SSC CGL T-I Similar Paper (Held on 16 Sep 2025 S2) – English

Q1. Select the option that will correctly fill all the blanks in the series. m _ n m _ n _ _ n m _ _
(a) a a a m n a
(b) a a m a a n
(c) m n o o o o
(d) a a m n m a
Ans.(b)

Q2. If 5 + 3 = 16 and 7 + 4 = 33, then 6 + 2 = ?
(a) 32
(b) 14
(c) 16
(d) 18
Ans.(a)

Q3. What number will replace the question mark?
2, 6, 14, 30, ?, 126
(a) 46
(b) 60
(c) 62
(d) 64
Ans.(c)

Q4. Statement: Excessive use of plastic bags harms the environment.
Assumptions: I. Plastic bags are non-biodegradable.
II. People are aware of environmental damage caused by plastic. Choose the correct option.
(a) Only I is implicit
(b) Only II is implicit
(c) Both I and II are implicit
(d) Neither I nor II is implicit
Ans.(a)

Q5. Complete the series: 3, 9, 27, ?, 243
(a) 54
(b) 72
(c) 81
(d) 90
Ans.(c)

Q6. Find the odd one out.
(a) Article 14
(b) Article 19
(c) Article 21
(d) Article 360
Ans.(d)

Q7. Find the odd one out.
(a) F12
(b) H16
(c) J20
(d) K25
Ans.(d)

Q8. Statement: The company reported its highest profit in a decade. Conclusions: I. The company performed poorly in previous years. II. The company's recent strategies were effective.
(a) Only I follows
(b) Only II follows
(c) Both follow
(d) Neither follows
Ans.(b)

Q9. If in a certain code, CAT is written as 3-1-20 and DOG as 4-15-7, then how will PIG be written?
(a) 16-9-7
(b) 15-9-7
(c) 16-8-7
(d) 15-8-6
Ans.(a)

Q10. How many meaningful four-letter words can be formed using the letters of the word "CLOUD", using each letter only once?
(a) 2
(b) 1
(c) 8
(d) 4
Ans.(d)

Q11. If '+' means '×', '−' means '+', '×' means '÷', and '÷' means '−', then find the value of:
18 − 6 + 12 × 3 ÷ 2
(a) 8
(b) 40
(c) 10
(d) 12
Ans.(b)

Q12. Choose the address that is exactly identical to the one given below. Flat 402, Emerald Residency, Lake View Road, Pune, Maharashtra – 411016
(a) Flat 402 Emerald Residency Lakeview Road Pune Maharashtra 411016
(b) Flat 402, Emerald Residency, Lake View Rd., Pune, Maharashtra – 411061
(c) Flat 420, Emerald Residency, Lake View Road, Pune, Maharashtra – 411016
(d) Flat 402, Emerald Residency, Lake View Road, Pune, Maharashtra – 411016
Ans.(d)

Q13. What is the average of the first 7 odd numbers?
(a) 6

(b) 7
(c) 8
(d) 9
Ans.(b)

Q14. The ratio of two numbers is 7 : 9 and their sum is 256. Find the numbers.
(a) 98 and 126
(b) 112 and 144
(c) 119 and 137
(d) 126 and 130
Ans.(b)

Q15. A is the brother of (B)C is the mother of (B)D is the father of (C)How is D related to A?
(a) Father
(b) Grandfather
(c) Uncle
(d) Cousin
Ans.(b)

Q16. If 8 + 7 = 56 and 7 + 5 = 35, then 9 + 5 = ?
(a) 36
(b) 45
(c) 52
(d) 60
Ans.(b)

Q17. If “LION” is coded as 12@9@15@14 and “TIGER” as 20@9@7@5@18, how will “BEAR” be coded?
(a) 2@5@1@18
(b) 2@5@18@1
(c) 1@18@5@2
(d) 2@1@18@5
Ans.(a)

Q18. If ‘%’ means ‘+’, ‘+’ means ‘÷’, ‘÷’ means ‘×’, and ‘×’ means ‘–’, then find the value of:
20 ÷ (5 % 3) + 4
(a) 7
(b) 40
(c) 11
(d) 13
Ans.(b)

Q19. If ‘@’ = ‘×’, ‘#’ = ‘–’, ‘$’ = ‘+’, and ‘&’ = ‘÷’, which equation is correct?
(a) 8 @ 2 $ 4 = 20
(b) 10 # 4 & 2 = 3
(c) 7 $ 3 @ 2 = 18
(d) 12 & 3 # 1 = 5
Ans.(a)

Q20. Find the missing term in the series: HDF, JFH, LHJ, ?, PLN
(a) NHN
(b) NIN
(c) NJL
(d) NLN
Ans.(c)

Q21. If '+' means '−', '−' means '×', '×' means '÷', and '÷' means '+', then find the value of:
16 + 8 − 4 × 2
(a) 6
(b) 0
(c) 10
(d) 12
Ans.(b)

Q22. Pointing to a photograph, a woman says, "He is the only son of my mother." How is the person in the photograph related to the woman?
(a) Brother
(b) Son
(c) Father
(d) Husband
Ans.(a)

Q23. Read the given statements carefully and assume them to be true, even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Based only on the given statements, decide which of the conclusions logically follow.
Statements: All images are papers. Some papers are files.
Conclusions: I. Some images are files.
II. Some files are papers.
(a) Only I follows
(b) Only II follows
(c) Both follow
(d) Neither follows
Ans.(b)

Q24. In a certain code, PEN is written as 16-5-14, and BOOK is written as 2-15-15-11.
How is NOTE written in the same code?
(a) 14-15-20-5
(b) 13-15-20-5
(c) 14-15-19-5
(d) 14-15-20-4
Ans.(a)

Q25. In the sentence "Still waters run deep", if each letter is coded using reverse alphabetical order (A→Z, B→Y, …), what will be the code for the 3rd letter of the 1st word?
(a) W
(b) D
(c) U
(d) R

Ans.(d)

Q26. Who was the first Indian woman badminton player to win an individual Olympic medal?
(a) P.V. Sindhu
(b) Saina Nehwal
(c) Jwala Gutta
(d) Ashwini Ponnappa
Ans.(b)

Q27. Match the classical dance form with its state of origin:
1. Sattriya
2. Kuchipudi
3. Mohiniyattam
(a) 1-Assam, 2-Andhra Pradesh, 3-Kerala
(b) 1-Kerala, 2-Assam, 3-Andhra Pradesh
(c) 1-Andhra Pradesh, 2-Kerala, 3-Assam
(d) 1-Assam, 2-Kerala, 3-Andhra Pradesh
Ans.(a)

Q28. Which of the following is a fundamental duty under Article 51A of the Indian Constitution?
(a) To provide free legal aid
(b) To protect and improve the natural environment
(c) To organize village panchayats
(d) To separate the judiciary from the executive
Ans.(b)

Q29. Which chemical element produces green colour in firework displays?
(a) Strontium
(b) Barium
(c) Sodium
(d) Copper
Ans.(b)

Q30. Which river originates from the Amarkantak Plateau?
(a) Godavari
(b) Narmada
(c) Krishna
(d) Kaveri
Ans.(b)

Q31. What is the standard distance of a Marathon race?
(a) 21.09 km
(b) 42.195 km
(c) 50 km
(d) 38.5 km
Ans.(b)

Q32. Which of the following materials was primarily used for the construction of the 'Buland Darwaza' at Fatehpur Sikri?
(a) White Marble
(b) Red and Buff Sandstone
(c) Granite
(d) Baked Bricks
Ans.(b)

Q33. The Hornbill Festival is a major cultural event celebrated primarily in the state of _____.
(a) Manipur
(b) Mizoram
(c) Nagaland
(d) Arunachal Pradesh
Ans.(c)

Q34. In Hindustani Classical Music, the specific melodic framework is known as:
(a) Taal
(b) Laya
(c) Raga
(d) Gharana
Ans.(c)

Q35. Who founded the Prarthana Samaj?
(a) Atmaram Pandurang
(b) Jyotiba Phule
(c) Swami Dayanand Saraswati
(d) Henry Vivian Derozio
Ans.(a)

Q36. In the Union Budget 2024–25, which sector received the highest percentage increase in allocation to promote "Viksit Bharat"?
(a) Infrastructure
(b) Rural Development
(c) Space Economy
(d) Tourism
Ans.(c)

Q37. Under the Pitt's India Act of 1784, the Board of Control supervised:
(a) Commercial affairs only
(b) Civil and Military government and Revenues
(c) Judicial appointments only
(d) Religious and social reforms
Ans.(b)

Q38. In Table Tennis service rules, the minimum height the ball must be thrown is:
(a) 10 cm
(b) 16 cm
(c) 20 cm

(d) 25 cm
Ans.(b)

Q39. The SI unit “Ohm” measures:
(a) Electric Current
(b) Potential Difference
(c) Electrical Resistance
(d) Capacitance
Ans.(c)

Q40. The Ghoomar dance is traditionally performed by women of which community in Rajasthan?
(a) Meena
(b) Bhil
(c) Sahariya
(d) Garasia
Ans.(b)

Q41. Match the festival with its significance:
1. Baisakhi
2. Pongal
3. Onam
(a) 1-Punjab (Harvest), 2-Tamil Nadu (Harvest), 3-Kerala (Harvest)
(b) 1-Kerala, 2-Punjab, 3-Tamil Nadu
(c) 1-Tamil Nadu, 2-Kerala, 3-Punjab
(d) 1-Punjab, 2-Kerala, 3-Tamil Nadu
Ans.(a)

Q42. Read the below statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark the correct options:
Assertion (A): President is the formal head of executive.
Reason (R): Executive actions are taken in his/her name.
(a) Both true, R explains A
(b) Both true, R not explanation
(c) A true, R false
(d) A false, R true
Ans.(a)

Q43. Who was the Governor-General of India during the Revolt of 1857?
(a) Lord Dalhousie
(b) Lord Canning
(c) Lord Curzon
(d) Lord Bentinck
Ans.(b)

Q44. Which Indian city is known as the Silicon Valley of India?
(a) Hyderabad
(b) Pune
(c) Bengaluru
(d) Noida

Ans.(c)

Q45. In which year was the National Food Security Act passed?
(a) 2011
(b) 2013
(c) 2015
(d) 2010
Ans.(b)

Q46. Which global agreement was specifically designed to protect the ozone layer by phasing out the production of numerous substances responsible for ozone depletion?
(a) Kyoto Protocol
(b) Montreal Protocol
(c) Paris Agreement
(d) Nagoya Protocol
Ans.(b)

Q47. Which Constitutional Amendment is known as the "Mini-Constitution"?
(a) 44th Amendment
(b) 42nd Amendment
(c) 73rd Amendment
(d) 86th Amendment
Ans.(b)

Q48. The Rauf folk dance is associated with which State/UT?
(a) Ladakh
(b) Jammu & Kashmir
(c) Himachal Pradesh
(d) Uttarakhand
Ans.(b)

Q49. Ascorbic Acid is a water-soluble vitamin deficiency of which leads to scurvy. Identify the correct option.
(a) Vitamin A
(b) Vitamin B12
(c) Vitamin C
(d) Vitamin D
Ans.(c)

Q50. Which of the following crops is correctly matched with its cropping season and sowing condition in India?
(a) Wheat – Kharif crop – Sown with onset of monsoon
(b) Mustard – Zaid crop – Sown in summer
(c) Maize – Kharif crop – Requires high temperature and rainfall
(d) Barley – Rabi crop – Requires heavy rainfall
Ans.(c)

Q51. Simplify: $\left(\frac{7}{9}+\frac{5}{6}\right) \div \left(\frac{11}{12}-\frac{2}{5}\right)$
(a) 262/97
(b) 272/53
(c) 282/87
(d) 290/93
Ans.(d)

Q52. What is the value of: $(\sqrt{27} + \sqrt{3})^2 - (\sqrt{12} + \sqrt{3})^2$
(a) 21
(b) 20
(c) 22
(d) 24
Ans.(a)

Q53. Two distinct qualities of wheat, one priced at ₹90 per kilogram and the other at ₹135 per kilogram, are mixed in an undisclosed proportion. The resultant blend is sold at ₹150 per kilogram, securing a profit margin of 25% on the overall cost price. Determine the ratio in which the two wheat varieties were mixed.
(a) 1:2
(b) 2:3
(c) 3:4
(d) 1:5
Ans.(a)

Q54. P, Q, and R invested ₹30,000, ₹45,000, and ₹50,000 respectively. P's investment was for 14 months, Q's for 10 months, and R's for 8 months. The total profit is ₹70,000. What is Q's share of the profit?
(a) ₹28,125
(b) ₹30,000
(c) ₹24,803
(d) ₹35,250
Ans.(c)

Q55. There are 7 consecutive integers and 6 consecutive integers. The average of the 7 integers is 3 less than the average of the 6 integers. The sum of the 6 integers is 6 more than the sum of the 7 integers. Find the average of the 7 integers.
(a) 7
(b) 8
(c) 12
(d) 10
Ans.(c)

Q56. A camera is sold at an 18% discount on its marked price. This sale leads to a profit of 25% on its cost price. If the profit earned is ₹600, what would have been the selling price if the camera was sold at a 30% discount on its marked price?
(a) ₹2,628.85
(b) ₹2,560.90
(c) ₹2,844.80
(d) ₹2,920.50

Ans.(b)

Q57. The average weight of a team of 10 players increases by 2.5 kg when two players weighing 58 kg and 62 kg are replaced by two new players. What is the average weight of these two new players?
(a) 70 kg
(b) 72.5 kg
(c) 75 kg
(d) 77.5 kg
Ans.(b)

Q58. A laptop is available for ₹25,800 in cash or for ₹4,200 as a down payment and three equal annual instalments. If the seller charges interest at 12% per annum compounded annually, calculate the amount of each instalment.
(a) ₹8,993
(b) ₹9,150
(c) ₹9,452
(d) ₹9,720
Ans.(a)

Q59. A clothing retailer sells a shirt for ₹Q and earns a profit of 25%. For a clearance sale, he marks the same shirt at ₹1.6Q. At the sale, he provides a discount of 15%. What will be the percentage profit during the clearance sale?
(a) 68%
(b) 70%
(c) 72%
(d) 75%
Ans.(b)

Q60. A cylinder is melted and recast into 10 identical cones, each with radius 4 cm and height 6 cm. What was the radius of the original cylinder if its height was 8 cm?
(a) 7.75 cm
(b) 8.25 cm
(c) 6.32 cm
(d) 9.45 cm
Ans.(c)

Q61. Eighty percent of a number is 20 more than three-fifths of that number. Find the number.
(a) 80
(b) 100
(c) 120
(d) 140
Ans.(b)

Q62. A person invested certain amounts in three different schemes A, B, and C at simple interest rates of 8% p.a., 10% p.a., and 13% p.a. respectively. If the total interest in one year was ₹3,360 and the amount invested in Scheme C was 300% of the amount in Scheme A and 400% of the amount in Scheme B, what was the amount invested in Scheme A?
(a) ₹7,127
(b) ₹7,500
(c) ₹6,165
(d) ₹8,500

Ans.(c)

Q63. Which line has slope -2 and passes through (3,5)?
(a) y = -2x + 11
(b) y = 2x + 11
(c) y = -2x - 11
(d) y = 2x - 11
Ans.(a)

Q64. A monument stands 60 meters tall. From its peak, the angles of depression to the top and bottom of a nearby statue are measured at 30° and 60°, respectively. Determine the approximate height of the statue and the horizontal distance separating the monument from the statue.
(a) height = 25.4 m, distance = 60 m
(b) height = 40 m, distance = 34.64 m
(c) height = 30 m, distance = 40 m
(d) height = 32 m, distance = 45 m
Ans.(b)

Q65. The area of a regular octagon is made of how many congruent triangles?
(a) 6
(b) 7
(c) 8
(d) 9
Ans.(c)

Q66. A tent designed as a rectangular prism features a rectangular base with an area of 28 m^2 and a height of 5 m. What is the volume of this tent?
(a) 120 m^3
(b) 130 m^3
(c) 140 m^3
(d) 150 m^3
Ans.(c)

Q67. Simplify: √80 + √45 - √5.
(a) 6√5
(b) 7√5
(c) 8√5
(d) 9√5
Ans.(a)

Q68. A circular pond with a radius of 9 m is surrounded by a walking path that is 4.5 m wide. Determine the ratio of the area of the walking path to the area of the pond.
(a) 4:3
(b) 5:4
(c) 7:4
(d) 9:5
Ans.(b)

Q69. P, Q, and R can complete a certain work in 24, 36, and 72 days, respectively. How many days will it take for P to finish the work if he receives help from Q and R every fourth day?
(a) 16 days
(b) 17 days
(c) 18 days
(d) 19 days
Ans.(d)

Q70. The ratio of the speeds of a train and a truck is 5 : 6. If the truck covers a distance of 450 km in 5 hours, what is the speed of the train in km/h?
(a) 75 km/h
(b) 80 km/h
(c) 85 km/h
(d) 90 km/h
Ans.(a)

Q71. Four non-overlapping, non-touching circles are drawn in a plane. What is the maximum number of distinct common tangents that can be drawn to them in total?
(a) 16
(b) 18
(c) 20
(d) 24
Ans.(d)

Q72. Evaluate: $(0.06^3 + 0.02^3) + (0.3^3 + 0.1^3)$
(a) 0.016
(b) 0.028
(c) 0.036
(d) 0.048
Ans.(b)

Q73. If m : n = 8 : 3, find (7m + 4n) : (7m - 4n).
(a) 19 : 11
(b) 17 : 13
(c) 17 : 11
(d) 34 : 22
Ans.(c)

Q74. A chord in a circle with radius 12 cm subtends an angle of 120° at the center. What is the area of the minor segment?
(a) $\left(48\pi-36\sqrt{3}\right)$ sq. cm
(b) $\left(36\pi-48\sqrt{3}\right)$ sq. cm
(c) $\left(60\pi-36\sqrt{3}\right)$ sq. cm
(d) $\left(72\pi-36\sqrt{3}\right)$ sq. cm
Ans.(a)

Q75. In a circle, chord PQ and chord RS intersect at T such that PT : TQ = 3 : 4 and RT : TS = 6 : 5. If PQ = p and RS = q, which of the following is true?
(a) $\frac{p^2}{q^2} = \frac{147}{242}$
(b) $\frac{p}{q} = \frac{7}{11}$
(c) $\frac{p^2}{q^2} = \frac{245}{242}$
(d) $\frac{p}{q} = \frac{12}{11}$
Ans.(c)

Q76. Choose the correct phrasal verb:
The investigator was unable to _____ the truth from the conflicting reports.
(a) put off
(b) bring about
(c) sort out
(d) take over
Ans.(c)

Q77. Change the following from active to passive:
Someone must have altered the access codes.
(a) The access codes must have been altered.
(b) The access codes must have altered by someone.
(c) The access codes must be altered by someone.
(d) The access codes must had been altered.
Ans.(a)

Q78. Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure:
A detailed plan has been prepared by the committee to address the issue.
(a) The committee had prepared a detailed plan to address the issue.
(b) The committee was preparing a detailed plan to address the issue.
(c) The committee prepared a detailed plan to address the issue.
(d) The committee has prepared a detailed plan to address the issue.
Ans.(d)

Q79. Choose the correct one-word substitute for: “Something that cannot be read or understood because the writing is unclear.”
(a) Illegible
(b) Decipherable
(c) Inaudible
(d) Imperceptible
Ans.(a)

Q80. Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: LOQUACIOUS
(a) Talkative
(b) Reticent
(c) Mute
(d) Hear

Ans.(a)

Q81. Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:
The discrepancy between predicted and observed results (1)/ raised questions not only about the methodology (2)/ but also about the premises that (3)/ underlied the entire proposal. (4)/
(a) (1)
(b) (2)
(c) (3)
(d) (4)
Ans.(d)

Q82. Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word: Pungent
(a) Insipid
(b) Spicy
(c) Sharp
(d) Tangy
Ans.(a)

Q83. Select the correct option:
He explained the concept so ___ that even complex arguments appeared easy to grasp.
(a) clear
(b) clearly
(c) clarity
(d) clearness
Ans.(b)

Q84. Choose the correct meaning of idiom:
Sell ice to an Eskimo
(a) Offer something to someone who already has plenty of it
(b) Ask guidance from specialists
(c) Criticise without any reason
(d) Wander without a plan
Ans.(a)

Q85. Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:
The restorer traced a cartouche framing the monarch's inscription.
(a) The museum displayed an ancient cartouche enclosing a ruler's name in hieroglyphs.
(b) The historian explained how a cartouche protected royal names on temple walls.
(c) The excavation revealed a broken cartouche beside the burial chamber.
(d) The designer added a cartouche of scrollwork to surround the portrait on the arch.
Ans.(d)

Q86. Select the correct option for the Direct Speech conversion of the sentence below.
He remarked that, if market liquidity had disappeared completely, the exchange would have halted trading.
(a) He said, "If market liquidity disappears completely, the exchange halts trading."
(b) He said, "If market liquidity had disappeared completely, the exchange would have halted trading."
(c) He said, "The exchange will halt trading if market liquidity had disappeared completely."
(d) He said, "If the exchange halted trading, it was because market liquidity disappeared completely."

Ans.(b)

Q87. Choose the correct one-word substitute for: “A vast, profound depth that appears endless.”
(a) Crevasse
(b) Chasm
(c) Abyss
(d) Ravine
Ans.(c)

Q88. Which is the correct spelling of a word meaning “independence in decision-making”?
(a) Sovereignty
(b) Soverignty
(c) Soveriegnty
(d) Soverignity
Ans.(a)

Q89. Choose the correct meaning of idiom:
Follow the rules to the letter
(a) Walk behind someone physically
(b) Enlist in the armed forces
(c) Obey instructions exactly and strictly
(d) Disagree with the majority view
Ans.(c)

Q90. A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.
She said, “I am watching a movie.”
(a) She said she is watching a movie.
(b) She said that she was watching a movie.
(c) She said that she had watched a movie.
(d) She said she watched a movie.
Ans.(b)

Q91. Rearrange the following sentences to form a meaningful passage:
1. Wind energy is considered a highly useful renewable resource.
2. It produces electricity without releasing large amounts of pollution.
3. Turbines convert wind force into electrical power.
4. However, inconsistent wind patterns remain a major limitation.
(a) 2-1-4-3
(b) 1-2-4-3
(c) 3-2-4-1
(d) 4-1-2-3
Ans.(b)

Q92. Choose the correctly spelled term for the body’s 24-hour biological rhythm.
(a) Circedian
(b) Circadian
(c) Circadiann

(d) Circadain
Ans.(b)

Q93. As per the passage, what is the likely outcome when liberty is practiced without responsibility?
Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:
Democracy is often praised as the system most capable of protecting personal liberty. Safeguarded by constitutional guarantees and upheld through the rule of law, freedoms of speech, faith, association, and conscience are commonly viewed as defining features of democratic rule. Yet an equally essential element—though less openly emphasized—is responsibility, without which liberty can slide into disorder, division, or even an authoritarian reaction. In a democracy, freedom is not boundless; it functions within shared limits and civic self-restraint. The right to disagree is fundamental, but when expression is used to spread hate, falsehoods, or inflammatory propaganda, it no longer strengthens democracy. Responsibility therefore means thinking deliberately about the impact of one's actions—not only whether they are legal, but whether they are ethically and civically sound.
The real difficulty lies in balancing liberty with accountability in diverse societies. Because democracies contain varied cultural, political, and economic groups, they naturally become spaces of disagreement. In such settings, responsibility requires more than obedience to law; it calls for empathy, reasoned judgment, and dedication to the common good. A citizen's freedom to protest, for instance, must be exercised with respect for public order and the rights of others. Likewise, the right to vote must be matched by a duty to choose wisely, not driven by prejudice, populist manipulation, or misinformation. This strain between liberty and responsibility becomes most visible during crises—whether a pandemic, communal violence, or constitutional conflict. In such moments, prioritizing individual freedom over collective safety can be disastrous. Refusing basic precautions in a health emergency or circulating unverified claims during unrest shows how unchecked freedom can weaken democratic strength.
Moreover, democracy does not sustain itself automatically; it depends on alert citizens who understand that rights endure only through participation and ethical use. When responsibility disappears, democratic institutions become vulnerable from within. Demagogues often gain ground not only because governments fail, but because citizens become indifferent or misuse democratic freedoms. Thus, freedom and responsibility are not rivals in a working democracy; they reinforce each other. Protecting liberty requires citizens capable of ethical thinking, informed debate, and constructive dissent. Without responsibility, freedom can shift from a force for justice into a source of fragmentation. Democracy survives not merely through laws, but through the civic character of its people.
(a) It improves legal enforcement
(b) It increases social harmony
(c) It results in misuse and social damage
(d) It ensures superior administration
Ans.(c)

Q94. Why does the author refer to voting and protests in the passage?
Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:
Democracy is often praised as the system most capable of protecting personal liberty. Safeguarded by constitutional guarantees and upheld through the rule of law, freedoms of speech, faith, association, and conscience are commonly viewed as defining features of democratic rule. Yet an equally essential element—though less openly emphasized—is responsibility, without which liberty can slide into disorder, division, or even an authoritarian reaction. In a democracy, freedom is not boundless; it functions within shared limits and civic self-restraint. The right to disagree is fundamental, but when expression is used to spread hate, falsehoods, or inflammatory propaganda, it no longer strengthens democracy. Responsibility therefore means thinking deliberately about the impact of one's actions—not only whether they are legal, but whether they are ethically and civically sound.
The real difficulty lies in balancing liberty with accountability in diverse societies. Because democracies contain varied cultural, political, and economic groups, they naturally become spaces of disagreement. In such settings, responsibility requires more than obedience to law; it calls for empathy, reasoned judgment, and dedication to the common good.

A citizen's freedom to protest, for instance, must be exercised with respect for public order and the rights of others. Likewise, the right to vote must be matched by a duty to choose wisely, not driven by prejudice, populist manipulation, or misinformation. This strain between liberty and responsibility becomes most visible during crises—whether a pandemic, communal violence, or constitutional conflict. In such moments, prioritizing individual freedom over collective safety can be disastrous. Refusing basic precautions in a health emergency or circulating unverified claims during unrest shows how unchecked freedom can weaken democratic strength.

Moreover, democracy does not sustain itself automatically; it depends on alert citizens who understand that rights endure only through participation and ethical use. When responsibility disappears, democratic institutions become vulnerable from within. Demagogues often gain ground not only because governments fail, but because citizens become indifferent or misuse democratic freedoms. Thus, freedom and responsibility are not rivals in a working democracy; they reinforce each other. Protecting liberty requires citizens capable of ethical thinking, informed debate, and constructive dissent. Without responsibility, freedom can shift from a force for justice into a source of fragmentation. Democracy survives not merely through laws, but through the civic character of its people.

(a) To condemn citizen involvement

(b) To illustrate areas where rights must be balanced with civic duty

(c) To argue for major constitutional amendments

(d) To justify authoritarian governance

Ans.(b)

Q95. What does the passage imply about citizens in relation to democratic institutions?

Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:

Democracy is often praised as the system most capable of protecting personal liberty. Safeguarded by constitutional guarantees and upheld through the rule of law, freedoms of speech, faith, association, and conscience are commonly viewed as defining features of democratic rule. Yet an equally essential element—though less openly emphasized—is responsibility, without which liberty can slide into disorder, division, or even an authoritarian reaction. In a democracy, freedom is not boundless; it functions within shared limits and civic self-restraint. The right to disagree is fundamental, but when expression is used to spread hate, falsehoods, or inflammatory propaganda, it no longer strengthens democracy. Responsibility therefore means thinking deliberately about the impact of one's actions—not only whether they are legal, but whether they are ethically and civically sound.

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(a) Citizens have no real impact on institutions

(b) Institutions survive on their own without public effort

(c) Citizens are essential in maintaining and protecting democracy

(d) Institutions should curtail public rights for stability
Ans.(c)

Q96. How does the passage portray crises in terms of freedom within democracies?
Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:
Democracy is often praised as the system most capable of protecting personal liberty. Safeguarded by constitutional guarantees and upheld through the rule of law, freedoms of speech, faith, association, and conscience are commonly viewed as defining features of democratic rule. Yet an equally essential element—though less openly emphasized—is responsibility, without which liberty can slide into disorder, division, or even an authoritarian reaction. In a democracy, freedom is not boundless; it functions within shared limits and civic self-restraint. The right to disagree is fundamental, but when expression is used to spread hate, falsehoods, or inflammatory propaganda, it no longer strengthens democracy. Responsibility therefore means thinking deliberately about the impact of one's actions—not only whether they are legal, but whether they are ethically and civically sound.
The real difficulty lies in balancing liberty with accountability in diverse societies. Because democracies contain varied cultural, political, and economic groups, they naturally become spaces of disagreement. In such settings, responsibility requires more than obedience to law; it calls for empathy, reasoned judgment, and dedication to the common good. A citizen's freedom to protest, for instance, must be exercised with respect for public order and the rights of others. Likewise, the right to vote must be matched by a duty to choose wisely, not driven by prejudice, populist manipulation, or misinformation. This strain between liberty and responsibility becomes most visible during crises—whether a pandemic, communal violence, or constitutional conflict. In such moments, prioritizing individual freedom over collective safety can be disastrous. Refusing basic precautions in a health emergency or circulating unverified claims during unrest shows how unchecked freedom can weaken democratic strength.
Moreover, democracy does not sustain itself automatically; it depends on alert citizens who understand that rights endure only through participation and ethical use. When responsibility disappears, democratic institutions become vulnerable from within. Demagogues often gain ground not only because governments fail, but because citizens become indifferent or misuse democratic freedoms. Thus, freedom and responsibility are not rivals in a working democracy; they reinforce each other. Protecting liberty requires citizens capable of ethical thinking, informed debate, and constructive dissent. Without responsibility, freedom can shift from a force for justice into a source of fragmentation. Democracy survives not merely through laws, but through the civic character of its people.
(a) Crises prove that unlimited liberty is best
(b) Crises demand complete state domination
(c) Crises expose how uncontrolled freedom can be harmful
(d) Crises reduce the importance of civil rights
Ans.(c)

Q97. . Which tone best captures the writer's attitude toward freedom in a democracy?
Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:
Democracy is often praised as the system most capable of protecting personal liberty. Safeguarded by constitutional guarantees and upheld through the rule of law, freedoms of speech, faith, association, and conscience are commonly viewed as defining features of democratic rule. Yet an equally essential element—though less openly emphasized—is responsibility, without which liberty can slide into disorder, division, or even an authoritarian reaction. In a democracy, freedom is not boundless; it functions within shared limits and civic self-restraint. The right to disagree is fundamental, but when expression is used to spread hate, falsehoods, or inflammatory propaganda, it no longer strengthens democracy. Responsibility therefore means thinking deliberately about the impact of one's actions—not only whether they are legal, but whether they are ethically and civically sound.
The real difficulty lies in balancing liberty with accountability in diverse societies. Because democracies contain varied cultural, political, and economic groups, they naturally become spaces of disagreement. In such settings, responsibility requires more than obedience to law; it calls for empathy, reasoned judgment, and dedication to the common good.

A citizen's freedom to protest, for instance, must be exercised with respect for public order and the rights of others. Likewise, the right to vote must be matched by a duty to choose wisely, not driven by prejudice, populist manipulation, or misinformation. This strain between liberty and responsibility becomes most visible during crises—whether a pandemic, communal violence, or constitutional conflict. In such moments, prioritizing individual freedom over collective safety can be disastrous. Refusing basic precautions in a health emergency or circulating unverified claims during unrest shows how unchecked freedom can weaken democratic strength.

Moreover, democracy does not sustain itself automatically; it depends on alert citizens who understand that rights endure only through participation and ethical use. When responsibility disappears, democratic institutions become vulnerable from within. Demagogues often gain ground not only because governments fail, but because citizens become indifferent or misuse democratic freedoms. Thus, freedom and responsibility are not rivals in a working democracy; they reinforce each other. Protecting liberty requires citizens capable of ethical thinking, informed debate, and constructive dissent. Without responsibility, freedom can shift from a force for justice into a source of fragmentation. Democracy survives not merely through laws, but through the civic character of its people.

(a) Bitter and rejecting
(b) Reasoned and warning
(c) Detached and unconcerned
(d) Excessively hopeful

Ans.(b)

Q98. Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
He explained for me the procedure.

(a) explained me
(b) explained to me
(c) said me
(d) has explained to me

Ans.(b)

Q99. Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word: Unremitting

(a) Constant
(b) Unceasing
(c) Sporadic
(d) Perpetual

Ans.(c)

Q100. Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
Each of the employees have submitted the form.

(a) has submitted the form
(b) have submit the form
(c) were submitting the form
(d) has submit the form

Ans.(a)