SSC CGL T-I Similar Paper (Held on 15 Sep 2025 S3) - English

Q1. In the following question, select the related word from the given alternatives:
HAPPY : PYHAP :: CLEAN : ?
(a) ANCLE
(b) ANELC
(c) NAELC
(d) ENACL
Ans.(a)

Q2. Looking at a boy, a woman says, "He is the son of my only daughter." How is the boy related to the woman?
(a) Son
(b) Nephew
(c) Grandson
(d) Cousin
Ans.(c)

Q3. In a row of 50 students, Riya is 18th from the left and Neha is 15th from the right. How many students are between them?
(a) 16
(b) 17
(c) 18
(d) 19
Ans.(b)

Q4. Which of the following are identical?
1. Sunita Jain, H.No. 45, Green Park, Jaipur, 302017
2. Sunita Jain, H.No. 45, Green Park, Jaipur, 302017
3. Sunita Jain, H.No. 54, Green Park, Jaipur, 302017
4. Sunita Jaim, H.No. 45, Green Park, Jaipur, 302017
(a) 1 and 2
(b) 2 and 3
(c) 1 and 4
(d) 3 and 4
Ans.(a)

Q5. Select the letter-cluster that will replace the question mark.
BCF, GHK, LMP, ?
(a) QSU
(b) QRV
(c) RRU
(d) QRU
Ans.(d)

Q6. Which of the following are identical?
1. Rahul Verma, Flat 21, Rose Apartments, Sector 10, Noida, 201301
2. Rahul Verma, Flat 21, Rose Apartments, Sector 10, Noida, 201301

3. Rahul Verma, Flat 12, Rose Apartments, Sector 10, Noida, 201301
4. Rahul Verma, Flat 21, Rose Apartment, Sector 10, Noida, 201301
(a) 1 and 2
(b) 2 and 3
(c) 1 and 4
(d) 3 and 4
Ans.(a)

Q7. Introducing a girl, a man said, "She is the daughter of my mother's only son." How is the girl related to the man?
(a) Sister
(b) Daughter
(c) Niece
(d) Cousin
Ans.(b)

Q8. In the following question, select the related word from the given alternatives:
BOOK : CPPL :: LAMP : ?
(a) MBQO
(b) MBOQ
(c) MBQN
(d) MBNQ
Ans.(d)

Q9. What comes next?
5, 10, 20, 40, ?
(a) 60
(b) 70
(c) 80
(d) 90
Ans.(c)

Q10. In the following question, select the related word from the given alternatives:
Copper : Wire :: Iron : ?
(a) Rod
(b) Sheet
(c) Nail
(d) Tool
Ans.(c)

Q11. Complete the series:
3, 9, 27, 81, ?
(a) 162
(b) 243
(c) 324
(d) 405
Ans.(b)

Q12. Select the letter-cluster that will replace the question mark.
ACE, BDF, CEG, ?
(a) BFH
(b) DFI
(c) DFH
(d) EGI
Ans.(c)

Q13. Which group does not match the pattern?
(a) 6, 18, 54
(b) 4, 12, 36
(c) 5, 15, 40
(d) 7, 21, 63
Ans.(c)

Q14. Select the letter-cluster that will replace the question mark.
RST, UVW, XYZ, ?
(a) ABC
(b) BCD
(c) YZA
(d) DEF
Ans.(a)

Q15. A introduces B as the daughter of the only sister of his father. How is B related to A?
(a) Sister
(b) Cousin
(c) Niece
(d) Aunt
Ans.(b)

Q16. Identify the group that does NOT follow the same pattern.
(a) A3 : C9
(b) B4 : D16
(c) C5 : E25
(d) D6 : F30
Ans.(d)

Q17. In the following question, select the related word from the given alternatives:
Justice : Law :: Medicine : ?
(a) Doctor
(b) Hospital
(c) Treatment
(d) Health
Ans.(c)

Q18. In the following question, select the related word from the given alternatives:
LIGHT : TGHIL :: SOUND : ?
(a) DUSNO

(b) OUNDS
(c) DUNOS
(d) SUDNO
Ans.(c)

Q19. Find the odd one out.
(a) 2 : 4 : 16
(b) 3 : 6 : 36
(c) 4 : 8 : 64
(d) 5 : 10 : 120
Ans.(d)

Q20. If (A = 1, B = 2, … Z = 26) DOG : 4×15×7 :: CAT : ?
(a) 3×1×20
(b) 3×1×19
(c) 4×1×20
(d) 3×2×20
Ans.(a)

Q21. Select the letter-cluster that will replace the question mark.
BDF, CEG, DFH, ?
(a) EGI
(b) EHK
(c) EJL
(d) FGK
Ans.(a)

Q22. A + B means A is the father of B,
A - B means A is the sister of B,
A × B means A is the husband of B.
What does P × Q - R mean?
(a) P is father of R
(b) Q is sister of R
(c) P is husband of Q and Q is sister of R
(d) P is brother of R
Ans.(c)

Q23. Select the letter-cluster that will replace the question mark.
JKL, MNO, PQR, ?
(a) QRS
(b) STU
(c) UVW
(d) TUV
Ans.(b)

Q24. If the letters of the word GARDEN are arranged alphabetically, how many letters will be between A and N?
(a) One
(b) Two

(c) Three
(d) Four
Ans.(c)

Q25. If '+' means '−', '−' means '×', '×' means '÷', '÷' means '+' Find the value of: 12 + 6 − 3 × 4 ÷ 2?
(a) 7
(b) 8.5
(c) 9.5
(d) 10
Ans.(c)

Q26. One ampere of electric current is correctly defined as:
(a) Flow of 1 coulomb charge in 1 minute
(b) Flow of 1 coulomb charge in 1 second
(c) Flow of 1 joule energy in 1 second
(d) Flow of 1 volt potential per second
Ans.(b)

Q27. Consider the following statements about Olympic track events:
1. The 100 m and 200 m races are conducted for both men and women.
2. The 3000 m steeplechase is held only for men in the Olympics.
Which of the above statements is/are correct?
(a) Only 1 is correct
(b) Only 2 is correct
(c) Both 1 and 2 are correct
(d) Neither 1 nor 2 are correct
Ans.(a)

Q28. Which of the following statements is/are correct? 1. The Vice-President of India is the ex-officio Chairman of Rajya Sabha. 2. He can vote in Rajya Sabha only in case of a tie.
(a) 1 only
(b) 2 only
(c) Both 1 and 2
(d) Neither 1 nor 2
Ans.(c)

Q29. With reference to a *Money Bill* in the Indian Parliament, consider the following statements:
1. The Speaker of the Lok Sabha certifies whether a bill is a Money Bill.
2. A Money Bill must be passed by both Houses of Parliament to become law.
3. The Rajya Sabha must return a Money Bill within 14 days.
Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
(a) 1 and 2 only
(b) 1 and 3 only
(c) 2 and 3 only
(d) 1, 2 and 3
Ans.(b)

Q30. Consider the following statements: 1. India has a written Constitution. 2. India follows a parliamentary system. Which of the statements is/are correct?
(a) Only 1
(b) Only 2
(c) Both 1 and 2
(d) Neither 1 nor 2
Ans.(c)

Q31. Which gland in the human body secretes insulin?
(a) Thyroid
(b) Pancreas
(c) Pituitary
(d) Adrenal
Ans.(b)

Q32. The naval exercise 'Varuna' is conducted between India and which country?
(a) Australia
(b) Japan
(c) France
(d) Indonesia
Ans.(c)

Q33. Assertion (A): The first nationwide census in independent India was conducted in 1951.
Reason (R): Census operations are held every ten years in India.
(a) Both A and R are true, and R explains A
(b) Both A and R are true, but R does not explain A
(c) A is true, but R is false
(d) A is false, but R is true
Ans.(b)

Q34. Under the Right to Information Act, information must generally be provided within:
(a) 15 days
(b) 30 days
(c) 45 days
(d) 60 days
Ans.(b)

Q35. Which traditional percussion instrument is commonly used in folk performances of Rajasthan and resembles a pair of small drums?
(a) Algoza
(b) Khartal
(c) Nagara
(d) Dholak
Ans.(d)

Q36. Which Fundamental Right ensures equality before law?
(a) Right to Freedom
(b) Right to Equality

(c) Right to Religion
(d) Cultural Rights
Ans.(b)

Q37. Which mission is India's first solar mission?
(a) Chandrayaan-1
(b) Mangalyaan
(c) Aditya-L1
(d) Astrosat
Ans.(c)

Q38. Statement 1: Polar satellites move in low Earth orbit. Statement 2: They are useful for earth observation.
(a) Only Statement 1 is correct
(b) Only Statement 2 is correct
(c) Both 1 and 2 are correct
(d) Neither 1 nor 2 is correct
Ans.(c)

Q39. Which of the following best distinguishes a delta from an estuary?
(a) Delta forms by river deposition; estuary by tidal action
(b) Delta has deep channels only
(c) Estuary always has freshwater only
(d) Delta forms only in deserts
Ans.(a)

Q40. Consider the following statements about Amrita Pritam:
1. She was a noted Punjabi poet.
2. She wrote the novel "Pinjar".
3. She received the Jnanpith Award.
Which of the above statements is/are correct?
(a) 1 only
(b) 1 and 2 only
(c) 1 and 3 only
(d) 1, 2 and 3
Ans.(d)

Q41. Consider the following pairs of folk dances and the states with which they are associated:
1. Yakshagana — Karnataka
2. Chhau — Odisha
3. Rouf — Himachal Pradesh
4. Lai Haraoba — Manipur
Which of the pairs given above are correctly matched?
(a) 1, 2 and 4 only
(b) 1 and 3 only
(c) 2, 3 and 4 only
(d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
Ans.(a)

Q42. The 2023 Asian Games were officially hosted in which city?
(a) Beijing
(b) Hangzhou
(c) Shanghai
(d) Guangzhou
Ans.(b)

Q43. In which year was the Sports Authority of India (SAI) established?
(a) 1982
(b) 1984
(c) 1986
(d) 1988
Ans.(b)

Q44. A higher Human Development Index (HDI) indicates:
(a) Lower literacy
(b) Higher life expectancy and education
(c) High inflation
(d) Poor income levels
Ans.(b)

Q45. Which of the following is a mineral-based industry?
(a) Paper
(b) Sugar
(c) Iron and steel
(d) Cotton textiles
Ans.(c)

Q46. Assertion (A): Digital India promotes e-governance. Reason (R): It aims to improve online infrastructure.
(a) Both A and R are true and R explains A
(b) Both A and R are true but R does not explain A
(c) A is true but R is false
(d) A is false but R is true
Ans.(a)

Q47. Which of the following best describes the book "The Discovery of India" by Jawaharlal Nehru?
(a) Autobiography focused on prison life
(b) Analysis of India's history and culture
(c) Collection of political speeches
(d) Fictional account of freedom struggle
Ans.(b)

Q48. Which of the following best reflects the significance of the Wangala Festival of Meghalaya?
(a) Celebration of the sea-faring tradition
(b) Post-harvest thanksgiving to the Sun God
(c) Rituals to welcome the spring season
(d) Worship of sacred rivers
Ans.(b)

Q49. Kaziranga National Park is famous for the conservation of:
(a) Asiatic Lion
(b) One-horned rhinoceros
(c) Snow leopard
(d) Black buck
Ans.(b)

Q50. Consider the following statements about Mathura school of art beyond sculptures:
1. A terracotta female figurines with elaborate ornaments were widely produced.
2. Decorated railings with narrative panels were found at ancient shrines.
Which of the above statements is/are correct?
(a) Only 1 is correct
(b) Only 2 is correct
(c) Both 1 and 2 are correct
(d) Neither 1 nor 2 is correct
Ans.(c)

Q51. Simplify: $\left(5.6-2\frac{4}{5}\right)+\left(1\frac{3}{8}\div 0.55\right)$
(a) 5.3
(b) 6.2
(c) 7.8
(d) 5.8
Ans.(a)

Q52. A ₹54,000 grant is distributed among Research, Teaching, and Administration in a 6:8:4 ratio. Teaching department uses ₹5,000 for equipment and ₹3,000 for books, then distributes the rest to four faculty members in a 4:3:2:1 ratio. How much does the faculty member with the smallest share receive?
(a) ₹1,600
(b) ₹1,800
(c) ₹2,000
(d) ₹2,200
Ans.(a)

Q53. Which of the following represents the correct simplified value of the continued fraction:$z=3+\frac{1}{4+\frac{1}{4+\frac{1}{4}}}$
(a) 233/72
(b) 167/21
(c) 61/20
(d) 59/19
Ans.(a)

Q54. Amit invested ₹1,50,000 in a business. After 5 months, Rajesh joined with ₹1,20,000. After 2 more months, Amit withdrew ₹60,000. Find their profit ratio at the end of the year.
(a) 6:5
(b) 25 : 14
(c) 8:5

(d) 19:17
Ans.(b)

Q55. X invests ₹85,000 while Y invests ₹1,10,000, with X's investment lasting for 14 months and Y's for 11 months. The total profit amounts to ₹65,000. What is X's share?
(a) ₹32,229.17
(b) ₹31,000
(c) ₹32,500
(d) ₹33,416.67
Ans.(a)

Q56. The overall average marks for all students in a school is 72. Science stream students have an average of 85, while Arts stream students have an average of 65. If there are 25 Science students, determine the number of Arts students.
(a) 35.5
(b) 40
(c) 46.4
(d) 50
Ans.(c)

Q57. Three numbers are such that when the sum of any two of them is added to one-fourth of the third, the results are 156, 148, and 140 respectively. What is the average of the three numbers?
(a) 56.88
(b) 60
(c) 65.77
(d) 68
Ans.(c)

Q58. In an entrance test with 180 questions, there are three sections: Physics (40 questions), Chemistry (70 questions), and Biology (70 questions). A student answered 75% of Physics, 55% of Chemistry, and 45% of Biology questions correctly. If the minimum passing score is 62%, how many more questions did the student need to answer correctly to pass?
(a) 9.6
(b) 10
(c) 11.6
(d) 12
Ans.(c)

Q59. Find the compound interest on ₹9,500 at 11% p.a. for 2 years 6 months, compounded annually.
(a) ₹2,848.72
(b) ₹2,798.25
(c) ₹2,850
(d) ₹2,950.50
Ans.(a)

Q60. If the amount at the end of the 4th year and 5th year on a certain principal at compound interest is ₹24,000 and ₹26,400 respectively, find the rate of interest per annum.
(a) 8%
(b) 9%

(c) 10%
(d) 11%
Ans.(c)

Q61. A shopkeeper buys three types of pens. The first type costs him 6 pens for ₹35, the second 4 pens for ₹24, and the third 12 pens for ₹75. He mixes them in the ratio 4:3:5. If he sells all the pens at 5 for ₹32, what is his approximate gain or loss percentage?
(a) Loss of 6.5%
(b) Profit of 5.8%
(c) Profit of 10.5%
(d) Loss of 8.2%
Ans.(b)

Q62. A retailer bought three different types of bags, B1, B2, and B3. The ratio of their cost prices was 4:5:6. He made a profit of 35% on B1, 18% on B2, but incurred a loss of 15% on B3. What was his approximate percent gain or loss in the entire transaction?
(a) Profit of 12.6%
(b) Loss of 4.8%
(c) Profit of 9.3%
(d) Loss of 6.4%
Ans.(c)

Q63. A luxury smartphone is initially marked up by 70% above its cost price. During a clearance sale, it is offered at a discount of 30% on its marked price. However, a corporate buyer receives an additional discount of w% on the discounted price, bringing the final selling price to ₹56,700. If the shopkeeper still makes a profit of 15.5% on the cost price after all discounts, what was the original cost price of the smartphone and the value of w?
(a) CP = ₹49,000, w = 3%
(b) CP = ₹51,000, w = 5%
(c) CP = ₹48,000, w = 2.5%
(d) CP = ₹50,000, w = 4%
Ans.(a)

Q64. P and Q can complete a work in 16 days and 24 days, respectively. They begin the work together, but Q leaves after 6 days. How many more days will P take to finish the remaining work?
(a) $7\frac{1}{4}$ days
(b) $8\frac{1}{2}$ days
(c) 6 days
(d) $10\frac{1}{3}$ days
Ans.(c)

Q65. A trader mixes two qualities of coffee. The first quality costs ₹240 per kg and is mixed with the second quality in the ratio 5:7. If the mixture is sold at ₹200 per kg (at no profit, no loss), what is the cost per kg of the second quality of coffee(to the nearest integer)?
(a) ₹168
(b) ₹171
(c) ₹175

(d) ₹180
Ans.(b)

Q66. M and N can complete a certain project together in 36 days. After M works for 20 days, N is left to finish the remaining work by himself in 52 days. How many days would it take for N to complete the entire project on his own?
(a) 78 days
(b) 84 days
(c) 72 days
(d) 96 days
Ans.(c)

Q67. A tank holds a mixture of Strawberry, Blueberry, and Raspberry juices in the ratio of 6:9:5 respectively. 40 litres of this mixture is taken out, and then 15 litres of strawberry juice and 10 litres of raspberry juice are added to the tank. If the resultant quantity of blueberry juice is 22 litres more than the resultant quantity of strawberry juice, what was the initial quantity of mixture(approximate) in the tank (in litres)?
(a) 287
(b) 300
(c) 320
(d) 340
Ans.(a)

Q68. A taxi travels at a constant speed of 75 km/h to cover a certain distance in 3 hours and 12 minutes. If road construction increases the time taken by 24 minutes, by what percentage must the taxi's average speed decrease to complete the journey?
(a) 10%
(b) 11.11%
(c) 12.5%
(d) 13.33%
Ans.(b)

Q69. A person cycles from home to work at a speed of 8 km/h and reaches 18 minutes late. If he increases his speed to 12 km/h, he reaches 6 minutes early. What is the distance (in km) from home to work?
(a) 8 km
(b) 9.6 km
(c) 10 km
(d) 12 km
Ans.(b)

Q70. The cost of fencing a circular garden at ₹180/m is ₹6,786. Find the radius of the garden.
(a) 6 m
(b) 7 m
(c) 8 m
(d) 9 m
Ans.(a)

Q71. A circular medallion of radius 28 cm is fitted perfectly inside a square box. Find the area of unused square space around the circle.
(a) 672 cm^2

(b) 698.67 cm²
(c) 625.33 cm²
(d) 710 cm²
Ans.(a)

Q72. A circular wall clock has a radius of 28 cm. Calculate the distance covered by the tip of the hour hand in 9 hours, assuming it is positioned at the edge of the clock face? (Use π = 22/7)
(a) 132 cm
(b) 135 cm
(c) 138 cm
(d) 140 cm
Ans.(a)

Q73. What is the slope of line perpendicular to y = 5x - 8?
(a) 5
(b) -5
(c) 1/5
(d) -1/5
Ans.(d)

Q74. Given, m + $\frac{1}{m}$ = 6, find the value of $m^4 + \frac{1}{m^4}$
(a) 1154
(b) 1186
(c) 1194
(d) 1218
Ans.(a)

Q75. 4.5% of 600 = ?
(a) 24
(b) 27
(c) 30
(d) 33
Ans.(b)

Q76. Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:
1. One major approach is to broaden energy options by shifting from fossil fuels to renewable sources like solar, wind, and geothermal energy.
2. To reduce the most damaging consequences of climate change, nations must significantly cut dependence on carbon-heavy energy production.
3. This transition not only lowers greenhouse gas emissions but also enhances air quality and generates fresh economic prospects.
4. Moreover, measures that increase energy efficiency in buildings and transport can further reduce total energy usage.
(a) 2, 1, 3, 4
(b) 1, 2, 3, 4
(c) 4, 1, 2, 3
(d) 2, 3, 1, 4
Ans.(a)

Q77. Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:
The final report has been reviewed by several experts.
(a) Several experts reviewed the final report.
(b) Several experts have reviewed the final report.
(c) The final report reviewed several experts.
(d) Several experts review the final report.
Ans.(b)

Q78. Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:
The manager could not decide whether to approve the merger (1)/ or if the announcement were merely a diversion (2)/ intended to calm investors (3)/ after the recent financial losses. (4)/
(a) (1)
(b) (2)
(c) (3)
(d) (4)
Ans.(b)

Q79. A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.
He said, "My friends will leave tonight."
(a) He said that his friends will leave that night.
(b) He said his friends would leave tonight.
(c) He said that his friends would leave that night.
(d) He said his friends would be leaving tonight.
Ans.(c)

Q80. Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word: Oppugn
(a) Dispute
(b) Accuse
(c) Contest
(d) Uphold
Ans.(d)

Q81. Choose the correct one-word substitute for: "A feeling of listless dissatisfaction arising from lack of interest."
(a) Languor
(b) Ennui
(c) Zeal
(d) Rapture
Ans.(b)

Q82. Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:
The assumption, not that the reforms themselves were poorly designed but rather that their public messaging—filled with concepts distant from local conversations— (1)/ have led more to voter indifference (2)/ than administrative lapses as such, points to a wider institutional disconnect (3)/ than earlier admitted. (4)
(a) (1)
(b) (2)
(c) (3)

(d) (4)
Ans.(b)

Q83. What central idea does the writer communicate about CSR in the present business era?
Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:
Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) has steadily shifted from being a side activity of charity to a core expectation within today's business environment. Companies now recognise that their obligations extend beyond investors to employees, customers, local communities, and ecological well-being. This change is rooted in the understanding that sustainable profits and long-term stability depend on ethical behaviour and inclusive development. CSR is no longer confined to symbolic giving; it involves planned efforts such as protecting the environment, ensuring fair labour standards, practising transparent governance, and contributing to community upliftment. Organisations may, for example, support tree-plantation programmes, sponsor education, guarantee just compensation, or channel funds into clean-energy solutions. These actions are not purely selfless—they strengthen brand credibility, encourage customer trust, and reduce regulatory uncertainty. In countries such as India, CSR has even taken a legal form, requiring eligible firms to allocate a portion of profits toward social initiatives, thereby formalising responsible capitalism. Still, meaningful CSR differs sharply from surface-level image management. Cosmetic CSR—where firms perform one-off acts mainly to enhance publicity—may backfire when examined closely, revealing moral gaps. By contrast, mission-led CSR integrated into business planning can spur innovation and widen market access, especially in neglected areas. Moreover, stakeholders, particularly socially alert millennials and Gen Z, monitor corporate conduct more intensely than ever. With social platforms amplifying scrutiny, any mismatch between stated principles and real actions can trigger immediate reputational harm. Hence, CSR today functions both as value creation and as risk control. Ultimately, the strongest CSR initiatives are those that connect business goals with social progress, narrowing the distance between profit-making and public good.
(a) It has become irrelevant today
(b) It is compulsory across every nation
(c) It has become a fundamental part of corporate planning
(d) It is restricted only to charitable donations
Ans.(c)

Q84. Which of the following best represents mission-led CSR as described in the passage?
Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:
Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) has steadily shifted from being a side activity of charity to a core expectation within today's business environment. Companies now recognise that their obligations extend beyond investors to employees, customers, local communities, and ecological well-being. This change is rooted in the understanding that sustainable profits and long-term stability depend on ethical behaviour and inclusive development. CSR is no longer confined to symbolic giving; it involves planned efforts such as protecting the environment, ensuring fair labour standards, practising transparent governance, and contributing to community upliftment. Organisations may, for example, support tree-plantation programmes, sponsor education, guarantee just compensation, or channel funds into clean-energy solutions. These actions are not purely selfless—they strengthen brand credibility, encourage customer trust, and reduce regulatory uncertainty. In countries such as India, CSR has even taken a legal form, requiring eligible firms to allocate a portion of profits toward social initiatives, thereby formalising responsible capitalism. Still, meaningful CSR differs sharply from surface-level image management. Cosmetic CSR—where firms perform one-off acts mainly to enhance publicity—may backfire when examined closely, revealing moral gaps. By contrast, mission-led CSR integrated into business planning can spur innovation and widen market access, especially in neglected areas. Moreover, stakeholders, particularly socially alert millennials and Gen Z, monitor corporate conduct more intensely than ever. With social platforms amplifying scrutiny, any mismatch between stated principles and real actions can trigger immediate reputational harm. Hence, CSR today functions both as value creation and as risk control. Ultimately,

the strongest CSR initiatives are those that connect business goals with social progress, narrowing the distance between profit-making and public good.
(a) Holding rare donation camps for publicity
(b) Allocating resources to clean and renewable power
(c) Releasing attractive promotional reports
(d) Using loopholes to reduce tax burden
Ans.(b)

Q85. On what basis does the passage distinguish meaningful CSR from cosmetic CSR?
Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:
Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) has steadily shifted from being a side activity of charity to a core expectation within today's business environment. Companies now recognise that their obligations extend beyond investors to employees, customers, local communities, and ecological well-being. This change is rooted in the understanding that sustainable profits and long-term stability depend on ethical behaviour and inclusive development. CSR is no longer confined to symbolic giving; it involves planned efforts such as protecting the environment, ensuring fair labour standards, practising transparent governance, and contributing to community upliftment. Organisations may, for example, support tree-plantation programmes, sponsor education, guarantee just compensation, or channel funds into clean-energy solutions. These actions are not purely selfless—they strengthen brand credibility, encourage customer trust, and reduce regulatory uncertainty. In countries such as India, CSR has even taken a legal form, requiring eligible firms to allocate a portion of profits toward social initiatives, thereby formalising responsible capitalism. Still, meaningful CSR differs sharply from surface-level image management. Cosmetic CSR—where firms perform one-off acts mainly to enhance publicity—may backfire when examined closely, revealing moral gaps. By contrast, mission-led CSR integrated into business planning can spur innovation and widen market access, especially in neglected areas. Moreover, stakeholders, particularly socially alert millennials and Gen Z, monitor corporate conduct more intensely than ever. With social platforms amplifying scrutiny, any mismatch between stated principles and real actions can trigger immediate reputational harm. Hence, CSR today functions both as value creation and as risk control. Ultimately, the strongest CSR initiatives are those that connect business goals with social progress, narrowing the distance between profit-making and public good.
(a) Possession of international eco-labels
(b) Direct supervision by government agencies
(c) The motive behind actions and the measurable outcomes
(d) Collaboration with advertising and branding firms
Ans.(c)

Q86. What does the passage indicate is the purpose of CSR-related laws in some places (like India)?
Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:
Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) has steadily shifted from being a side activity of charity to a core expectation within today's business environment. Companies now recognise that their obligations extend beyond investors to employees, customers, local communities, and ecological well-being. This change is rooted in the understanding that sustainable profits and long-term stability depend on ethical behaviour and inclusive development. CSR is no longer confined to symbolic giving; it involves planned efforts such as protecting the environment, ensuring fair labour standards, practising transparent governance, and contributing to community upliftment. Organisations may, for example, support tree-plantation programmes, sponsor education, guarantee just compensation, or channel funds into clean-energy solutions. These actions are not purely selfless—they strengthen brand credibility, encourage customer trust, and reduce regulatory uncertainty. In countries such as India, CSR has even taken a legal form, requiring eligible firms to allocate a portion of profits toward social initiatives, thereby formalising responsible capitalism. Still, meaningful CSR differs sharply from surface-level image management. Cosmetic CSR—where firms perform one-off acts mainly to enhance publicity—may backfire when examined closely, revealing moral gaps. By contrast, mission-led

CSR integrated into business planning can spur innovation and widen market access, especially in neglected areas. Moreover, stakeholders, particularly socially alert millennials and Gen Z, monitor corporate conduct more intensely than ever. With social platforms amplifying scrutiny, any mismatch between stated principles and real actions can trigger immediate reputational harm. Hence, CSR today functions both as value creation and as risk control. Ultimately, the strongest CSR initiatives are those that connect business goals with social progress, narrowing the distance between profit-making and public good.

(a) To increase dividends for shareholders
(b) To impose a baseline obligation for social reinvestment
(c) To remove corporate taxation entirely
(d) To limit market rivalry among companies

Ans.(b)

Q87. . Why does the passage consider millennials and Gen Z especially significant to CSR discussions?

Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) has steadily shifted from being a side activity of charity to a core expectation within today's business environment. Companies now recognise that their obligations extend beyond investors to employees, customers, local communities, and ecological well-being. This change is rooted in the understanding that sustainable profits and long-term stability depend on ethical behaviour and inclusive development. CSR is no longer confined to symbolic giving; it involves planned efforts such as protecting the environment, ensuring fair labour standards, practising transparent governance, and contributing to community upliftment. Organisations may, for example, support tree-plantation programmes, sponsor education, guarantee just compensation, or channel funds into clean-energy solutions. These actions are not purely selfless—they strengthen brand credibility, encourage customer trust, and reduce regulatory uncertainty. In countries such as India, CSR has even taken a legal form, requiring eligible firms to allocate a portion of profits toward social initiatives, thereby formalising responsible capitalism. Still, meaningful CSR differs sharply from surface-level image management. Cosmetic CSR—where firms perform one-off acts mainly to enhance publicity—may backfire when examined closely, revealing moral gaps. By contrast, mission-led CSR integrated into business planning can spur innovation and widen market access, especially in neglected areas. Moreover, stakeholders, particularly socially alert millennials and Gen Z, monitor corporate conduct more intensely than ever. With social platforms amplifying scrutiny, any mismatch between stated principles and real actions can trigger immediate reputational harm. Hence, CSR today functions both as value creation and as risk control. Ultimately, the strongest CSR initiatives are those that connect business goals with social progress, narrowing the distance between profit-making and public good.

(a) They reject all business activity
(b) They prefer older business models
(c) They closely demand ethical consistency and transparency
(d) They stay away from digital platforms

Ans.(c)

Q88. Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:

The researcher prepared a brief digest of the new regulations.

(a) After dinner, she sipped herbal tea to help her digest the heavy food.
(b) The newspaper published a weekly digest of national headlines.
(c) The editor compiled a digest of court rulings for subscribers.
(d) The professor assigned a digest of the research report to the class.

Ans.(a)

Q89. Select the correct option:

If the firewall ___ disabled, the network notifies the security team immediately.

(a) were
(b) is
(c) has been
(d) had been
Ans.(b)

Q90. Select the correct option:
Despite careful planning, last-minute complications ___ the credibility of the final report.
(a) eroded
(b) enhanced
(c) certified
(d) alleviated
Ans.(a)

Q91. Select the correct option:
The committee insisted that ethical standards must not be compromised ___ the sake of profit.
(a) on
(b) with
(c) for
(d) at
Ans.(c)

Q92. Change the following from active to passive:
The committee can grant special awards to outstanding researchers.
(a) Special awards could have been granted to outstanding researchers by the committee.
(b) Special awards can be granted to outstanding researchers by the committee.
(c) Special awards can have granted to outstanding researchers by the committee.
(d) Special awards must being granted to outstanding researchers by the committee.
Ans.(b)

Q93. Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
He moved cautiously lest he should slip.
(a) in order to not slip
(b) so that he might not slip
(c) lest he slip
(d) for fear of slipping
Ans.(c)

Q94. Choose the correct meaning of idiom: Rearrange deck chairs on the Titanic
(a) To prepare for a celebration
(b) To focus on minor tasks while a major crisis worsens
(c) To work efficiently under pressure
(d) To create confusion intentionally
Ans.(b)

Q95. Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: ROSEATE
(a) Uncertain
(b) Detrimental

(c) Promising
(d) Inauspicious
Ans.(c)

Q96. Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
She answered the questions quick.
(a) very quick
(b) swiftly
(c) rapidly
(d) quickly
Ans.(d)

Q97. A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech.
She said that she wanted to meet the principal.
(a) "I want to meet the principal," she said.
(b) "I wanted to meet the principal," she said.
(c) "I wished to meet the principal," she said.
(d) "May I meet the principal?" she said.
Ans.(a)

Q98. Identify the misspelt word
(a) Mnemonic
(b) Priviledge
(c) Conscientious
(d) Perseverance
Ans.(b)

Q99. Identify the correctly spelt adjective that means "a fortunate discovery by chance."
(a) Serendipitous
(b) Serendipious
(c) Serendepitious
(d) Serendiptous
Ans.(a)

Q100. Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:
1. It involves a careful and unbiased study of a topic to discover new information or verify what is already known.
2. Research plays a crucial role in academic and scientific development.
3. It may be theoretical, aiming to expand understanding, or applied, seeking solutions to practical issues.
4. The results are then recorded and reviewed by experts to confirm accuracy and reliability.
(a) 2, 1, 3, 4
(b) 1, 2, 4, 3
(c) 4, 3, 2, 1
(d) 3, 4, 1, 2
Ans.(a)