

SSC Stenographer (12 Sep 2026) Exam Day Based paper

Q1. एक अनुक्रम दिया गया है जिसमें एक पद लुप्त है। दिए गए विकल्पों में से वह सही विकल्प चुनिए जो अनुक्रम को पूरा करेगा।

?, IJ, GE, EY, CR, AJ, YA, WQ

(a) NL

(b) KN

(c) MN

(d) KK

Ans.(b)

Q2. किसी महीने की 7 तारीख को बुधवार है। इस महीने में 30 दिन हैं। अगले महीने की 14 तारीख को कौन सा दिन होगा?

(a) शुक्रवार

(b) शनिवार

(c) रविवार

(d) गुरुवार

Ans.(a)

Q3. निम्नलिखित समीकरण में प्रश्नवाचक चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर क्या आएगा, यदि '+' और '÷' को आपस में बदल दिया जाए और '-' और '×' को आपस में बदल दिया जाए?

$$14 - 2 \times 48 + 3 \div 7 = ?$$

(a) 23

(b) 19

(c) 14

(d) 7

Ans.(b)

Q4. निम्नलिखित में से तीन युग्म एक ही पैटर्न के अनुसार समान हैं, एक युग्म को छोड़कर। कौन सा युग्म इस पैटर्न का अनुसरण नहीं करता है?

(a) 22 : 39

(b) 55 : 66

(c) 77 : 88

(d) 33 : 44

Ans.(a)

Q5. प्रवक्ता - गणित के पद के लिए किसी उम्मीदवार के चयन के मापदंड निम्नलिखित हैं।

उम्मीदवार:

1. को कम से कम 70% अंकों के साथ M.Sc. (गणित) की परीक्षा उत्तीर्ण होनी चाहिए।

2. को लिखित परीक्षा में 75% से अधिक अंक और साक्षात्कार में 60% से अधिक अंक प्राप्त करने चाहिए।

3. के पास लेक्चरर के रूप में कार्य करने का कम से कम दो वर्ष का अनुभव होना चाहिए।

हालाँकि, यदि कोई उम्मीदवार निम्नलिखित को छोड़कर उपरोक्त सभी मापदंडों को पूरा करता है:

a. संख्या 2, लेकिन उसने M.Sc. (गणित) में 90% से अधिक अंक प्राप्त किए हैं, तो उसके मामले को प्रिंसिपल के पास भेजा जाएगा।

b. संख्या 3, लेकिन उसने गणित में Ph.D. पूरी कर ली है, तो उसके मामले को अकादमिक प्रमुख के पास भेजा जाएगा।

दिए गए मापदंडों के आधार पर और कोई अतिरिक्त जानकारी माने बिना, आपको निम्नलिखित उम्मीदवार के लिए निर्णय लेना है।

मिताली ने 78% अंकों के साथ गणित में M.Sc. और Ph.D. पूरी की है। उसने साक्षात्कार और लिखित परीक्षा दोनों में 76% अंक प्राप्त किए हैं। उसके पास लेक्चरर के रूप में दो वर्ष का कार्य अनुभव है।

(a) उम्मीदवार का चयन किया जाना है।

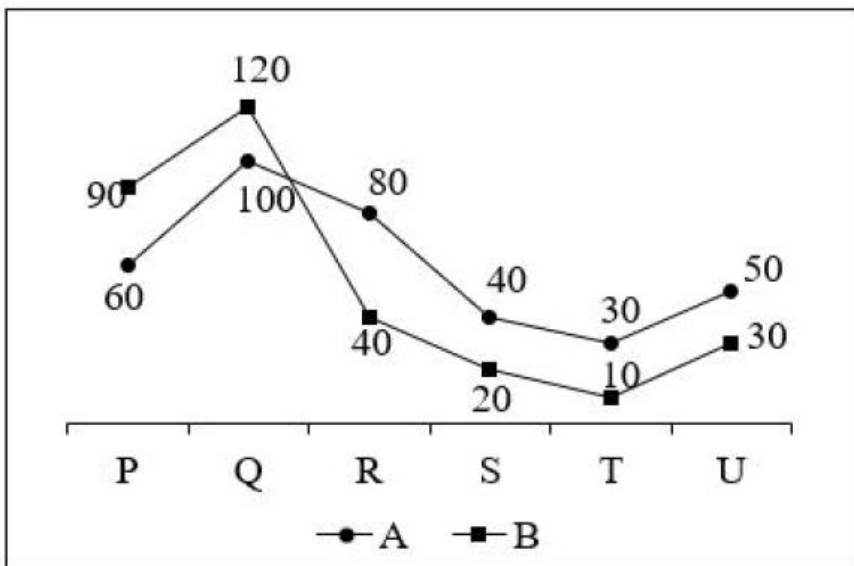
(b) उम्मीदवार का चयन नहीं किया जाना है।

(c) उम्मीदवार का मामला प्रिंसिपल के पास भेजा जाना है।

(d) उम्मीदवार का मामला अकादमिक प्रमुख के पास भेजा जाना है।

Ans.(a)

Q6. नीचे दिया गया रेखा ग्राफ 6 वर्षों (P, Q, R, S, T और U) में दो कंपनियों द्वारा गेहूँ के उत्पादन को दर्शाता है।



वर्ष P में दोनों कंपनियों द्वारा गेहूँ के उत्पादन का वर्ष Q में दोनों कंपनियों द्वारा गेहूँ के उत्पादन से अनुपात क्या है?

(a) 16 : 23

(b) 22 : 17

(c) 22 : 15

(d) 15 : 22

Ans.(d)

Q7. एक निश्चित कूट भाषा में, 'DOLE' को '7348' के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है और 'LEMO' को '2738' के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया गया है। दी गई कूट भाषा में 'M' के लिए क्या कूट है?

(a) 3

(b) 7

(c) 8

(d) 2

Ans.(d)

Q8. एक शब्द व्यवस्था मशीन को जब शब्दों की एक इनपुट पंक्ति दी जाती है, तो वह प्रत्येक चरण में एक विशेष नियम का पालन करते हुए उन्हें पुनर्व्यवस्थित करती है। निम्नलिखित इनपुट और पुनर्व्यवस्था के चरणों का एक उदाहरण है।

इनपुट : Go for to Though By easy To Access at

चरण I : Access Go for to Though By easy To at

चरण II : Access at Go for to Though By easy To

चरण III : Access at By Go for to Though easy To

चरण IV : Access at By easy Go for to Though To

चरण V : Access at By easy for Go to Though To

चरण VI : Access at By easy for Go Though to To

चरण VII : Access at By easy for Go Though To to

और चरण VII इस इनपुट का अंतिम चरण है।

उपरोक्त चरणों में अनुसरण किए गए नियमों के अनुसार, दिए गए प्रश्नों में दिए गए इनपुट के लिए उपयुक्त चरण ज्ञात कीजिए।

इनपुट: "Over Go For through at one" उपरोक्त इनपुट का अंतिम चरण कौन सा होगा?

(a) V

(b) VI

(c) VII

(d) इनमें से कोई नहीं

Ans.(a)

Q9. आप एक ऐसे मित्र को देख रहे हैं जो तेजी से बात कर रहा है, अपने हाथों से बेचैनी दिखा रहा है, और बार-बार कमरे में चारों ओर देख रहा है। वे मुख्य रूप से कौन से अशाब्दिक संकेत प्रदर्शित कर रहे हैं?

(a) शांति और विश्राम।

(b) उत्तेजना या चिंता।

(c) बातचीत में अरुचि।

(d) गहरी एकाग्रता।

Ans.(b)

Q10. एक निश्चित कूट भाषा में,

$A \div B$ का अर्थ 'A, B का पुत्र है',

$A \# B$ का अर्थ 'A, B की पत्नी है',

$A + B$ का अर्थ 'A, B का भाई है' और

$A \& B$ का अर्थ 'A, B का पिता है'।

यदि ' $S \div D + R \# Y \& H$ ' है, तो S, H से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?

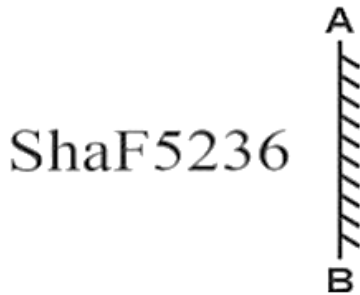
(a) पिता के पिता

(b) माता के भाई का पुत्र

- (c) भाई का पुत्र
(d) माता का भाई

Ans.(b)

Q11. एक दर्पण को AB रेखा पर रखा गया है। दी गई उत्तर आकृतियों में से कौन-सी आकृति प्रश्न आकृति का सही प्रतिबिंब होगी?



- (a) 6E22F542
(b) 6E22F542
(c) 6E22F542
(d) 6E22F542

Ans.(b)

Q12. उस युग्म का चयन कीजिए जो नीचे दिए गए युग्मों के दो समुच्चयों द्वारा अनुसरण किए गए पैटर्न का अनुसरण करता है। दोनों युग्म समान पैटर्न का अनुसरण करते हैं।

JTT : OQS

NQS : SNR

- (a) EOR : JLQ
(b) VMK : QKJ
(c) SGD : NDB
(d) TUJ : ORK

Ans.(a)

Q13. दिनेश बिंदु A से चलना शुरू करता है और पश्चिम की ओर 46 किमी ड्राइव करता है। फिर वह बाएँ मुड़ता है, 25 किमी ड्राइव करता है, बाएँ मुड़ता है और 35 किमी ड्राइव करता है। फिर वह बाएँ मुड़ता है और 67 किमी ड्राइव करता है। वह अंतिम बार दाएँ मुड़ता है, 11 किमी ड्राइव करता है और बिंदु P पर रुकता है। उसे फिर से बिंदु A पर पहुँचने के लिए कितनी दूर (न्यूनतम दूरी) और किस दिशा में ड्राइव करना चाहिए? (जब तक निर्दिष्ट न किया गया हो, सभी मोड़ केवल 90 डिग्री के मोड़ हैं)

- (a) दक्षिण की ओर 40 किमी
(b) उत्तर की ओर 40 किमी
(c) दक्षिण की ओर 42 किमी
(d) उत्तर की ओर 42 किमी

Ans.(c)

Q14. 7 लड़कियाँ P, Q, R, S, T, U और V केंद्र की ओर मुख करके एक वृत्ताकार मेज के चारों ओर बैठी हैं (आवश्यक नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों)। P, Q और R की निकटतम पड़ोसी है। S, R या T की निकटतम पड़ोसी नहीं है। V, T और U की निकटतम पड़ोसी है। V, S के दाईं ओर दूसरे स्थान पर है। S के निकटतम पड़ोसी कौन हैं?

- (a) Q और U
- (b) U और V
- (c) Q और P
- (d) T और Q

Ans.(a)

Q15. 17 सितंबर, 2012 को सप्ताह का कौन सा दिन था?

- (a) शनिवार
- (b) गुरुवार
- (c) रविवार
- (d) सोमवार

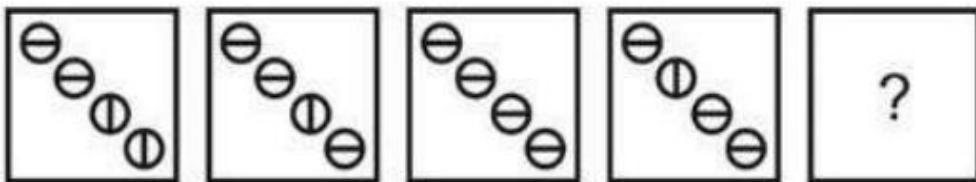
Ans.(d)

Q16. एक घड़ी सुबह 7 बजे 6 मिनट धीमी होती है। यह हर घंटे 12 सेकंड तेज हो जाती है। यह फिर से सही समय (PM में) कब दिखाएगी?

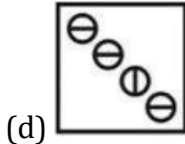
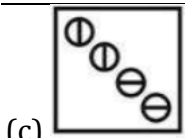
- (a) 1:00
- (b) 12:00
- (c) 2:00
- (d) 3:00

Ans.(a)

Q17. निम्नलिखित आकृति श्रृंखला में, उस आकृति का चयन कीजिए जिसे दिए गए विकल्पों में से प्रश्न चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर रखा जा सकता है।

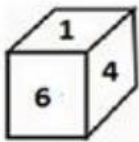
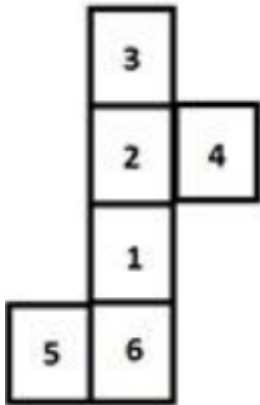


- (a)
- (b)

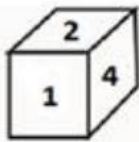


Ans.(c)

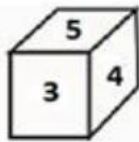
Q18. दिए गए खुले हुए घन से निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा घन बनाया जा सकता है?



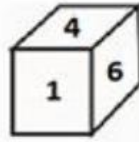
(1)



(2)



(3)

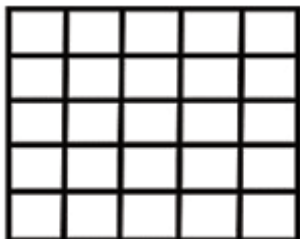


(4)

- (a) केवल 1, 2 और 3
(b) केवल 2, 3 और 4
(c) केवल 2 और 4
(d) केवल 1, 2 और 4

Ans.(d)

Q19. दी गई आकृति में कितने वर्ग हैं?



- (a) 23
(b) 45
(c) 36
(d) 55

Ans.(d)

Q20. यदि 'P' का अर्थ '×' है, 'Q' का अर्थ '÷' है, 'R' का अर्थ '-' है और 'S' का अर्थ '+' है, तो निम्नलिखित समीकरण में प्रश्नवाचक चिह्न '?' के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?

$$78 Q 3 S (55 Q 5) P 4 R 16 P 5 S 65 = ?$$

- (a) 49
- (b) 70
- (c) 35
- (d) 55

Ans.(d)

Q21. अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला क्रम के आधार पर, निम्नलिखित चार अक्षर-समूह युग्मों में से तीन एक निश्चित तरीके से समान हैं और इस प्रकार एक समूह बनाते हैं। कौन सा अक्षर-समूह युग्म उस समूह से संबंधित नहीं है?

(नोट: भिन्न विकल्प अक्षर-समूह में व्यंजनों/स्वरों की संख्या या उनकी स्थिति पर आधारित नहीं है।)

- (a) OP - EA
- (b) UV - KG
- (c) JK - WV
- (d) MN - CY

Ans.(c)

Q22. A, B, C, D, E, F, G और H एक वर्गाकार मेज के चारों ओर केंद्र की ओर मुख करके बैठे हैं। उनमें से कुछ कोनों पर बैठे हैं जबकि कुछ भुजाओं के ठीक मध्य में बैठे हैं। B, H के दाईं ओर दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। B किसी भी भुजा के मध्य में नहीं बैठा है। F, E और B का निकटतम पड़ोसी है। D, H के बाईं ओर तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। G एक कोने पर बैठा है। C, A के दाईं ओर दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। D के बाईं ओर से गिनने पर D और A के बीच कितने लोग बैठे हैं?

- (a) पाँच
- (b) चार
- (c) एक
- (d) तीन

Ans.(a)

Q23. निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में, कुछ अक्षर लुप्त हैं जो विकल्पों में से एक के रूप में उसी क्रम में दिए गए हैं। सही विकल्प चुनिए:

p q r s _ p q r _ s p q _ r s _ p q r s .

- (a) r q p s
- (b) p q s r
- (c) s q p r
- (d) s r q p

Ans.(d)

Q24. नीचे दिया गया प्रत्येक प्रश्न एक कथन से मिलकर बना है, जिसके बाद दो तर्क I और II दिए गए हैं। आपको यह तय करना है कि कौन सा तर्क 'मजबूत' तर्क है और कौन सा 'कमजोर' तर्क है।

कथन: क्या सरकारी स्कूलों में बच्चों को भेजने वाले माता-पिता के लिए कर लाभ होना चाहिए?

तर्क I: हाँ, इससे नामांकन में सुधार होगा।

तर्क II: नहीं, यह निजी स्कूल के छात्रों के साथ भेदभाव करता है।

(a) केवल I मजबूत है

(b) I और II दोनों मजबूत हैं

(c) केवल II मजबूत है

(d) न तो I और न ही II मजबूत है

Ans.(a)

Q25. सात व्यक्ति H, I, J, K, W, Y और Z उत्तर की ओर मुख करके एक पंक्ति में बैठे हैं। H और W के बीच केवल तीन व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। K, W के ठीक बाईं ओर बैठा है। I के दाईं ओर कोई नहीं बैठा है। I और K के बीच केवल दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। Z, J के ठीक दाईं ओर बैठा है। Y और Z के बीच कितने व्यक्ति बैठे हैं?

(a) एक

(b) तीन

(c) चार

(d) दो

Ans.(d)

Q26. दिए गए कथनों और निष्कर्षों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें। आपको दिए गए कथनों को सत्य मानना है, भले ही वे सामान्यतः ज्ञात तथ्यों से भिन्न प्रतीत होते हों। आपको यह तय करना है कि दिए गए निष्कर्षों में से कौन सा/से तार्किक रूप से दिए गए कथनों का अनुसरण करता है/करते हैं।

कथन:

सभी गाजर मटर हैं। सभी मटर प्याज हैं। कोई मटर टमाटर नहीं है।

निष्कर्ष:

(I) कोई प्याज टमाटर नहीं है।

(II) कोई गाजर टमाटर नहीं है।

(a) केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है।

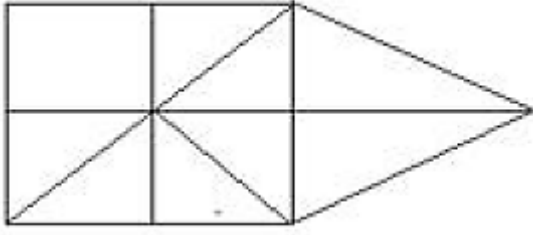
(b) न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है।

(c) केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है।

(d) निष्कर्ष I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं।

Ans.(a)

Q27. दी गई आकृति में त्रिभुजों की संख्या गिनें।



(a) 11

(b) 12

(c) 10

(d) 15

Ans.(d)

Q28. ? : स्पष्ट उच्चारण करना :: प्रशंसा करना : अपमान करना

(a) फटकारना

(b) बुदबुदाना

(c) रोष

(d) प्रसारित करना

Ans.(b)

Q29. दिए गए कथनों और निष्कर्षों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें। यह मानते हुए कि कथनों में दी गई जानकारी सत्य है, भले ही यह सामान्य रूप से ज्ञात तथ्यों से भिन्न प्रतीत होती हो, यह तय करें कि दिए गए निष्कर्षों में से कौन सा/से निष्कर्ष तार्किक रूप से कथनों का अनुसरण करता है/करते हैं।

कथन:

सभी हाथ पैर हैं।

कुछ हाथ चेहरे हैं।

कुछ चेहरे भुजाएँ हैं।

निष्कर्ष:

(I) कुछ पैर चेहरे हैं।

(II) कुछ हाथ भुजाएँ हैं।

(a) दोनों निष्कर्ष (I) और (II) अनुसरण करते हैं

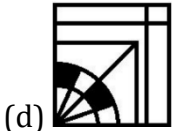
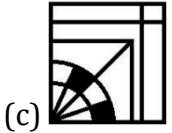
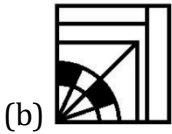
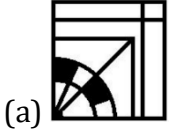
(b) केवल निष्कर्ष (I) अनुसरण करता है

(c) केवल निष्कर्ष (II) अनुसरण करता है

(d) न तो निष्कर्ष (I) और न ही (II) अनुसरण करता है

Ans.(b)

Q30. कौन सी विकल्प आकृति दी गई आकृति में पैटर्न को पूरा करेगी?



Ans.(d)

Q31. उस संख्या का चयन करें जो तीसरी संख्या से उसी प्रकार संबंधित है जैसे दूसरी संख्या पहली संख्या से संबंधित है।
3212 : 36 :: 1836 : ?

- (a) 218
- (b) 220
- (c) 222
- (d) 224

Ans.(b)

Q32. एक विशिष्ट कूट भाषा में 'TWEAK' को 'UYHWF' और 'STATS' को 'TVDPN' के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया जाता है। उसी कूट भाषा में 'FIVES' को किस प्रकार कूटबद्ध किया जाएगा?

- (a) HLYCP
- (b) FLAZL
- (c) GKYAN
- (d) FIAYP

Ans.(c)

Q33. साक्षी की ओर इशारा करते हुए, मैंने कहा, 'वह मेरी पत्नी के पुत्र के भाई की पुत्री है।' मेरा साक्षी से क्या संबंध है?

- (a) पोती
- (b) पोता
- (c) दादी
- (d) दादा

Ans.(d)

Q34. नीचे दिए गए कथन के बाद दो निर्णय I और II दिए गए हैं। आपको कथन में दी गई सभी बातों को सत्य मानना है, और फिर यह तय करना है कि दिए गए दो निर्णयों में से कौन सा निर्णय तार्किक रूप से अनुसरण करता है।

कथन: दिल्ली से आगरा के बीच एक्सप्रेसवे पर हाईवे डकैती दिन-ब-दिन बढ़ती जा रही है।

निर्णय:

I. जितनी जल्दी हो सके लुटेरों को गिरफ्तार किया जाना चाहिए।

II. इस एक्सप्रेसवे पर नियमित पुलिस गश्त शुरू की जानी चाहिए।

(a) केवल I अनुसरण करता है

(b) I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं

(c) या तो I या II अनुसरण करता है

(d) केवल II अनुसरण करता है

Ans.(b)

Q35. एक निश्चित कूट भाषा में 'BASAL' को 'XVOVH' के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया जाता है और 'TITAN' को 'PVPDJ' के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया जाता है। उसी कूट भाषा में 'BETEL' को कैसे कूटबद्ध किया जाएगा?

(a) XZPZH

(b) WBPAL

(c) YARZJ

(d) ZXPXJ

Ans.(a)

Q36. दी गई श्रृंखला में '?' के स्थान पर क्या आना चाहिए?

9 ? 18 45 109 234

(a) 15

(b) 10

(c) 17

(d) 12

Ans.(b)

Q37. विषम को चुनिए: 4, 9, 16, 25, 30, 36

(a) 9

(b) 16

(c) 30

(d) 36

Ans.(c)

Q38. X, Y, Z, S, T और U एक ही इमारत की छह अलग-अलग मंजिलों पर रहते हैं। इमारत की सबसे निचली मंजिल की संख्या 1 है, उसके ऊपर वाली मंजिल की संख्या 2 है, और इसी तरह सबसे ऊपरी मंजिल की संख्या 6 है। U मंजिल संख्या 4 पर रहता है। U और Z के बीच केवल दो व्यक्ति रहते हैं। U और Y के बीच केवल T रहता है। X, U के ठीक नीचे रहता है। मंजिल संख्या 5 पर कौन रहता है?

(a) S

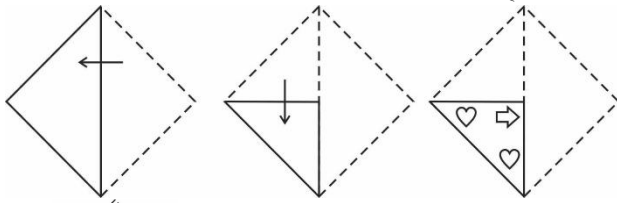
(b) Y

(c) X

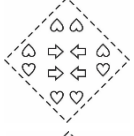
(d) T

Ans.(d)

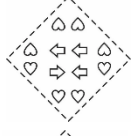
Q39. एक कागज़ को मोड़ा और काटा गया है जैसा कि नीचे दिखाया गया है। इसे खोलने पर यह कैसा दिखाई देगा?



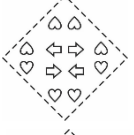
(a)



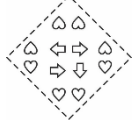
(b)



(c)



(d)



Ans.(a)

Q40. एक निश्चित कूट भाषा में, 'TREE' को '16' और 'TRUNK' को '28' के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया जाता है। उसी कूट भाषा में 'MONEY' को किस प्रकार कूटबद्ध किया जाएगा?

(a) 24

(b) 15

(c) 20

(d) 22

Ans.(a)

Q41. वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो:

2nd Floor, Lotus Arcade, Ashram Road, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380009

(a) 2nd Floor, Lotus Arcade, Ashram Road, Ahmedabad, Maharashtra - 380009

(b) 2nd Floor, Lotus Arcade, Ashram Road, Ahmedabad, Uttar Pradesh - 380009

(c) 2nd Floor, Lotus Arcade, Ashram Road, Ahmedabad, Rajasthan - 380009

(d) 2nd Floor, Lotus Arcade, Ashram Road, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380009

Ans.(d)

Q42. स्नेहा बिंदु Q से शुरू करती है, पूर्व की ओर 5 किमी चलती है, बाएं मुड़ती है और 7 किमी चलती है, दाएं मुड़ती है और 3 किमी चलती है, दाएं मुड़ती है और 7 किमी चलती है, फिर बाएं मुड़ती है और 2 किमी चलती है। वह बिंदु Q से कितनी दूर और किस दिशा में है? (सभी मोड़ केवल 90-डिग्री के मोड़ हैं जब तक कि निर्दिष्ट न हो।)

(a) दक्षिण की ओर 5 किमी

(b) पूर्व की ओर 10 किमी

(c) पश्चिम की ओर 2 किमी

(d) उत्तर की ओर 7 किमी

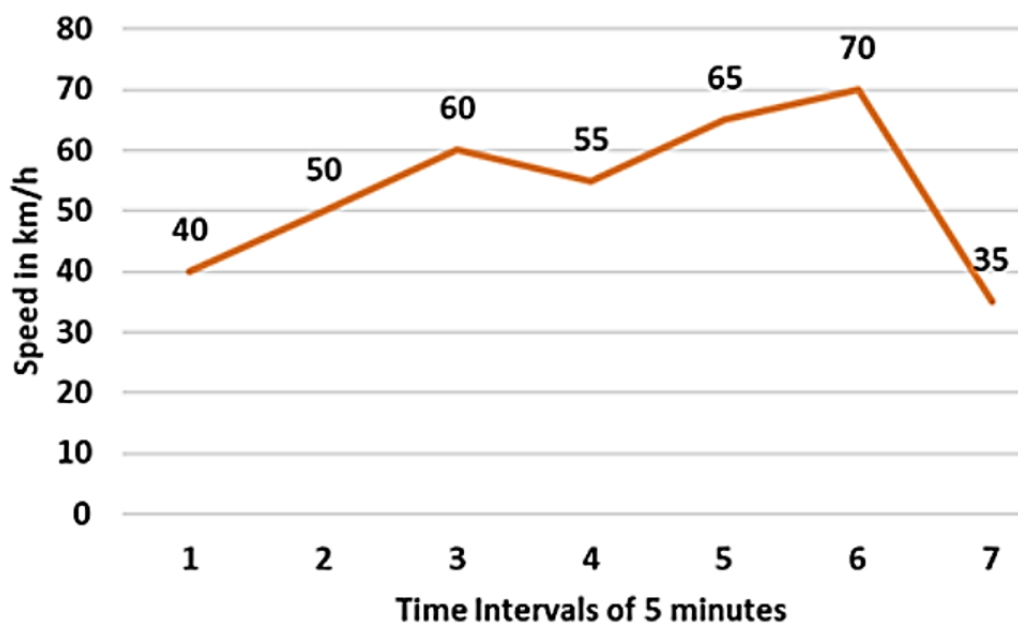
Ans.(b)

Q43. एक निश्चित कूट भाषा में 'SKIS' को 'UPHP' और 'CHAD' को 'EMZA' के रूप में कूटबद्ध किया जाता है। उसी कूट भाषा में 'TURF' को किस प्रकार कूटबद्ध किया जाएगा?

- (a) VZQC
- (b) WASB
- (c) UARA
- (d) WXPB

Ans.(a)

Q44. ग्राफ उस गति को दर्शाता है जिस पर ऋषि कार्यालय जाता है, जहाँ X-अक्ष पर उल्लिखित अंतराल प्रत्येक 5 मिनट के अंत में हैं। ऋषि की गति में 55 km/h से 70 km/h तक की निरंतर वृद्धि के लिए लिया गया समय (मिनटों में) कितना है?



- (a) 10
- (b) 20
- (c) 5
- (d) 15

Ans.(a)

Q45. पाँच मित्र – रिया, अमन, सोहन, नेहा और राहुल – पाँच अलग-अलग खेल खेलते हैं: क्रिकेट, बैडमिंटन, फुटबॉल, टेनिस और हॉकी। रिया फुटबॉल या टेनिस नहीं खेलती है। अमन क्रिकेट खेलता है। नेहा हॉकी खेलती है। सोहन फुटबॉल नहीं खेलता है। राहुल फुटबॉल खेलता है। बैडमिंटन कौन खेलता है?

- (a) रिया
- (b) सोहन
- (c) नेहा
- (d) राहुल

Ans.(a)

Q46. यदि 'P' का अर्थ 'x' है, 'Q' का अर्थ ' $\div$ ' है, 'R' का अर्थ '-' है और 'S' का अर्थ '+' है, तो निम्नलिखित समीकरण में प्रश्नवाचक चिह्न '?' के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?

(42 Q 6) $P 5 S 7 P 11 R (64 Q 8) P 2 R 5 P 6 = ?$

(a) 62

(b) 42

(c) 54

(d) 66

Ans.(d)

Q47. सात बॉक्स, K, N, I, G, H, T और S, एक के ऊपर एक रखे गए हैं, लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों।

K को ऊपर से चौथे स्थान पर रखा गया है। H और K के बीच केवल एक बॉक्स रखा गया है। H और S के बीच केवल तीन बॉक्स रखे गए हैं। S को K के ऊपर किसी स्थान पर रखा गया है। I को S के ठीक नीचे रखा गया है। N को T के ऊपर किसी एक स्थान पर रखा गया है। G को H के ठीक ऊपर या नीचे नहीं रखा गया है। N के नीचे कितने बॉक्स रखे गए हैं?

(a) एक

(b) दो

(c) शून्य

(d) तीन

Ans.(b)

Q48. शाम 6:51 बजे घड़ी में घंटे की सुई और मिनट की सुई के बीच बने दो कोणों में से छोटे कोण का माप क्या है?

(a) 100°

(b) 100.5°

(c) 101.5°

(d) 101°

Ans.(b)

Q49. उस समुच्चय का चयन करें जिसमें संख्याएँ उसी प्रकार संबंधित हैं जैसे निम्नलिखित समुच्चयों की संख्याएँ संबंधित हैं।

(नोट: संख्याओं को उनके घटक अंकों में तोड़े बिना, संक्रियाएँ पूर्ण संख्याओं पर की जानी चाहिए, उदाहरण के लिए 13 - 13 पर संक्रियाएँ जैसे 13 में जोड़ना/घटाना/गुणा करना आदि किया जा सकता है। 13 को 1 और 3 में तोड़कर फिर 1 और 3 पर गणितीय संक्रियाएँ करने की अनुमति नहीं है।)

(24, 11, 266)

(26, 13, 340)

(a) (13, 8, 104)

(b) (25, 9, 227)

(c) (23, 12, 274)

(d) (27, 11, 295)

Ans.(b)

Q50. एक अनुक्रम दिया गया है जिसमें एक पद गलत है। दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस गलत पद का चयन करें।

GM101, ZN155, RO210, LP263, EQ317, XR371

- (a) XR371
- (b) EQ317
- (c) RO210
- (d) GM101

Ans.(c)

Q51. राज्य के नीति निर्देशक सिद्धांतों (DPSPs) का कार्यान्वयन भारत में सरकार के किस स्तर की प्राथमिक जिम्मेदारी है?

- (a) राज्य सरकारें
- (b) न्यायपालिका
- (c) संघ और राज्य दोनों सरकारें
- (d) संघ सरकार

Ans.(c)

Q52. सूची I का सूची II के साथ मिलान करें :

सूची I सूची II

- A. छात्र विरोध I. इंदिरा गांधी
- B. रेलवे हड़ताल II. बिहार आंदोलन
- C. गरीबी हटाओ III. जॉर्ज फर्नांडीस
- D. संपूर्ण क्रांति IV. जयप्रकाश नारायण

नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर चुनें :

- (a) A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV
- (b) A-II, B-IV, C-I, D-III
- (c) A-II, B-III, C-I, D-IV
- (d) A-III, B-I, C-II, D-IV

Ans.(c)

Q53. 2011 की जनगणना के लिए जनगणना आयुक्त कौन थे?

- (a) सी. चंद्रमौली
- (b) जी.के. पिल्लई
- (c) जे. हरिनारायण
- (d) जे.एस. शर्मा

Ans.(a)

Q54. विश्व अमूर्त निवेश रिपोर्ट 2026 के अनुसार, भारत ने अमूर्त निवेश में सबसे तेज वृद्धि दर्ज की है:

- (a) दुनिया की 10 सबसे बड़ी अर्थव्यवस्थाओं में
- (b) दुनिया की 15 सबसे बड़ी अर्थव्यवस्थाओं में
- (c) G20 देशों में
- (d) BRICS देशों में

Ans.(b)

Q55. ओणम उत्सव के संबंध में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए:

1. ओणम समारोह की शुरुआत अथम से होती है और समापन तिरुवोनम के साथ होता है।
2. समारोह के दौरान बनाई जाने वाली पारंपरिक फूलों की सजावट को पूकलम के नाम से जाना जाता है।
3. ओणम पारंपरिक रूप से 12 दिनों के त्योहार के रूप में मनाया जाता है।

उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन-सा/से सही है/हैं?

- (a) केवल 1 और 2
- (b) केवल 2 और 3
- (c) केवल 1 और 3
- (d) 1, 2 और 3

Ans.(a)

Q56. निम्नलिखित में से किस जनगणना वर्ष को भारत में 'महाविभाजन वर्ष' के नाम से जाना जाता है?

- (a) 1911
- (b) 1921
- (c) 1951
- (d) 1991

Ans.(b)

Q57. ग्लासगो 2026 में एथलेटिक्स प्रतियोगिताओं की मेजबानी कौन सा स्थल करेगा?

- (a) टोलक्रॉस इंटरनेशनल स्विमिंग सेंटर
- (b) स्कॉटिश इवेंट कैंपस
- (c) स्कॉटस्टाउन स्टेडियम
- (d) ग्लासगो इंटरनेशनल एरिना

Ans.(c)

Q58. अनुच्छेद का उनके संगत विवरण से मिलान करें:

अनुच्छेद	विवरण
1. अनुच्छेद 53	a. उपराष्ट्रपति का कार्यालय
2. अनुच्छेद 63	b. राष्ट्रपति की कार्यकारी शक्ति
3. अनुच्छेद 356	c. अटॉर्नी जनरल का कार्यालय
4. अनुच्छेद 76	d. राज्य आपातकाल
5. अनुच्छेद 352	e. आंतरिक आपातकाल

- (a) 1 - b, 2 - a, 3 - d, 4 - c, 5 - e
- (b) 1 - a, 2 - b, 3 - e, 4 - c, 5 - d
- (c) 1 - b, 2 - a, 3 - d, 4 - e, 5 - c
- (d) 1 - a, 2 - e, 3 - d, 4 - b, 5 - c

Ans.(a)

Q59. जनगणना 2011 के अनुसार भारत में लगभग _____ गाँव हैं।

- (a) 340867
- (b) 140867
- (c) 640867
- (d) 440867

Ans.(c)

Q60. हिमालयी अपवाह तंत्र के संबंध में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें:

1. झेलम नदी का उद्गम राक्षस ताल झील के पास होता है, यह कुछ देर पश्चिम की ओर बहती है, फिर दक्षिण-पश्चिम की ओर बहकर पाकिस्तान में सिंधु नदी से मिल जाती है।
2. गंगा नदी भागीरथी और अलकनंदा के संगम से बनती है, भारत और बांग्लादेश से होते हुए बंगाल की खाड़ी में बहती है।
3. ब्रह्मपुत्र नदी तिब्बत में यारलुंग त्संगपो के रूप में शुरू होती है, पूर्व की ओर बहती है, अरुणाचल प्रदेश में यू-टर्न लेती है, फिर असम और बांग्लादेश में बहकर गंगा से मिल जाती है।
4. ऊपरी हिमालयी नदियों का कटाव मुख्य रूप से उच्च ऊँचाई पर बाढ़ के मैदान और मोड़ बनाता है।

उपरोक्त में से कौन से कथन सही हैं?

- (a) केवल 1 और 2
- (b) 1, 2 और 3
- (c) केवल 2 और 3
- (d) 2, 3 और 4

Ans.(c)

Q61. अप्रैल 2026 में नियुक्त श्रीकांत वेलमकत्री, किस संगठन के अध्यक्ष बने?

- (a) FICCI
- (b) CII
- (c) नैसकॉम
- (d) ASSOCHAM

Ans.(c)

Q62. जनगणना 2011 के अनुसार भारत में अनुसूचित जनजातियों (STs) के वितरण के संबंध में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें:

1. लक्षद्वीप का भारत की ST आबादी में न्यूनतम हिस्सा है, लेकिन सभी राज्यों और केंद्र शासित प्रदेशों में STs का आंतरिक अनुपात (आंतरिक आबादी में हिस्सा) सबसे अधिक है।
2. भारत की आधी से अधिक ST आबादी मध्य प्रदेश, महाराष्ट्र, ओडिशा, राजस्थान, गुजरात, झारखंड, छत्तीसगढ़, आंध्र प्रदेश और पश्चिम बंगाल में केंद्रित है।
3. 2001-2011 के दौरान ST आबादी की विकास दर कुल आबादी की तुलना में कम दर्ज की गई।
4. अनुसूचित जनजातियों में लिंगानुपात राष्ट्रीय औसत से अधिक अनुकूल है।

उपरोक्त में से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं?

- (a) केवल 1 और 4
- (b) केवल 1, 2 और 4
- (c) केवल 1 और 2
- (d) केवल 2 और 3

Ans.(b)

Q63. भारतीय संविधान का निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा अनुच्छेद समान न्याय और मुफ्त कानूनी सहायता को बढ़ावा देता है?

- (a) अनुच्छेद 39 A
- (b) अनुच्छेद 38
- (c) अनुच्छेद 45
- (d) अनुच्छेद 42

Ans.(a)

Q64. भारतीय संविधान का अनुच्छेद 40 _____ से संबंधित है।

- (a) ग्राम पंचायतों के संगठन
- (b) निःशुल्क और अनिवार्य शिक्षा
- (c) गरीबों को मुफ्त आवास
- (d) नागरिकों को मुफ्त चिकित्सा सहायता

Ans.(a)

Q65. किस पंचवर्षीय योजना के बाद "रोलिंग प्लान" लागू किया गया था?

- (a) पांचवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना
- (b) सातवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना
- (c) चौथी पंचवर्षीय योजना
- (d) नौवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना

Ans.(a)

Q66. मई 2025 में निम्नलिखित में से किसे संघ लोक सेवा आयोग (UPSC) का नया अध्यक्ष नियुक्त किया गया?

- (a) श्री राजेश वर्मा
- (b) डॉ. अनिल कुमार
- (c) डॉ. अजय कुमार
- (d) सुश्री प्रिया शर्मा

Ans.(c)

Q67. निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए:

1. राजकोषीय घाटा, उधार को छोड़कर कुल व्यय और कुल राजस्व के बीच के अंतर को मापता है।
2. प्राथमिक घाटा, राजकोषीय घाटे में से ब्याज भुगतान को घटाकर प्राप्त होता है।
3. राजस्व घाटे का अर्थ है कि राजस्व प्राप्तियाँ, राजस्व व्यय से कम हैं।

उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?

- (a) केवल 1 और 2
- (b) 1, 2 और 3
- (c) केवल 2 और 3
- (d) केवल 1

Ans.(b)

Q68. अगस्त 2026 में बेल्जियम और नीदरलैंड में आयोजित FIH हॉकी विश्व कप 2026 में किस देश ने पुरुष खिताब जीता?

- (a) स्पेन
- (b) अर्जेंटीना
- (c) जर्मनी
- (d) नीदरलैंड

Ans.(c)

Q69. गुप्तोत्तर काल के संबंध में उपरोक्त में से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं?

1. हूण आक्रमणों ने गुप्त साम्राज्य को काफी कमजोर कर दिया और इसके पतन को तेज कर दिया।
2. हर्षवर्धन ने कन्नौज में अपनी राजधानी स्थापित की और बौद्ध धर्म को संरक्षण दिया।
3. गुप्तोत्तर काल के दौरान पल्लव पूर्वी भारत में एक प्रमुख शक्ति के रूप में उभरे।

- (a) केवल 1
- (b) केवल 3
- (c) केवल 2 और 3
- (d) केवल 1 और 2

Ans.(d)

Q70. क्यूएस वर्ल्ड यूनिवर्सिटी सस्टेनेबिलिटी रैंकिंग्स 2026 में किस विश्वविद्यालय ने शीर्ष स्थान प्राप्त किया?

- (a) यूनिवर्सिटी ऑफ टोरंटो
- (b) यूनिवर्सिटी कॉलेज लंदन
- (c) लुंड यूनिवर्सिटी
- (d) यूनिवर्सिटी ऑफ एडिनबर्ग

Ans.(c)

Q71. संसद में राष्ट्रीय ग्रामीण रोजगार गारंटी अधिनियम (NREGA) कब पारित किया गया था?

- (a) वर्ष 2006
- (b) वर्ष 2004
- (c) वर्ष 2005
- (d) वर्ष 2007

Ans.(c)

Q72. भारतीय संविधान का कौन सा अनुच्छेद केंद्रीय स्तर पर मंत्रिपरिषद का प्रावधान करता है?

- (a) अनुच्छेद 85
- (b) अनुच्छेद 75
- (c) अनुच्छेद 65
- (d) अनुच्छेद 74

Ans.(d)

Q73. भारत सरकार द्वारा ग्रामीण अवसंरचना को उन्नत करने के लिए भारत निर्माण किस पंचवर्षीय योजना के अंतर्गत प्रारंभ किया गया था?

- (a) छठी पंचवर्षीय योजना
- (b) आठवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना
- (c) नौवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना
- (d) दसवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना

Ans.(d)

Q74. असम के बिहू त्योहारों के बारे में दिए गए कथनों को पढ़ें और सही विकल्प चुनें: 1.) काटी बिहू के गोरु बिहू में कीटों को आकर्षित करने के लिए आकाश दीप जलाए जाते हैं।

2.) माघ बिहू से पहले उरुका में अलाव जलाए जाते हैं और दावत दी जाती है। 3.) मानुह बिहू में गमोसा और पारंपरिक व्यंजन उपहार में दिए जाते हैं।

- (a) केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं
- (b) केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं
- (c) केवल 2 सही है
- (d) 1, 2 और 3 सही हैं।

Ans.(a)

Q75. सूची-I को सूची-II से सुमेलित करें और नीचे दिए गए कोड से सही उत्तर चुनें -

सूची-I अनुच्छेद

- (a) अनुच्छेद 9
- (B) अनुच्छेद 13
- (C) अनुच्छेद 23
- (D) अनुच्छेद 29

सूची-II किस प्रावधान से संबंधित है

- (i) मानव तस्करी और जबरन श्रम पर प्रतिबंध
- (ii) अल्पसंख्यकों के हितों की सुरक्षा
- (iii) एकल नागरिकता
- (iv) कानून की परिभाषा

कोड -

- (a) ए-(iv), बी-(iii), सी-(ii), डी-(i)
- (b) ए-(आई), बी-(ii), सी-(iii), डी-(iv)
- (c) ए-(iii), बी-(iv), सी-(i), डी-(ii)
- (d) ए-(ii), बी-(iii), सी-(iv), डी-(i)

Ans.(c)

Q76. निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें:

1. हुगली नदी के तट पर पहली अंग्रेजी फैक्ट्री 1651 में स्थापित की गई थी।
2. मुगल सम्राट औरंगजेब ने एक 'फरमान' जारी किया जिसमें इंग्लिश ईस्ट इंडिया कंपनी और निजी व्यापारियों को बंगाल में शुल्क मुक्त व्यापार करने की अनुमति दी गई।

ऊपर दिए गए कथनों में से कौन सा/से सही है/हैं?

- (a) केवल 1
- (b) केवल 2
- (c) 1 और 2 दोनों
- (d) न तो 1 और न ही 2

Ans.(a)

Q77. मटकी नृत्य निम्नलिखित में से किस राज्य से संबंधित प्रसिद्ध लोक नृत्य है?

- (a) पंजाब
- (b) गुजरात
- (c) मध्यप्रदेश
- (d) महाराष्ट्र

Ans.(c)

Q78. 'वीरमपट्टिनम उत्सव' किस भारतीय राज्य/केंद्र शासित प्रदेश में मनाया जाता है?

- (a) केरल
- (b) पुडुचेरी
- (c) तेलंगाना
- (d) लक्षद्वीप

Ans.(b)

Q79. ताशकंद में 2027 विश्व पैरा एथलेटिक्स चैंपियनशिप के लिए निर्धारित स्थान क्या है?

- (a) पख्तकोर सेंट्रल स्टेडियम
- (b) ओलंपिक सिटी मेन स्टेडियम
- (c) बुन्योदकोर स्टेडियम
- (d) ताशकंद नेशनल एरिना

Ans.(b)

Q80. जनवरी 2026 में सीमा सुरक्षा बल (BSF) के नए महानिदेशक के रूप में किसे नियुक्त किया गया है?

- (a) शत्रुजीत सिंह कपूर
- (b) राकेश अग्रवाल
- (c) प्रवीण कुमार
- (d) दलजीत सिंह चौधरी

Ans.(c)

Q81. 19वीं शताब्दी में भारत में आर्थिक विकास की कमी का/के निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा/से कारण था/थे?

1. आधिकारिक तौर पर ब्रिटिश सरकार ने अहस्तक्षेप (Laissez-faire) की नीति अपनाई थी, लेकिन वास्तव में यह भेदभावपूर्ण हस्तक्षेप की नीति थी।
2. यूरोपीय उद्यमियों के बैंकों और एजेंसी घरानों से संबंध थे, जबकि भारतीयों को अपने रिश्तेदारों, परिवार और जाति के लोगों पर निर्भर रहना पड़ता था।
3. जब बागानों को व्यक्तिगत पूंजीवादी स्वामित्व में हस्तांतरित किया गया, तो मूल निवासी निवेशकों को जानबूझकर नजरअंदाज कर दिया गया।

नीचे दिए गए कूट का उपयोग करके सही उत्तर का चयन कीजिए:

- (a) केवल 1
- (b) केवल 2 और 3
- (c) केवल 1 और 3
- (d) 1, 2 और 3

Ans.(d)

Q82. जाब्रो नृत्य _____ का एक खानाबदोश नृत्य है।

- (a) सिक्किम
- (b) असम
- (c) लद्दाख
- (d) पुदुच्चेरी

Ans.(c)

Q83. मई 2026 में भारत के नए चीफ ऑफ डिफेंस स्टाफ (CDS) के रूप में किसने कार्यभार संभाला?

- (a) जनरल अनिल चौहान
- (b) जनरल एनएस राजा सुब्रमणि
- (c) जनरल उपेंद्र द्विवेदी
- (d) एयर चीफ मार्शल एपी सिंह

Ans.(b)

Q84. 39वीं जूनियर नेशनल एथलेटिक्स चैंपियनशिप का आयोजन स्थल कौन सा राज्य था?

- (a) ओडिशा
- (b) मणिपुर
- (c) तमिलनाडु
- (d) असम

Ans.(a)

Q85. निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए:

1. लाल मिट्टी लौह से भरपूर होती है लेकिन नाइट्रोजन और फास्फोरस की कमी होती है।
2. काली मिट्टी नमी बनाए रखती है और गीली होने पर चिपचिपी हो जाती है।
3. जलोढ़ मिट्टी कपास की खेती के लिए सबसे उपयुक्त है।

- (a) केवल 1 और 2
(b) केवल 1 और 3
(c) केवल 2 और 3
(d) उपर्युक्त सभी

Ans.(a)

Q86. मई 2026 में भारतीय नौसेना के नए प्रमुख के रूप में किसने कार्यभार संभाला?

- (a) एडमिरल दिनेश कुमार त्रिपाठी
(b) एडमिरल करमवीर सिंह
(c) एडमिरल कृष्ण स्वामीनाथन
(d) एडमिरल आर हरि कुमार

Ans.(c)

Q87. निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए:

1. वृहद हिमालय को हिमाद्रि के नाम से भी जाना जाता है।
2. शिवालिक हिमालय की सबसे नवीन पर्वत श्रृंखलाएँ हैं।
3. पूर्वांचल पहाड़ियाँ हिमाचल के पश्चिम में स्थित हैं।

- (a) केवल 1 और 2
(b) केवल 2 और 3
(c) केवल 1 और 3
(d) उपरोक्त सभी

Ans.(a)

Q88. 1931 के गांधी-इरविन समझौते के मुख्य पहलू निम्नलिखित में से कौन से थे?

1. सविनय अवज्ञा आंदोलन का निलंबन
2. तत्कालीन आगामी शिमला सम्मेलन में भाग लेना
3. सविनय अवज्ञा आंदोलन की अवधि के लिए करों का भुगतान करना
4. राजनीतिक कैदियों की रिहाई

नीचे दिए गए कूट का प्रयोग कर सही उत्तर का चयन करें:

- (a) केवल 1 और 3
(b) केवल 2 और 3
(c) केवल 1 और 4
(d) केवल 2 और 4

Ans.(c)

Q89. 'लोसर' उत्सव किस नव वर्ष को चिह्नित करने के लिए मनाया जाता है?

- (a) हिंदू नव वर्ष
- (b) तमिल नव वर्ष
- (c) तिब्बती नव वर्ष
- (d) पेरिस नव वर्ष

Ans.(c)

Q90. कर्नाटक का कौन सा लोक नृत्य नृत्य, संगीत, संवाद, वेशभूषा और मंच तकनीकों को एक अनूठी शैली के साथ जोड़ता है?

- (a) बिहू
- (b) यक्षगान
- (c) छऊ
- (d) कोलाट्टम

Ans.(b)

Q91. SIPRI ईयरबुक 2026 के अनुसार, 2025 में दुनिया के सबसे बड़े सैन्य खर्च करने वालों में भारत की रैंक क्या थी?

- (a) तीसरी
- (b) चौथी
- (c) पांचवीं
- (d) छठी

Ans.(c)

Q92. येले विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा जारी पर्यावरण प्रदर्शन सूचकांक (EPI) 2026 के अनुसार, 177 देशों में भारत का स्थान क्या था?

- (a) 170वां
- (b) 173वां
- (c) 175वां
- (d) 176वां

Ans.(d)

Q93. 2011 की जनगणना में निम्नलिखित में से किस राज्य की जनसंख्या में कमी दर्ज की गई?

- (a) केरल
- (b) सिक्किम
- (c) नगालैंड
- (d) मणिपुर

Ans.(c)

Q94. BWF थॉमस और उवेर कप फाइनल 2026 में किस देश ने थॉमस कप 2026 का खिताब जीता?

- (a) फ्रांस
- (b) डेनमार्क
- (c) चीन
- (d) भारत

Ans.(c)

Q95. नीति आयोग द्वारा जारी इन्वेस्टमेंट फ्रेंडलीनेस इंडेक्स (IFI) 2026 में समग्र रूप से किस राज्य ने प्रथम रैंक हासिल की?

- (a) महाराष्ट्र
- (b) तमिलनाडु
- (c) गुजरात
- (d) ओडिशा

Ans.(c)

Q96. दूसरी पंचवर्षीय योजना (1956–1961), जो अक्सर महालनोबिस मॉडल से जुड़ी है, ने भारत की विकास रणनीति में एक महत्वपूर्ण बदलाव को चिह्नित किया। इस योजना का प्राथमिक फोकस क्या था?

- (a) बुनियादी और भारी उद्योगों के विकास पर विशेष जोर देने के साथ तीव्र औद्योगीकरण।
- (b) वैश्विक व्यापार बाजारों के साथ तेजी से एकीकृत होने के लिए निर्यात-उन्मुख अर्थव्यवस्था की स्थापना।
- (c) हरित क्रांति के माध्यम से खाद्यान्न उत्पादन में तत्काल आत्मनिर्भरता प्राप्त करना।
- (d) अर्थव्यवस्था की 'कमांडिंग हाइट्स' में निजी क्षेत्र की भूमिका को अधिकतम करना।

Ans.(a)

Q97. भारत में आर्थिक जनगणना से संबंधित निम्नलिखित में से कौन-से कथन सही हैं?

1. पहली आर्थिक जनगणना 1977 में की गई थी, जिसमें लक्षद्वीप को शामिल नहीं किया गया था।
 2. दूसरी और तीसरी आर्थिक जनगणनाएं क्रमशः 1981 और 1991 की जनसंख्या जनगणनाओं के साथ संयुक्त रूप से आयोजित की गई थीं।
 3. सातवीं आर्थिक जनगणना (2019–2021) प्रकाशित हो चुकी है और नीति निर्धारण में व्यापक रूप से उपयोग की जा रही है।
 4. आठवीं आर्थिक जनगणना 16वीं जनसंख्या जनगणना के साथ एक एंड-टू-एंड डिजिटल प्रणाली का उपयोग करके संयुक्त रूप से की जाएगी।
- (a) केवल 1, 2 और 4
 - (b) केवल 1 और 3
 - (c) केवल 2, 3 और 4
 - (d) ऊपर के सभी

Ans.(a)

Q98. 2011 की जनगणना में कितने जिलों का सर्वेक्षण किया गया?

- (a) 640
- (b) 593
- (c) 710
- (d) 732

Ans.(a)

Q99. भारत में जनगणना दस साल में एक बार जनगणना अधिनियम _____ के कानूनी अधिकार के तहत आयोजित की जाती है।

- (a) 1872
- (b) 1947
- (c) 1948
- (d) 2010

Ans.(c)

Q100. भारतीय संविधान का कौन सा अनुच्छेद अनुसूचित जातियों (SC) और अनुसूचित जनजातियों (ST) के लिए लोकसभा में सीटों के आरक्षण से संबंधित है?

- (a) अनुच्छेद 15
- (b) अनुच्छेद 17
- (c) अनुच्छेद 330
- (d) अनुच्छेद 368

Ans.(c)

Q101. Select the option that can be used as a one-word substitute for the given group of words.
A large bedroom for a number of people in a school or institution.

- (a) Creche
- (b) Hostel
- (c) Dormitory
- (d) Assembly

Ans.(c)

Q102. Select the most appropriate option to substitute the highlighted segment in the given sentence.
If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'.

Mr. Sharma is kind as his father.

- (a) as kind as
- (b) No substitution
- (c) the kindest as
- (d) kinder as

Ans.(a)

Q103. Select the option that can be used as a one-word substitute for the given group of words.

Causing a strong dislike

- (a) Redundant
- (b) Repulsive
- (c) Hateful
- (d) Revealing

Ans.(b)

Q104. Select the option that expresses the given sentence in the active or passive voice.

Designer clothes were sold to the masses by Pierre Cardin.

- (a) The masses were sold by Pierre Cardin to the designer clothes.
- (b) Designer clothes have been sold by Pierre Cardin to the masses.
- (c) Pierre Cardin sold designer clothes to the masses.
- (d) Pierre Cardin had sold designer clothes to the masses.

Ans.(c)

Q105. A sentence has been given with a blank to be filled with an appropriate option. Choose the correct alternative.

I strained _____ to catch his options.

- (a) hardest
- (b) hardness
- (c) hardly
- (d) hard

Ans.(d)

Q106. Select the option that expresses the given sentence in reported speech.

The new employee asked the manager, "When do I have to report for work?"

- (a) The new employee told the manager that when he had to report for work.
- (b) The new employee asked the manager when he had to report for work.
- (c) The manager told the new employee when to report for work.
- (d) The new manager asked the employee when he would report for work.

Ans.(b)

Q107. Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word. Elated

- (a) Excited
- (b) Depressed
- (c) Proud
- (d) Thrilled

Ans.(b)

Q108. Select the option that expresses the given sentence in passive voice.

Have you submitted the papers at the post office?

- (a) Have the papers been submit by you at the post office?
- (b) Had the papers submitted by you to the post office?
- (c) Has the papers been submitted by you at the post office?
- (d) Have the papers been submitted by you at the post office?

Ans.(d)

Q109. Select the option that expresses the given sentence in active voice.

Parker has been bitten by a rare species of spiders.

- (a) A rare species of spiders had bitten Parker.
- (b) A rare species of spiders is biting Parker.
- (c) A rare species of spiders has bitten Parker.
- (d) A rare species of spiders bit Parker.

Ans.(c)

Q110. Which of the following sentences uses the word “hatch” with a different meaning from the others?

- (a) The birds' eggs will hatch soon.
- (b) The new employee was told to lift the hatch.
- (c) The baby chicks will hatch from the eggs.
- (d) We watched as the baby turtles hatch from the sand.

Ans.(b)

Q111. Select the most appropriate word to fill in the blank.

The kite was stuck so high on the tree that it was _____ the reach of the boys.

- (a) below
- (b) beneath
- (c) beside
- (d) beyond

Ans.(d)

Q112. Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word.

Rejuvenate

- (a) Retell
- (b) Refresh
- (c) Reset
- (d) Retake

Ans.(b)

Q113. Select the option that expresses the given sentence in direct speech.

The students asked the teacher where they could find the information for their project.

- (a) The students said to the teacher, "Where can you find the information for our project?"
- (b) The students asked the teacher, "Where can we find the information for our project?"
- (c) The teacher said to the students, "Where you can find the information for your project."
- (d) The teacher said to the students, "I will tell you where you can find the information for your project."

Ans.(b)

Q114. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.

The supervisor / wanted to known / the pros and cons / of the issue.

- (a) wanted to known
- (b) the pros and cons
- (c) The supervisor
- (d) of the issue

Ans.(a)

Q115. Select the most appropriate meaning of the given idiom.

Get out of hand

- (a) To get irritated
- (b) To become difficult to control
- (c) To be able to complete a task
- (d) To be anxious

Ans.(b)

Q116. Select the most appropriate meaning of the given idiom.

Method to one's madness

- (a) Being very neat and particular about details
- (b) Seeming disorderly yet having a structure
- (c) Always behaving like a mad person
- (d) Not following rules and conventions

Ans.(b)

Q117. Sentences of a paragraph are given below in jumbled order. Arrange the sentences in the correct order to form a meaningful and coherent paragraph.

- A. These carriers of bacteria and viruses cause many diseases like Yellow Fever, Malaria etc. so panchayats and municipalities are taking a lot of care to protect people from them.
 - B. There are thousands of species of mosquitoes that are known to the people of the world. They mainly live in still water and other places where water is stored.
 - C. Mosquitos are everywhere now. Villagers, as well as city dwellers are afraid of these small creatures.
 - D. Usually, female and male mosquitoes take feed on plant's or fruit honey, however female mosquitoes mostly suck the blood of humans.
- (a) ADCB

-
- (b) DABC
 - (c) CBAD
 - (d) ACBD

Ans.(c)

Q118. Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word:

He was the last person to finish the race.

- (a) The last song on the album was his favorite.
- (b) The meeting will last for an hour.
- (c) This is the last slice of pizza.
- (d) We were the last to reach the venue.

Ans.(b)

Q119. Select the most appropriate option to substitute the highlighted segment in the given sentence.

If no substitution is required, select 'No substitution'.

Much of the truth about the mysterious death of her pet was not revealed.

- (a) have not revealed
- (b) were not being revealed
- (c) No substitution
- (d) were not revealed

Ans.(c)

Q120. A sentence has been given with a blank to be filled with an appropriate option. Choose the correct alternative.

I ____ the cake before my mother arrived.

- (a) bake
- (b) had baked
- (c) baked
- (d) have baked

Ans.(b)

Q121. Select the option which means the same as the group of words given.

A hunting weapon which comes back, used by Australian Aborigines

- (a) harpoon
- (b) cutlass
- (c) slingshot
- (d) boomerang

Ans.(d)

Q122. Select the option that can be used as a one-word substitute for the given group of words.

A group of people, typically with vehicles or animals, travelling together.

- (a) Troop
- (b) Gang

-
- (c) Circus
 - (d) Caravan

Ans.(d)

Q123. Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.

BUOYANT

- (a) enthusiastic
- (b) lively
- (c) weighted
- (d) bouncy

Ans.(c)

Q124. Select the option that expresses the given sentence in passive voice.

Ravi drove the car towards the highway for a trial run.

- (a) The car was driving towards the highway for a trial run by Ravi.
- (b) The car had driven towards the highway for a trial run by Ravi.
- (c) The car had been driven for a trial run by Ravi towards the highway.
- (d) The car was driven towards the highway for a trial run by Ravi.

Ans.(d)

Q125. Select the most appropriate option to substitute the highlighted segment in the given sentence.

We have finished our work for the day, so let we go home early today.

- (a) No substitution required
- (b) let us go
- (c) let ours go
- (d) let our go

Ans.(b)

Q126. Select the option that expresses the given sentence in passive voice.

Arvind delivered the packet at the address given by Asha.

- (a) The packet had been delivered at the address given by Arvind.
- (b) The packet was being delivered by Arvind at the address given by Asha.
- (c) The packet was delivered by Arvind at the address given by Asha.
- (d) Asha delivered the packet at the address given by Arvind.

Ans.(c)

Q127. Sentences of a paragraph are given below in jumbled order. Arrange the sentences in the correct order to form a meaningful and coherent paragraph.

- A. Intelligent and strikingly attractive, Tess is indisputably the central character of the novel that bears her name.
- B. But she is also more than a distinctive individual: Hardy makes her into somewhat of a mythic heroine.
- C. Her name, formally Theresa, recalls St. Teresa of Avila, another martyr whose vision of a higher reality cost her, her life.

D. Tess's story, thus, is a story representing a deeper and larger experience than that of a single individual.

- (a) ACDB
- (b) BACD
- (c) DCBA
- (d) ABCD

Ans.(d)

Q128. Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.

MOROSE

- (a) mournful
- (b) gloomy
- (c) cheerful
- (d) sullen

Ans.(c)

Q129. Choose the option that completes the sentence using the correct spelling.

The report was full of _____ that no one understood.

- (a) gobbledygook
- (b) gobledigook
- (c) gobbledigook
- (d) gobbledegok

Ans.(a)

Q130. Select the option that will improve the highlighted segment in the given sentence. In case no improvement is needed, select 'No improvement'.

Despite living in the same neighbourhood, we only did not greet each other.

- (a) still
- (b) mainly
- (c) even
- (d) No improvement

Ans.(a)

Q131. Choose the option that completes the sentence using the correct spelling.

The storm's _____ impact left the town stunned.

- (a) foudroyant
- (b) foudroyent
- (c) foudroiyaant
- (d) foudryant

Ans.(a)

Q132. Sentences of a paragraph are given below in jumbled order. Arrange the sentences in the correct order to form a meaningful and coherent paragraph.

- A. People post images of their cuisine, daily cosmetic routines, shopping videos, and dance videos.
- B. Uploading photos to social networking sites has grown popular in today's society.
- C. Because of the rising influence of social media on people, they want to constantly appear their best.
- D. Therefore people have become more image sensors and begun to prioritise personal care.

(a) ABCD

(b) BCAD

(c) ACBD

(d) BACD

Ans.(d)

Q133. Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.

Obdurate

(a) Rigid

(b) Callous

(c) Secure

(d) Amenable

Ans.(d)

Q134. Choose the option that completes the sentence using the correct spelling.

"Wheels" for "car" is an example of ____.

(a) synecdoche

(b) synechdoche

(c) synedoche

(d) synecdochee

Ans.(a)

Q135. Select the correct passive form of the given sentence.

The counsellor gave very good advice to the students.

(a) Very good advice to the students has been given by the counsellor.

(b) Very good advice to the students had been given by the counsellor.

(c) Very good advice is given to the students by the counsellor.

(d) Very good advice was given to the students by the counsellor.

Ans.(d)

Q136. Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.

Astound

(a) Clarify

(b) Stun

(c) Shock

(d) Confuse

Ans.(a)

Q137. In the given sentence, identify the segment which contains the grammatical error.

Cyclone Amphan roared into West Bengal on Wednesday leave behind a trail of devastation across a large area of the State.

- (a) leave behind
- (b) a trail of devastation
- (c) roared into West Bengal
- (d) across a large area

Ans.(a)

Q138. Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank.

The court has absolved him _____ all the charges levied against him.

- (a) to
- (b) in
- (c) with
- (d) of

Ans.(d)

Q139. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.

Although we had / very good batsmen, / we couldn't be able to / score high.

- (a) score high
- (b) Although we had
- (c) we couldn't be able to
- (d) very good batsmen

Ans.(c)

Q140. Select the most appropriate option to substitute the highlighted segment in the given sentence.

You must return back the book you borrowed last month.

- (a) must be returned
- (b) must return
- (c) No substitution required
- (d) must be returned back

Ans.(b)

Q141. Select the option that expresses the given sentence in direct speech.

My friends say that many young people are very active on social media now.

- (a) My friends say, "Many young people were very active on social media now."
- (b) My friends said, "Many young people were very active on social media then."
- (c) My friends say, "Many young people are very active on social media now."
- (d) My friends are saying, "Many young people are very active on social media then."

Ans.(c)

Q142. Select the option that expresses the given sentence in direct speech.

The plumber told Ranjit that he had fixed the leaking tap.

- (a) The plumber told to Ranjit, "He had fixed the leaking tap."
- (b) The plumber told Ranjit, "Had he fixed the leaking tap?"
- (c) The plumber said to Ranjit, "You had fix the leaking tap."
- (d) The plumber said to Ranjit, "I have fixed the leaking tap."

Ans.(d)

Q143. The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them contains an error.

"Would you liked / to have / some fries / along with your coffee, / sir?" / asked the waiter.

- (a) asked the waiter
- (b) along with your coffee
- (c) Would you liked
- (d) some fries

Ans.(c)

Q144. Select the option which means the same as the group of words given.

One who eats human flesh

- (a) ethnic
- (b) tribal
- (c) humane
- (d) cannibal

Ans.(d)

Q145. Fill in the blank with the most appropriate word.

The old building was _____ by the authorities.

- (a) pulled through
- (b) pulled down
- (c) pulled up
- (d) pulled off

Ans.(b)

Q146. Select the most appropriate option to substitute the highlighted segment in the given sentence.

If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'.

These days, wherever district courts are functioning, hearings is limit to urgent matters.

- (a) hearings are limited
- (b) hearing is limit
- (c) No substitution
- (d) hearings were limited

Ans.(a)

Q147. Select the option that expresses the given sentence in active voice.

A new policy for peace and tolerance was formulated by the member nations in the Universal Council meeting yesterday.

- (a) The member nations formulated a new policy for peace and tolerance in the Universal Council meeting yesterday.
- (b) The member nations in the Universal Council meeting yesterday were formulated a new policy for peace and tolerance.
- (c) The member nations in the Universal Council meeting yesterday were formulating a new policy for peace and tolerance.
- (d) A new policy formulated the member nations in the Universal Council meeting yesterday for peace and tolerance.

Ans.(a)

Q148. Which of the following sentences uses the word “found” with a different meaning from the others?

- (a) The company was founded in 1995.
- (b) He found his keys under the couch.
- (c) They found a new species of fish.
- (d) She found the answer to the difficult question.

Ans.(a)

Q149. Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.

Pliable

- (a) Rigid
- (b) Bending
- (c) Even
- (d) Smooth

Ans.(a)

Q150. Select the most appropriate option to substitute the highlighted segment in the given sentence.

If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution required'.

He won't come to the party unless you will invite him personally.

- (a) would invite
- (b) invite
- (c) No substitution required
- (d) invited

Ans.(b)

Q151. Select the most appropriate option to substitute the highlighted segment in the given sentence.

I would have told you if I receive the medicines.

- (a) No substitution
- (b) had received
- (c) would receive

(d) am receiving

Ans.(b)

Q152. Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank.

You will find it difficult _____ but later you will get used to wearing a mask.

(a) at the first

(b) firstly

(c) on first

(d) at first

Ans.(d)

Q153. Select the option that expresses the given sentence in active voice.

The problem will be solved by my friend.

(a) My friend was solved the problem.

(b) My friend will be solving the problem.

(c) My friend will solve the problem.

(d) My friend solves the problem.

Ans.(c)

Q154. A sentence has been given with a blank to be filled with an appropriate option. Choose the correct alternative.

The home I _____ with my husband in 1986 still smelled like him.

(a) have shared

(b) had shared

(c) sharing

(d) shared

Ans.(b)

Q155. In the given sentence, identify the segment which contains the grammatical error.

All the ladies of the colony assemble in the temple and prays together on Sunday evenings.

(a) assemble in the temple

(b) and prays together

(c) All the ladies of the colony

(d) on Sunday evenings

Ans.(b)

Q156. Select the correct indirect form of the given sentence.

The chemist said to me, "I cannot take these medicines back as they are special medicines."

(a) The chemist told me that he cannot take these medicines back as they are special medicines.

(b) The chemist told me that he could not take those medicines back as they were special medicines.

(c) The chemist told me that I cannot take these medicines back as they are special medicines.

(d) The chemist told me that he could not take these medicines back as they are special medicines.

Ans.(b)

Q157. Select the option that expresses the given sentence in the active or passive voice.

Fifteen children were rescued from an unregistered home by the police.

- (a) The police rescued fifteen children from an unregistered home.
- (b) Fifteen children rescued the police from an unregistered home.
- (c) The police were rescued fifteen children from an unregistered home.
- (d) The police have rescued fifteen children from an unregistered home.

Ans.(a)

Q158. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.

It would be / more better if / she sang / with an orchestra.

- (a) more better if
- (b) she sang
- (c) with an orchestra
- (d) It would be

Ans.(a)

Q159. Select the option that expresses the given sentence in direct speech.

The customer asked the bank manager if they were working on the following Saturday.

- (a) The customer asked the bank manager, "Are they working on the previous Saturday?"
- (b) The customer said to the bank manager, "Are you working next Saturday?"
- (c) The customer asks the bank manager, "If you were working on the following Saturday?"
- (d) The customer said to the bank manager, "Were they working on the previous Saturday?"

Ans.(b)

Q160. Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.

Proclaim

- (a) Evince
- (b) Announce
- (c) Conceal
- (d) Exhibit

Ans.(c)

Q161. Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word.

REPULSIVE

- (a) respectable
- (b) disgusting
- (c) attractive
- (d) agreeable

Ans.(b)

Q162. Select the option that expresses the given sentence in passive voice.

Sai Kumari gave Akhila a bouquet of lilies on her birthday.

- (a) Akhila was given a bouquet of lilies on her birthday by Sai Kumari.
- (b) Akhila was gave a bouquet of lilies on her birthday by Sai Kumari.
- (c) Akhila is given a bouquet of lilies on her birthday by Sai Kumari.
- (d) Akhila gave a bouquet of lilies on her birthday to Sai Kumari.

Ans.(a)

Q163. Select the most appropriate meaning of the following idiom.

To the nines

- (a) To perfection
- (b) To great depths
- (c) To be exalted
- (d) To be jealous

Ans.(a)

Q164. Select the option that expresses the given sentence in reported speech.

"Our teacher returned from Mumbai last month", she said.

- (a) She said that her teacher had returned from Mumbai the earlier month.
- (b) Her teacher returned from Mumbai last month, she said.
- (c) She said that their teacher had returned from Mumbai the previous month.
- (d) She said that her teacher had returned from Mumbai the previous month.

Ans.(c)

Q165. Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.

Famished

- (a) Hesitant
- (b) Satiated
- (c) Volatile
- (d) Starved

Ans.(b)

Q166. What is the central theme of the passage?

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

The sage of science, Einstein, was sitting in a depressive and pensive mood one evening. His eyes were brimming with tears. The pain was evident on his face. He peeped out of the window of his room. The sun had set a few minutes back. The sky was filled with a reddish glow. At this sunset, he felt that it was humanity that had sunk into devilish darkness and the reddish glow in the sky was the blood of humanity spilling all over the sky from earth. With tired steps, he walked back to his chair and settled down. It was the 9th of August 1945. Three days back, he had felt the same agony as if someone had torn him apart. He was deeply hurt and depressed when he heard on the radio that America had dropped an atom bomb on the Japanese city, Hiroshima. Today, within three days another bomb was dropped on another city, Nagasaki and lakhs of people had been killed. He had heard that the blast released so much

energy that it had paled all past destructions in comparison and death had played out a pitiable dance of destruction. The flames that broke out of the bomb were burning, melting, and exploding buildings. Scared of the heat of the bomb, people had jumped into lakes and rivers, but the water was boiling and the people too were burnt and killed. The animals in the water were already boiled to death. Animals, trees, herbs, fragrant flowering plants were all turned into ashes. The atomic energy destruction had just not stopped there. It had entered the atmosphere there and had spread radiation that would affect people for generations to come and would also bring about destructive irreversible biological change in animals and plants. As the news of the atomic attack reached Einstein, and he became aware of the glaring horror of the abuse of atomic energy, his distress and restlessness knew no bounds. He could not control himself and picked up his violin to turn his mind on to other things. While playing the violin, he tried to dissolve his distress in its sad notes, but couldn't. He was burning on the embers of destruction; his heart was filled with an ocean of agony and tears just continued streaming uncontrollably out of his eyes. Night had fallen. His daughter came up and asked him to eat something as he had not taken anything for the last four days. His voice was restrained and he said, "I don't feel like eating." He could not sleep that night. Lying down, he was thinking how he had drawn the attention of the then American President Roosevelt towards the destructive powers of an atomic bomb. He had thought that this would be used to scare Hitler and put an end to the barbarism that Hitler was up to. However, Roosevelt kept him in the dark and made false promises. Eventually, he had abused Einstein's equation of $E = mc^2$ that resulted in the destructive experiments. His actions had made science and scientists as murderers. Einstein kept on thinking for a long time. Eventually, he slipped into sleep. When he woke up at dawn, there was a new dawn in him too. The atomic threat had transformed his heart.

- (a) Einstein and his life
- (b) Einstein and his love for music
- (c) Atomic war and its consequences
- (d) Science and its positive side

Ans.(c)

Q167. Why did Einstein refuse to eat?

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

The sage of science, Einstein, was sitting in a depressive and pensive mood one evening. His eyes were brimming with tears. The pain was evident on his face. He peeped out of the window of his room. The sun had set a few minutes back. The sky was filled with a reddish glow. At this sunset, he felt that it was humanity that had sunk into devilish darkness and the reddish glow in the sky was the blood of humanity spilling all over the sky from earth. With tired steps, he walked back to his chair and settled down. It was the 9th of August 1945. Three days back, he had felt the same agony as if someone had torn him apart. He was deeply hurt and depressed when he heard on the radio that America had dropped an atom bomb on the Japanese city, Hiroshima. Today, within three days another bomb was dropped on another city, Nagasaki and lakhs of people had been killed. He had heard that the blast released so much energy that it had paled all past destructions in comparison and death had played out a pitiable dance of destruction. The flames that broke out of the bomb were burning, melting, and exploding buildings. Scared of the heat of the bomb, people had jumped into lakes and rivers, but the water was boiling and the people too were burnt and killed. The animals in the water were already boiled to death. Animals, trees, herbs, fragrant flowering plants were all turned into ashes. The atomic energy destruction had

just not stopped there. It had entered the atmosphere there and had spread radiation that would affect people for generations to come and would also bring about destructive irreversible biological change in animals and plants. As the news of the atomic attack reached Einstein, and he became aware of the glaring horror of the abuse of atomic energy, his distress and restlessness knew no bounds. He could not control himself and picked up his violin to turn his mind on to other things. While playing the violin, he tried to dissolve his distress in its sad notes, but couldn't. He was burning on the embers of destruction; his heart was filled with an ocean of agony and tears just continued streaming uncontrollably out of his eyes. Night had fallen. His daughter came up and asked him to eat something as he had not taken anything for the last four days. His voice was restrained and he said, "I don't feel like eating." He could not sleep that night. Lying down, he was thinking how he had drawn the attention of the then American President Roosevelt towards the destructive powers of an atomic bomb. He had thought that this would be used to scare Hitler and put an end to the barbarism that Hitler was up to. However, Roosevelt kept him in the dark and made false promises. Eventually, he had abused Einstein's equation of $E = mc^2$ that resulted in the destructive experiments. His actions had made science and scientists as murderers. Einstein kept on thinking for a long time. Eventually, he slipped into sleep. When he woke up at dawn, there was a new dawn in him too. The atomic threat had transformed his heart.

- (a) As he felt happy
- (b) As he felt guilty
- (c) As he felt worried
- (d) As he felt sick

Ans.(b)

Q168. Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of 'Rise' from the passage.

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

The sage of science, Einstein, was sitting in a depressive and pensive mood one evening. His eyes were brimming with tears. The pain was evident on his face. He peeped out of the window of his room. The sun had set a few minutes back. The sky was filled with a reddish glow. At this sunset, he felt that it was humanity that had sunk into devilish darkness and the reddish glow in the sky was the blood of humanity spilling all over the sky from earth. With tired steps, he walked back to his chair and settled down. It was the 9th of August 1945. Three days back, he had felt the same agony as if someone had torn him apart. He was deeply hurt and depressed when he heard on the radio that America had dropped an atom bomb on the Japanese city, Hiroshima. Today, within three days another bomb was dropped on another city, Nagasaki and lakhs of people had been killed. He had heard that the blast released so much energy that it had paled all past destructions in comparison and death had played out a pitiable dance of destruction. The flames that broke out of the bomb were burning, melting, and exploding buildings. Scared of the heat of the bomb, people had jumped into lakes and rivers, but the water was boiling and the people too were burnt and killed. The animals in the water were already boiled to death. Animals, trees, herbs, fragrant flowering plants were all turned into ashes. The atomic energy destruction had just not stopped there. It had entered the atmosphere there and had spread radiation that would affect people for generations to come and would also bring about destructive irreversible biological change in animals and plants. As the news of the atomic attack reached Einstein, and he became aware of the glaring horror of the abuse of atomic energy, his distress and restlessness knew no bounds. He could not control himself and picked up his violin to turn his mind on to other things. While playing the violin,

he tried to dissolve his distress in its sad notes, but couldn't. He was burning on the embers of destruction; his heart was filled with an ocean of agony and tears just continued streaming uncontrollably out of his eyes. Night had fallen. His daughter came up and asked him to eat something as he had not taken anything for the last four days. His voice was restrained and he said, "I don't feel like eating." He could not sleep that night. Lying down, he was thinking how he had drawn the attention of the then American President Roosevelt towards the destructive powers of an atomic bomb. He had thought that this would be used to scare Hitler and put an end to the barbarism that Hitler was up to. However, Roosevelt kept him in the dark and made false promises. Eventually, he had abused Einstein's equation of $E = mc^2$ that resulted in the destructive experiments. His actions had made science and scientists as murderers. Einstein kept on thinking for a long time. Eventually, he slipped into sleep. When he woke up at dawn, there was a new dawn in him too. The atomic threat had transformed his heart.

- (a) Set
- (b) Aim
- (c) Level
- (d) Fix

Ans.(a)

Q169. Which instrument did Einstein play?

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

The sage of science, Einstein, was sitting in a depressive and pensive mood one evening. His eyes were brimming with tears. The pain was evident on his face. He peeped out of the window of his room. The sun had set a few minutes back. The sky was filled with a reddish glow. At this sunset, he felt that it was humanity that had sunk into devilish darkness and the reddish glow in the sky was the blood of humanity spilling all over the sky from earth. With tired steps, he walked back to his chair and settled down. It was the 9th of August 1945. Three days back, he had felt the same agony as if someone had torn him apart. He was deeply hurt and depressed when he heard on the radio that America had dropped an atom bomb on the Japanese city, Hiroshima. Today, within three days another bomb was dropped on another city, Nagasaki and lakhs of people had been killed. He had heard that the blast released so much energy that it had paled all past destructions in comparison and death had played out a pitiable dance of destruction. The flames that broke out of the bomb were burning, melting, and exploding buildings. Scared of the heat of the bomb, people had jumped into lakes and rivers, but the water was boiling and the people too were burnt and killed. The animals in the water were already boiled to death. Animals, trees, herbs, fragrant flowering plants were all turned into ashes. The atomic energy destruction had just not stopped there. It had entered the atmosphere there and had spread radiation that would affect people for generations to come and would also bring about destructive irreversible biological change in animals and plants. As the news of the atomic attack reached Einstein, and he became aware of the glaring horror of the abuse of atomic energy, his distress and restlessness knew no bounds. He could not control himself and picked up his violin to turn his mind on to other things. While playing the violin, he tried to dissolve his distress in its sad notes, but couldn't. He was burning on the embers of destruction; his heart was filled with an ocean of agony and tears just continued streaming uncontrollably out of his eyes. Night had fallen. His daughter came up and asked him to eat something as he had not taken anything for the last four days. His voice was restrained and he said, "I don't feel like eating." He could not sleep that night. Lying down, he was thinking how he had drawn the attention of

the then American President Roosevelt towards the destructive powers of an atomic bomb. He had thought that this would be used to scare Hitler and put an end to the barbarism that Hitler was up to. However, Roosevelt kept him in the dark and made false promises. Eventually, he had abused Einstein's equation of $E = mc^2$ that resulted in the destructive experiments. His actions had made science and scientists as murderers. Einstein kept on thinking for a long time. Eventually, he slipped into sleep. When he woke up at dawn, there was a new dawn in him too. The atomic threat had transformed his heart.

(a) violin

(b) piano

(c) guitar

(d) drums

Ans.(a)

Q170. Select an appropriate title for the passage.

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

The sage of science, Einstein, was sitting in a depressive and pensive mood one evening. His eyes were brimming with tears. The pain was evident on his face. He peeped out of the window of his room. The sun had set a few minutes back. The sky was filled with a reddish glow. At this sunset, he felt that it was humanity that had sunk into devilish darkness and the reddish glow in the sky was the blood of humanity spilling all over the sky from earth. With tired steps, he walked back to his chair and settled down. It was the 9th of August 1945. Three days back, he had felt the same agony as if someone had torn him apart. He was deeply hurt and depressed when he heard on the radio that America had dropped an atom bomb on the Japanese city, Hiroshima. Today, within three days another bomb was dropped on another city, Nagasaki and lakhs of people had been killed. He had heard that the blast released so much energy that it had paled all past destructions in comparison and death had played out a pitiable dance of destruction. The flames that broke out of the bomb were burning, melting, and exploding buildings. Scared of the heat of the bomb, people had jumped into lakes and rivers, but the water was boiling and the people too were burnt and killed. The animals in the water were already boiled to death. Animals, trees, herbs, fragrant flowering plants were all turned into ashes. The atomic energy destruction had just not stopped there. It had entered the atmosphere there and had spread radiation that would affect people for generations to come and would also bring about destructive irreversible biological change in animals and plants. As the news of the atomic attack reached Einstein, and he became aware of the glaring horror of the abuse of atomic energy, his distress and restlessness knew no bounds. He could not control himself and picked up his violin to turn his mind on to other things. While playing the violin, he tried to dissolve his distress in its sad notes, but couldn't. He was burning on the embers of destruction; his heart was filled with an ocean of agony and tears just continued streaming uncontrollably out of his eyes. Night had fallen. His daughter came up and asked him to eat something as he had not taken anything for the last four days. His voice was restrained and he said, "I don't feel like eating." He could not sleep that night. Lying down, he was thinking how he had drawn the attention of the then American President Roosevelt towards the destructive powers of an atomic bomb. He had thought that this would be used to scare Hitler and put an end to the barbarism that Hitler was up to. However, Roosevelt kept him in the dark and made false promises. Eventually, he had abused Einstein's equation of $E = mc^2$ that resulted in the destructive experiments. His actions had made science and

scientists as murderers. Einstein kept on thinking for a long time. Eventually, he slipped into sleep. When he woke up at dawn, there was a new dawn in him too. The atomic threat had transformed his heart.

- (a) Sunset in the city
- (b) War and Destruction
- (c) Death in Hiroshima
- (d) Einstein and his Violin

Ans.(b)

Q171. Select the option that expresses the given sentence in active or passive voice.

Wi-Fi hotspots will be installed by the government in remote areas by 2022.

- (a) Wi-Fi hotspots will install in remote areas by 2022 by the government.
- (b) Remote areas will install Wi-Fi hotspots by the government by 2022.
- (c) The government will install remote areas and hotspots by 2022.
- (d) The government will install Wi-Fi hotspots in remote areas by 2022.

Ans.(d)

Q172. Identify the option that arranges the given parts in the correct order to form a meaningful and coherent paragraph.

- a) Though she was a woman of slim build
- b) Mrs. Hima Raman used to teach us geography at school
- c) she was remarkably strong and energetic
- d) She had beautiful eyes and a sharp nose

- (a) c,d,a,b
- (b) a,c,d,b
- (c) a,b,c,d
- (d) b,d,a,c

Ans.(d)

Q173. Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.

SURREPTITIOUS

- (a) lazy
- (b) open
- (c) secret
- (d) slow

Ans.(b)

Q174. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.

Only five minutes / are allowed / for each speaker / during the function.

- (a) for each speaker
- (b) Only five minutes
- (c) are allowed
- (d) during the function

Ans.(c)

Q175. Select the most appropriate meaning of the given idiom.

Not one's cup of tea

- (a) Not absolutely true
- (b) Not according to one's interest
- (c) Beyond one's comprehension
- (d) Of no concern for someone

Ans.(b)

Q176. Select the option to fill in the blank no. 1

In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage carefully and select the most appropriate option to fill in each blank.

The Union Budget, 2018-19, has proposed to treat school education holistically without (1) _____ from pre-nursery to Class 12. Samagra Shiksha - an overarching programme for the school education sector extending from pre-school to class 12 has been, therefore, (2) _____ with the broader goal of improving school effectiveness measured in terms of equal opportunities (3) _____ schooling and equitable learning outcomes. The Goal SDG-4.1 states that, "By 2030, ensure that all boys and girls complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education (4) _____ to relevant and effective learning outcomes". Further the SDG 4.5 states that, "By 2030, eliminate gender (5) _____ in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations".

- (a) attachment
- (b) segmentation
- (c) accord
- (d) agreement

Ans.(b)

Q177. Select the option to fill in the blank no. 2

In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage carefully and select the most appropriate option to fill in each blank.

The Union Budget, 2018-19, has proposed to treat school education holistically without (1) _____ from pre-nursery to Class 12. Samagra Shiksha - an overarching programme for the school education sector extending from pre-school to class 12 has been, therefore, (2) _____ with the broader goal of improving school effectiveness measured in terms of equal opportunities (3) _____ schooling and equitable learning outcomes. The Goal SDG-4.1 states that, "By 2030, ensure that all boys and girls complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education (4) _____ to relevant and effective learning outcomes". Further the SDG 4.5 states that, "By 2030, eliminate gender (5) _____ in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations".

- (a) prepared
- (b) prepares
- (c) preparing

(d) prepare

Ans.(a)

Q178. Select the option to fill in the blank no. 3

In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage carefully and select the most appropriate option to fill in each blank.

The Union Budget, 2018-19, has proposed to treat school education holistically without (1) _____ from pre-nursery to Class 12. Samagra Shiksha - an overarching programme for the school education sector extending from pre-school to class 12 has been, therefore, (2) _____ with the broader goal of improving school effectiveness measured in terms of equal opportunities (3) _____ schooling and equitable learning outcomes. The Goal SDG-4.1 states that, "By 2030, ensure that all boys and girls complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education (4) _____ to relevant and effective learning outcomes". Further the SDG 4.5 states that, "By 2030, eliminate gender (5) _____ in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations".

(a) for

(b) to

(c) on

(d) at

Ans.(a)

Q179. Select the option to fill in the blank no. 4

In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage carefully and select the most appropriate option to fill in each blank.

The Union Budget, 2018-19, has proposed to treat school education holistically without (1) _____ from pre-nursery to Class 12. Samagra Shiksha - an overarching programme for the school education sector extending from pre-school to class 12 has been, therefore, (2) _____ with the broader goal of improving school effectiveness measured in terms of equal opportunities (3) _____ schooling and equitable learning outcomes. The Goal SDG-4.1 states that, "By 2030, ensure that all boys and girls complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education (4) _____ to relevant and effective learning outcomes". Further the SDG 4.5 states that, "By 2030, eliminate gender (5) _____ in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations".

(a) to be leading

(b) leading

(c) leads

(d) lead

Ans.(b)

Q180. Select the option to fill in the blank no. 5

In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage carefully and select the most appropriate option to fill in each blank.

The Union Budget, 2018-19, has proposed to treat school education holistically without (1) _____ from pre-nursery to Class 12. Samagra Shiksha - an overarching programme for the school education sector extending from pre-school to class 12 has been, therefore, (2) _____ with the broader goal of improving school effectiveness measured in terms of equal opportunities (3) _____ schooling and equitable learning outcomes. The Goal SDG-4.1 states that, "By 2030, ensure that all boys and girls complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education (4) _____ to relevant and effective learning outcomes". Further the SDG 4.5 states that, "By 2030, eliminate gender (5) _____ in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations".

- (a) agreement
- (b) harmony
- (c) similarity
- (d) disparities

Ans.(d)

Q181. According to the writer, AI is a technology that_____.

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Most people are not very familiar with the concept of artificial intelligence (AI). As an illustration, when 1,500 senior business leaders in the United States in 2017 were asked about AI, only 17% said they were familiar with it. A number of them were not sure what it was or how it would affect their particular companies. They understood there was considerable potential for altering business processes, but were not clear how AI could be deployed within their own organisations. Despite its widespread lack of familiarity, AI is a technology that is transforming every walk of life. It is a wide-ranging tool that enables people to rethink how we integrate information, analyse data and use the resulting insights to improve decision making. Our hope through this comprehensive overview is to explain AI to an audience of policymakers, opinion leaders and interested observers, and demonstrate how AI already is altering the world and raising important questions for society, the economy and governance. In this paper, we discuss novel applications in finance, national security, health care, criminal justice, transportation and smart cities, and address issues such as data access problems, algorithmic bias, AI ethics and transparency and legal liability for AI decisions. We contrast the regulatory approaches of the U.S. and European Union, and close by making a number of recommendations for getting the most out of AI while still protecting important human values. In order to maximise AI benefits, we recommend the following steps for going forward: Encourage greater data access for researchers without compromising users' personal privacy, invest more government funding in unclassified AI research, promote new models of digital education and AI workforce development.

- (a) lacks certain important applications
- (b) does not have any benefits
- (c) is not a wide-ranging tool
- (d) transforms every walk of life

Ans.(d)

Q182. Identify the key idea of the first paragraph.

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Most people are not very familiar with the concept of artificial intelligence (AI). As an illustration, when 1,500 senior business leaders in the United States in 2017 were asked about AI, only 17% said they were familiar with it. A number of them were not sure what it was or how it would affect their particular companies. They understood there was considerable potential for altering business processes, but were not clear how AI could be deployed within their own organisations. Despite its widespread lack of familiarity, AI is a technology that is transforming every walk of life. It is a wide-ranging tool that enables people to rethink how we integrate information, analyse data and use the resulting insights to improve decision making. Our hope through this comprehensive overview is to explain AI to an audience of policymakers, opinion leaders and interested observers, and demonstrate how AI already is altering the world and raising important questions for society, the economy and governance. In this paper, we discuss novel applications in finance, national security, health care, criminal justice, transportation and smart cities, and address issues such as data access problems, algorithmic bias, AI ethics and transparency and legal liability for AI decisions. We contrast the regulatory approaches of the U.S. and European Union, and close by making a number of recommendations for getting the most out of AI while still protecting important human values. In order to maximise AI benefits, we recommend the following steps for going forward: Encourage greater data access for researchers without compromising users' personal privacy, invest more government funding in unclassified AI research, promote new models of digital education and AI workforce development.

- (a) Only 17% of senior business leaders polled said they were not familiar with AI
- (b) There is clarity on how to deploy AI in an office environment
- (c) All of them are aware of the capability of AI
- (d) AI has considerable potential for altering business processes

Ans.(d)

Q183. The most important recommendation made by the author in the third paragraph regarding AI is to _____.

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Most people are not very familiar with the concept of artificial intelligence (AI). As an illustration, when 1,500 senior business leaders in the United States in 2017 were asked about AI, only 17% said they were familiar with it. A number of them were not sure what it was or how it would affect their particular companies. They understood there was considerable potential for altering business processes, but were not clear how AI could be deployed within their own organisations. Despite its widespread lack of familiarity, AI is a technology that is transforming every walk of life. It is a wide-ranging tool that enables people to rethink how we integrate information, analyse data and use the resulting insights to improve decision making. Our hope through this comprehensive overview is to explain AI to an audience of policymakers, opinion leaders and interested observers, and demonstrate how AI already is altering the world and raising important questions for society, the economy and governance. In this paper, we discuss novel applications in finance, national security, health care, criminal justice, transportation and smart cities, and address issues such as data access problems, algorithmic bias, AI ethics and transparency and legal liability for AI decisions. We contrast the regulatory approaches of the U.S. and

European Union, and close by making a number of recommendations for getting the most out of AI while still protecting important human values. In order to maximise AI benefits, we recommend the following steps for going forward: Encourage greater data access for researchers without compromising users' personal privacy, invest more government funding in unclassified AI research, promote new models of digital education and AI workforce development.

- (a) explain AI to policy makers
- (b) discard AI to save the future
- (c) address issues such as lack of potential
- (d) get the most out of AI while still protecting human values

Ans.(d)

Q184. According to the writer, AI could improve _____.

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Most people are not very familiar with the concept of artificial intelligence (AI). As an illustration, when 1,500 senior business leaders in the United States in 2017 were asked about AI, only 17% said they were familiar with it. A number of them were not sure what it was or how it would affect their particular companies. They understood there was considerable potential for altering business processes, but were not clear how AI could be deployed within their own organisations. Despite its widespread lack of familiarity, AI is a technology that is transforming every walk of life. It is a wide-ranging tool that enables people to rethink how we integrate information, analyse data and use the resulting insights to improve decision making. Our hope through this comprehensive overview is to explain AI to an audience of policymakers, opinion leaders and interested observers, and demonstrate how AI already is altering the world and raising important questions for society, the economy and governance. In this paper, we discuss novel applications in finance, national security, health care, criminal justice, transportation and smart cities, and address issues such as data access problems, algorithmic bias, AI ethics and transparency and legal liability for AI decisions. We contrast the regulatory approaches of the U.S. and European Union, and close by making a number of recommendations for getting the most out of AI while still protecting important human values. In order to maximise AI benefits, we recommend the following steps for going forward: Encourage greater data access for researchers without compromising users' personal privacy, invest more government funding in unclassified AI research, promote new models of digital education and AI workforce development.

- (a) worldview
- (b) debate and questions
- (c) information
- (d) decision making

Ans.(d)

Q185. What is the main idea of the first paragraph of the passage?

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Most people are not very familiar with the concept of artificial intelligence (AI). As an illustration, when 1,500 senior business leaders in the United States in 2017 were asked about AI, only 17% said they were familiar with it. A number of them were not sure what it was or how it would affect their particular companies. They understood there was considerable potential for altering business processes, but were

not clear how AI could be deployed within their own organisations. Despite its widespread lack of familiarity, AI is a technology that is transforming every walk of life. It is a wide-ranging tool that enables people to rethink how we integrate information, analyse data and use the resulting insights to improve decision making. Our hope through this comprehensive overview is to explain AI to an audience of policymakers, opinion leaders and interested observers, and demonstrate how AI already is altering the world and raising important questions for society, the economy and governance. In this paper, we discuss novel applications in finance, national security, health care, criminal justice, transportation and smart cities, and address issues such as data access problems, algorithmic bias, AI ethics and transparency and legal liability for AI decisions. We contrast the regulatory approaches of the U.S. and European Union, and close by making a number of recommendations for getting the most out of AI while still protecting important human values. In order to maximise AI benefits, we recommend the following steps for going forward: Encourage greater data access for researchers without compromising users' personal privacy, invest more government funding in unclassified AI research, promote new models of digital education and AI workforce development.

- (a) AI could not alter business models.
- (b) Many are familiar with the concept of AI.
- (c) Business leaders are clear on how AI could be deployed.
- (d) The concept of Artificial intelligence and its familiarity in business domain.

Ans.(d)

Q186. Select the correct indirect form of the given sentence.

The supervisor said to the staff, "Make sure that every room is disinfected properly."

- (a) The supervisor instructed the staff to make sure that every room had been disinfected properly.
- (b) The supervisor instructed the staff to make sure that every room was being disinfected properly.
- (c) The supervisor instructs the staff to make sure that every room is disinfected properly.
- (d) The supervisor instructed the staff to make sure that every room was disinfected properly.

Ans.(d)

Q187. In the following question, one word is spelt correctly. Choose the correctly spelt word from the given options:

- (a) Connoissuer
- (b) Connoisur
- (c) Connoisseur
- (d) Connoiseur

Ans.(c)

Q188. Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word.

The wedding ring was passed down through generations.

- (a) She wore a diamond ring on her left hand.
- (b) He proposed with a beautiful engagement ring.
- (c) Police busted a smuggling ring in the area.
- (d) The golden ring sparkled under the lights.

Ans.(c)

Q189. Select the correct indirect form of the given sentence.

My brother said to me, "Have you read the newspaper today?"

- (a) My brother asked me if you have read the newspaper today.
- (b) My brother asked me if I had read the newspaper today.
- (c) My brother asked me if I had read the newspaper that day.
- (d) My brother asked me have you read the newspaper today.

Ans.(c)

Q190. A sentence has been given with a blank to be filled with an appropriate option. Choose the correct alternative.

Potato milk is _____ another option for those wanting an alternative to cow's milk.

- (a) so
- (b) though
- (c) yet
- (d) but

Ans.(c)

Q191. Select the option that expresses the given sentence in passive voice.

I am going to ask all employees about the incident that took place in the canteen yesterday.

- (a) All the employees are gone to be asked about the incident that took place in the canteen yesterday.
- (b) All the employees are going to be asked about the incident that took place in the canteen yesterday.
- (c) All the employees are asked by me about the incident that took place in the canteen yesterday.
- (d) All the employees will go to be questioned by me about the incident that took place in the canteen yesterday.

Ans.(b)

Q192. Select the option that expresses the given sentence in direct speech.

They said that they would issue the certificate the following week.

- (a) They said, "They issued the certificate the following week."
- (b) They said, "They are issuing the certificate the next week."
- (c) They said, "Could we issue the certificate the following week?"
- (d) They said, "We will issue the certificate next week."

Ans.(d)

Q193. Select the most appropriate option to substitute the highlighted segment in the given sentence.
If no substitution is required, select 'No substitution'.

Sholay is one in the most popular Hindi movies.

- (a) is one of the most popular
- (b) No substitution
- (c) is one in the more popular
- (d) is in the most popular

Ans.(a)

Q194. In the given sentence, identify the segment which contains the grammatical error.
Despite warnings the driver continued to speed and have been caught by the traffic police.

- (a) Despite warnings
- (b) and have been caught
- (c) the driver continued to speed
- (d) by the traffic police

Ans.(b)

Q195. Select the option that expresses the given sentence in reported speech.
My mother said to me, "Aravind, the baby has been crying all day."

- (a) My mother said Aravind that the baby has been crying all the day.
- (b) My mother told me that the baby had been crying all day.
- (c) My mother told to Aravind why the baby has been crying all day.
- (d) Aravind told my mother that the baby had been crying all day.

Ans.(b)

Q196. Select the option that expresses the given sentence in direct speech.
She told the car mechanic that her car was giving very low mileage.

- (a) The car mechanic said to her, "Your car is giving very low mileage."
- (b) She said to the car mechanic, "Her car has been giving very low mileage."
- (c) She said to the car mechanic, "My car is giving very low mileage."
- (d) She asked the car mechanic, "Why is my car giving very low mileage?"

Ans.(c)

Q197. Select the most appropriate meaning of the idiomatic expression given.
To cross one's mind

- (a) To forget something
- (b) To put a thought away from one's mind
- (c) To move from one idea to another
- (d) To think of something

Ans.(d)

Q198. Sentences of a paragraph are given below in jumbled order. Arrange the sentences in the correct order to form a meaningful and coherent paragraph.

- A. For the next two years the Franks and another family lived cloistered in the 'Secret Annex' of an old office building.
 - B. In 1942, with the Nazis occupying Holland, a thirteen-year-old Jewish girl, Anne, and her family fled their home in Amsterdam and went into hiding.
 - C. In her diary Anne Frank recorded vivid impressions of these experiences during this period.
 - D. Cut off from the outside world, they faced hunger, boredom, the constant cruelties of living in confined quarters, and the ever-present threat of discovery and death.
- (a) CDAB

(b) BADC

(c) BCAD

(d) BACD

Ans.(b)

Q199. Spot the correct spelling of a lab toxicity assay term.

(a) Cytotoxisity

(b) Cytotoxicity

(c) Cytotoxicety

(d) Cytotoxcity

Ans.(b)

Q200. Choose the option that completes the sentence using the correct spelling.

His speech was filled with _____ words that confused the audience.

(a) sesquipedallian

(b) sesquipedalian

(c) sesquepedalian

(d) sesquipedellian

Ans.(b)