭାଷାର ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବନ୍ଧନ । କେଉଁ ଆକର୍ଷଣଦ୍ୱାରା ଆଜି ଆମେମାନେ ଏଠାରେ ଆସି ଉପସ୍ଥିତ ହୋଇଅଛୁ ? ନାନା ପ୍ରତିକୂଳ ଅବସ୍ଥା ମଧ୍ୟରେ ପଡ଼ି ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଉତ୍କଳୀୟମାନେ କାହା ବଳରେ ଏକ ଜାତି ବୋଲି ପରିଚିତ ହେଉଅଛନ୍ତି ? କେଉଁ ଅଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ ସୂତ୍ର ଆମମାନଙ୍କୁ ଏତେକାଳ ବାନ୍ଧି ରଖୁଅଛି ? ଉତ୍କଳର ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ଗୌରବ, ବିଭବ ସବୁ ଲୋପ ପାଇଅଛି; ଉତ୍କଳ ଆଜି ଦାନ ହାନ । ଯଥାର୍ଥ କହିବାକୁ ଗଲେ ଗୋଟିଏ ଜାତି ବୋଲି ଗୌରବ କରିବାର ଆମମାନଙ୍କର ଆଜି କଣ ଅଛି ? କିନ୍ତୁ ଏହି ଅବନତ ଅବସ୍ଥାରେ ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଆଜି ଯେ ଆମେମାନେ ଏଠାରେ ଏକତ୍ର ହୋଇଅଛୁ, ତାହା କେବଳ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ଆକର୍ଷଣ ଯୋଗୁ । ସାହିତ୍ୟ କେବଳ ବର୍ତ୍ତମାନର ବନ୍ଧନ-ରହୁ ନୁହେଁ; ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ପୁରୁଷମାନଙ୍କ ସଙ୍ଗେ ଆମମାନଙ୍କୁ ଯେଉଁ ବନ୍ଧନ ବାନ୍ଧି ରଖୁଅଛି ତାହା କେବଳ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ବନ୍ଧନ । ଉପେନ୍ଦ୍ର ଭଞ୍ଜ, ଜୀନକୃଷ୍ଣ, ଅଭିମନ୍ୟୁ, ଜଗନ୍ନାଥ, ବଳରାମ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ପୂର୍ବପୁରୁଷମାନେ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ବନ୍ଧନ ଯୋଗୁ, ଆମ ସଙ୍ଗେ ବନ୍ଧା । ଭୁବନେଶ୍ୱର, କୋଣାର୍କ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ସ୍ଥଳର କାର୍ତ୍ତିମାନଙ୍କରୁ ଅନୁମିତ ହୁଏ ଯେ ଉତ୍କଳ ପୂର୍ବେ ଉନ୍ନତ ଥିଲା । କିନ୍ତୁ କେହି କହିପାରେ ସେସବୁ ଆମମାନଙ୍କ ପୂର୍ବପୁରୁଷମାନଙ୍କର କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ନୁହେଁ । ତାହା ଯେ ଅନ୍ୟ କୌଣସି ବିଦେଶୀୟ ଜାତି ଆସି ଏଠାରେ ନିର୍ମାଣ କରିଛନ୍ତି ତାହାର କି ପ୍ରମାଣ ଅଛି ? ମୋର ଉତ୍ତର-ଆମମାନଙ୍କ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ତାହାର କ୍ଷୁଦ୍ର ପ୍ରମାଣସ୍ୱରୂପ ବିଦ୍ୟମାନ । ଯଦି ଭବିଷ୍ୟତ ବଂଶଧରମାନଙ୍କ ସଙ୍ଗେ ଆମମାନଙ୍କର ସମ୍ପର୍କ ରକ୍ଷା କରିବାର ଇଚ୍ଛା ଥାଏ, ତାହା ଏକା ଉନ୍ନତ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ରକ୍ଷା କରିବାକୁ ସମର୍ଥ ହେବ । ଅତଏବ ଜାତୀୟ ଜୀବନରେ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ସ୍ଥାନ ଅତି ଉଚ୍ଚ, ଅତି ପବିତ୍ର ।

‘ବିଦେଶୀୟ’-ର କେଉଁ ବିଚ୍ଛେଦଟି ଠିକ୍ ?

- (1) ବି + ଦେଶୀୟ
- (2) ବିଦେ + ଶୀୟ
- (3) ବିଦେଶ + ଇୟ
- (4) ବିଦେଶ + ଯ

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1593,
- 2, Option ID :- 1594,
- 3, Option ID :- 1595,
- 4, Option ID :- 1596,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -1595

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 1595

Subject : Odia_Q100-105_L1_P1_CTET

Question ID:- 400

ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶ : ନିମ୍ନ କବିତାଂଶଟି ପାଠକରି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନସଂଖ୍ୟା ର ଉତ୍ତର ପ୍ରଦାନ କର ।

ପୁଣି ସାୟଂକାଳେ ସେ ଶୋଭାରାଣୀ

ବାରୁଣୀକି କରି ତା' ରାଜଧାନୀ ।

ସ୍ୱର୍ଣ୍ଣମୟ ଦିବ୍ୟ ବେହରଣରେ

ବିରାଜଇ କ୍ଷଣେ ହରଷ ଭରେ ।

ଦିବସେ ଭାସ୍କର ଜ୍ୟୋତି ବସନେ

ଶୋଭାଦେବୀ କସି ଗଗନାସନେ ।

ଆଲୋକର ଧାରା ଧରା ଶରୀରେ

ଭାଲୁଥାଏ ସତୀ ପ୍ରେମ ବିଧିରେ ।

ସେ ଆଲୋକ ସୁଧା ଲଭି ବସୁଧା

ଦିଶେ ଶୋଭାମୟୀ ସୁଭାବ ଶୁଦ୍ଧା ।

ଅନ୍ତରୀକ୍ଷେ ମେଘ ସେ ଜ୍ୟୋତି ପାଇ

କ୍ଷଣେ କ୍ଷଣେ ନବ ରୂପ ଦେଖାଇ ।

ବିଜୁଳି ପତାକା ଉଡ଼ାଇ ରଙ୍ଗେ

ଭ୍ରମେ ଚଉଦିଗେ ପବନ ସଙ୍ଗେ ।

ଶୋଭାରାଣୀ କେଉଁ ସମୟରେ ବାରୁଣୀକୁ ନିଜର ରାଜଧାନୀ କରିଛନ୍ତି ?

(1) ପ୍ରଭାତ

(2) ସଂଧ୍ୟା

(3) ରାତି

(4) ଅପରାହ୍ନ

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 1597,

• 2, Option ID :- 1598,

• 3, Option ID :- 1599,

• 4, Option ID :- 1600,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -1598

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 1598

Question ID:- 401

ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶ : ନିମ୍ନ କବିତାଂଶଟି ପାଠକରି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନସଂଖ୍ୟା ର ଉତ୍ତର ପ୍ରଦାନ କର ।

ପୁଣି ସାୟଂକାଳେ ସେ ଶୋଭାରାଣୀ
ବାରୁଣୀକି କରି ତା' ରାଜଧାନୀ ।
ସ୍ୱର୍ଣ୍ଣମୟ ଦିବ୍ୟ ବେହରଣରେ
ବିରାଜଇ କ୍ଷଣେ ହରଷ ଭରେ ।
ଦିବସେ ଭାସ୍କର ଜ୍ୟୋତି ବସନେ
ଶୋଭାଦେବୀ କସି ଗଗନାସନେ ।
ଆଲୋକର ଧାରା ଧରା ଶରୀରେ
ଭାଲୁଥାଏ ସତୀ ପ୍ରେମ ବିଧିରେ ।
ସେ ଆଲୋକ ସୁଧା ଲଭି ବସୁଧା
ଦିଶେ ଶୋଭାମୟୀ ସୁଭାବ ଶୁଦ୍ଧା ।
ଅନ୍ତରୀକ୍ଷେ ମେଘ ସେ ଜ୍ୟୋତି ପାଇ
କ୍ଷଣେ କ୍ଷଣେ ନବ ରୂପ ଦେଖାଇ ।
ବିଜୁଳି ପତାକା ଉଡ଼ାଇ ରଙ୍ଗେ
ଭ୍ରମେ ଚଉଦିଗେ ପବନ ସଙ୍ଗେ ।

'ବେହରଣ' – ଶବ୍ଦର ଅର୍ଥ କ'ଣ ?

- (1) ଆଚରଣ
- (2) ବିଚରଣ
- (3) ବେଶ
- (4) ପ୍ରସାରଣ

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1601,
- 2, Option ID :- 1602,
- 3, Option ID :- 1603,
- 4, Option ID :- 1604,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -1603

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 1603

Question ID:- 402

ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶ : ନିମ୍ନ କବିତାଂଶଟି ପାଠକରି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନସଂଖ୍ୟା ର ଉତ୍ତର ପ୍ରଦାନ କର ।

ପୁଣି ସାୟଂକାଳେ ସେ ଶୋଭାରାଣୀ

ବାରୁଣୀକି କରି ତା' ରାଜଧାନୀ ।

ସ୍ୱର୍ଣ୍ଣମୟ ଦିବ୍ୟ ବେହରଣରେ

ବିରାଜଇ କ୍ଷଣେ ହରଷ ଭରେ ।

ଦିବସେ ଭାସ୍କର ଜ୍ୟୋତି ବସନେ

ଶୋଭାଦେବୀ କସି ରଗନାସନେ ।

ଆଲୋକର ଧାରା ଧରା ଶରୀରେ

ଭାଲୁଆଏ ସତୀ ପ୍ରେମ ବିଧିରେ ।

ସେ ଆଲୋକ ସୁଧା ଲଭି ବସୁଧା

ଦିଶେ ଶୋଭାମୟୀ ସୁଭାବ ଶୁଦ୍ଧା ।

ଅନ୍ତରୀକ୍ଷେ ମେଘ ସେ ଜ୍ୟୋତି ପାଇ

କ୍ଷଣେ କ୍ଷଣେ ନବ ରୂପ ଦେଖାଇ ।

ବିଜୁଳି ପତାକା ଉଡ଼ାଇ ରଙ୍ଗେ

ଭ୍ରମେ ଚଉଦିଗେ ପବନ ସଙ୍ଗେ ।

ଶୋଭାଦେବୀ କେଉଁ ଆସନରେ ବସିଛନ୍ତି ?

(1) ଶୁଭ୍ରଜ୍ୟୋତି ଆସନରେ

(2) ଦିବସରୂପକ ଆସନରେ

(3) ବାରୁଣୀ ରୂପୀ ଆସନରେ

(4) ଆକାଶରୂପକ ଆସନରେ

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 1605,

• 2, Option ID :- 1606,

• 3, Option ID :- 1607,

• 4, Option ID :- 1608,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID :- 1608

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 1608

Question ID:- 403

ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶ : ନିମ୍ନ କବିତାଂଶଟି ପାଠକରି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନସଂଖ୍ୟା ର ଉତ୍ତର ପ୍ରଦାନ କର ।

ପୁଣି ସାୟଂକାଳେ ସେ ଶୋଭାରାଣୀ

ବାରୁଣୀକି କରି ତା' ରାଜଧାନୀ ।

ସ୍ୱର୍ଣ୍ଣମୟ ଦିବ୍ୟ ବେହରଣରେ

ବିରାଜଇ କ୍ଷଣେ ହରଷ ଭରେ ।

ଦିବସେ ଭାସ୍କର ଜ୍ୟୋତି ବସନେ

ଶୋଭାଦେବୀ କସି ରଗନାସନେ ।

ଆଲୋକର ଧାରା ଧରା ଶରୀରେ

ଭାଲୁଥାଏ ସତୀ ପ୍ରେମ ବିଧିରେ ।

ସେ ଆଲୋକ ସୁଧା ଲଭି ବସୁଧା

ଦିଶେ ଶୋଭାମୟୀ ସୁଭାବ ଶୁଦ୍ଧା ।

ଅନ୍ତରୀକ୍ଷେ ମେଘ ସେ ଜ୍ୟୋତି ପାଇ

କ୍ଷଣେ କ୍ଷଣେ ନବ ରୂପ ଦେଖାଇ ।

ବିଜୁଳି ପତାକା ଉଡ଼ାଇ ରଙ୍ଗେ

ଭ୍ରମେ ଚଉଦିଗେ ପବନ ସଙ୍ଗେ ।

ଆଲୋକର ଧାରା କେଉଁଠି ଜଳା ଯାଉଥିଲା ?

(1) ଧରାଦେହରେ

(2) ସୂର୍ଯ୍ୟଙ୍କ ଦେହରେ

(3) ପ୍ରକୃତି କୋଳରେ

(4) ସୁନୀଳବସନରେ

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 1609,

• 2, Option ID :- 1610,

• 3, Option ID :- 1611,

• 4, Option ID :- 1612,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID :- 1609

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 1609

Question ID:- 404

ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶ : ନିମ୍ନ କବିତାଂଶଟି ପାଠକରି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନସଂଖ୍ୟା ର ଉତ୍ତର ପ୍ରଦାନ କର ।

ପୁଣି ସାୟଂକାଳେ ସେ ଶୋଭାରାଣୀ
ବାରୁଣୀକି କରି ତା' ରାଜଧାନୀ ।
ସ୍ୱର୍ଣ୍ଣମୟ ଦିବ୍ୟ ବେହରଣରେ
ବିରାଜଇ କ୍ଷଣେ ହରଷ ଭରେ ।
ଦିବସେ ଭାସ୍କର ଜ୍ୟୋତି ବସନେ
ଶୋଭାଦେବୀ କସି ଗଗନାସନେ ।
ଆଲୋକର ଧାରା ଧରା ଶରୀରେ
ଭାଲୁଥାଏ ସତୀ ପ୍ରେମ ବିଧିରେ ।
ସେ ଆଲୋକ ସୁଧା ଲଭି ବସୁଧା
ଦିଶେ ଶୋଭାମୟୀ ସୁଭାବ ଶୁଦ୍ଧା ।
ଅନ୍ତରୀକ୍ଷେ ମେଘ ସେ ଜ୍ୟୋତି ପାଇ
କ୍ଷଣେ କ୍ଷଣେ ନବ ରୂପ ଦେଖାଇ ।
ବିଜୁଳି ପତାକା ଉଡ଼ାଇ ରଙ୍ଗେ
ଭ୍ରମେ ଚଉଦିଗେ ପବନ ସଙ୍ଗେ ।
ବିଜୁଳିପତାକା କିଏ ଉଡ଼ାଉଥିଲା ?

- (1) ପବନ
- (2) ମେଘ
- (3) ଆକାଶ
- (4) ପୃଥିବୀ

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1613,
- 2, Option ID :- 1614,
- 3, Option ID :- 1615,
- 4, Option ID :- 1616,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -1615

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 1614

Question ID:- 405

ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶ : ନିମ୍ନ କବିତାଂଶଟି ପାଠକରି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନସଂଖ୍ୟା ର ଉତ୍ତର ପ୍ରଦାନ କର ।

ପୁଣି ସାୟଂକାଳେ ସେ ଶୋଭାରାଣୀ
ବାରୁଣୀକି କରି ତା' ରାଜଧାନୀ ।
ସ୍ୱର୍ଣ୍ଣମୟ ଦିବ୍ୟ ବେହରଣରେ
ବିରାଜଇ କ୍ଷଣେ ହରଷ ଭରେ ।
ଦିବସେ ଭାସ୍କର ଜ୍ୟୋତି ବସନେ
ଶୋଭାଦେବୀ କସି ଗଗନାସନେ ।
ଆଲୋକର ଧାରା ଧରା ଶରୀରେ
ଭାଲୁଥାଏ ସତୀ ପ୍ରେମ ବିଧିରେ ।
ସେ ଆଲୋକ ସୁଧା ଲଭି ବସୁଧା
ଦିଶେ ଶୋଭାମୟୀ ସୁଭାବ ଶୁଦ୍ଧା ।
ଅନ୍ତରୀକ୍ଷେ ମେଘ ସେ ଜ୍ୟୋତି ପାଇ
କ୍ଷଣେ କ୍ଷଣେ ନବ ରୂପ ଦେଖାଇ ।
ବିଜୁଳି ପତାକା ଉଡ଼ାଇ ରଙ୍ଗେ
ଭ୍ରମେ ଚଉଦିଗେ ପବନ ସଙ୍ଗେ ।
ଆଲୋକକୁ କାହାସହିତ ତୁଳନା କରାଯାଇଛି ?

- (1) ଅନ୍ତରୀକ୍ଷ
- (2) ବସୁଧା
- (3) ସୁଧା
- (4) ସତୀ

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1617,
- 2, Option ID :- 1618,
- 3, Option ID :- 1619,
- 4, Option ID :- 1620,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -1619

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 1619

Subject : Odia_Q106-120_L1_P1_CTET

Question ID:- 406

ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କର ପ୍ରାରମ୍ଭିକ ପଠନ କୌଶଳ ବୃଦ୍ଧି କରାଇବାପାଇଁ ଶିକ୍ଷକ କିପରି ଭାବେ ପିଲାଙ୍କୁ ସାହାଯ୍ୟ କରିଥାନ୍ତି ?

- (1) ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିଗତ ଭାବରେ ଭିନ୍ନ ପ୍ରକାରର ଉପଦେଶ ପ୍ରଦାନ କରି
- (2) ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦିଷ୍ଟ ସ୍ତରକୁ ଆଖିଆଗରେ ରଖି ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ ଏକ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦିଷ୍ଟ ମାନର ପରୀକ୍ଷା କରି
- (3) ବିଭିନ୍ନ ପ୍ରକାରର ଯାନ୍ତ୍ରିକ କୌଶଳର ବ୍ୟବହାର କରି
- (4) ପଠନ ପୂର୍ବରୁ ନୂତନ ତଥା କଠିନ ଶବ୍ଦାବଳୀର ସାହାଯ୍ୟ ନେଇ

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1621,
- 2, Option ID :- 1622,
- 3, Option ID :- 1623,
- 4, Option ID :- 1624,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -1624

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 1621

Question ID:- 407

ଦ୍ଵିତୀୟ ଶ୍ରେଣୀ ପିଲାଙ୍କୁ ପଢ଼ାଉଥିବା ଜଣେ ଶିକ୍ଷକ, ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କର ଦକ୍ଷତା ବୃଦ୍ଧି କରିବାକୁ ଚାହଁଲେ, ଯାହା ଫଳରେ ସେମାନେ ଦକ୍ଷ ଭାବରେ ଏବଂ ଅବିକଳ ଭାବରେ ଛାପା ବହିରୁ ଜାଣିଥିବା ଶବ୍ଦ ଚିହ୍ନିପାରିବେ । ଏଇ ଧରଣର ଶବ୍ଦଗୁଡ଼ିକ ହେଲା –

- (1) ଦୃଶ୍ୟ ଶବ୍ଦ
- (2) ପ୍ରସଙ୍ଗର ଶବ୍ଦ
- (3) କଠିନ ଶବ୍ଦ
- (4) ପରୋକ୍ଷ ଶବ୍ଦ

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1625,
- 2, Option ID :- 1626,
- 3, Option ID :- 1627,
- 4, Option ID :- 1628,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -1625

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 1625

Question ID:- 408

ଗୋଟିକରୁ ଅଧିକ ଭାଷାର ଜ୍ଞାନ –

- (1) ଭାଷା ଶିକ୍ଷାଦାନ ସମୟରେ ଶିକ୍ଷକଙ୍କ ପାଇଁ ଏକ ପ୍ରକାରର ବୋଝ ହୋଇଥାଏ ।
- (2) ନୂଆ ଭାଷା ଶିକ୍ଷାଶ୍ରେଣୀରେ ଶିକ୍ଷା ଲାଭ ସମୟରେ ଏହା ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କୁ ସଜାକରଣ କରିବାରେ ସାହାଯ୍ୟ କରେ ।
- (3) ଏକ ନୂତନ ଭାଷାର ଶିକ୍ଷାଦାନ ଓ ଶିକ୍ଷାଲାଭରେ ସହାୟକ ହୋଇଥାଏ ।
- (4) ଏକ ନୂତନ ଭାଷାର ଶିକ୍ଷାରେ ଏହା ଏକପ୍ରକାରର ପ୍ରତିବନ୍ଧକ ଭାବରେ ଦେଖାଦିଏ ।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1629,
- 2, Option ID :- 1630,
- 3, Option ID :- 1631,
- 4, Option ID :- 1632,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -1632

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 1631

Question ID:- 409

ଶିକ୍ଷକ ଜଣେ ଚତୁର୍ଥ ଶ୍ରେଣୀ ପିଲାକୁ ଗୋଟିଏ ଅନୁଚ୍ଛେଦ ମନଦେଇ ପଢ଼ି ତାକୁ ଅନୁଧ୍ୟାନ କରିବାକୁ କହିଲେ । ସେ ମଧ୍ୟ ଆବଶ୍ୟକ ସ୍ଥଳରେ ତାକୁ ତଥ୍ୟ ଯୋଗାଇ ସାହାଯ୍ୟ କଲେ । ଏହା ଦ୍ଵାରା ସେ କେଉଁ ପ୍ରକାର ପଠନ ଅଭ୍ୟାସ କରାଇଛନ୍ତି ?

- (1) ବିଷ୍ଣୁତ ପଠନ
- (2) ପୁଞ୍ଜାନୁପୁଞ୍ଜ ପଠନ
- (3) ଖଣ୍ଡ ଖଣ୍ଡ ଯୋଡ଼ି ପଠନ
- (4) ସହଯୋଗ ପଠନ

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1633,
- 2, Option ID :- 1634,
- 3, Option ID :- 1635,
- 4, Option ID :- 1636,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -1636

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 1634

Question ID:- 410

ଭାଷା ଶିକ୍ଷାରେ ଏକ ବାସ୍ତବ ତଥା ବ୍ୟାବହାରିକ ପରିସ୍ଥିତିର ବ୍ୟବହାର ଦ୍ଵାରା ଚତୁର୍ଥ ଶ୍ରେଣୀର ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କୁ ସହଜରେ ଭାଷା ସହିତ ପରିଚିତ କରାଇବାର ପଦ୍ଧତିକୁ ଭାଷା ଶିକ୍ଷାଦାନ କ୍ଷେତ୍ରରେ _____ କୁହାଯାଏ ।

- (1) ଗଠନମୂଳକ ପଦ୍ଧତି
- (2) ପ୍ରାସଙ୍ଗିକ ଭାଷାଶିକ୍ଷଣ ପଦ୍ଧତି
- (3) ଅଡ଼ିଓ-ଲିଙ୍ଗୁଆଲ୍ ପଦ୍ଧତି
- (4) ଦ୍ଵିଭାଷିକ ପଦ୍ଧତି

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1637,
- 2, Option ID :- 1638,
- 3, Option ID :- 1639,
- 4, Option ID :- 1640,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -1637

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 1638

Question ID:- 411

ପଠନ ପୂର୍ବ ପାଠ୍ୟର ଆବଶ୍ୟକତା କ'ଣ ?

- (1) ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କର ପଠନ କୌଶଳର ମୂଲ୍ୟାୟନରେ ସାହାଯ୍ୟ କରିବା ।
- (2) କଠିନ ଶବ୍ଦ ଓ ବାକ୍ୟାଂଶର ଅର୍ଥ ପ୍ରଦାନ କରିବା ।
- (3) କୌଣସି ପାଠ୍ୟରେ ପ୍ରବେଶକରିବାରେ ସାହାଯ୍ୟ କରିବା ସଂଗେ ସଂଗେ ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କୁ ପ୍ରେରଣା ପ୍ରଦାନ କରିବା ।
- (4) ପଠନ ପାଠ୍ୟର ବ୍ୟାକରଣିକ ଉପାଦାନ ବୁଝାଇବା ।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1641,
- 2, Option ID :- 1642,
- 3, Option ID :- 1643,
- 4, Option ID :- 1644,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -1643

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 1643

Question ID:- 412

ପ୍ରଥମ ଭାଷା ଆହରଣ ନିମ୍ନ ସ୍ତରକ୍ରମରେ ଗଠି କରିଥାଏ –

- (1) କୋମଳ ସ୍ଵର – ଅସ୍ପଷ୍ଟ କଥା – ବାକ୍ୟାତ୍ମକ ଶବ୍ଦ ପ୍ରୟୋଗ – ସଂକେତ ଭାଷା – ଦୁଇଟି ଶବ୍ଦର ଭାଷା
- (2) କୋମଳ ସ୍ଵର – ଅସ୍ପଷ୍ଟ କଥା – ଦୁଇଟି ଶବ୍ଦର ଭାଷା – ସଂକେତ ଭାଷା – ବାକ୍ୟାତ୍ମକ ଶବ୍ଦ ପ୍ରୟୋଗ
- (3) କୋମଳ ସ୍ଵର – ବାକ୍ୟାତ୍ମକ ଶବ୍ଦ ପ୍ରୟୋଗ – ଅସ୍ପଷ୍ଟ କଥା – ଦୁଇଟି ଶବ୍ଦର ଭାଷା – ସଂକେତ ଭାଷା
- (4) କୋମଳ ସ୍ଵର – ଅସ୍ପଷ୍ଟ କଥା – ବାକ୍ୟାତ୍ମକ ଶବ୍ଦ ପ୍ରୟୋଗ – ଦୁଇଟି ଶବ୍ଦର ଭାଷା – ସଂକେତ ଭାଷା

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1645,
- 2, Option ID :- 1646,
- 3, Option ID :- 1647,
- 4, Option ID :- 1648,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -1645

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 1648

Question ID:- 413

ଭାଷାକୁ ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣଭାବରେ ବିଚାରକୁ ନେଇ ବ୍ୟାକରଣିକ ଗଠନ କିମ୍ବା ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ଶବ୍ଦ ଉପରେ ଧ୍ୟାନ ନଦେଇ କେବଳ ଗର ଅର୍ଥ ଉପରେ ଗୁରୁତ୍ଵ ଦେବା ପଦ୍ଧତିକୁ _____ କୁହାଯାଏ ।

- (1) ଉର୍ଦ୍ଧ୍ଵ – ନିମ୍ନ ପଦ୍ଧତି
- (2) ନିମ୍ନ – ଉର୍ଦ୍ଧ୍ଵ ପଦ୍ଧତି
- (3) ବିଭିନ୍ନ କ୍ଷେତ୍ରରୁ ଭାବ ଧାରା ପଦ୍ଧତି
- (4) ତଥ୍ୟଭିତ୍ତିକ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଧାରଣ ପଦ୍ଧତି

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 1649,

• 2, Option ID :- 1650,

• 3, Option ID :- 1651,

• 4, Option ID :- 1652,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -1652

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 1649

Question ID:- 414

_____ ପଦ୍ଧତି ମାଧ୍ୟମରେ ଶିକ୍ଷକ ପରୀକ୍ଷଣ ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟା ଜାରିରଖି ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀ ନିମ୍ନ ଗ୍ରେଡ୍ ପାଇବାର କାରଣ ଜାଣିଥାନ୍ତି ।

(1) ନିର୍ଣ୍ଣୟ ପରୀକ୍ଷା

(2) ଉଚ୍ଚାରଣ ଦକ୍ଷତା ପରୀକ୍ଷା

(3) ସଫଳତା ପ୍ରାପ୍ତି ପରୀକ୍ଷା

(4) ସ୍ୱଭାବିକ ନୈପୁଣ୍ୟ ପରୀକ୍ଷା

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 1653,

• 2, Option ID :- 1654,

• 3, Option ID :- 1655,

• 4, Option ID :- 1656,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -1656

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 1653

Question ID:- 415

ଆଉ ଜଣକ ସହିତ ମିଶି କିମ୍ବା ଦଳଗତ ଭାବେ ଏକ ଶିଶୁ ସକ୍ଷମ ଭାବରେ ଶିକ୍ଷାଲାଭ କଲାବେଳେ, ଲିଖିତ ପରୀକ୍ଷାରେ ଭଲ ନମ୍ବର ରଖି ପାରେ ନାହିଁ । ଜଣେ ଶିକ୍ଷକ ଭାବରେ ପିଲାଟିକୁ ଆପଣ କିପରି ସାହାଯ୍ୟ କରିପାରିବେ ?

(1) ତାର ସାମାଜିକ ସଂପର୍କକୁ ପ୍ରଶଂସା କରି

(2) ପିଲାର ପିତାମାତାଙ୍କୁ ତାର ଲିଖନ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟରେ ଅନାଗ୍ରହ ସଂପର୍କରେ ଜଣାଇ

(3) ପିଲାଙ୍କୁ ପଢ଼ାରେ ସାହାଯ୍ୟ କରିବାକୁ ପିତାମାତାଙ୍କୁ ଅନୁରୋଧ କରି

(4) ତାର ପ୍ରଗତି ନିମନ୍ତେ ବାରମ୍ବାର ପରୀକ୍ଷା ନେଇ

Options:-

• 1, Option ID :- 1657,

• 2, Option ID :- 1658,

• 3, Option ID :- 1659,

• 4, Option ID :- 1660,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -1659

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 1657

Question ID:- 416

“ଦି ଜଙ୍ଗଲ ବୁକ୍”ର ମୁଖ୍ୟ ଚରିତ୍ର, ମୋଗଲି ମାନବ ସମାଜରୁ ଦୂରରେ ରହି ଏକାନ୍ତରେ ଜୀବନ ବିତାଇଥିବାରୁ ତାର ଭାଷା ଅପାରଗତା ଥିଲା । ଏ ଘଟଣା ଭାଷା ବିକାଶର କେଉଁ ଦିଗକୁ ସମର୍ଥନ ଜଣାଇ ଥାଏ ।

- (1) ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ବୟସରେ ଶିଶୁ ଭାଷା ପରିବେଶ ନ ପାଇବା ।
- (2) ଶିଶୁର ଏକ ପ୍ରକାରର ଜୈବିକ ସମସ୍ୟା ଥିଲା ।
- (3) କଥା କହିବାର ଅନ୍ତର୍ନିହିତ ଦକ୍ଷତାମେଳ ସେ ଜନ୍ମଲାଭ କରି ନଥିଲା ।
- (4) ମନୁଷ୍ୟର ଭାଷା ଅପେକ୍ଷା ସେ ପଶୁଙ୍କର ଭାଷା ଭଲ ପାଉଥିଲା ।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1661,
- 2, Option ID :- 1662,
- 3, Option ID :- 1663,
- 4, Option ID :- 1664,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -1661

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 1661

Question ID:- 417

‘ପ୍ରାଗ୍ଭାଟିକ୍ସ’ କହିଲେ ବୁଝାଏ –

- (1) ଭାଷାର ସାମାଜିକ ନିୟମ
- (2) ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରେ ଭାଷା ନୀତି
- (3) ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟର ଭାଷା ମାଧ୍ୟମ
- (4) ଶୈକ୍ଷିକ ଭାଷା

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1665,
- 2, Option ID :- 1666,
- 3, Option ID :- 1667,
- 4, Option ID :- 1668,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -1665

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 1665

Question ID:- 418

କବିତାର ମୂଲ୍ୟାୟନରେ ଏଥିମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟିକୁ ଏକ ଉପାଦାନ ଭାବରେ ଗ୍ରହଣ କରାଯାଏ ନାହିଁ ?

- (1) ବ୍ୟାକରଣ
- (2) ଶବ୍ଦଜ୍ଞାନ
- (3) କାବ୍ୟିକ ଉପାଦାନ
- (4) କବିତାର ବିଷୟ ବସ୍ତୁ

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1669,

- 2, Option ID :- 1670,
- 3, Option ID :- 1671,
- 4, Option ID :- 1672,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -1669

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 1669

Question ID:- 419

ମାତୃଭାଷା ମାଧ୍ୟମରେ ଆହରଣ କରି ସାରିଥିବା ଭାଷା କୌଶଳର ବ୍ୟବହାର କରି ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟଭାଷାର ଅନର୍ଗଳତା ଓ ସଠିକତା ଲାଭ କରିପାରିବା ସପକ୍ଷରେ କେଉଁ ପଦ୍ଧତି ଗ୍ରହଣ କରିଥାଏ ?

- (1) ପ୍ରତ୍ୟକ୍ଷ ପଦ୍ଧତି
- (2) ବ୍ୟାକରଣିକ ଅନୁବାଦ ପଦ୍ଧତି
- (3) ଦ୍ୱିଭାଷିକ ପଦ୍ଧତି
- (4) ଅଡ଼ିଓ ଲିଙ୍ଗୁଆଲ୍ ପଦ୍ଧତି

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1673,
- 2, Option ID :- 1674,
- 3, Option ID :- 1675,
- 4, Option ID :- 1676,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -1675

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 1674

Question ID:- 420

ଏଥିମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ଶିକ୍ଷଣ ଅପାରଗତା, ଡିପ୍ଲମାଟିଆ, ସଂପର୍କରେ ସତ୍ୟ ନୁହେଁ ?

- (1) ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କର ସୁସଂଗତ ଲିଖନରେ ଏହା ବାଧାପୃଷ୍ଠି କରିଥାଏ ।
- (2) କାରକ ଉପରେ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ ଭାବରେ ଅକ୍ଷର, ସଂଖ୍ୟା କିମ୍ବା ଶବ୍ଦକୁ ସଜାଇବାରେ ଏହା ବାଧା ପୃଷ୍ଠି କରିଥାଏ ।
- (3) ଯୁକ୍ତିଯୁକ୍ତ ବିଚାର ଏବଂ ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ମତର ଫିଲ୍ ପାଇବାରେ ପ୍ରଭାବ ପକାଇଥାଏ ।
- (4) ବନାନ୍ ଦୁର୍ବଳତା ତଥା ହସ୍ତାକ୍ଷରରେ ସମସ୍ୟା ସୃଷ୍ଟି କରିଥାଏ ।

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 1677,
- 2, Option ID :- 1678,
- 3, Option ID :- 1679,
- 4, Option ID :- 1680,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -1679

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 1679

Subject : ENG_Q121-128_L2_P1_CTET

Question ID:- 961

Directions : Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow by selecting the correct / most appropriate options.

1. Google has honoured Anasuya Sarabhai with a doodle on her 132nd birth anniversary. She founded the Ahmedabad Textile Labour Association, India's oldest union of textile workers, in 1920. Known as 'Motaben', Gujarati for 'elder sister', she was born in 1885 into the affluent Sarabhai family in Ahmedabad.
2. In 1912, Anasuya left for England to continue her studies and it was there that the turnaround in her life came. During this time, she came in contact with George Bernard Shaw and Sidney Webb, who recommended a gradual transition to a socialist society. Next year she returned to India and started working with the marginal and disempowered communities.
3. She began by opening a school for poor students of all castes, creches and toilets for women. "One morning, I was sitting outside in the compound combing out the children's hair when I saw a group of 15 workers passing by as if in a trance. I called out to them,... What's the matter? Why do you look so listless?" They said, "Behen, we have just finished our work. We have worked for two nights and a day without a break, and now we are on our way home." These words filled me with horror. This was no different than slavery."
4. When epidemic hit Ahmedabad in 1914, the condition of the mill workers deteriorated further and they approached Anasuya to take up their cause. She gave an ultimatum to the mill owners and even went against her brother, Ambalal, who was the then-president of the Mill Owners' Association, demanding better wages and working ambience for the labourers.
5. She was supported in her work by Mahatma Gandhi and in 1918, Anasuya managed mill owners to accede to the demand of Ahmedabad weavers for 35% wage hike. Thus, laying the foundation for Gujarat's oldest labour union, Majoor Mahajan Sangh, on February 25, 1920. However, Anasuya ensured that the relationship between the mill owners and the union always remained harmonious and any differences were nipped in the bud.

Which of the following statements is correct?

- (1) Anasuya and her brother were always at loggerheads with each other.
- (2) Without her brother's help she couldn't have gone to England.
- (3) She went against her brother in 1914, when she took up the case of mill workers.
- (4) She encouraged the union to fight against the mill owners.

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3841,
- 2, Option ID :- 3842,
- 3, Option ID :- 3843,
- 4, Option ID :- 3844,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -3843

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 3843

Question ID:- 962

Directions : Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow by selecting the correct / most appropriate options.

1. Google has honoured Anasuya Sarabhai with a doodle on her 132nd birth anniversary. She founded the Ahmedabad Textile Labour Association, India's oldest union of textile workers, in 1920. Known as 'Motaben', Gujarati for 'elder sister', she was born in 1885 into the affluent Sarabhai family in Ahmedabad.
2. In 1912, Anasuya left for England to continue her studies and it was there that the turnaround in her life came. During this time, she came in contact with George Bernard Shaw and Sidney Webb, who recommended a gradual transition to a socialist society. Next year she returned to India and started working with the marginal and disempowered communities.
3. She began by opening a school for poor students of all castes, creches and toilets for women. "One morning, I was sitting outside in the compound combing out the children's hair when I saw a group of 15 workers passing by as if in a trance. I called out to them,... What's the matter? Why do you look so listless?" They said, "Behen, we have just finished our work. We have worked for two nights and a day without a break, and now we are on our way home." These words filled me with horror. This was no different than slavery."
4. When epidemic hit Ahmedabad in 1914, the condition of the mill workers deteriorated further and they approached Anasuya to take up their cause. She gave an ultimatum to the mill owners and even went against her brother, Ambalal, who was the then-president of the Mill Owners' Association, demanding better wages and working ambience for the labourers.
5. She was supported in her work by Mahatma Gandhi and in 1918, Anasuya managed mill owners to accede to the demand of Ahmedabad weavers for 35% wage hike. Thus, laying the foundation for Gujarat's oldest labour union, Majoor Mahajan Sangh, on February 25, 1920. However, Anasuya ensured that the relationship between the mill owners and the union always remained harmonious and any differences were nipped in the bud.

When did a turnaround come in Anasuya Sarabhai's life?

- (1) When she heard the women's plight of long working hours
- (2) When she came in contact with G.B Shaw and Sidney Webb
- (3) After her first meeting with Mahatma Gandhi
- (4) During the epidemic of 1914

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3845,
- 2, Option ID :- 3846,
- 3, Option ID :- 3847,
- 4, Option ID :- 3848,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -3846

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 3846

Question ID:- 963

Directions : Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow by selecting the correct / most appropriate options.

1. Google has honoured Anasuya Sarabhai with a doodle on her 132nd birth anniversary. She founded the Ahmedabad Textile Labour Association, India's oldest union of textile workers, in 1920. Known as 'Motaben', Gujarati for 'elder sister', she was born in 1885 into the affluent Sarabhai family in Ahmedabad.
2. In 1912, Anasuya left for England to continue her studies and it was there that the turnaround in her life came. During this time, she came in contact with George Bernard Shaw and Sidney Webb, who recommended a gradual transition to a socialist society. Next year she returned to India and started working with the marginal and disempowered communities.
3. She began by opening a school for poor students of all castes, creches and toilets for women. "One morning, I was sitting outside in the compound combing out the children's hair when I saw a group of 15 workers passing by as if in a trance. I called out to them,... What's the matter? Why do you look so listless?" They said, "Behen, we have just finished our work. We have worked for two nights and a day without a break, and now we are on our way home." These words filled me with horror. This was no different than slavery."
4. When epidemic hit Ahmedabad in 1914, the condition of the mill workers deteriorated further and they approached Anasuya to take up their cause. She gave an ultimatum to the mill owners and even went against her brother, Ambalal, who was the then-president of the Mill Owners' Association, demanding better wages and working ambience for the labourers.
5. She was supported in her work by Mahatma Gandhi and in 1918, Anasuya managed mill owners to accede to the demand of Ahmedabad weavers for 35% wage hike. Thus, laying the foundation for Gujarat's oldest labour union, Majoor Mahajan Sangh, on February 25, 1920. However, Anasuya ensured that the relationship between the mill owners and the union always remained harmonious and any differences were nipped in the bud.

After her return from England, how did she begin her work?

- (1) Opened schools, creches and toilets for poor women
- (2) Established the first trade union in Ahmedabad
- (3) Began working with Mahatma Gandhi for better wages
- (4) Managed mill workers

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3849,
- 2, Option ID :- 3850,
- 3, Option ID :- 3851,
- 4, Option ID :- 3852,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -3849

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 3849

Question ID:- 964

Directions : Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow by selecting the correct / most appropriate options.

1. Google has honoured Anasuya Sarabhai with a doodle on her 132nd birth anniversary. She founded the Ahmedabad Textile Labour Association, India's oldest union of textile workers, in 1920. Known as 'Motaben', Gujarati for 'elder sister', she was born in 1885 into the affluent Sarabhai family in Ahmedabad.
2. In 1912, Anasuya left for England to continue her studies and it was there that the turnaround in her life came. During this time, she came in contact with George Bernard Shaw and Sidney Webb, who recommended a gradual transition to a socialist society. Next year she returned to India and started working with the marginal and disempowered communities.
3. She began by opening a school for poor students of all castes, creches and toilets for women. "One morning, I was sitting outside in the compound combing out the children's hair when I saw a group of 15 workers passing by as if in a trance. I called out to them,... What's the matter? Why do you look so listless?" They said, "Behen, we have just finished our work. We have worked for two nights and a day without a break, and now we are on our way home." These words filled me with horror. This was no different than slavery."
4. When epidemic hit Ahmedabad in 1914, the condition of the mill workers deteriorated further and they approached Anasuya to take up their cause. She gave an ultimatum to the mill owners and even went against her brother, Ambalal, who was the then-president of the Mill Owners' Association, demanding better wages and working ambience for the labourers.
5. She was supported in her work by Mahatma Gandhi and in 1918, Anasuya managed mill owners to accede to the demand of Ahmedabad weavers for 35% wage hike. Thus, laying the foundation for Gujarat's oldest labour union, Majoor Mahajan Sangh, on February 25, 1920. However, Anasuya ensured that the relationship between the mill owners and the union always remained harmonious and any differences were nipped in the bud.

In 1914, Anasuya Sarabhai was pitted against her brother Ambalal Sarabhai because she was a _____ and he was the _____.

- (1) Union leader; Secretary of Mill Owners' Association
- (2) Social worker; President of Mill Owners' Association
- (3) Union leader; President of Mill Owners' Association
- (4) Social worker; Secretary of Mill Owners' Association

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3853,
- 2, Option ID :- 3854,
- 3, Option ID :- 3855,
- 4, Option ID :- 3856,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -3854

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 3854

Question ID:- 965

Directions : Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow by selecting the correct / most appropriate options.

1. Google has honoured Anasuya Sarabhai with a doodle on her 132nd birth anniversary. She founded the Ahmedabad Textile Labour Association, India's oldest union of textile workers, in 1920. Known as 'Motaben', Gujarati for 'elder sister', she was born in 1885 into the affluent Sarabhai family in Ahmedabad.
2. In 1912, Anasuya left for England to continue her studies and it was there that the turnaround in her life came. During this time, she came in contact with George Bernard Shaw and Sidney Webb, who recommended a gradual transition to a socialist society. Next year she returned to India and started working with the marginal and disempowered communities.
3. She began by opening a school for poor students of all castes, creches and toilets for women. "One morning, I was sitting outside in the compound combing out the children's hair when I saw a group of 15 workers passing by as if in a trance. I called out to them,... What's the matter? Why do you look so listless?" They said, "Behen, we have just finished our work. We have worked for two nights and a day without a break, and now we are on our way home." These words filled me with horror. This was no different than slavery."
4. When epidemic hit Ahmedabad in 1914, the condition of the mill workers deteriorated further and they approached Anasuya to take up their cause. She gave an ultimatum to the mill owners and even went against her brother, Ambalal, who was the then-president of the Mill Owners' Association, demanding better wages and working ambience for the labourers.
5. She was supported in her work by Mahatma Gandhi and in 1918, Anasuya managed mill owners to accede to the demand of Ahmedabad weavers for 35% wage hike. Thus, laying the foundation for Gujarat's oldest labour union, Majoor Mahajan Sangh, on February 25, 1920. However, Anasuya ensured that the relationship between the mill owners and the union always remained harmonious and any differences were nipped in the bud.

The workers were in trance because they had worked for _____.

- (1) 36 hours
- (2) 24 hours
- (3) 48 hours
- (4) 18 hours

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3857,
- 2, Option ID :- 3858,
- 3, Option ID :- 3859,
- 4, Option ID :- 3860,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -3857

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 3857

Question ID:- 966

Directions : Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow by selecting the correct / most appropriate options.

1. Google has honoured Anasuya Sarabhai with a doodle on her 132nd birth anniversary. She founded the Ahmedabad Textile Labour Association, India's oldest union of textile workers, in 1920. Known as 'Motaben', Gujarati for 'elder sister', she was born in 1885 into the affluent Sarabhai family in Ahmedabad.
2. In 1912, Anasuya left for England to continue her studies and it was there that the turnaround in her life came. During this time, she came in contact with George Bernard Shaw and Sidney Webb, who recommended a gradual transition to a socialist society. Next year she returned to India and started working with the marginal and disempowered communities.
3. She began by opening a school for poor students of all castes, creches and toilets for women. "One morning, I was sitting outside in the compound combing out the children's hair when I saw a group of 15 workers passing by as if in a trance. I called out to them,... What's the matter? Why do you look so listless?" They said, "Behen, we have just finished our work. We have worked for two nights and a day without a break, and now we are on our way home." These words filled me with horror. This was no different than slavery."
4. When epidemic hit Ahmedabad in 1914, the condition of the mill workers deteriorated further and they approached Anasuya to take up their cause. She gave an ultimatum to the mill owners and even went against her brother, Ambalal, who was the then-president of the Mill Owners' Association, demanding better wages and working ambience for the labourers.
5. She was supported in her work by Mahatma Gandhi and in 1918, Anasuya managed mill owners to accede to the demand of Ahmedabad weavers for 35% wage hike. Thus, laying the foundation for Gujarat's oldest labour union, Majoor Mahajan Sangh, on February 25, 1920. However, Anasuya ensured that the relationship between the mill owners and the union always remained harmonious and any differences were nipped in the bud.

'Nipped in the bud' is a type of _____.

- (1) phrase
- (2) idiom
- (3) phrasal verb
- (4) figure of speech

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3861,
- 2, Option ID :- 3862,
- 3, Option ID :- 3863,
- 4, Option ID :- 3864,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -3862

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 3862

Question ID:- 967

Directions : Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow by selecting the correct / most appropriate options.

1. Google has honoured Anasuya Sarabhai with a doodle on her 132nd birth anniversary. She founded the Ahmedabad Textile Labour Association, India's oldest union of textile workers, in 1920. Known as 'Motaben', Gujarati for 'elder sister', she was born in 1885 into the affluent Sarabhai family in Ahmedabad.
2. In 1912, Anasuya left for England to continue her studies and it was there that the turnaround in her life came. During this time, she came in contact with George Bernard Shaw and Sidney Webb, who recommended a gradual transition to a socialist society. Next year she returned to India and started working with the marginal and disempowered communities.
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4. When epidemic hit Ahmedabad in 1914, the condition of the mill workers deteriorated further and they approached Anasuya to take up their cause. She gave an ultimatum to the mill owners and even went against her brother, Ambalal, who was the then-president of the Mill Owners' Association, demanding better wages and working ambience for the labourers.
5. She was supported in her work by Mahatma Gandhi and in 1918, Anasuya managed mill owners to accede to the demand of Ahmedabad weavers for 35% wage hike. Thus, laying the foundation for Gujarat's oldest labour union, Majoor Mahajan Sangh, on February 25, 1920. However, Anasuya ensured that the relationship between the mill owners and the union always remained harmonious and any differences were nipped in the bud.

Which part of the following sentence contains an error?

- (a) Next year she returns to India
- (b) and started working
- (c) with the marginal
- (d) and disempowered communities.

(1) (a)

(2) (b)

(3) (c)

(4) (d)

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3865,
- 2, Option ID :- 3866,
- 3, Option ID :- 3867,
- 4, Option ID :- 3868,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -3865

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 3865

Question ID:- 968

Directions : Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow by selecting the correct / most appropriate options.

1. Google has honoured Anasuya Sarabhai with a doodle on her 132nd birth anniversary. She founded the Ahmedabad Textile Labour Association, India's oldest union of textile workers, in 1920. Known as 'Motaben', Gujarati for 'elder sister', she was born in 1885 into the affluent Sarabhai family in Ahmedabad.
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4. When epidemic hit Ahmedabad in 1914, the condition of the mill workers deteriorated further and they approached Anasuya to take up their cause. She gave an ultimatum to the mill owners and even went against her brother, Ambalal, who was the then-president of the Mill Owners' Association, demanding better wages and working ambience for the labourers.
5. She was supported in her work by Mahatma Gandhi and in 1918, Anasuya managed mill owners to accede to the demand of Ahmedabad weavers for 35% wage hike. Thus, laying the foundation for Gujarat's oldest labour union, Majoor Mahajan Sangh, on February 25, 1920. However, Anasuya ensured that the relationship between the mill owners and the union always remained harmonious and any differences were nipped in the bud.

Which of the following words is an antonym of 'affluent'?(Para 1)

- (1) rich
- (2) prosperous
- (3) well-off
- (4) impoverished

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3869,
- 2, Option ID :- 3870,
- 3, Option ID :- 3871,
- 4, Option ID :- 3872,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -3872

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 3872

Subject : ENG_Q129-135_L2_P1_CTET

Question ID:- 969

Directions : Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow by selecting the correct / most appropriate options.

1. According to a *Rutgers University* study, eating more protein, when dieting, improves food choices and prevents the loss of lean body mass, which is often connected with weight loss. The data was gathered from more than 200 men and women who took part in clinical studies.
2. The quality of the person's food choices is significantly impacted by even a little increase in protein consumption, from 18% to 20% of their total caloric intake, according to a review of pooled data from many weight-loss trials conducted.
3. Dieters who follow calorie-restricted weight-loss plans often cut down on the consumption of nutritious meals that include micronutrients like iron and zinc. Higher protein intake is often linked to healthier outcomes, but the relationship between protein consumption and diet quality is not well known, according to researchers.
4. Participants' body mass indexes indicated that they were either overweight or obese, and their ages ranged from 24 to 75. Over a six-month period, all participants were counseled to lose weight by following a diet that was 500 calories deficient. They were encouraged to allot 18 percent of their caloric intake to lean protein, such as poultry, unprocessed red meat, fish, legumes, and dairy, and to expend the balance of their calories on fruits, vegetables, and whole grains. They were discouraged from ingesting saturated fats, refined grains, sugar, and salt.
5. Participants kept detailed food records, which researchers analyzed for diet quality, specific categories of food consumed and ratios, and specific sources of protein. The participants who self-selected their protein intake were then characterized by researchers into a lower-protein approach with 18 percent of overall calories coming from protein or a higher-protein approach with 20 percent of the overall food intake coming from protein.
6. The study concluded:
 - Both low- and high-protein groups lost the same amount of weight — about five percent of their body weight over six months.
 - Higher-protein group individuals chose a mix of healthier foods to eat overall, specifically increasing their intake of green vegetables and cut back on sugar and refined grains.
 - Higher-protein group individuals were better able to retain their lean muscle mass.

Read the following statements :

- A) A calorie-restricted diet generally involves cutting down on nutritious meals.
B) Such a diet results in conservation of lean body mass.

- (1) A is correct, B is incorrect
- (2) A is incorrect, B is correct
- (3) Both A and B are incorrect
- (4) Both A and B are correct

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3873,
- 2, Option ID :- 3874,
- 3, Option ID :- 3875,
- 4, Option ID :- 3876,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -3873

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 3876

Question ID:- 970

Directions : Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow by selecting the correct / most appropriate options.

1. According to a *Rutgers University* study, eating more protein, when dieting, improves food choices and prevents the loss of lean body mass, which is often connected with weight loss. The data was gathered from more than 200 men and women who took part in clinical studies.
2. The quality of the person's food choices is significantly impacted by even a little increase in protein consumption, from 18% to 20% of their total caloric intake, according to a review of pooled data from many weight-loss trials conducted.
3. Dieters who follow calorie-restricted weight-loss plans often cut down on the consumption of nutritious meals that include micronutrients like iron and zinc. Higher protein intake is often linked to healthier outcomes, but the relationship between protein consumption and diet quality is not well known, according to researchers.
4. Participants' body mass indexes indicated that they were either overweight or obese, and their ages ranged from 24 to 75. Over a six-month period, all participants were counseled to lose weight by following a diet that was 500 calories deficient. They were encouraged to allot 18 percent of their caloric intake to lean protein, such as poultry, unprocessed red meat, fish, legumes, and dairy, and to expend the balance of their calories on fruits, vegetables, and whole grains. They were discouraged from ingesting saturated fats, refined grains, sugar, and salt.
5. Participants kept detailed food records, which researchers analyzed for diet quality, specific categories of food consumed and ratios, and specific sources of protein. The participants who self-selected their protein intake were then characterized by researchers into a lower-protein approach with 18 percent of overall calories coming from protein or a higher-protein approach with 20 percent of the overall food intake coming from protein.
6. The study concluded:
 - Both low- and high-protein groups lost the same amount of weight — about five percent of their body weight over six months.
 - Higher-protein group individuals chose a mix of healthier foods to eat overall, specifically increasing their intake of green vegetables and cut back on sugar and refined grains.
 - Higher-protein group individuals were better able to retain their lean muscle mass.

Read the following statements:

- A) For weight loss we should not eat saturated fats and refined grains.
B) Weight loss was found to be greater in low-protein group participants.

- (1) A is false and B is true
- (2) B is false and A is true
- (3) Both A and B are false
- (4) Both A and B are true

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3877,
- 2, Option ID :- 3878,
- 3, Option ID :- 3879,
- 4, Option ID :- 3880,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -3878

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 3878

Question ID:- 971

Directions : Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow by selecting the correct / most appropriate options.

1. According to a *Rutgers University* study, eating more protein, when dieting, improves food choices and prevents the loss of lean body mass, which is often connected with weight loss. The data was gathered from more than 200 men and women who took part in clinical studies.
2. The quality of the person's food choices is significantly impacted by even a little increase in protein consumption, from 18% to 20% of their total caloric intake, according to a review of pooled data from many weight-loss trials conducted.
3. Dieters who follow calorie-restricted weight-loss plans often cut down on the consumption of nutritious meals that include micronutrients like iron and zinc. Higher protein intake is often linked to healthier outcomes, but the relationship between protein consumption and diet quality is not well known, according to researchers.
4. Participants' body mass indexes indicated that they were either overweight or obese, and their ages ranged from 24 to 75. Over a six-month period, all participants were counseled to lose weight by following a diet that was 500 calories deficient. They were encouraged to allot 18 percent of their caloric intake to lean protein, such as poultry, unprocessed red meat, fish, legumes, and dairy, and to expend the balance of their calories on fruits, vegetables, and whole grains. They were discouraged from ingesting saturated fats, refined grains, sugar, and salt.
5. Participants kept detailed food records, which researchers analyzed for diet quality, specific categories of food consumed and ratios, and specific sources of protein. The participants who self-selected their protein intake were then characterized by researchers into a lower-protein approach with 18 percent of overall calories coming from protein or a higher-protein approach with 20 percent of the overall food intake coming from protein.
6. The study concluded:
 - Both low- and high-protein groups lost the same amount of weight — about five percent of their body weight over six months.
 - Higher-protein group individuals chose a mix of healthier foods to eat overall, specifically increasing their intake of green vegetables and cut back on sugar and refined grains.
 - Higher-protein group individuals were better able to retain their lean muscle mass.

The diet of high-protein group participants included

- (1) poultry, legumes, dairy, unprocessed red meat
- (2) poultry, legumes, dairy, refined grains, vegetables
- (3) poultry, legumes, dairy, saturated fats, salts
- (4) poultry, legumes, dairy, whole grains, sugar

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3881,
- 2, Option ID :- 3882,
- 3, Option ID :- 3883,
- 4, Option ID :- 3884,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -3881

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 3881

Question ID:- 972

Directions : Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow by selecting the correct / most appropriate options.

1. According to a *Rutgers University* study, eating more protein, when dieting, improves food choices and prevents the loss of lean body mass, which is often connected with weight loss. The data was gathered from more than 200 men and women who took part in clinical studies.
2. The quality of the person's food choices is significantly impacted by even a little increase in protein consumption, from 18% to 20% of their total caloric intake, according to a review of pooled data from many weight-loss trials conducted.
3. Dieters who follow calorie-restricted weight-loss plans often cut down on the consumption of nutritious meals that include micronutrients like iron and zinc. Higher protein intake is often linked to healthier outcomes, but the relationship between protein consumption and diet quality is not well known, according to researchers.
4. Participants' body mass indexes indicated that they were either overweight or obese, and their ages ranged from 24 to 75. Over a six-month period, all participants were counseled to lose weight by following a diet that was 500 calories deficient. They were encouraged to allot 18 percent of their caloric intake to lean protein, such as poultry, unprocessed red meat, fish, legumes, and dairy, and to expend the balance of their calories on fruits, vegetables, and whole grains. They were discouraged from ingesting saturated fats, refined grains, sugar, and salt.
5. Participants kept detailed food records, which researchers analyzed for diet quality, specific categories of food consumed and ratios, and specific sources of protein. The participants who self-selected their protein intake were then characterized by researchers into a lower-protein approach with 18 percent of overall calories coming from protein or a higher-protein approach with 20 percent of the overall food intake coming from protein.
6. The study concluded:
 - Both low- and high-protein groups lost the same amount of weight — about five percent of their body weight over six months.
 - Higher-protein group individuals chose a mix of healthier foods to eat overall, specifically increasing their intake of green vegetables and cut back on sugar and refined grains.
 - Higher-protein group individuals were better able to retain their lean muscle mass.

Which statement is **not** true in the light of the given passage?

- (1) Eating more protein when dieting improves food choices.
- (2) Unprocessed red meat is a form of lean protein.
- (3) Lean body mass is managed better in high protein group individuals.
- (4) There exists a strong correlation between protein consumption and diet quality.

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3885,
- 2, Option ID :- 3886,
- 3, Option ID :- 3887,
- 4, Option ID :- 3888,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -3888

Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 3888

Question ID:- 973

Directions : Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow by selecting the correct / most appropriate options.

1. According to a *Rutgers University* study, eating more protein, when dieting, improves food choices and prevents the loss of lean body mass, which is often connected with weight loss. The data was gathered from more than 200 men and women who took part in clinical studies.
2. The quality of the person's food choices is significantly impacted by even a little increase in protein consumption, from 18% to 20% of their total caloric intake, according to a review of pooled data from many weight-loss trials conducted.
3. Dieters who follow calorie-restricted weight-loss plans often cut down on the consumption of nutritious meals that include micronutrients like iron and zinc. Higher protein intake is often linked to healthier outcomes, but the relationship between protein consumption and diet quality is not well known, according to researchers.
4. Participants' body mass indexes indicated that they were either overweight or obese, and their ages ranged from 24 to 75. Over a six-month period, all participants were counseled to lose weight by following a diet that was 500 calories deficient. They were encouraged to allot 18 percent of their caloric intake to lean protein, such as poultry, unprocessed red meat, fish, legumes, and dairy, and to expend the balance of their calories on fruits, vegetables, and whole grains. They were discouraged from ingesting saturated fats, refined grains, sugar, and salt.
5. Participants kept detailed food records, which researchers analyzed for diet quality, specific categories of food consumed and ratios, and specific sources of protein. The participants who self-selected their protein intake were then characterized by researchers into a lower-protein approach with 18 percent of overall calories coming from protein or a higher-protein approach with 20 percent of the overall food intake coming from protein.
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 - Both low- and high-protein groups lost the same amount of weight — about five percent of their body weight over six months.
 - Higher-protein group individuals chose a mix of healthier foods to eat overall, specifically increasing their intake of green vegetables and cut back on sugar and refined grains.
 - Higher-protein group individuals were better able to retain their lean muscle mass.

Which of the following words is the most suitable antonym of "expend" as used in para 4 of the passage?

- (1) renew
- (2) disrupt
- (3) conserve
- (4) make

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3889,
- 2, Option ID :- 3890,
- 3, Option ID :- 3891,
- 4, Option ID :- 3892,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -3890

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 3891

Question ID:- 974

Directions : Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow by selecting the correct / most appropriate options.

1. According to a *Rutgers University* study, eating more protein, when dieting, improves food choices and prevents the loss of lean body mass, which is often connected with weight loss. The data was gathered from more than 200 men and women who took part in clinical studies.
2. The quality of the person's food choices is significantly impacted by even a little increase in protein consumption, from 18% to 20% of their total caloric intake, according to a review of pooled data from many weight-loss trials conducted.
3. Dieters who follow calorie-restricted weight-loss plans often cut down on the consumption of nutritious meals that include micronutrients like iron and zinc. Higher protein intake is often linked to healthier outcomes, but the relationship between protein consumption and diet quality is not well known, according to researchers.
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 - Higher-protein group individuals chose a mix of healthier foods to eat overall, specifically increasing their intake of green vegetables and cut back on sugar and refined grains.
 - Higher-protein group individuals were better able to retain their lean muscle mass.

Which part of speech is the underlined word in the following sentence ?

Food choices are significantly impacted by even a little increase in protein consumption.

- (1) Adjective
- (2) Adverb
- (3) Conjunction
- (4) Preposition

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3893,
- 2, Option ID :- 3894,
- 3, Option ID :- 3895,
- 4, Option ID :- 3896,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -3894

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 3893

Question ID:- 975

Directions : Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow by selecting the correct / most appropriate options.

1. According to a *Rutgers University* study, eating more protein, when dieting, improves food choices and prevents the loss of lean body mass, which is often connected with weight loss. The data was gathered from more than 200 men and women who took part in clinical studies.
2. The quality of the person's food choices is significantly impacted by even a little increase in protein consumption, from 18% to 20% of their total caloric intake, according to a review of pooled data from many weight-loss trials conducted.
3. Dieters who follow calorie-restricted weight-loss plans often cut down on the consumption of nutritious meals that include micronutrients like iron and zinc. Higher protein intake is often linked to healthier outcomes, but the relationship between protein consumption and diet quality is not well known, according to researchers.
4. Participants' body mass indexes indicated that they were either overweight or obese, and their ages ranged from 24 to 75. Over a six-month period, all participants were counseled to lose weight by following a diet that was 500 calories deficient. They were encouraged to allot 18 percent of their caloric intake to lean protein, such as poultry, unprocessed red meat, fish, legumes, and dairy, and to expend the balance of their calories on fruits, vegetables, and whole grains. They were discouraged from ingesting saturated fats, refined grains, sugar, and salt.
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 - Higher-protein group individuals chose a mix of healthier foods to eat overall, specifically increasing their intake of green vegetables and cut back on sugar and refined grains.
 - Higher-protein group individuals were better able to retain their lean muscle mass.

Which part of the following sentence contains an error?

Good source of protein includes legumes, dairy, poultry, fish and lean red meats.

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

(1) (b)

(2) (c)

(3) (d)

(4) (a)

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3897,
- 2, Option ID :- 3898,
- 3, Option ID :- 3899,
- 4, Option ID :- 3900,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -3899

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 3897

Question ID:- 976

A teacher in class 2 is holding a big book up and the whole class reads from the same book. The book has large fonts, illustrations, and simple text so that all children can participate in reading. What strategy does the teacher follow ?

- (1) Guided Reading
- (2) Shared Reading
- (3) Jigsaw Reading
- (4) Aloud Reading

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3901,
- 2, Option ID :- 3902,
- 3, Option ID :- 3903,
- 4, Option ID :- 3904,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -3904

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 3902

Question ID:- 977

Jatin, a class 2 student, has a hearing impairment. As a language teacher what could be the appropriate strategy to scaffold him?

- (1) Promote the classmates to use gestures while communicating with him and be supportive.
- (2) Such children should go to special schools where they will learn better.
- (3) Focusing more on such a child will minimise teaching time of other children.
- (4) Inform the principal that your class is not accepting and cooperating with the child.

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3905,
- 2, Option ID :- 3906,
- 3, Option ID :- 3907,
- 4, Option ID :- 3908,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -3905

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 3905

Question ID:- 978

Assertion (A):

Early literacy is what children know about reading and writing before they read or write.

Reason (R):

Early literacy starts when a child learns to read and write at school during Early childhood care and education (ECCE).

Choose the correct answer from the following.

- (1) Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- (2) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- (3) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (4) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3909,
- 2, Option ID :- 3910,
- 3, Option ID :- 3911,
- 4, Option ID :- 3912,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -3909

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 3911

Question ID:- 979

The domain that includes the competencies of word awareness, rhyme awareness, and awareness of sound within words which engages learners meaningfully with language is

- (1) Literary Awareness
- (2) Phonological Awareness
- (3) Communication Awareness
- (4) Spoken Awareness

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3913,
- 2, Option ID :- 3914,
- 3, Option ID :- 3915,
- 4, Option ID :- 3916,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -3916

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 3914

Question ID:- 980

A language disorder that affects communication skills and comprehension abilities

- (1) Dyscalculia
- (2) Dysphasia
- (3) Dyspraxia
- (4) Dyslexia

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3917,

- 2, Option ID :- 3918,
- 3, Option ID :- 3919,
- 4, Option ID :- 3920,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -3918

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 3918

Question ID:- 981

Which method lays stress on giving opportunities to learners to participate in a purposeful talk in the classroom as it promotes learners to encounter real life situations ?

- (1) Communicative Language Teaching
- (2) Grammar translation method
- (3) Bilingual method
- (4) Audiolingual method

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3921,
- 2, Option ID :- 3922,
- 3, Option ID :- 3923,
- 4, Option ID :- 3924,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -3921

Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 3921

Question ID:- 982

Scanning is meant for finding out

- (1) the opinion of the author
- (2) difficult words
- (3) a specific item or piece of information
- (4) the central idea

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3925,
- 2, Option ID :- 3926,
- 3, Option ID :- 3927,
- 4, Option ID :- 3928,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -3927

Correct Answer :- 3 Option ID :- 3927

Question ID:- 983

A teacher believes that development of language is a continuation of general cognitive development. She follows the theoretical perspective of _____.

- (1) Jean Piaget
- (2) B. F. Skinner
- (3) Lev Vygotsky
- (4) Stephen Krashen

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3929,
- 2, Option ID :- 3930,
- 3, Option ID :- 3931,
- 4, Option ID :- 3932,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -3929
Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 3929

Question ID:- 984

Grammar-translation method of teaching language focuses on

- (1) language use as the main focus
- (2) form-focussed teaching
- (3) meaning-focussed teaching
- (4) strengthening the pronunciation while learning

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3933,
- 2, Option ID :- 3934,
- 3, Option ID :- 3935,
- 4, Option ID :- 3936,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -3934
Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 3934

Question ID:- 985

Which one of the following is *not* the characteristic of remedial teaching?

- (1) It can be used for improving language skills.
- (2) It can be used to rectify a particular problem area.
- (3) To be carried out after the identification of problems and challenges faced by students.
- (4) To evaluate student learning at a standard or benchmark.

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3937,
- 2, Option ID :- 3938,
- 3, Option ID :- 3939,
- 4, Option ID :- 3940,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -3940
Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 3940

Question ID:- 986

Which one of the following is **not** true about multilingualism?

- (1) It emphasises a smooth transition between the home and school language.
- (2) It helps in ensuring that every child attains grade specific skills to attain proficiency.
- (3) It helps to ensure that all children learn each other's language spoken in the class.
- (4) Multilingual children have greater cognitive flexibility and perform academically better than monolinguals.

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3941,
- 2, Option ID :- 3942,
- 3, Option ID :- 3943,
- 4, Option ID :- 3944,

Answer Given:- 1, Option ID : -3941

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 3942

Question ID:- 987

Story telling plays an important role in language teaching. Which of the following is most important regarding story telling?

- (1) It creates fun in the class.
- (2) It presents language as a whole.
- (3) It develops moral values among the students.
- (4) It improves student's vocabulary.

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3945,
- 2, Option ID :- 3946,
- 3, Option ID :- 3947,
- 4, Option ID :- 3948,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -3948

Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 3946

Question ID:- 988

For teaching children of class 1, we should focus on oral language development. Which of the following classroom practice will enable learners to enhance oral language skill at class 1?

- (1) Role play
- (2) Grammar games
- (3) Singing rhymes
- (4) Learning alphabets

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3949,
- 2, Option ID :- 3950,
- 3, Option ID :- 3951,
- 4, Option ID :- 3952,

Answer Given:- 3, Option ID : -3951
Correct Answer :- 1 Option ID :- 3949

Question ID:- 989

A language teacher generally gives task that has to be done in pairs and groups. What should the teacher do when learners are involved in the task?

- (1) The teacher should not sit idly. She must read something to enhance learning.
- (2) The teacher must ensure that everyone should participate and scaffold them.
- (3) Respecting the autonomy of learners, she must leave them.
- (4) Ensure that students should not make noise in the class.

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3953,
- 2, Option ID :- 3954,
- 3, Option ID :- 3955,
- 4, Option ID :- 3956,

Answer Given:- 2, Option ID : -3954
Correct Answer :- 2 Option ID :- 3954

Question ID:- 990

At primary level a teacher generally motivates learners for drawing as

- (1) children love drawing.
- (2) it develops gross motor skills.
- (3) it will help them to be an artist.
- (4) it strengthens their grip and control on pencils.

Options:-

- 1, Option ID :- 3957,
- 2, Option ID :- 3958,
- 3, Option ID :- 3959,
- 4, Option ID :- 3960,

Answer Given:- 4, Option ID : -3960
Correct Answer :- 4 Option ID :- 3960

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